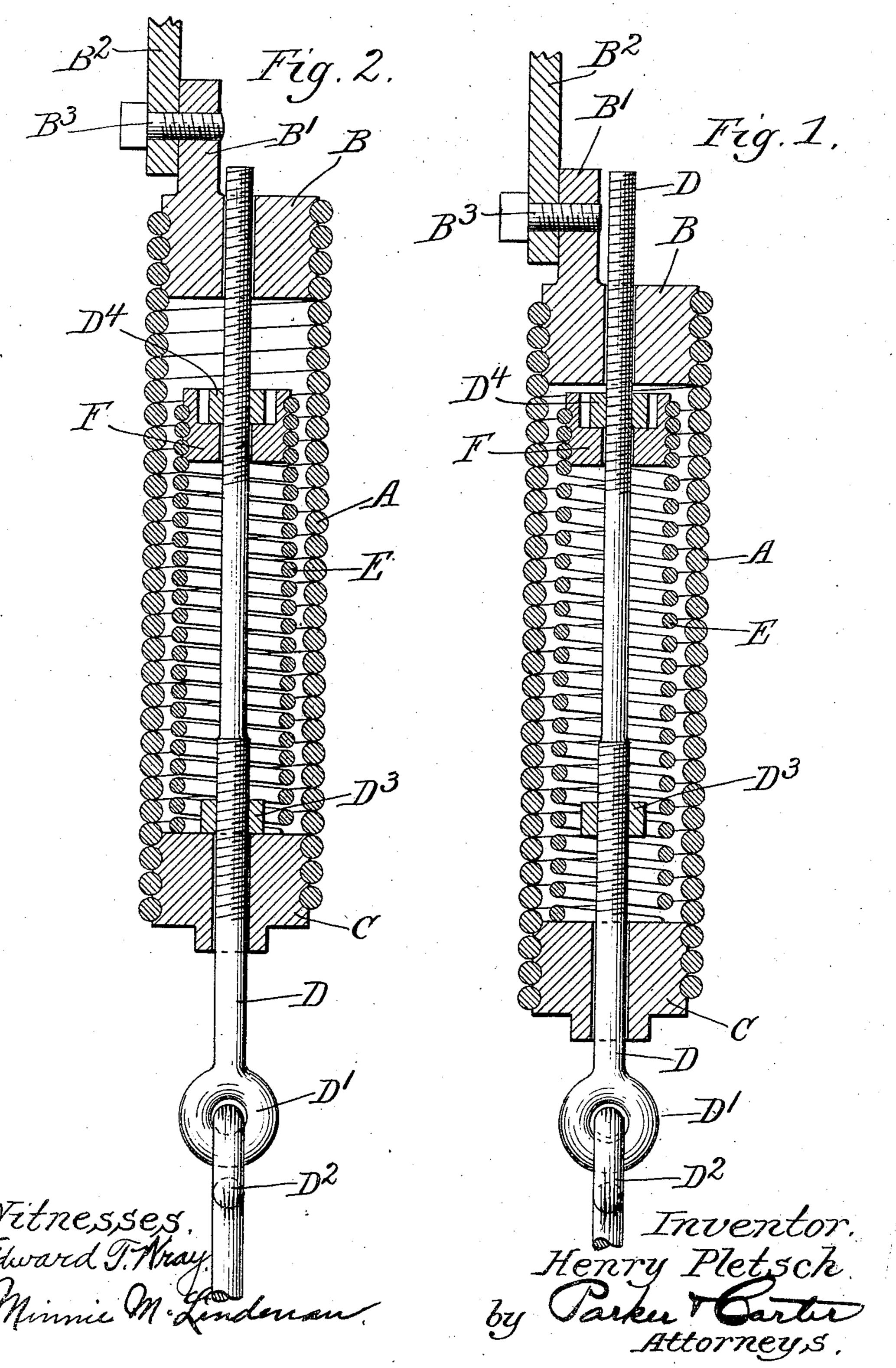
H. PLETSCH.

SPRING.

APPLICATION FILED FEB. 7, 1910.

991,539.

Patented May 9, 1911.



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

HENRY PLETSCH, OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, ASSIGNOR TO JUDD LAUNDRY MACHINE COMPANY, OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, A CORPORATION OF DELAWARE.

SPRING.

991,539.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented May 9, 1911.

Application filed February 7, 1910. Serial No. 542,603.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Henry Pletsch, a citizen of the United States, residing at Chicago, in the county of Cook and State of Illinois, have invented a certain new and useful Improvement in Springs, of which the following is a specification.

My invention: relates to improvements in springs, and is illustrated in the accompany-

10 ing drawing, wherein—

Figure 1 shows the spring contracted; Fig. 2 shows the spring partially extended. Like parts are indicated by the same char-

acters in both the figures.

The tension spring A has at one end the plug B provided with the lug B¹ attached to any desired device B2 by means of the screw B³, and at the other end, the plug C. The rod D provided at one end with the eyelet 20 D¹ engaging any desired device such as the eyelet D2, is slidably mounted within the plugs B and C and carries adjustably mounted thereupon the collars D³, D⁴. The compression spring E of lesser stiffness than said member, a light compression member, and within the spring A has at one end the one end of said member engaging one of the plug F slidably mounted upon the rod D, and at the other end rests upon the plug C.

While I have shown in my drawing an operative spring, still it will be evident that 30 numerous changes might be made both in the size and arrangement of parts without departing from the spirit of my invention. I wish, therefore, that my drawing be considered in a sense as diagrammatic.

The use and operation of my invention are as follows:-My spring is made up of a combination of two springs, one stiffer than the other. The weaker spring is a compression spring located within the stronger 40 which is a tension spring. When force is exerted to extend the spring, the compression spring will first be compressed until a certain predetermined point has been reached. At this point the compression spring will no 45 longer change its shape but will remain under compression at that point. The stronger

tension spring will then take up the load and be extended quite independent of the compression spring. I mount these springs 50 concentrically about a supporting tension rod, and provide this rod with adjustable collars or other devices, whereby the work of the compression spring may be regulated

between certain limits independent of the spring itself. By this means I am enabled 55 to determine the point at which the tension spring will take up the load and the length of travel of the force before its application to the tension spring. By this means also I am able to provide a spring member where- 60 in are two springs one of which takes up the load where the other one leaves it. This minimizes the wear and tear upon the springs and enables the use of a much shorter spring for the same elasticity or the 65 use of a spring of greater elasticity for the same length than anything heretofore provided.

I have not shown this spring in connection with any particular mechanical device, 70 as it will be evident that it may be used for an infinite number of different purposes where springs are used.

I claim:—

1. A spring comprising a heavy tension 75 member, a perforated plug in each end of one end of said member engaging one of the plugs within the tension member, a perforated plug in the other end of the compres- 80 sion member, a rod slidably engaging said perforated plugs, and a plurality of adjustable collars mounted upon said rod and adapted to engage the plug upon the compression member and one of the plugs with- 85 in the tension member.

2. A spring comprising a heavy tension member, perforated plugs screw threaded within each end of said tension member, a screw threaded rod slidably mounted with- 90 in said plugs, collars screw threaded and adjustable upon said rod, the distance between them being at all times less than the distance between said plugs, an inner light compression member surrounding said rod 95 and in engagement at one end with one of said plugs, and a perforated plug screw threaded within the other end of said compression member slidably mounted upon the rod and in engagement with one of said 100 collars.

HENRY PLETSCH.

Witnesses:

H. D. Judd, Francis W. Parker, Jr.