C. KERN & H. HERSHENSON.

NECKTIE HOLDER.

APPLICATION FILED JAN. 22, 1910.

967,391. Patented Aug. 16, 1910.

FIG. 1.

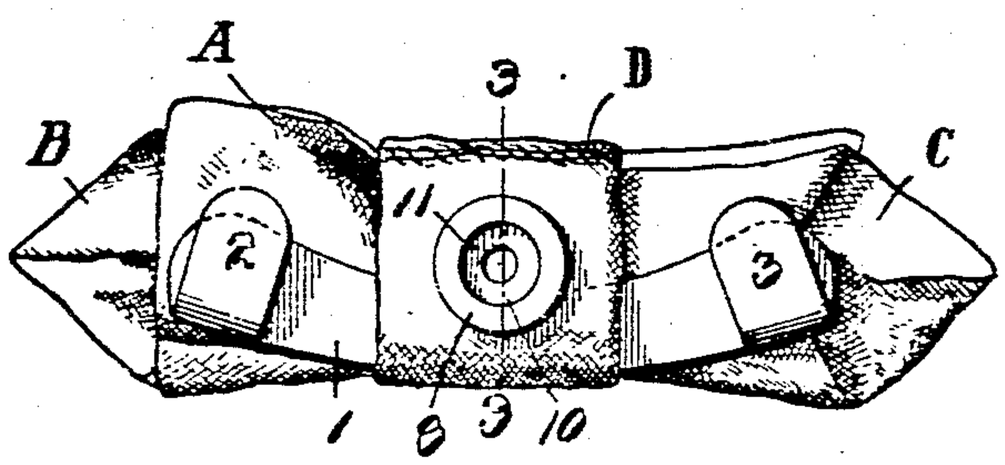

FIG. 2.

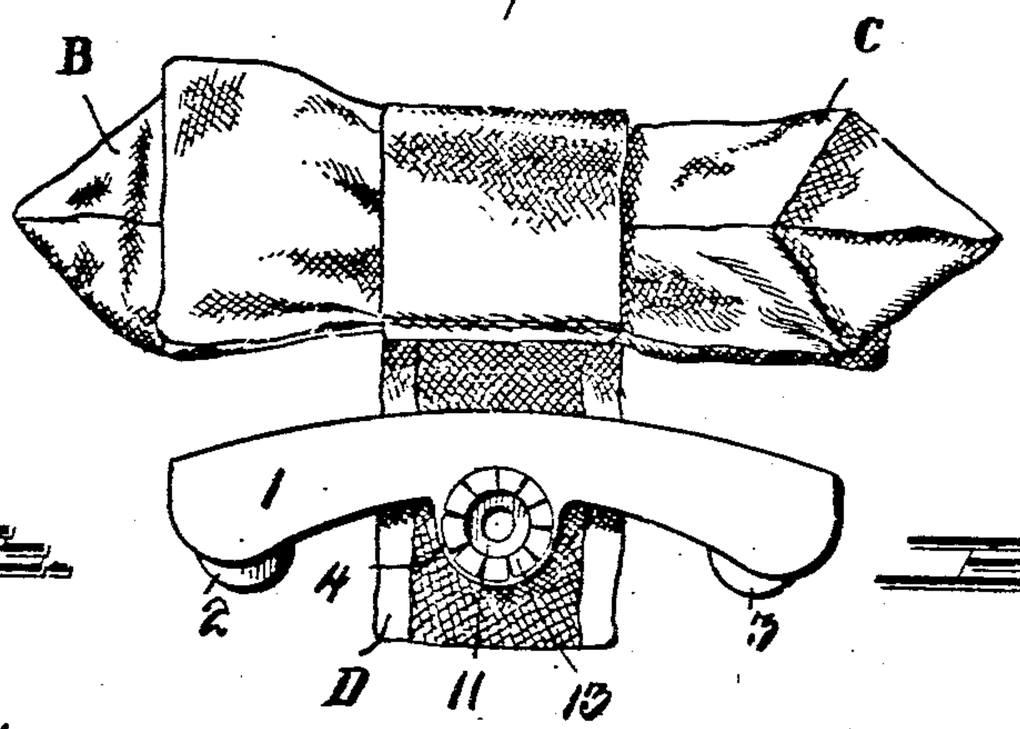

FIG. 3.

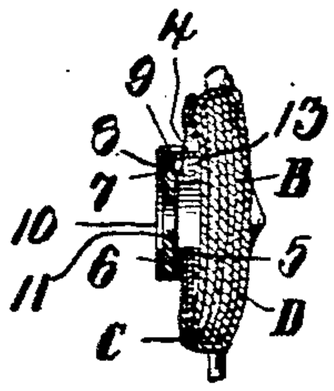

FIG. 4.

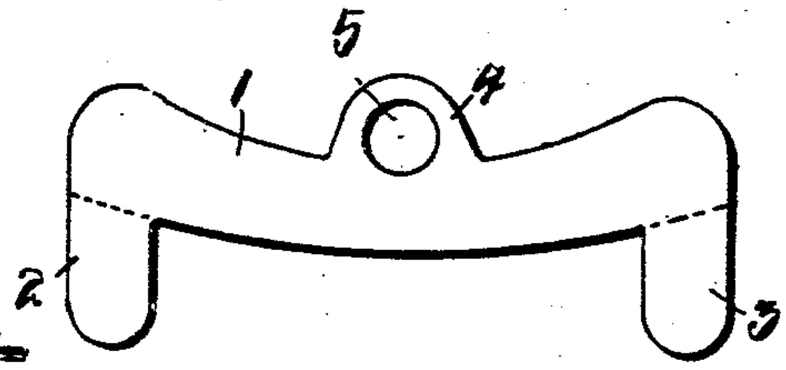

FIG. 5.

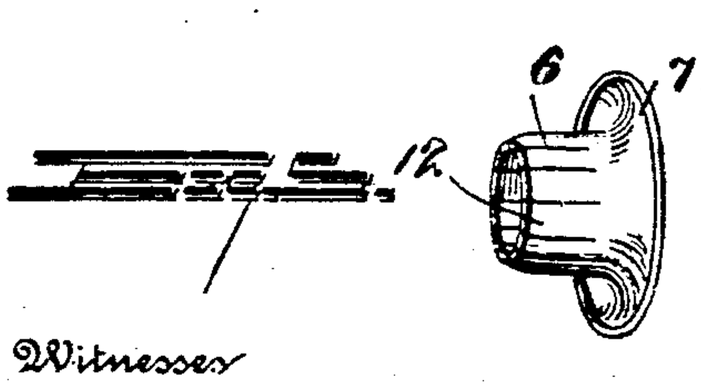

FIG. 6.

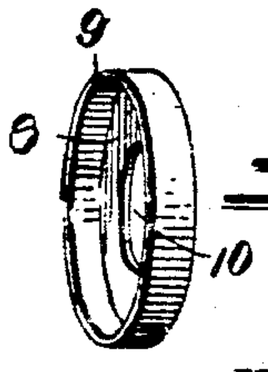

FIG. 7.

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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

CHARLES KERN AND HARRY HERSHENSON, OF ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI.

NECKTIE-HOLDER.

967,391. Specification of Letters Patent. Patented Aug. 16, 1910.

Application filed January 22, 1910. Serial No. 539,484.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that we, CHARLES KERN, a subject of the Emperor of Austria-Hungary, and HARRY HERSHENSON, a subject of the Czar of Russia, residing at St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Necktie-Holders; and we do hereby declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, such as will enable others skilled in the art to which it appertains to make and use the same.

This invention relates to necktie holders and particularly to that type which are secured to the necktie and are adapted for detachable engagement with both the collar and collar button.

The object of the invention is to produce a device of the character named which will hold the necktie in the position of use and which is exceedingly simple in operation and comparatively inexpensive to produce.

With the above and other objects in view the invention consists in the details of construction and in the arrangement and combination of parts to be hereinafter more fully described and particularly claimed.

In describing the invention in detail reference will be had to the accompanying drawings in which like characters of reference indicate corresponding parts in the several views and in which—

Figure 1 is a rear elevation of the necktie with our improved holder incorporated; Fig. 2, a similar view with one end of the transverse band of the tie detached and depending, showing the front of the holder; Fig. 3, a section on the line *a*—*a* in Fig. 1; Fig. 4, a detail view of the plate portion of the holder as it appears when cut from a blank; and Figs. 5, 6 and 7 are detail views showing the various parts of the resilient eyelet.

Referring to the drawings, A represents generally a necktie having the bow portions B and C and transverse band D. The holder comprises a plate 1 adapted to be struck from a piece of sheet metal; said plate having substantially an arcuate shape to conform it to the neck of the user and provided at its ends with downwardly projecting ears 2 and 3 extending in the same direction. The upper edge of said plate is provided centrally thereof with an enlarged portion 4 and an aperture 5 passes through said plate centrally and is located approximately in the enlarged portion 4.

The resilient eyelet for detachably engaging the collar button is formed of a hollow tapering rivet 6, having the usual circumferential flange 7 at one end. A cap 8, having a circumferential flange 9 and provided with an aperture 10, is adapted to fit over the circumferential flange 7 of the hollow rivet 6 with the circumferential flange 9 overlying the circumferential flange 7, whereby the cap 8 may be crimped on the flanged end of the rivet 6. A gasket 11 formed of rubber or other suitable resilient material and provided with a central aperture adapted to aline with the aperture of the cap 8, but of less diameter than the aperture 10 of the cap, is adapted to be clamped between the cap 8 and the flange 7 of the rivet 6 when said cap is crimped on said rivet, whereby a portion of said resilient gasket will protrude inwardly of the alining openings of the rivet 6 and the cap 8, so that when the enlarged head of the collar button is pressed against said gasket and into the aperture thereof it will be expanded circumferentially to allow the passage of said enlarged head of the collar button and will contact upon the narrow shank of the button after the head has passed therethrough and detachably secure said button and eyelet together. The ears 2 and 3 of the plate 1 are turned upward, parallel with the inner face of the plate, sufficient space being left between the ears 2 and 3 and the back of the plate 1 to receive the lower edge of the collar. The rivet 6 has its body portion slit longitudinally at one end as at 12 to form a series of tongues 13 adapted to be bent rearwardly.

The method of attaching the holder to the necktie illustrated is as follows. After one end of the transverse band D of the necktie is secured to the bow portion, and previous to said band being carried around same it is perforated at its free end. The plate 1 is then placed thereon with its perforation 5 in alinement with the perforation in the band D and the hollow rivet 6 with the cap 8 and the resilient gasket assembled therewith is passed through the alining opening in the band D and the plate 1. The longitudinal tongues 13 of the hollow rivet 6 are then bent rearwardly, thereby firmly securing the holder in its entirety to the band D,

the whole being then carried completely around the bow portion of the necktie and the band D secured to the necktie at its free transverse edge. When so assembled the upwardly bent ears 2 and 3 and the resilient eyelet will be in correct position to operatively engage the collar and receive the collar button, respectively.

While we have shown and described our invention as applied to a necktie of the bow type it will be understood that it is equally applicable to any form of tie, it being only essential to secure it to a portion thereof in such position as to lie between the collar and the tie.

What is claimed is:—

1. The combination with a necktie, of a plate, collar engaging means carried by the plate and an elastic eyelet adapted to be interlocked with said necktie and with said plate, whereby said necktie, plate and eyelet are secured together.

2. The combination with a necktie, of a plate provided with an aperture, a pair of upwardly bent ears extending parallel to said plate and spaced therefrom, a tubular member having a circumferential flange at one end and its opposite end slit longitudinally to form binding tongues, said member passing through a portion of the necktie and the aperture of the plate, whereby a rearward bending of said locking tongues will secure said plate, necktie, and tubular member together, an apertured cap crimped on the flange end of said tubular member; and an elastic apertured member between said cap and said flange.

3. The combination with a necktie, of an apertured member having a longitudinally slitted annular flange extending from one end thereof and projecting through a portion of the necktie, the tongues formed by said slits being bent against said portion of the necktie to secure the member thereto, a second apertured member interlocking with the first named member, and a resilient apertured member secured between the first and second named members.

In testimony whereof, we affix our signatures, in presence of two witnesses.

CHARLES KERN.
HARRY HERSHENSON.

Witnesses:
J. SANOPKY,
S. A. CARMEN.