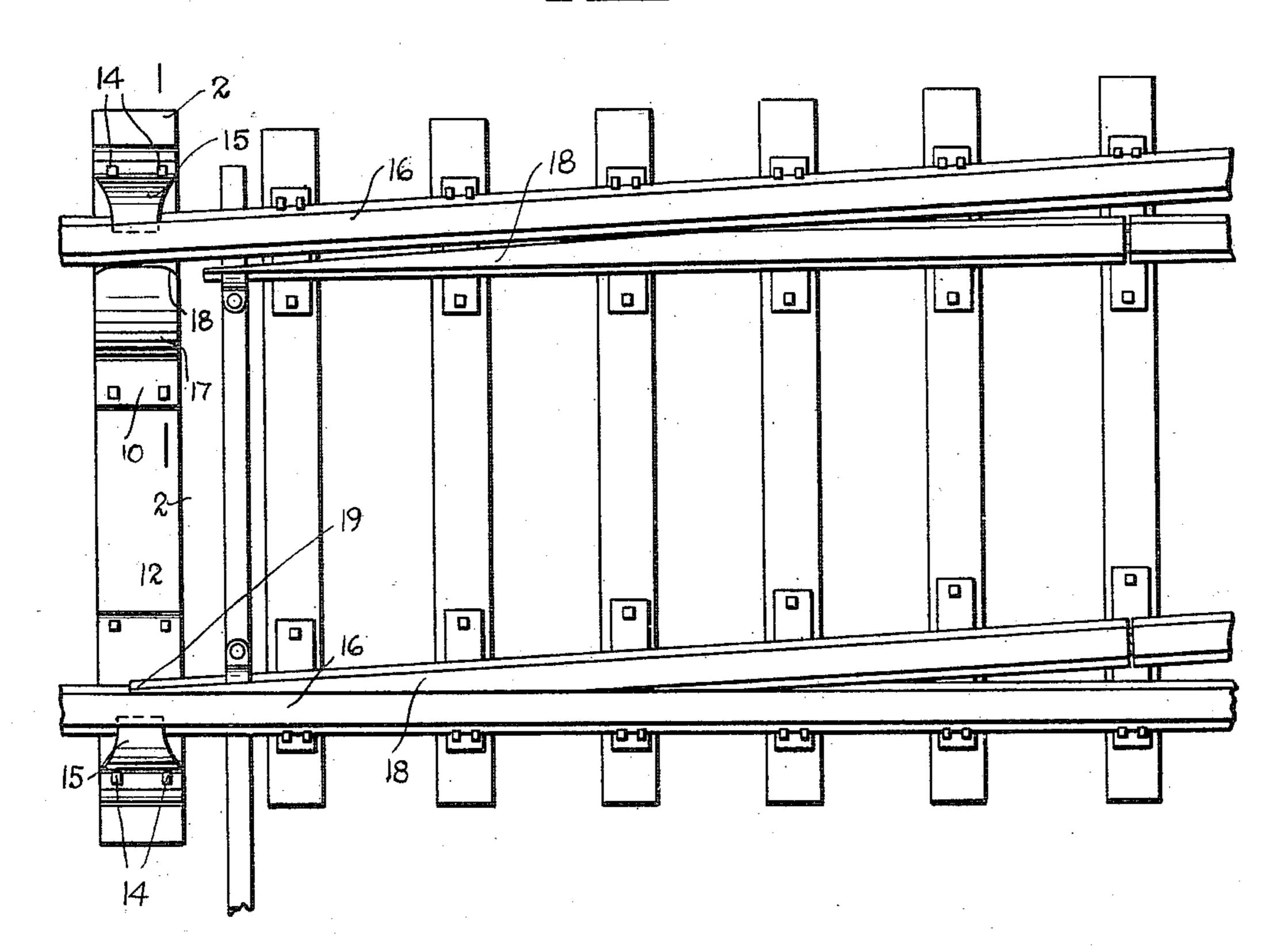
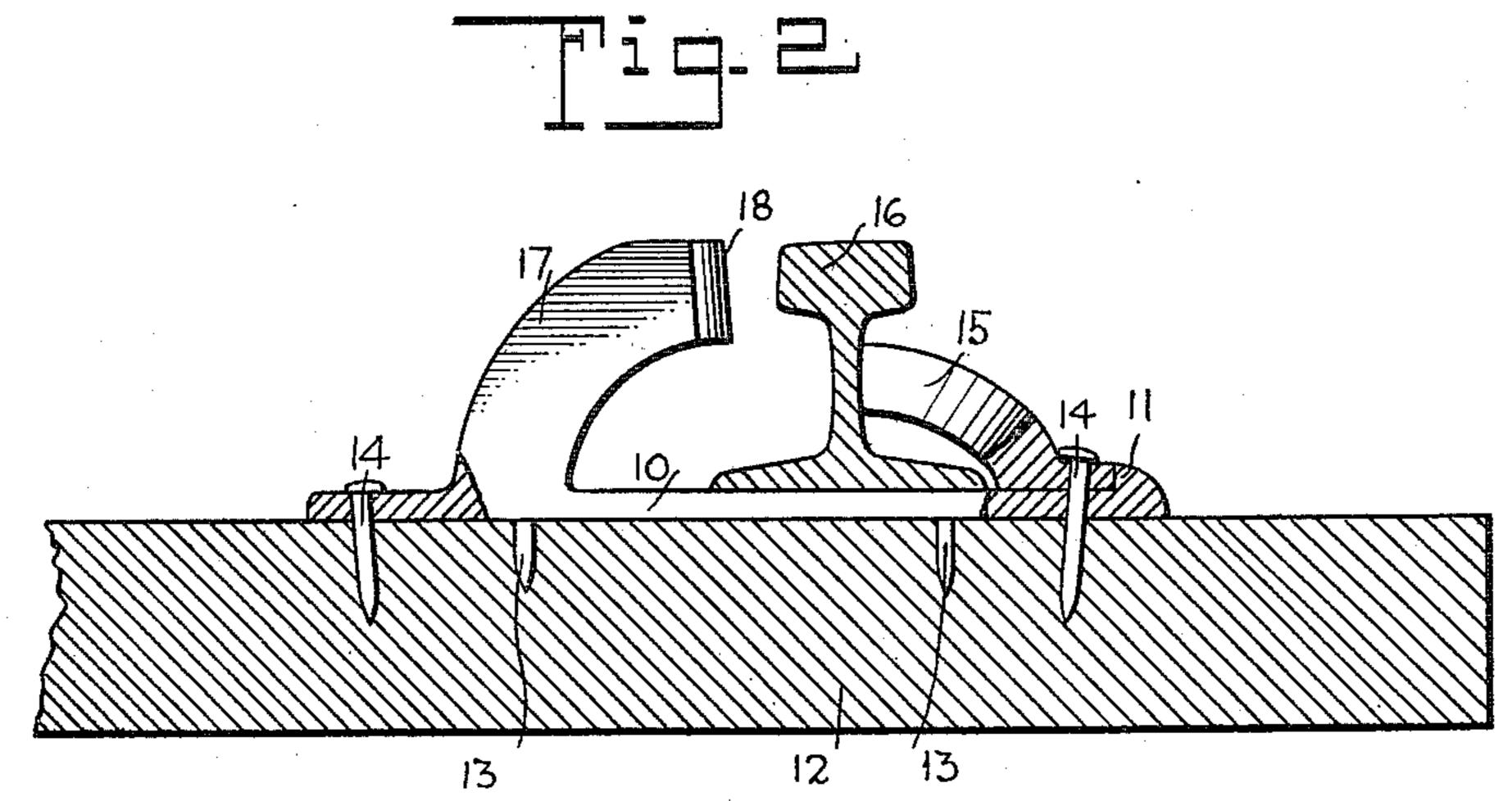
G. H. LANGTON. RAIL PLATE AND WHEEL GUARD. APPLICATION FILED DEC. 29, 1910.

994,592.

Patented June 6, 1911.







WITNESSES Al Frobly MA Aforter George H. Langton

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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

GEORGE HENRY LANGTON, OF SHREVEPORT, LOUISIANA.

RAIL-PLATE AND WHEEL-GUARD.

994,592.

Patented June 6, 1911. Specification of Letters Patent.

Application filed December 29, 1910. Serial No. 599,806.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, George H. Langton, a citizen of the United States, and a resident of Shreveport, in the parish of Caddo and 5 State of Louisiana, have invented a new and Improved Rail-Plate and Wheel-Guard, of which the following is a full, clear, and exact description.

The invention relates to rails for railways 10 and has for an object to provide a guard, for switch points, to guide the wheels of a train safely over the switch point and prevent a

derailment.

For the purpose mentioned use is made of 15 a base plate for attachment to a railway tie and adapted to receive a rail thereon, a rail plate on the base plate and extending upwardly and inwardly to engage the rail and a wheel guard formed on the base plate and 20 extending toward the rail plate, the said wheel guard being spaced from the said rail.

Reference is to be had to the accompanying drawings, constituting a part of the specification, in which similar characters of 25 reference denote corresponding parts in all

the views, and in which—

Figure 1 is a plan view of a switch with my device applied thereto at the switch point end of the switch; and Fig. 2 is a sec-30 tional view taken on the line 2—2 in Fig. 1.

It ofttimes happens that a train is derailed due to the wheels of the train striking a switch point and being raised upwardly to climb over the switch. To overcome this 35 I have produced a means whereby the flanges of the wheels are substantially held free from the switch point as the train passes over the switch and I have further provided in combination with the said 40 means, a rail plate for engagement with a rail to lessen the wear and tear of the rail at

a switch point.

Referring more particularly to the views I employ a base plate 10 having an integral 45 flange 11 at one end thereof, and adapted for attachment to a tie 12 with pointed lugs 13 on the base plate for engagement with the tie, suitable holes being also provided in the base plate for receiving spikes 14 to be ⁵⁰ driven into the tie as disclosed in Figs. 1 and 2. Removably secured to the base plate 10 at one end thereof is a rail plate 15 consisting of an upwardly and inwardly curved member having its end engaging a rail 16 and its base abutting against the flange 11 of the base plate 10. On the other end of

the base plate 10, a wheel guard 17 is integrally formed and extends upwardly and inwardly toward the rail plate 15 with the end 18 of the said wheel guard beveled at its 60

corners and spaced from the rail 16.

In use my device is mounted on a tie as shown in Figs. 1 and 2. When the wheels of a train move over a track, and approach a switch 18, the wheel guard 17 is engaged by 65 the flange of the wheel on the same side of the track as the guard, and the flange of the opposite wheel is consequently drawn away from contact with a switch point 19 of the switch 18, thus permitting the said apposite 70 wheel to easily move over the switch point without the flange striking the same and causing the wheel to climb the switch. By rounding the ends 18 of the wheel guard the shock of the wheel flange engaging the 75 guard is greatly reduced. The positioning of the rail plate 15 opposite the switch point 19 or the wheel guard 17 constitutes a means for substantially withstanding the shock of a wheel engaging the switch and tends to in- 80 crease the life of a switch by reducing the wear and tear thereon.

To apply my device, the switch point on that side of the track to which my wheel guard is to be applied, is conveniently short- 85 ened as shown in Fig. 1 and in this manner the wheel guard is disposed directly opposite to the switch point to be protected.

It will be readily seen that my wheel guard can be employed alone or in connec- 90 tion with the described tie plate and it will be also seen that the tie plate can be conveniently used alone.

It will be understood that my device is applicable to protect switch points from 95 wheel flanges of trains going in either direction and that the scope of the invention is defined in the appended claims.

Having thus described my invention, I claim as new and desire to secure by Letters 100

Patent:

1. In a device of the class described a base plate for engagement with a tie adapted to be engaged by a rail, lugs on the base plate and engaging the tie, and a wheel guard in- 105 tegrally formed on the base plate and extending upwardly to within a distance of the said rail, the said wheel guard having its outer edge substantially rounded.

2. In a device of the class described, a 110 base plate provided with a flanged portion, the said base plate being adapted to engage

with a tie and to support a rail, lugs on the base plate and engaging the said tie, a rail plate for attachment to the base plate at the flanged portion thereof and extending upwardly to engage the web of the said rail, together with an upwardly extending wheel guard integral with the said base plate, the said guard being of substantially the same height as the rail, the edge of the wheel

guard adjacent the said rail being of sub- 10 stantially rounded conformation.

In testimony whereof I have signed my name to this specification in the presence of two subscribing witnesses.

GEORGE HENRY LANGTON.

Witnesses:

James D. Stenson, Dillard P. Eubank.

Copies of this patent may be obtained for five cents each, by addressing the "Commissioner of Patents, Washington, D. C."