## J. J. KNIGHT.

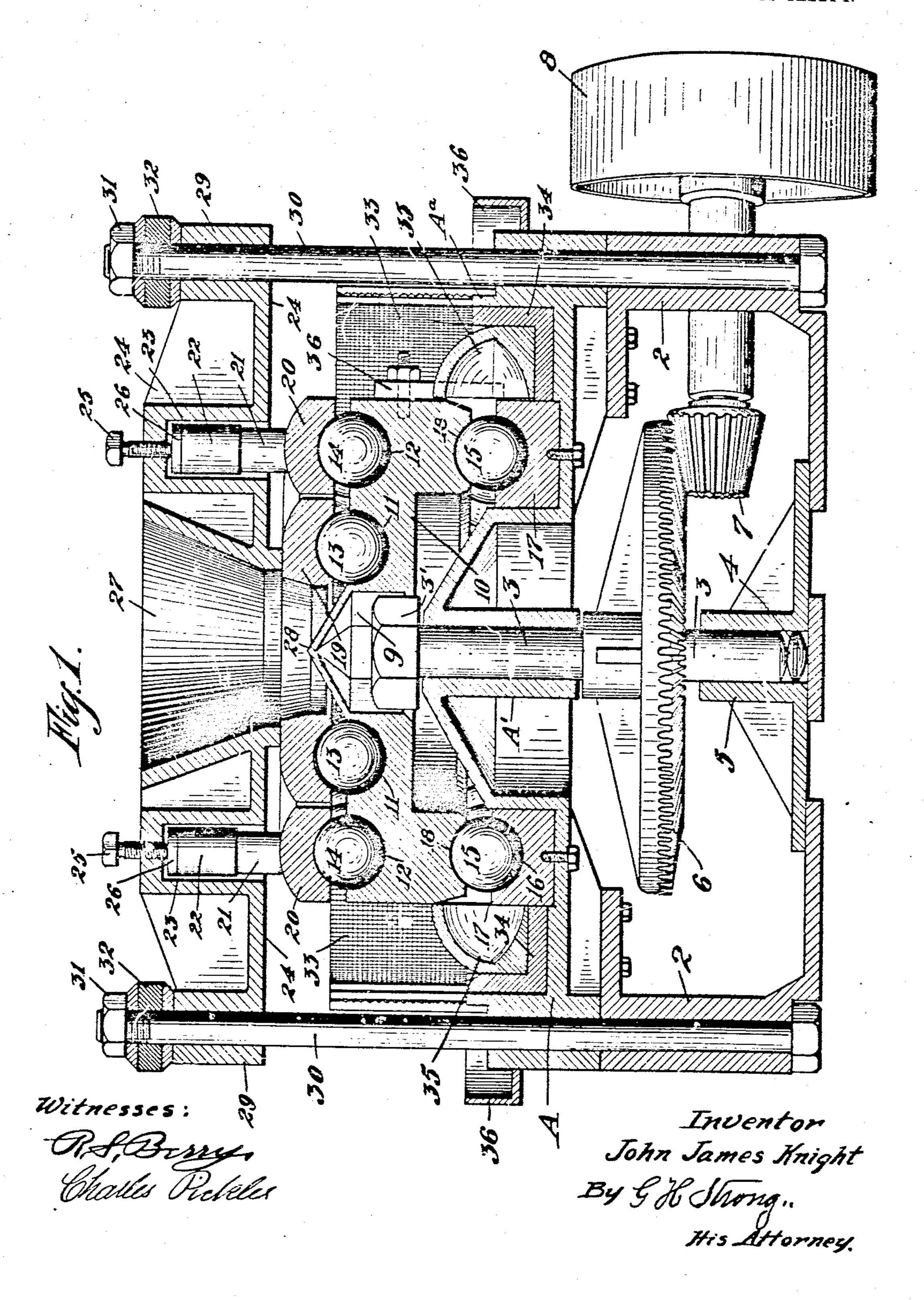
ORE PULVERIZER.

APPLICATION FILED FEB. 28, 1910.

983,067.

Patented Jan. 31, 1911.

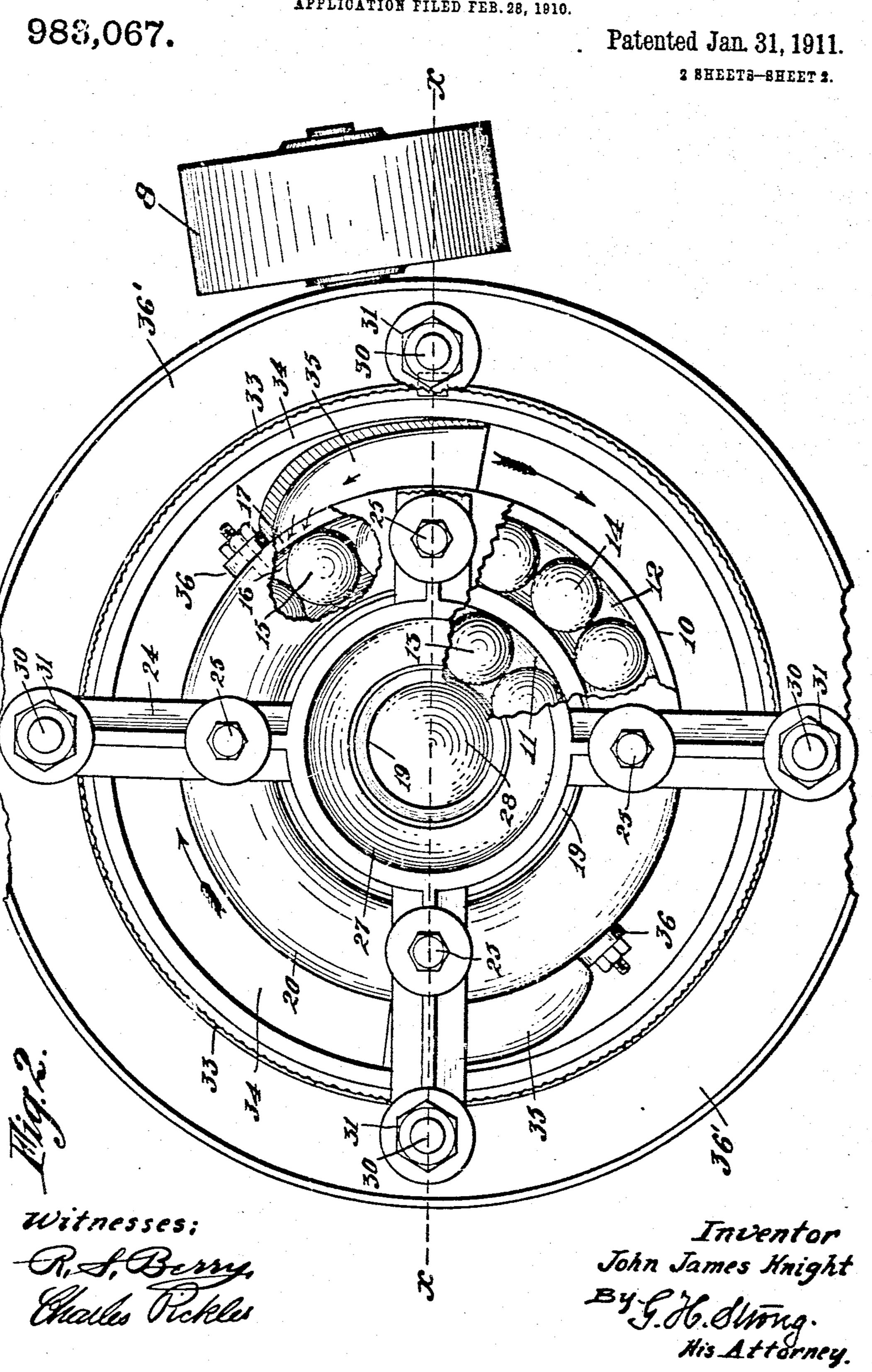
2 SHEETS-SHEET 1.



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## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

JOHN J. KNIGHT, OF ALAMEDA, CALIFORNIA, ASSIGNOR TO KNIGHT-CONLON PUL-VERIZING MILL CO., OF SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA, A CORPORATION OF CALI-FORNIA.

ORE-PULVERIZER.

983,067.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented Jan. 31, 1911.

Application filed February 28, 1910. Serial No. 546,482.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I. John James Knicht, a citizen of the United States, residing at Alameda, in the county of Alameda and 5 State of California, have invented new and useful Improvements in Ore-Pulverizers, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to improvements in grinding and pulverizing mills, and par-10 ticularly pertains to mills of this character in which the act of comminuting is performed by spherical rollers arranged between supporting and pressing members.

The object of this invention is to provide 15 a grinding and pulverizing mill in which the materials to be comminuted are fed between concentrically arranged crushing dies and rollers or balls, and in which means are provided for screening the ground mate-20 rials.

A further object is to provide means for directing and subjecting the coarse ground materials which cannot pass the screen, to further pulverizing action, so that the prod-25 uct of the mill will be of uniform fineness, and thoroughly ground.

as hereinafter more fully described and 30 claimed, having reference to the accompanying drawings, in which--

Figure 1 is a vertical section of the invention on the line x-x Fig. 2. Fig. 2 is a plan view, with portions broken away to 35 disclose the crushing balls or rollers.

In the drawings. A represents a bed-plate, which is supported upon and secured to suitable legs 2. A vertical shaft 3 extends through a bearing A' formed on the bed-40 plate A, and is supported on a button 4 in a bearing 5 mounted on the feet of the legs 2. A gear 6 is keved to the shaft 3 and meshes with a pinion 7 which is driven through the pulley 8 by any suitable power. 45 The upper end of the shaft 3 is provided with a hexagonal or rectangular head 3'. which is adapted to fit into a correspondingly shaped recess 9 in a revoluble disk 10. The upper surface of the disk 10 has conupon grinding spheres 15 which are mounted in a circular groove or channel 16 formed

plate A. A channel 18 is formed on the under side of the disk 10, directly beneath the outer groove 12, and above the spheres 15, the channels 16—18 forming a runway for the grinding spheres 15.

Pressing rings 19—20 bear upon the crushing balls 13—14 respectively, each ring having a groove on the under side at the point directly above the corresponding train of crushing balls. The outer ring 20 has 65 upwardly projecting studs 21 formed thereon which are adapted to contact resilient cushions 22, mounted in recesses 23 formed on the head-plate 24. Set screws 25 threaded in the top of the recesses 23, bear against 70 the cushions 22, a washer 26 being interposed between each set screw and cushion. The head-plate 24 rests upon the inner pressing ring 19, and has a hopper or opening 27 formed in the center thereof, through which 75 ore or other material to be ground is fed to the grinding elements of the mill.

The portion of the revoluble disk 10 lying beneath the hopper 27 projects upward in conical form as at 28, forming a distributer, 80 the object of which is to insure the materials The invention consists of the parts and to be ground, being evenly fed in a radial the construction and combination of parts direction, to the circle of crashing rollers 13 beneath the pressing ring 19. Outwardly extending members on the head-plate 24, 85 are cored at 29 to pass over the upper ends of vertically arranged bolts 30 which are mounted in the legs 2, and extend through the bed-plate A. The upper ends of the bolts 30 are threaded to receive nuts 31, 90 and resilient cushions 32 are interposed between the nuts 31 and the extended members of the head-plate 24. A screen 33 is mounted on an upwardly projecting flange A\* on the bed-plate A, and encircles the revoluble 95 disk 10.

The annular trough formed between the flange A<sup>2</sup> and the supporting ring 17, is provided with an annular lining 34, preferably made of hardened steel or white iron, 100 which is secured to the bed-plate A. Plow blades 35 are adapted to travel in the annular trough in contact with the lining 34, and are propelled around the trough by centric grooves 11-12 formed therein, in means of the revoluble disk 10, diametrically 105 which a number of crushing balls 13-14 are opposed projections 36 on the latter, exloosely mounted. The disk 10 is supported i tending rearwardly of, and contacting the blades 35 so as to move them forward as the disk 10 revolves. These blades are construct-55 in a supporting ring 17 secured to the bed- | ed with the forward end open, and rear- 110

the trough lining 34, and the other contacting the periphery of the disk 10, the inclosed space beneath the blade gradually 5 contracting rearwardly, so that as the blades travel around the trough, the materials therein will be directed between the grind-

ing spheres 15. In operation the ore or other materials to 10 be ground, and water, are delivered into the hopper 27 in any suitable manner. The disk 10 being rotated by means of the gears 6-7 and driving pulley 8, the crushing rollers 13-14 are caused to revolve in their respect I claim and desire to secure by Letters Pat-15 tive runways, in such a manner as to pass, ent is the ore between the rollers and subject it to 1. The combination in a pulverizing mill. a crushing action. The ore is first acted on of a horizontally revoluble disk having anby the rollers 13, then passes on to the roll- nular ball races upon its upper and lower ers 14. whereafter it is dropped over the edge 20 of the disk 10 into the trough or lining 34. The pressing disk 19 is allowed to give or move upward to a certain extent by reason of the cushions 32. and cushions 22 permit of an upward movement of the pressing ring 25 20. By this arrangement eitler ring 19 or 20 may move upward more or less independently of each other, and thus allow refractory particles of the materials to pass between the rollers 13 or 14, and thus pre-30 vent clogging of the machine at this point. The crushed material after being subjected means for feeding the material to be crushed to the action of the rollers 13-14, passes, into the innermost ball race to be carried into the space between the rotatable disk 10; centrifugally outward through the second and the screen 33, the finer particles being race and discharged into the bed-plate 35 carried through the screen 33 by the flow channel. of water, and delivered to an exterior trough [ 2. The combination in a pulverizing mill, 36' from whence it is removed in any suit- of a horizontally revoluble disk having anable manner for further treatment. The nular ball races upon its upper and lower coarser materials, such as are too large to 40 pass through the screen 33, settle to the bettom of the trough 34, and are deflected by the plow blades 35 between the crushing spheres 15 as before described, and are here thoroughly ground so as to pass with the travel with the disk and in the outer por-45 other fine materials through the screen 33. tion of the bed-plate channel to deliver ma- 110 The plow blades 35 are loosely mounted in terial into the above named ball race, said the trough 34, so that if metallic or other revoluble disk having a projection to engage refractory materials which resist the action, behind the loose plow and thereby move the 50 the blades will rise and pass over same, and thus prevent injury of the blades. The disk race, means for feeding the material to be 10 is free to be moved upward, when refrac- crushed into the innermost ball race to be tory particles of material pass between it carried centrifugally outward through the and the rollers 15, but as its upward move- second race and discharged into the bed-55 ment is opposed by its own weight, and that plate channel, and a screen inclosure there- 120 of the grinding rollers 13—14. pressing rings for. 19-20, and the head-plate 24, and also by the opposition of the cushions 32, the ordi- of a horizontally revoluble disk and driver nary materials that may resist the action of having concentric ball races in the upper 60 the upper grinding rollers 13-14, will be surface and another ball race in the lower 125 pulverized by the more powerful action of the lower grinding spheres 15. The pressure ing a ball race coincident with that of the of the pressing ring 20 on the crushing roll-disk, independent pressure rings having ball

ward end closed, with one edge contacting is adjusted by means of the nuts 31 on the bolts 30. This adjustment of pressure on the grinding rollers permits of the adaptationof the mill to handling different grades of material. By removing the bolts 31, the 70 head-plate 24 may be lifted so as to give access to the pressure rings 19-20, and rollers 13-14, and the head-plate being removed permits of the disk 10 being lifted clear of the grinding spheres 15, and thus allows of 75 ready access to the grinding parts for examination or repairs.

Having thus described my invention, what

surfaces respectively, a channeled bed-plate. a die located in the inner portion of the 85 channel having a ball race corresponding with the one in the bottom of the superposed disk, a loose or detached plow adapted to travel with the disk and in the outer portion of the bed-plate channel to deliver material 90 into the above named ball race, said revoluble disk having a projection to engage behind the loose plow and thereby move the same forwardly, means for applying pressure upon the balls in the upper ball race. 95

surfaces respectively, a channeled bed-plate. a die located in the inner portion of the 105 channel having a ball race corresponding with the one in the bottom of the superposed. disk, a loose or detached plow adapted to of the crushing spheres 15 are encountered, same forwardly, other means for applying pressure upon the balls in the upper ball 115

3. The combination in a pulverizing milt. surface, an annular channeled bed-plate havers 14 may be regulated by means of the set races corresponding with those in the upper 65 screws 25, and the pressure on the rollers 13 surface of the disk, a main cap with adjust- 130 able pressure devices acting upon the inner of said pressure rings, studs projecting upwardly from the outer pressure ring, and independently adjustable cushioned members carried in the head and acting upon said ring, a central feed device whereby material is delivered to the inner and uppermost of the crushing members and carried outwardly therefrom by centrifugal action through the outermost crusher, and thence delivered into the annular trough of the bed-plate, a detached plow by which the crushed material is returned into the lowermost crushing

channel, said disk having a projection to engage behind the detached plow and thereby 15 move the same forwardly, and a surrounding screen through which the crushed material is delivered outwardly.

In testimony whereof I have hereun o set my hand in the presence of two subscribing 20

witnesses.

JOHN J. KNIGHT.

Witnesses:

W. B. STRAUB, E. S. PAGE.