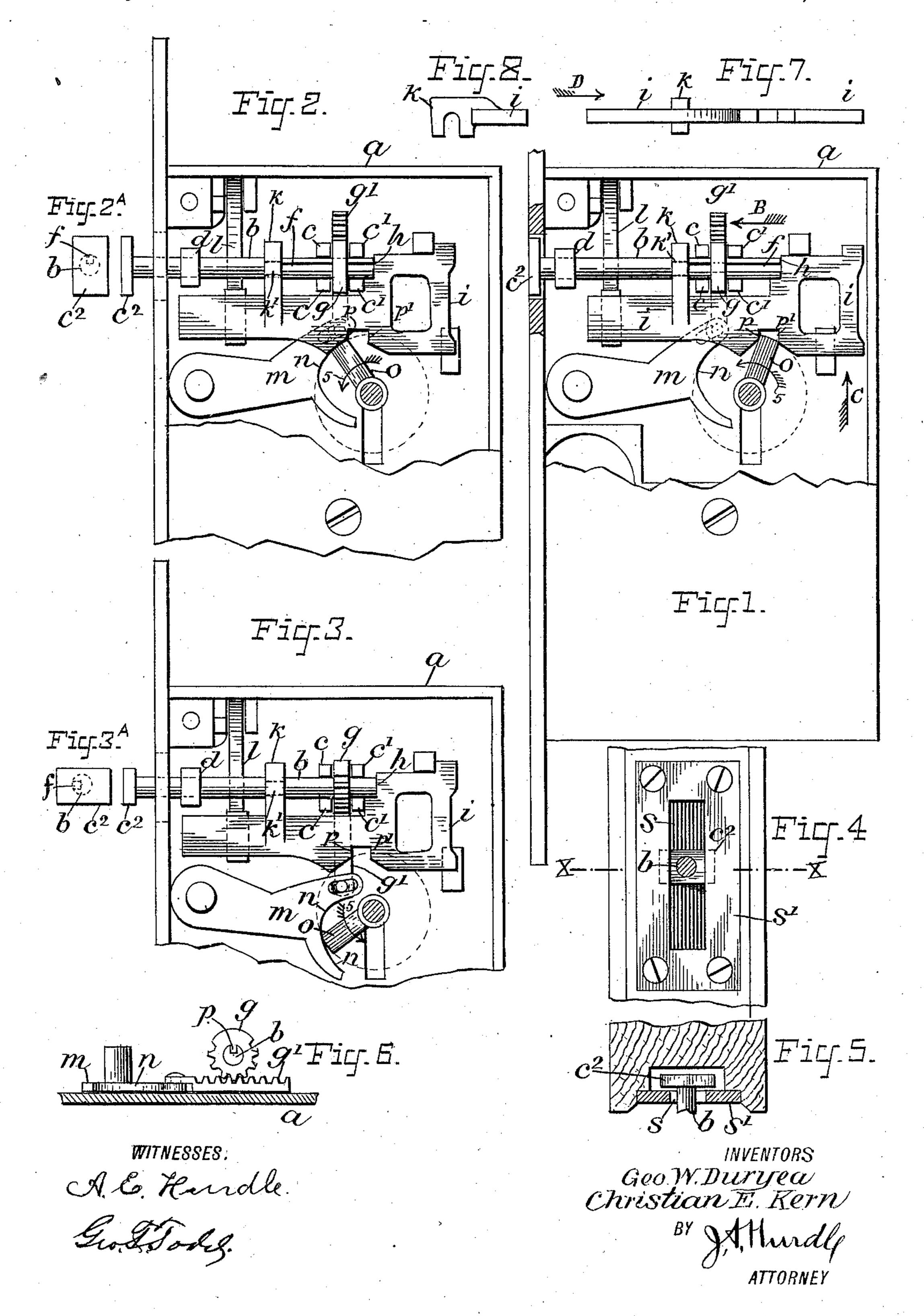
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LOCK.

APPLICATION FILED JAN. 12, 1910.

987,287.

Patented Mar. 21, 1911.



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

GEORGE W. DURYEA AND CHRISTIAN E. KERN, OF BROOKLYN, NEW YORK.

LOCK.

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Specification of Letters Patent. Patented Mar. 21, 1911.

Application filed January 12, 1910. Serial No. 537,636.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that we, George W. Duryea and Christian E. Kern, citizens of the rotatable bolt at all times. The sliding United States, and residents of the city of 5 Brooklyn, in the county of Kings and State of New York, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Locks, of which the following is a specification.

The invention relates to an improvement 10 in locks having a rotatable and slidable bolt and mechanism for operating the same, all of which will be fully described hereinafter.

The invention consists of a slidable and rotatable bolt, and suitable mechanism for 15 operating the same by means of a key, all of which will be fully described hereinafter, and pointed out in the claims.

In the drawings Figure 1 represents a side elevation of a lock frame having a por-20 tion of the frame broken away, and showing the main features of our invention at rest,

with the key in position to start the bolt forward. Fig. 2 is a similar view showing 25 3 is also a similar view showing the key in the throat of the swinging lever after it shall have turned the sliding bolt in the

proper position. Fig. 4 is a face view of the strike plate in which is shown the posi-30 tion of the T head of the sliding rotatable bolt after it shall have been moved into the position, as shown in Fig. 3. Fig. 5 is a transverse section of Fig. 4 taken on line x. x. Fig. 6 is a detached detail view of the 35 toothed segment and rack bar looking in the

direction of the arrow B. Fig. 7 is a detailed sectional view of the straight direct sliding plate looking in the direction of the arrow C. Fig. 8 is an end view of Fig. 7 40 looking in the direction of the arrow D.

Fig. 2^A is a face view of the T head, and Fig. 3^A is also a face view of the T head in its final position.

Similar letters refer to similar parts 45 throughout the drawings in which the lock | with the strike plate. frame a is shown containing the features of the invention. The slidable and rotatable bolt b is guided by the studs c c and c¹ and guide d. The forward end of the said 50 slidable and rotatable bolt b is provided with the T head c^2 and its body, beginning from the axially arranged rearward end, is provided with the groove f, said groove being adapted to receive the depending lug p 55 of the toothed segment g, located between the guiding studs c and c^1 . The shoulder h

of the straight direct sliding plate i abuts against the rearward end of the slidable and plate i is also provided with the carrying 60 arm k which fits within the annular groove k1, thus being kept in contact at all times with the slidable and rotatable bolt b. The slidable and rotatable bolt b is held in position when at rest by means of the tension 65 spring l. It will be obvious that the toothed segment g engages with the rack bar g^1 , the lower end of which connects with the swinging lever m whose throat n formed by two prongs is adapted to engage with the key o 70 when locking and unlocking the device. The sliding plate i is provided with abutting surfaces p. p^1 for the key o for the pur-

pose of operating the bolt.

Mode of operation.—In Fig. 1 of the 75 drawings the key o is in position to throw the sliding plate i forward. The carrying arm k fitting in the annular groove k^1 as it does, will carry the slidable and rotatable the bolt thrown forward by the key. Fig. | bolt forward as shown in Fig. 2. It will so be observed in this view that the key will have assumed a forward position when moved in the direction indicated by the arrow 5. When the key o shall have been turned farther forward it will have as- 85 sumed the position shown in Fig. 3. In this view is shown how the key, playing within the throat of the swinging lever m, carries with it the rack bar g^1 , the latter in turn rotating the toothed segment g whose depend- 90 ing lug p, engaging as it does with the axially arranged groove f, causes the slidable and rotatable bolt to turn to a suitable position as shown. It will be obvious that when the slidable and rotatable bolt is pressed 95 forward it will have entered the slot s of the strike plate s^1 , then when the key is turned as shown in Fig. 3, it will have turned the T head of the bolt as shown in Figs. 3, 4 and 5, thus forming a perfect lock 100

Heretofore, locks for hanging doors were provided with a hook adapted to be raised and lowered by means of a key. This style of lock has met with many objections, the 105 principal one of which is that the slightest sag in either door, the hook would become inoperative. Then, again, where the hook locks are used it is a very easy matter to lift either of the doors and release the hook. 110 These objections are obviated by our inven-

tion herein described.

We are aware that a slidable and rotatable bolt has heretofore been used in connection with locks but the nicety of construction was such that it would soon become inoperative from the fact that a positive and accurate distance in movement would be required to have one portion to interlock with the other before it could perform its function. This feature is objectionable and is obviated by our invention whose operative parts are interlocked at all times, thus assuring a certainty in its operation at all times.

Having thus described the invention what we claim as new and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

1. In a lock the combination, consisting of the slidable and rotatable bolt having a T shaped head on one end thereof, the body of said bolt provided with an axially arranged groove and an annular groove, the direct sliding plate for moving the bolt longitudinally the toothed segment arranged between guides and loosely mounted upon

said slidable and rotatable bolt, the depending lug of said toothed segment adapted to engage with the said axially arranged groove aforesaid, the whole adapted to be operated by a key.

2. In a lock, the combination, consisting 30 of the rack bar arranged between guides, the double pronged swinging lever connected with one end of said rack bar, the slidable and rotatable bolt, the toothed segment mounted upon the latter and adapted 35 to engage with said rack bar, and the direct sliding plate for moving the said slidable and rotatable bolt longitudinally when operated by a key.

Signed at the city of Brooklyn in the 40 county of Kings and State of New York this 10 day of January A. D. 1910.

GEORGE W. DURYEA. CHRISTIAN E. KERN.

Witnesses:

ALFRED STEINER, J. A. HURDLE.

Copies of this patent may be obtained for five cents each, by addressing the "Commissioner of Patents.

Washington, D. C."