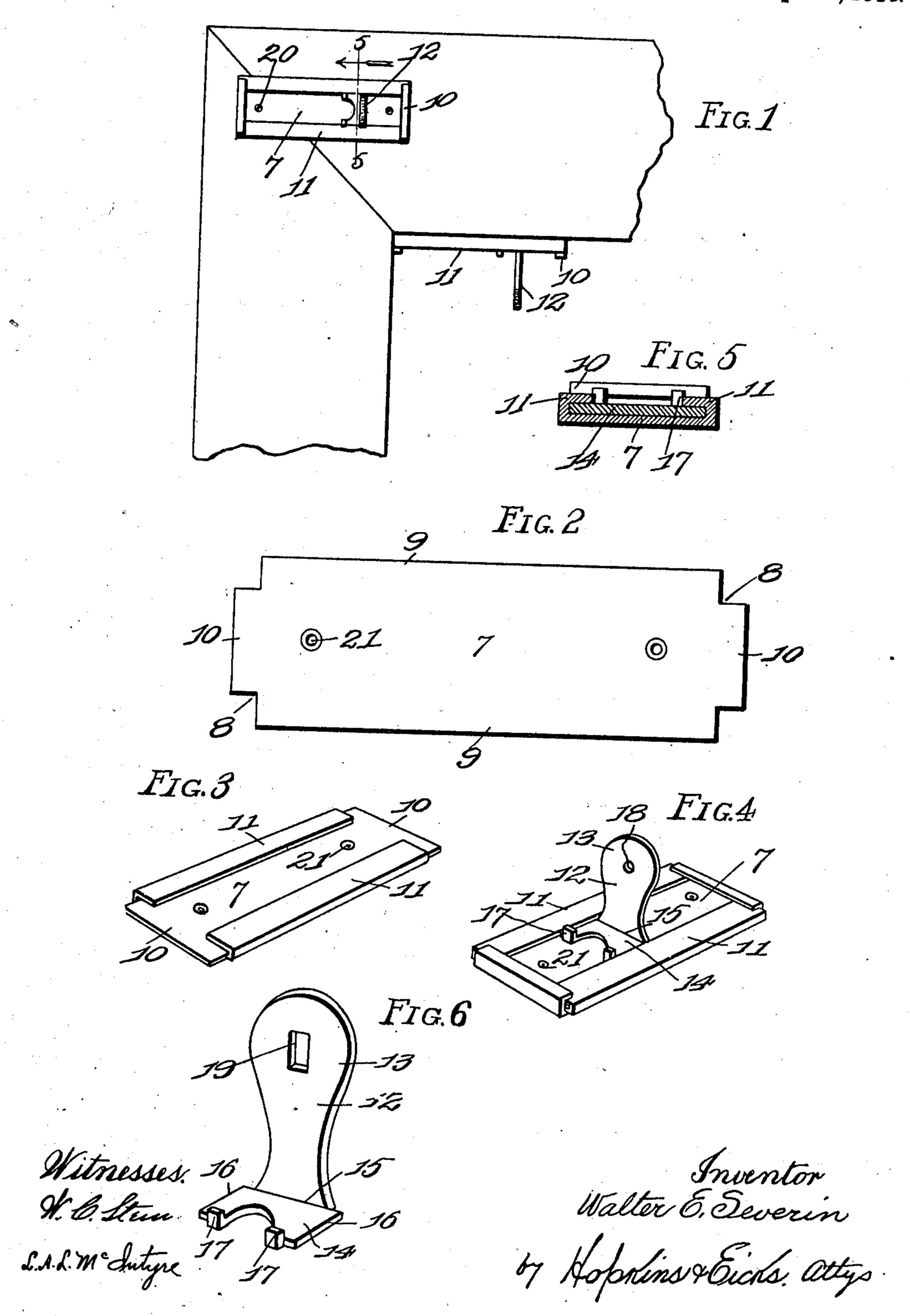
W. E. SEVERIN. ADJUSTABLE SHADE OR CURTAIN BRACKET. APPLICATION FILED SEPT. 8, 1908.

970,855.

Patented Sept. 20, 1910.



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

WALTER E. SEVERIN, OF ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI.

ADJUSTABLE SHADE OR CURTAIN BRACKET.

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Specification of Letters Patent. Patented Sept. 20, 1910.

Application filed September 8, 1908. Serial No. 451,995.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, WALTER E. SEVERIN, a citizen of the United States, and resident of St. Louis, Missouri, have invented certain 5 new and useful Improvements in Adjustable Shade or Curtain Brackets, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to improvements in an adjustable shade or curtain bracket, and 10 consists in the novel arrangement, construction and combination of parts as will be fully hereinafter described and claimed.

The object of my invention is to construct a bracket to be adjusted to accommodate 15 various lengths of shade rollers or curtain poles and may be attached to the side or the under surface of a window-casing.

Figure 1 is a fragmental view of a window-casing showing my invention in two po-20 sitions. Fig. 2 is a plan view of the blank of which the base portion of the bracket is constructed. Fig. 3 is a perspective view of the base showing the sides bent to form the guides. Fig. 4 is a perspective view of my 25 complete invention. Fig. 5 is an enlarged cross sectional view taken on the line 5—5 of Fig. 1 and viewing the same in the direction indicated by the arrow. Fig. 6 is a detail perspective view of one of the brack-30 ets for supporting the square shank of the curtain roller.

In the construction of my invention, I provide the plate 7, stamped of a single sheet, the corners cut away forming the 35 right-angular recesses 8 thereby forming a pair of side projections 9 and a pair of end projections 10, the side projections being bent upwardly and over forming guides 11 for the snugly fitting and adjustable move-40 ment of the shade or curtain retaining brackets 12. The end portions 10 are bent upwardly and over the edges of the guides as shown in Fig. 4 so as to prevent the brackets from becoming removed from its 45 position in the guides.

to permit sufficient space between the baseplate and the upper inner surface of the guides to retain the brackets in a rigid 50 right-angular position to the base-plate yet giving sufficient play to permit said bracket to slide. The brackets 12 are composed of the shank 13 and the plate 14 formed integral and bent on the line indicated by the 55 numeral 15. The edges 16 of the plate 14 project beyond the shank and are so con-

structed as to snugly fit between the baseplate and the guides. The plate 14 is also provided with a pair of upwardly projecting lugs 17 which come in contact with the 60 inner edges of the guides to prevent the bracket from twisting on the base. One of the brackets is provided with a round opening 18; the other with a rectangular elongated opening 19 for the insertion of the 65 square end of the shade spindle.

As shown in Fig. 1, I show my device placed in two different positions on the window-casing; one on the front face of the casing; the other on the upper inner edge of 70 the casing. In this manner when a pair of said brackets are placed on a window-casing, it will be unnecessary to cut the shade or curtain roller but by the adjustment of the brackets upon the base-plate, the various 75 widths of shade rollers can be accommodated.

The essential feature of my invention is to dispense with the defacing of the woodwork of the window-casing by removing the 80 shade brackets whenever it is desired to hang new shades or curtains. The device is retained in position against the casing by means of the screws 20 inserted through the countersunk screw openings 21 formed 85 in the base-plate.

Having fully described my invention what I claim is:

An adjustable shade or curtain bracket comprising an elongated flattened base- 90 plate stamped and formed of a single sheet, the sides of said base-plate being bent upwardly and inwardly forming guides; the ends of said plate being bent upwardly and inwardly over the ends of the guides and 95 acting as stops; a bracket comprising a shank and a plate formed of integral material and bent at right angles, the sides thereof operating in the guides; and a pair of upwardly projecting lugs formed on the 100 plate and contacting with the edges of the The forming of the guides 11 is such as | guides so as to prevent the bracket from binding while the same is being adjusted to its set position, substantially as specified.

In testimony whereof, I have signed my 105 name to this specification, in presence of two subscribing witnesses.

WALTER E. SEVERIN.

Witnesses:

ALFRED A. EICKS, WALTER C. STEIN.