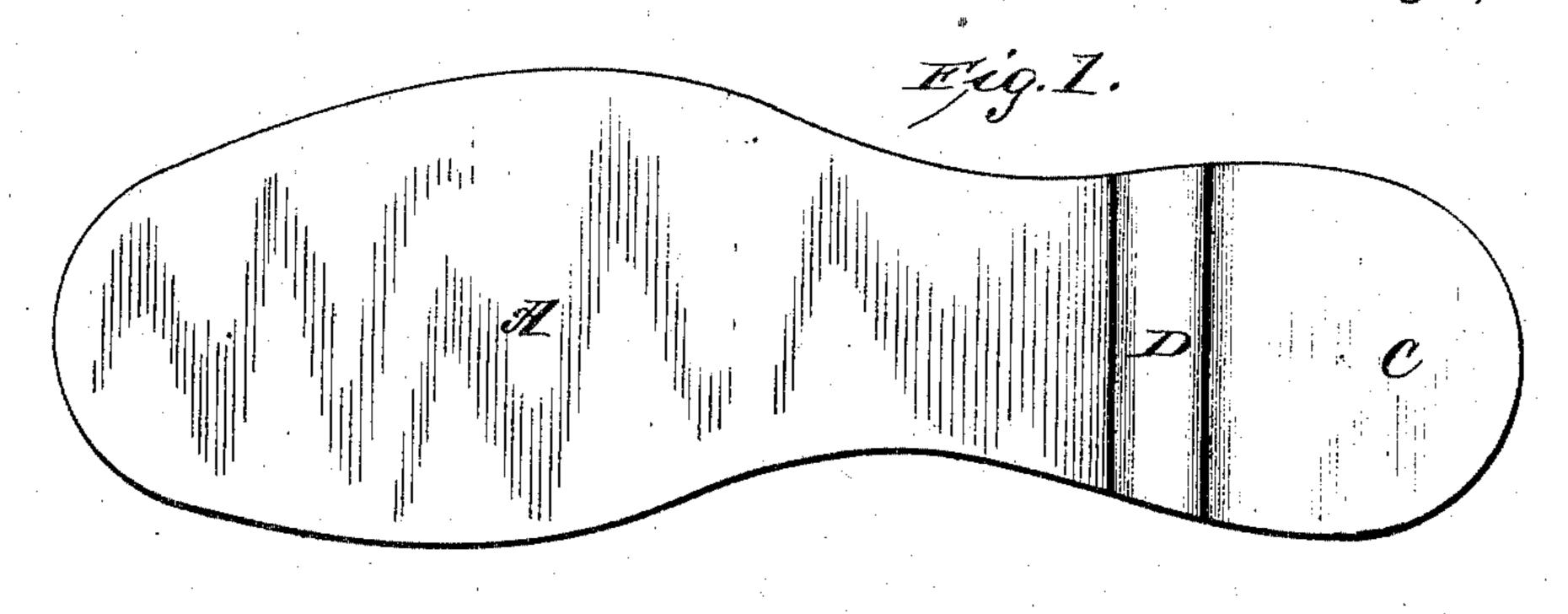
A. H. PRENZEL.

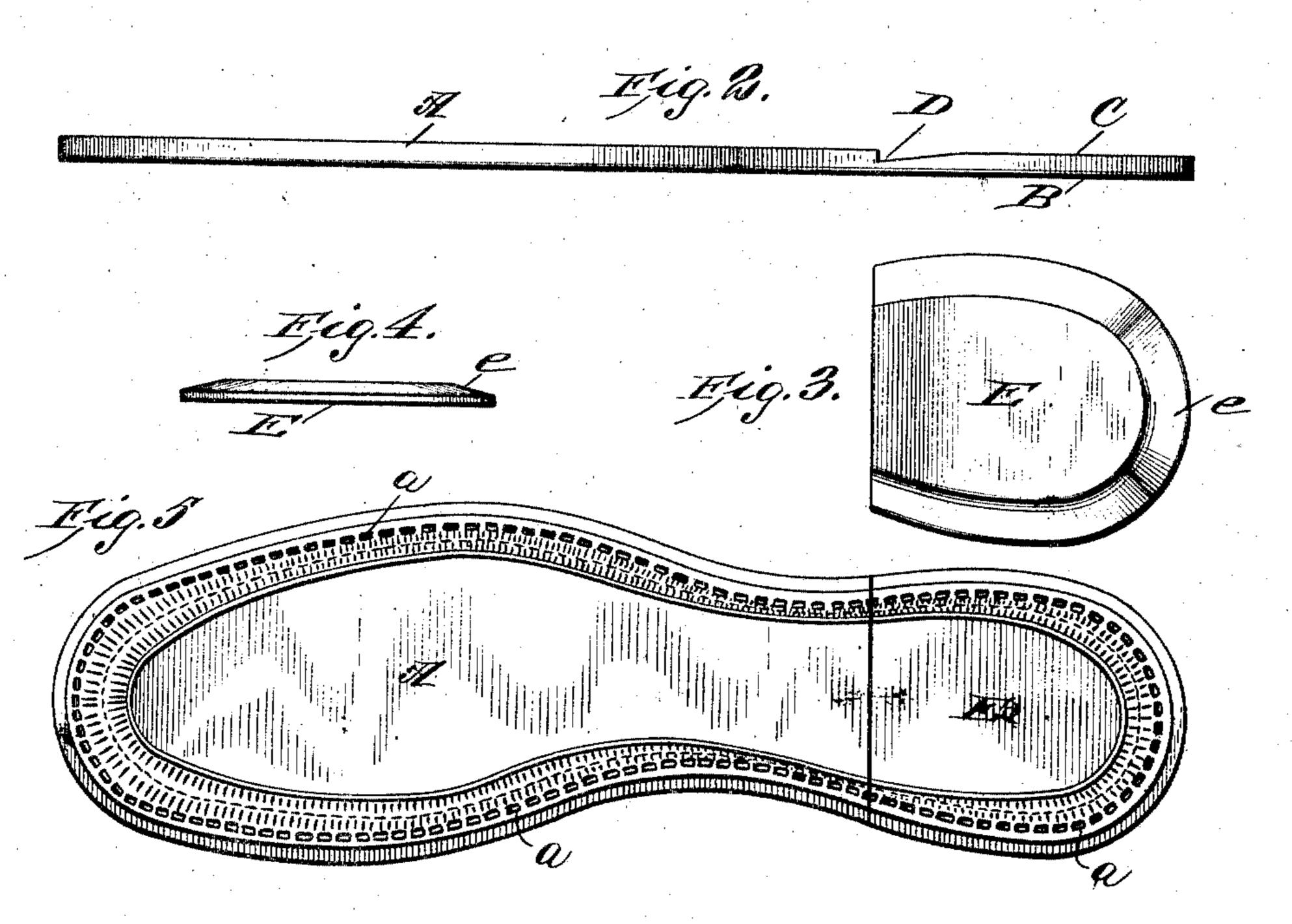
SHOE.

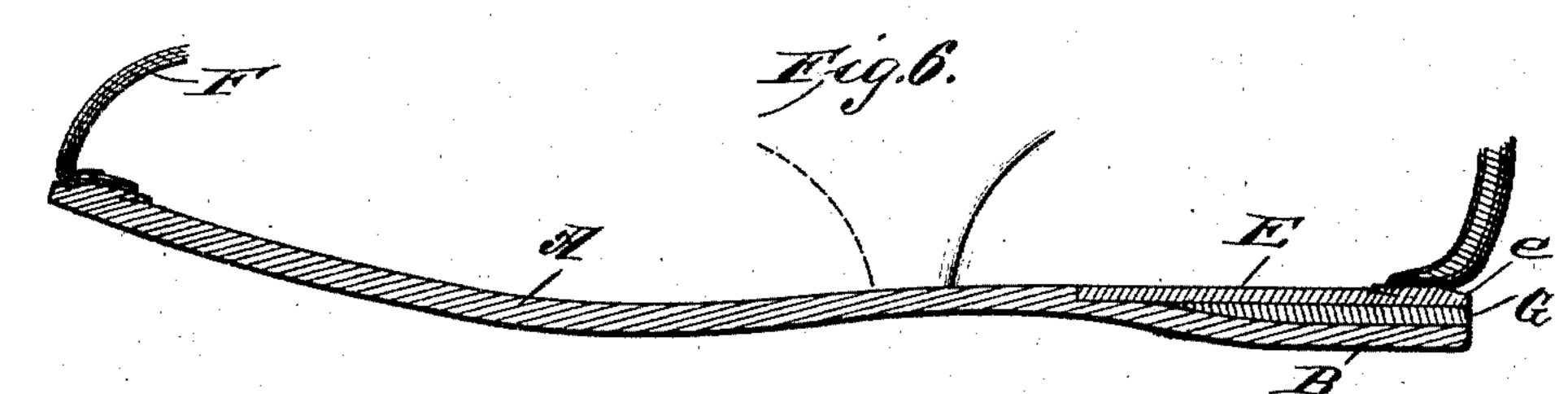
APPLICATION FILED JUNE 25, 1909.

967,053.

Patented Aug. 9, 1910.







& WITNESSES Car Callaghan LA Stauley

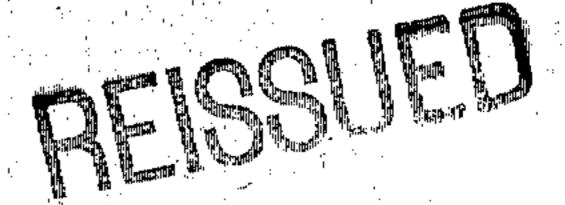
INVENTOR ROAM H. PRENEEL BY Summer Co

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TIMITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

ADAM HENRY PRENZEL, OF HALIFAX, PENNSYLVANIA.

SHOE.



967,053.

specification of Letters Patent.

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Application filed June 25, 1909. Serial No. 504,276.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Adam H. Pren-Zel, a citizen of the United States, and a resident of Halifax, in the county of Dauphin and State of Pennsylvania, and whose postoffice address is the same, have invented a certain new and useful Improvement in Shoes, of which the following is a specification.

My invention relates to improvements in shoes and is more particularly applicable to those shoes designed for the use of children, in which a wedge is inserted under the heel seat to raise the heel, while at the same time preserving the continuity of the bottom from the front to the extreme rear.

The usual manner of constructing a shoe of the type mentioned is to take a continuous piece of leather forming the sole and 20 heel portions and sew the upper to the sole portion. A heel seat is then placed inside the shoe and a wedge is placed above the heel proper. That portion of the upper above the heel is then fastened between the 25 heel seat and the wedge by tacking the heel seat to the latter. The heel thus constructed is nailed in the usual manner. This method has one great disadvantage, namely, that it requires hand labor to insert and tack down 30 the heel seat. Furthermore, the front edge of the heel seat forms a raised ridge which requires the insertion of a leveling strip on the inside of the shoe in order to give a smooth surface for the finished shoe.

An object of my invention is to provide a shoe in which the heel seat is secured by sewing it to the upper by a machine, thus doing away with the manual labor required when the heel seat is tacked in.

A further object of my invention is to provide a shoe with a smooth surface on the inner as well as the outer sides of the sole and heel portions, thus eliminating the necessity of a leveling strip on the inside of the shoe.

A further object is to construct a shoe in such a manner that the upper can be secured to the heel portion at any desired distance from the edge by merely beveling the edge of the heel seat at the proper angle.

Other objects and advantages will appear from the following specification and the novel features will be particularly pointed out in the appended claims. My invention is illustrated in the accom- 55 panying drawings in which:

Figure 1 is a plan view of the bottom piece showing the sole and recessed heel portion. Fig. 2 is an edge view of the parts shown in Fig. 1. Fig. 3 is a plan view of the 60 beveled heel seat. Fig. 4 is an edge view of the heel seat. Fig. 5 is a plan view of the channeled sole and heel seat, and Fig. 6 is a central vertical section of the bottom por-

a central vertical section of the bottom portion of a finished shoe.

In carrying out my invention, I provide a bottom piece of the shape shown in Fig. 1 having the sole portion A and the heel portion B. I recess the heel portion slightly at C and toward the inner end of the heel por-

C and toward the inner end of the heel por- 70 tion I make the recess deeper as shown at D. The recessing of the heel portion is done on a machine. The heel seat E is beveled around its outer edge in the manner shown at e in Figs. 3 and 4. It is then placed in the 75 recessed portion C D prepared for it and is glued temporarily in place. The piece thus formed is channeled as at a by a channeling machine, the heel seat E being treated in the same manner as the sole portion A, 80 as shown in Fig. 5. The upper F which is turned inside out, is now sewed both to the sole and to the heel seat, this being effected by one operation. The upper is now turned back, the heel seat separated from the heel 85 portion B to which it was temporarily glued, and the wedge G inserted between the heel seat and the heel. The heel thus formed is

nailed in the usual manner.

It will be seen that with this process, the 90 hand labor involved in tacking in the heel seat is avoided. Both the inside and outside of the bottom form smooth, continuous surfaces, as clearly shown in Fig. 5.

The upper may be secured close to the 95 edge of the heel seat or farther away from the edge by varying the angle and extent of the beveled edge e and sewing the upper accordingly, the beveled edge serving to set the upper away from the heel seat.

The recess C D in the heel as well as the heel seat E may be varied as to size or shape to suit occasion without departing in the least from the spirit of the invention.

I claim:

1. In a shoe, a bottom having a body portion and a heel portion, said heel portion

being provided with a recess on its upper

side and being bent downwardly and rearwardly, a heel seat having its forward edge disposed in said recess, the top of the heel seat being flush with the top of the bottom 5 piece at their contacting portions, the outer edge of the heel seat being beveled, the body portion of said bottom and the heel seat being provided with a continuous line of channeling, said line of channeling being 10 within the beveled edge of said heel seat, an upper, a continuous row of stitching extending along said channeled line for securing the upper to the body portion of the bottom and to the heel seat, and a wedge 15 secured between the heel portion of said

bottom and said heel seat. 2. In a shoe, a bottom having a body portion and a heel portion, said heel portion being provided with a recess on its upper 20 side and being bent downwardly and rearwardly, a heel seat having its forward edge disposed in said recess, the outer edge of said heel seat being beveled, said heel seat and the body portion of said bottom being 25 provided with a continuous line of channeling, an upper, a continuous row of stitching

extending along said channeled line for securing the upper to the body portion of the bottom and to the heel seat, and a wedge secured between the heel portion of said 30

bottom and said heel seat.

3. In a shoe, a bottom having a body portion and a heel portion, said heel portion being provided with a recess on its upper side, a heel seat having its forward edge 35 disposed in said recess, the top of the heel seat being flush with the upper surface of the bottom piece along their contacting edges, the upper side of the body portion of said bottom and the upper side of the 40 heel seat being provided with a continuous line of channeling, a continuous row of stitching along the line of channeling for securing said upper to said bottom piece and to said heel seat, and a wedge secured be- 48 tween said heel portion of the bottom and said heel seat.

ADAM HENRY PRENZEL.

Witnesses: G. W. SHULTZ, L. W. RYAN.