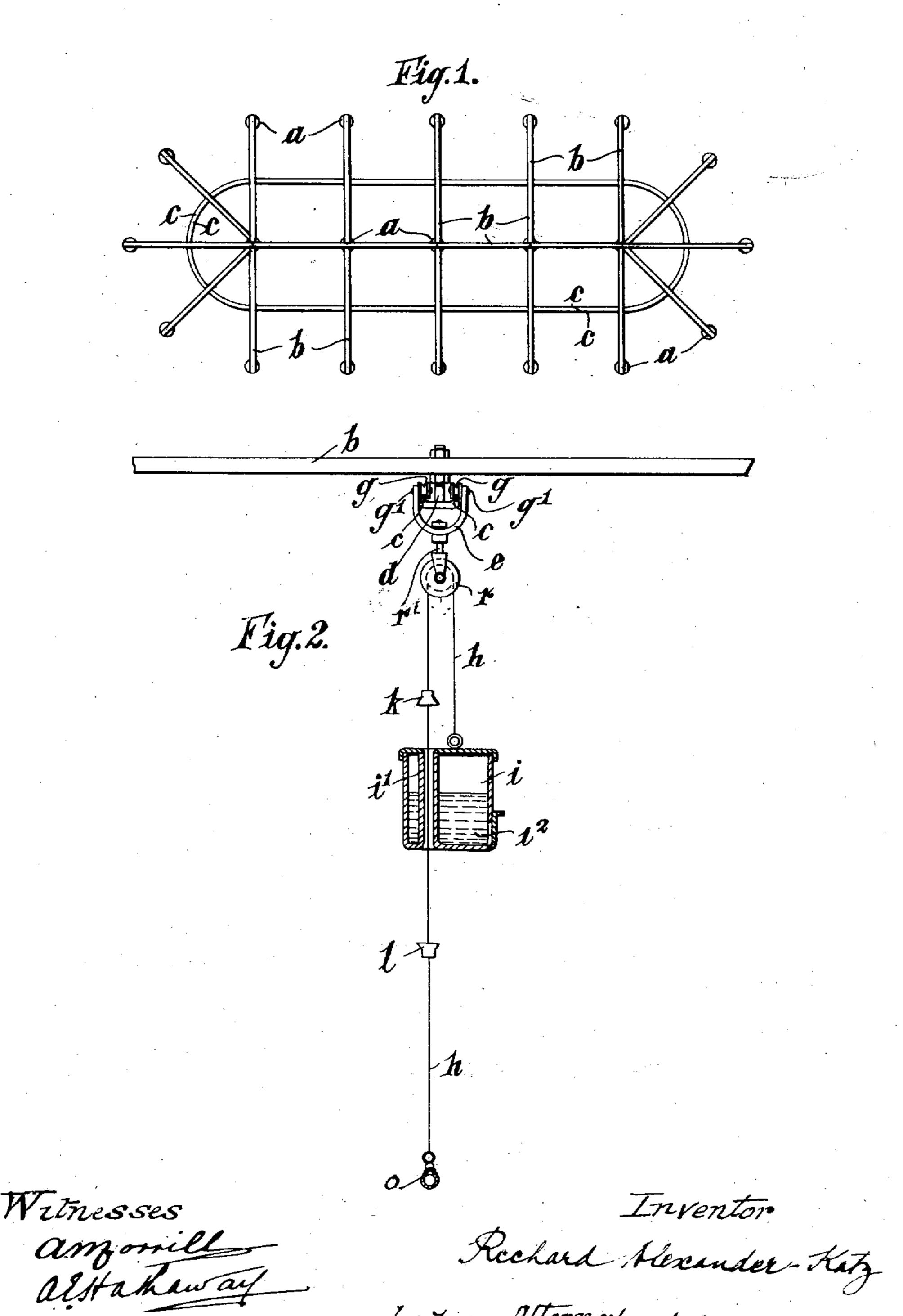
R. ALEXANDER-KATZ.

APPARATUS FOR TESTING FLYING MACHINES AND LEARNING THE ART OF AVIATION.

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975,196.

Patented Nov. 8, 1910.



by his Altorney Hetsassia

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

RICHARD ALEXANDER-KATZ, OF BERLIN, GERMANY.

APPARATUS FOR TESTING FLYING-MACHINES AND LEARNING THE ART OF AVIATION.

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Specification of Letters Patent. Patented Nov. 8, 1910.

Application filed October 11, 1909. Serial No. 522,139.

To all whom it may concern:

Katz, a subject of the German Emperor, re- is capable of ascent, it is free to rise until siding at Berlin, W. 35, in Germany, have the abutment l strikes the vessel i, the ascent so 5 invented certain new and useful Improvements in Apparatus for Use in Testing Flying-Machines and Learning the Art of Aviation, of which the following is a specification.

10 This invention relates to apparatus for use in testing flying machines and learning the art of aviation. Its object is to provide a traveling, suspensory support for the aviator and his machine, and broadly comprises an 15 aerial track from which the flying machine rope or equivalent, the other end of which is attached to a suitable counterweight.

20 shown in the accompanying drawing, in which—

the track and Fig. 2 an elevation of the sus- States is:-

pensory appliance on an enlarged scale. 25 Pillars a support horizontal bearers b to comprising an aerial track, a suspensory deaxles g^1 of one or more rollers g placed upon 30 the rail or rails or ropes c are provided with a yoke e. From said yoke e a pulley r is suspended by means of a swivel hanger r^{1} . A rope h passing over the pulley r has attached to one of its ends a vessel i, and to the • 35 other end a snap-hook o. The vessel i is traversed by a vertical tube i^i , for the orifices of which openings are provided in the lid and bottom of the vessel. The rope h traverses the tube in and has attached to it, above 40 and below the vessel. i, abutments k and lrespectively, which are incapable of passing. through the tube in, so that they limit the travel of the rope h on the pulley r, and consequently limit the upward and downward 45 movement of the vessel i and hook o. The

weight which can be regulated by more or less charging the vessel with shot or with a liquid, as at i^2 . The flying machine is attached to the rope h by means of the hook o and while the machine is quiescent its weight drags the vessel i upward, until the said vessel is stopped

purpose of the vessel i is to serve as a

by the abutment k. Suspended in this man-55 ner the aviator and machine are capable of rotating about the axis of the hanger n', and

1.32

also of traveling in the direction of the track Be it known that I, RICHARD ALEXANDER- cc or back. If the machine, when working, being of course assisted by the weight of the vessel i. This weight may be so regulated that for a beginner in the art of aviation the weight of the machine and aviator is nearly balanced, the balancing weight being gradu- 65 ally reduced as progress is made in the art.

It is preferred that the track should not be of circular form, but composed of straight lines and curves since on one hand centrifugal force would unfavorably influence the 70 steering of the aviator, and on the other is rotatably suspended from one end of a hand the practice of passing from the straight flight to that of a curve is of high importance. This straight line and curved A construction embodying the invention is structure is shown in Fig. 1 of the annexed 75. drawing.

What I claim as my invention and desire Figure 1 is a diagrammatic plan view of to secure by Letters Patent of the United

1. A device of the character described 80 which are bolted supports d and the track is vice rotarily supported by and adapted to formed by one or two parallel rails or wire travel on said track, a flexible member passropes c resting upon the supports d. The ing over said suspensory device and to one end of which the flying machine or aviator 85 may be suspended, a counterweight attached to the other end of said flexible member, and means for limiting movements of ascent and descent of said counterweight and object suspended from said member.

> 2. A device of the character described comprising an acrial track, a trolley adapted to travel thereon, a swivel pulley rotatably supported by said trolley, a rope passing over said pulley to one end of which rope 95 the flying machine or aviator may be suspended, a counterweight attached to the other end of said rope, and means carried by the latter for limiting movements of ascent and descent of said counterweight and 106

object suspended from said rope. 3. A device of the character described comprising an aerial track, a trolley adapted to travel thereon, a swivel pulley rotatably supported by said trolley, a rope passing 105 over said pulley to one end of which rope the flying machine or aviator may be suspended, a counterweight attached to the other end of said rope and provided with a channel through which a portion of the rope 110 passes, and abutments on said rope coacting with the lower and upper portions of the

counterweight to limit the movements of ascent and descent of the counterweight and

object suspended from said rope.

4. A device of the character described z comprising an aerial track, a suspensory device rotarily supported by and adapted to travel on said track, a flexible member pass-Ing over said suspensory device and to one end of which the flying machine or aviator 10 may be suspended, a counterweight attached to the other end of said flexible member, said counterweight comprising a hollow body and

loose ballast contained therein, and means for limiting movements of ascent and descent of said counterweight and object sus- 15 pended from said member.

In witness whereof I have signed this specification in the presence of two wit-

nesses.

RICHARD ALEXANDER-KATZ.

Witnesses:

WOLDEMAR HAUPT,