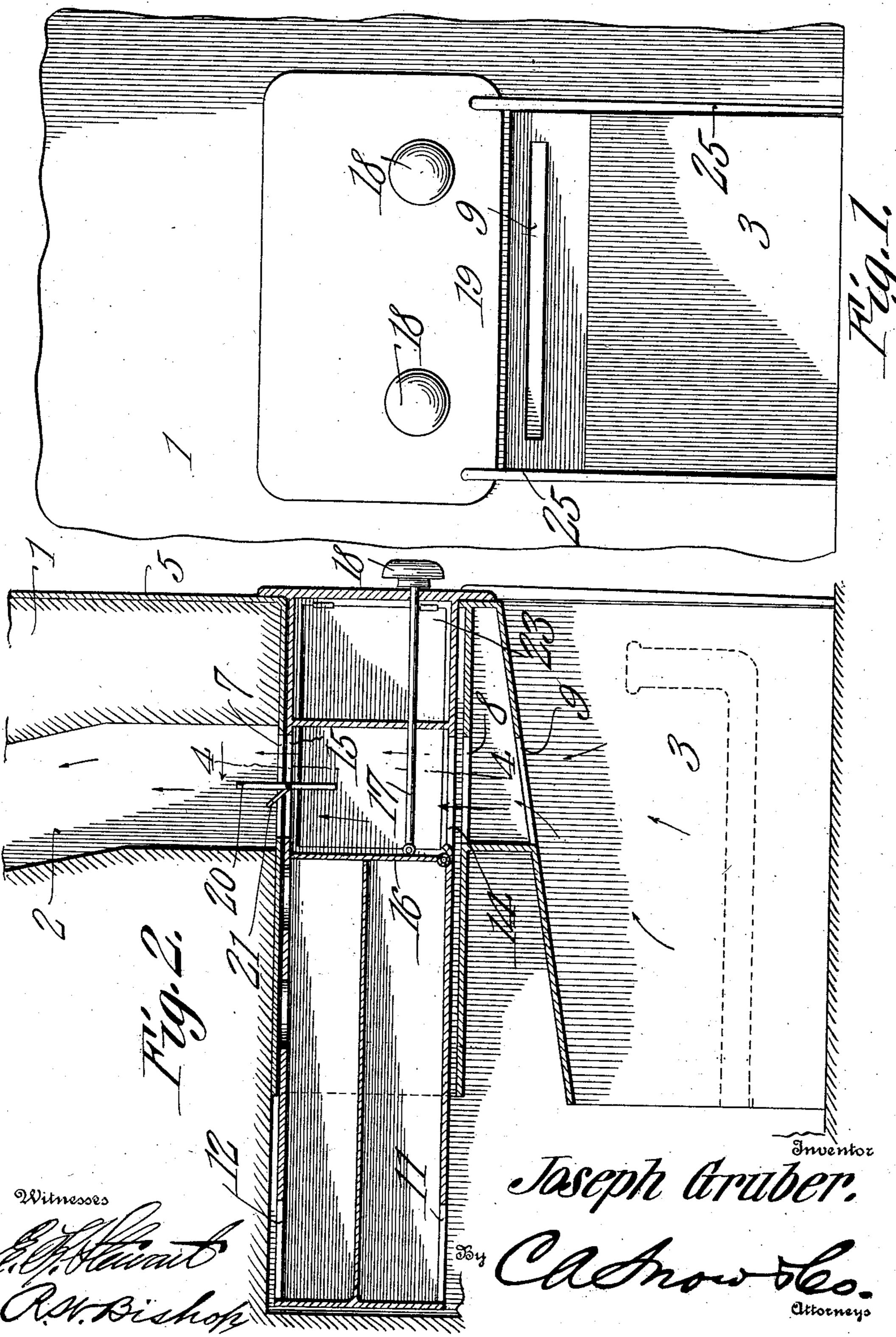
J. GRUBER. STOVE.

973,650.

APPLICATION FILED FEB. 23, 1910.

Patented Oct. 25, 1910.

2 SHEETS-SHEET 1.

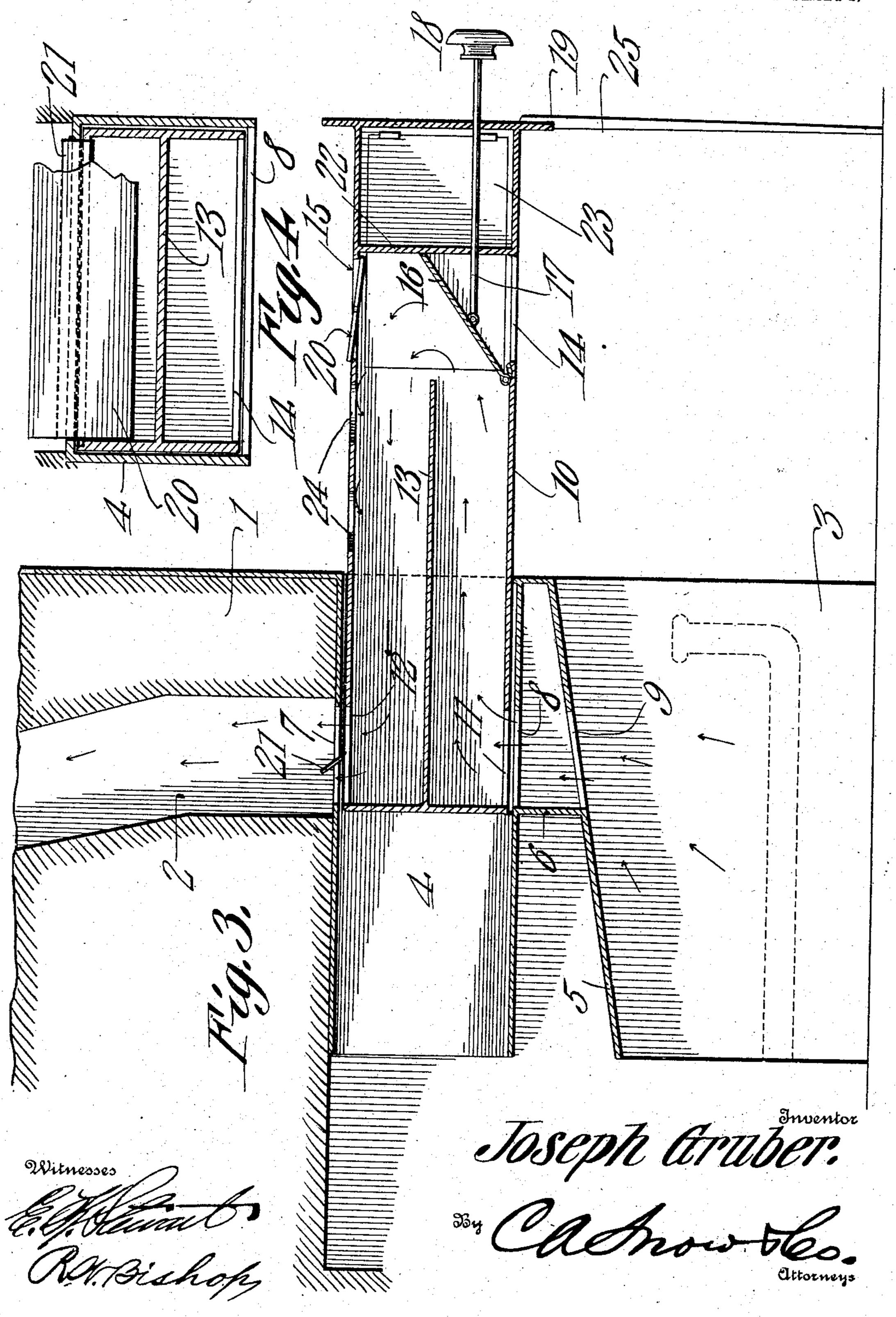


J. GRUBER.
STOVE.
APPLICATION FILED FEB. 23, 1910.

973,650.

Patented Oct. 25, 1910.

2 SHEETS-SHEET 2,



HE NORRIS PETERS CO., WASHINGTON, D. C

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

JOSEPH GRUBER, OF TAMPA, FLORIDA.

STOVE.

973,650.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented Oct. 25, 1910.

Application filed February 23, 1910. Serial No. 545,519.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Joseph Gruber, a citizen of the United States, residing at Tampa, in the county of Hillsboro and State of Florida, have invented a new and useful Stove, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to improvements in stoves and the object of the invention is to provide a simple device which may be used in connection with a fire-place for cooking purposes without any interference with the ordinary use of the fire-place for heating purposes.

The invention consists in certain novel features which are illustrated in the accompanying drawings and will be hereinafter first fully described and then specifically pointed out in the appended claims.

In the annexed drawings, Figure 1 is a front elevation of a fire-place showing my improved stove in position over the same. Fig. 2 is a longitudinal section showing the stove moved into the wall and arranged to permit the products of combustion from the grate to pass directly into the chimney. Fig. 3 is a similar view showing the stove withdrawn into position for use. Fig. 4 is a transverse vertical section on the line 4—4 30 of Fig. 2.

In the accompanying drawings, 1 designates a wall having a chimney 2 therein and an open fire-place 3 at the lower end of the same, a grate being indicated in dotted lines within the fire-place.

In carrying out my invention, I arrange

within the wall above the fire-place a housing 4 having an ornamental facing 5 which is arranged in front of and around the fire-place opening so as to impart an ornamental appearance to the walls within the room. This housing 4 is preferably of a tubular form and is connected with the arch or top plate of the fire-place 3 by a vertical wall or brace 6 and is provided in its upper and lower sides with openings 7 and 8 registering with the chimney 2 and with an opening 9 in the top or arch 5 of the fire-place in advance of the partition 6, as clearly shown

50 in Figs. 2 and 3. It will be readily seen that the smoke and other products of combustion arising from the grate will pass through the openings 9 and 8 and if no obstruction to their course is offered, will pass directly into the chimney through the opening 7.

The stove 10 is slidably mounted within

the tubular housing 4 and consists of a casing or box having top and bottom and side walls and provided in its top and bottom at its rear end with openings 11 and 12, while 60 within the box or casing is a horizontal partition 13 projecting forwardly from the rear end of the casing. The box or casing is also provided with openings 14 and 15 in its bottom and top near its front end, and 65 the said partition 13 terminates close to the vertical plane of the rear sides of said openings, a damper 16 being hinged upon the bottom of the casing in rear of the said openings and being adapted to rest against 70 the front end of the said partition when in its raised position, as shown in Fig. 2. This damper 16 is connected by rods 17 with knobs or handles 18 disposed on the front end of the box or casing 10 and the said 75 front end is extended beyond the walls of the casing to form flanges 19 adapted to bear against the facing 5, and thereby prevent the leakage of any heat or smoke or other products into the room when the stove 80 is not in use. It will be readily seen that as the rods 17 are pivotally attached to the damper 16 above the pivotal connection of the said damper with the bottom of the stove, the initial pull upon the handles or 85 knobs will swing the damper forward into the position shown in Fig. 3 and the continued pull will withdraw the stove into the position shown in said figure. Of course when the stove is no longer to be used, the 90 knobs or handles 18 are pushed inward and this operation will cause the damper 16 to swing into the position shown in Fig. 2 and will then slide the stove rearward within the housing 4 so that it will lie entirely 95 within the wall and will not be in the way within the room. A damper 20 is pivotally mounted within

the upper opening 15 and when the stove is

in the position shown in Fig. 3 with its rear

edge resting upon the top of the stove at

the rear side of the opening. When the

stove is pushed into its inoperative position

per 20 will be carried into contact with the

lower edge of a trip plate 21 secured in the

opening 7 in the housing and will be there-

by caused to swing upon its pivots so as to

thereby open the direct communication be-

tween the fire-place and the chimney. When

drawn out for use, the said damper will lie 100

within the wall, the rear edge of this dam- 105

assume the position shown in Fig. 2, and 110

the damper 16 is drawn forward, it will rest against a vertical partition 22 near the front end of the stove and the space between the said partition and the front end of the stove 5 may be utilized as a baking-oven, a door 23 being provided on one side of the stove to permit access to the said oven. The stove is also provided with openings 24 in its top which are utilized to hold kettles or other 10 cooking utensils and may be closed by the ordinary stove lids when so desired.

To prevent the sagging of the stove and to relieve the strain upon the housing 4 and the box or casing of the stove, supporting 15 legs 25 are secured to the corners of the face plate of box or casing 10 and engage the floor of the room, and thereby support the stove in its projected position, as will be

readily understood.

When the stove is not drawn out, it will appear as shown in Fig. 2 with the damper 16 standing vertically so that there will be a direct draft up the chimney through the openings 7, 8, 14 and 15 from the fire-place. 25 In this position, the temperature of the oven will be raised and baking or roasting may be accomplished therein. Should it be desired to withdraw the stove so as to boil water or perform other cooking operations 30 thereon, a pull is exerted on the knobs or handles 18 and the damper 16 is consequently swung forward in which movement it will strike the lower end of the damper 20 and partly swing the same upon its piv-35 ots. The continued pull upon the knob or handles will then draw the damper 16 against the partition 22 and then pull the stove out into the room to the desired degree, the damper 20 being placed into the 40 position shown in Fig. 3 by coming into contact with the front edge of the opening 7 in the housing 4 as will be readily understood. With the device arranged in this position the heat arising from the fire-place 45 will pass through the openings 9, 8 and 11 into the space below the partition 13 and will be thereby deflected toward the front of the stove, as indicated by the arrows, striking against the damper 16 and being 50 thereby turned backward over the partition 13 and finally escaping through the opening 12 into the chimney. The damper 20 in this position effectually prevents the escape of smoke or other products of combustion 55 into the room, as will be readily understood. Pots and kettles placed upon the stove will be readily heated and the cooking may be conveniently accomplished.

Having thus described my invention what

60 is claimed is:—

1. The combination of a fire-place, a tubular housing above the fire-place having openings for the passage of the products of

combustion from the fire-place, and a stove slidably mounted within the said housing 65 and provided in its top and bottom with openings adapted to register with the openings in the housing, and means for directing the course of travel through the stove to the said openings.

70

2. The combination with a fire-place, of a slidable stove mounted in the upper portion thereof and provided with a plurality of openings in its top and bottom for the passage of products of combustion from the 75 fire-place, and a damper within the stove arranged to permit the products of combustion to pass directly through the openings near the front end of the stove or to pass in a tortuous course through the openings at 80 the rear end of the stove.

3. The combination of a fire-place, a stove slidably mounted in the upper portion of the fire-place and provided in its top and bottom at its rear end and near its front end with 85 openings for the passage of the products of combustion from the fire-place, a horizontal partition extending from the rear end of the stove to a point near the forward openings therein, a damper adapted to swing to and 90 from the end of the said partition, and means for operating the said damper.

4. The combination of a fire-place, a housing in the upper portion of the fire-place having openings in its top and bottom, a 95 trip plate secured in the opening in the top of the housing, a stove slidably mounted in the housing and provided with sets of openings in its top and bottom adapted to register with the openings in the housing, and a 100 damper pivotally mounted in the opening in the top of the stove near the front end of the same and adapted to engage the said

trip plate. 5. The combination with a fireplace of a 105 housing in the fireplace and having openings in its top and bottom, a stove slidably mounted in the said housing and provided in its top and bottom with sets of openings adapted to register with the openings in the 110 housing, a trip plate in the opening in the top of the housing, a damper pivotally mounted in the forward opening in the top of the stove and adapted to engage the said trip plate when the stove is in its retracted 115 position, and a damper mounted within the stove adjacent to the forward openings and adapted to actuate the first-mentioned damper to close the same.

In testimony that I claim the foregoing as 120 my own, I have hereto affixed my signature in the presence of two witnesses.

JOSEPH GRUBER.

Witnesses:

GUSTAVE SCHWARTZ, I. H. Schwartz.