E. S. MILLER.

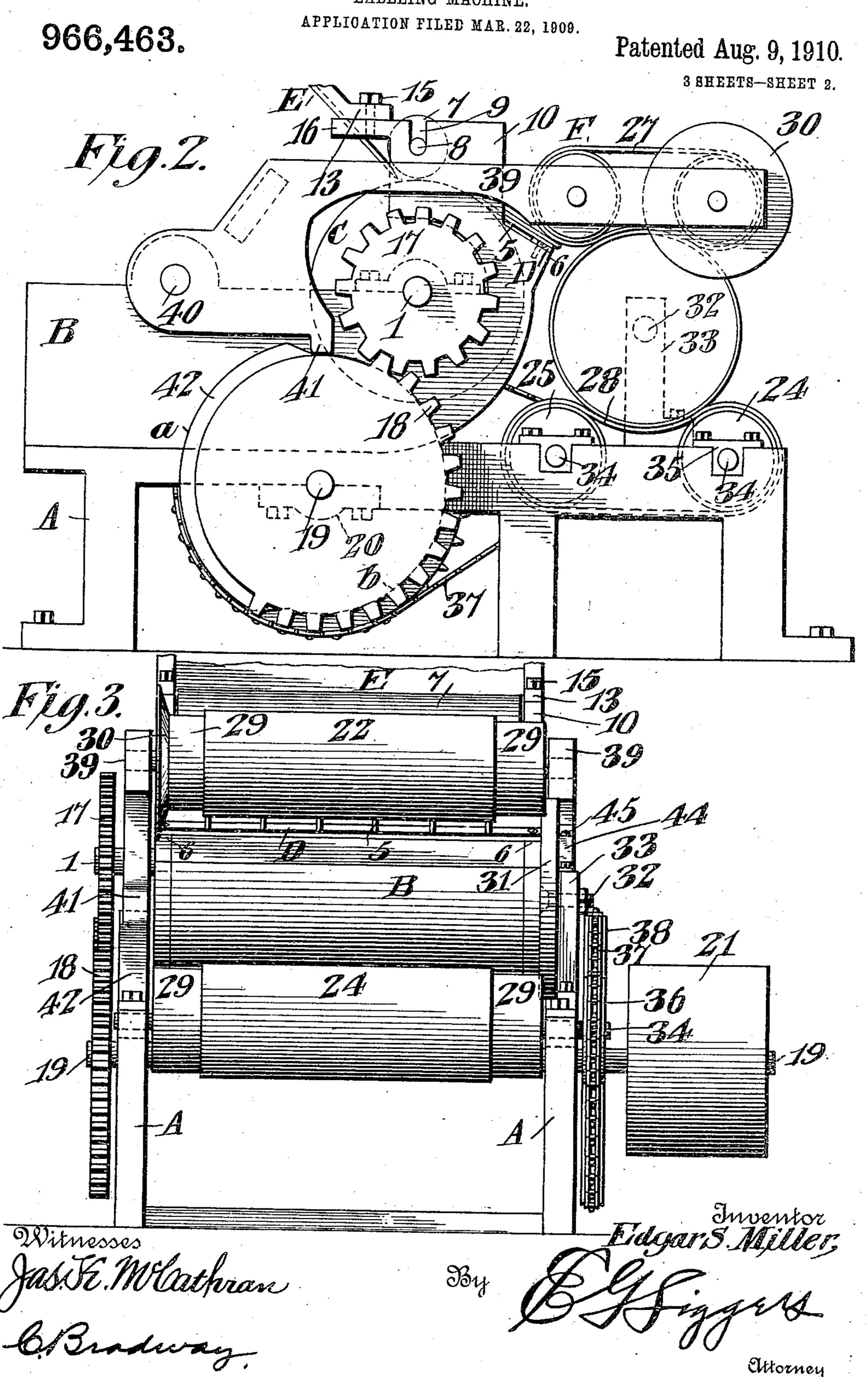
LABELING MACHINE.

APPLICATION FILED MAR. 22, 1908.

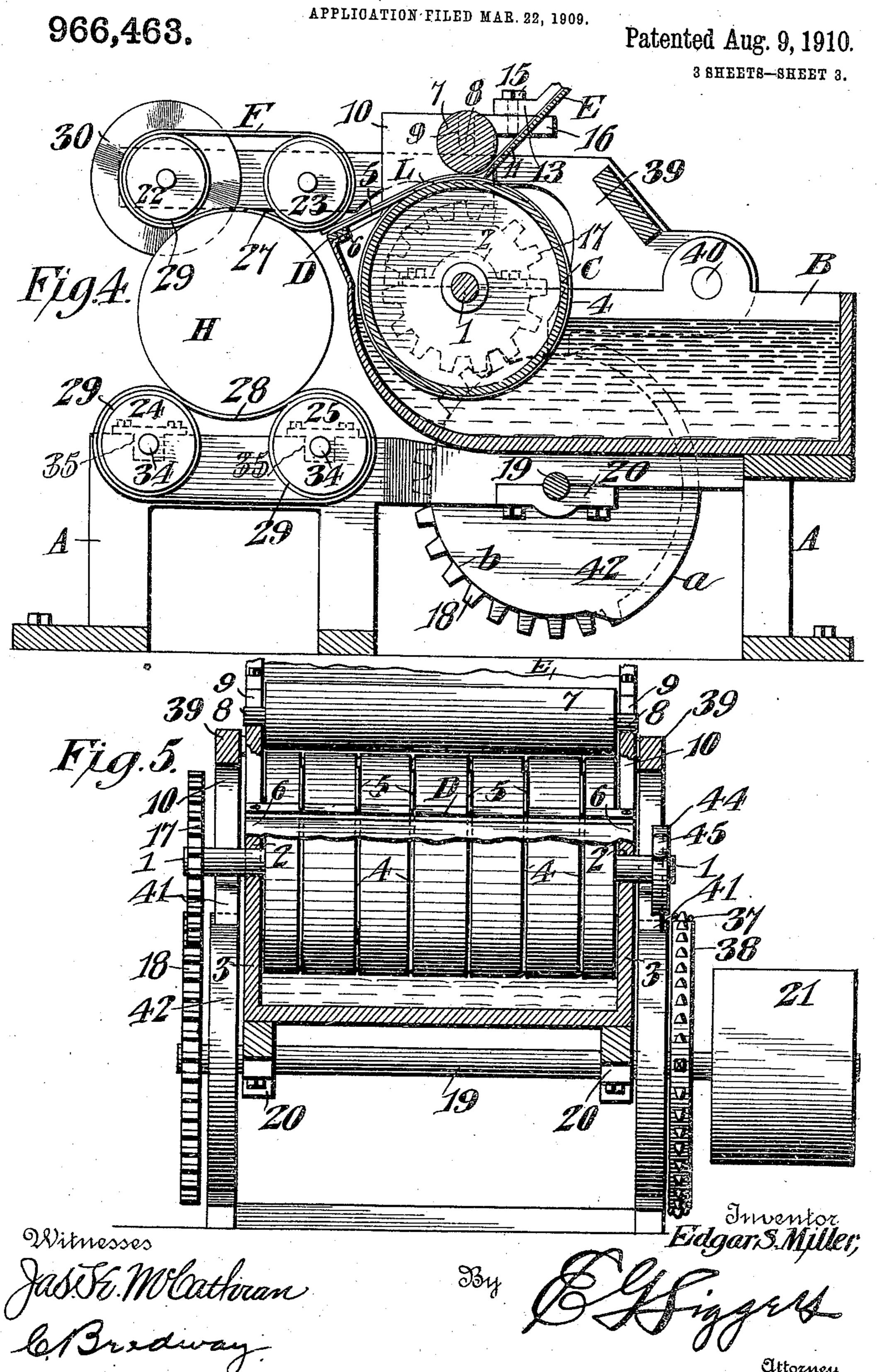
Patented Aug. 9, 1910. 3 SHEETS-SHEET 1. Fig. 7. Fig.6. Witnesses Attorney

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LABELING MACHINE.



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## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

EDGAR STILLMAN MILLER, OF ATCHISON, KANSAS, ASSIGNOR TO INDUSTRIAL ENGI-NEERING COMPANY, OF ATCHISON, KANSAS, A COPARTNERSHIP.

## LABELING-MACHINE.

966,463.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented Aug. 9, 1910.

Application filed March 22, 1909. Serial No. 485,081.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Edgar S. Miller, a citizen of the United States, residing at Atchison, in the county of Atchison and 5 State of Kansas, have invented a new and useful Labeling-Machine, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to a machine for labeling cans, cartons, packages and the like, 10 and the invention has for one of its objects to improve and simplify the construction and operation of machines of this character so as to be comparatively simple and inexpensive to manufacture, reliable and effi-

15 cient in use, and readily manipulated.

Another object of the invention is the provision of a novel means for wrapping the label on the can and, at the same time, applying pressure thereto to firmly set the ad-20 hesive, in connection with an efficient pasteapplying device, and means for feeding the label over such device and to the can.

With these objects in view and others, as will appear as the description proceeds, the 25 invention comprises the various novel features of construction and arrangement of parts which will be more fully described hereinafter and set forth with particularity

in the claims appended hereto.

30 In the accompanying drawings, which illustrate one embodiment of the invention, Figure 1 is a front elevation of the machine. Fig. 2 is a rear view thereof. Fig. 3 is an end view. Fig. 4 is a central vertical 35 longitudinal section. Fig. 5 is a transverse section. Fig. 6 is a perspective view of the label chute or holder. Fig. 7 is a detail sectional view of the retaining device for holding the can in proper position for receiving 40 the label.

Similar reference characters are employed to designate corresponding parts through-

out the views.

Referring to the drawings, A designates 45 a supporting frame of any approved construction on which is mounted a tank or reservoir B for holding the paste that is to be applied to the labels, and in one end of this reservoir is disposed a rotary paste-50 applying drum C mounted on a horizontal shaft 1 and having the lower portion submerged in the paste. The shaft 1 is mounted in bearings 2 at the opposite side walls

3 of the tank, and extending around the paste-applying drum are spaced annular 55 grooves 4 in which ride the spring teeth 5 of the comb D which is supported at 6 on the side walls of the tank. The teeth of the comb are disposed approximately tangentially to the drums C and coöperate to form 60 an inclined shelf or guide over which the label passes to the can, the comb serving primarily to peel the label from the drum after receiving the paste from the latter. Disposed vertically over the drum is an 65 idler roller 7 having journals 8 at its ends resting in bearings 9 provided on the upwardly-extending arms 10 of the side walls of the tank, and this idler serves to press the labels fed between it and the drum C, 70 into contact with the latter so that the under surfaces of the labels will be evenly

coated with paste.

Extending upwardly from the top of the drum and inclined at a suitable angle is a 75 label chute or guide E that comprises a flat plate 11 having upstanding marginal flanges 12 formed by bars and between which the label is guided in its downward movement to the paste-applying drum. The lower ends 80 of the bars 12 are bent laterally into horizontal lugs 13 that are provided with apertures 14 for receiving bolts 15 for securing the lugs to the horizontally-projecting ears 16 of the arms 10. The lower edge of the 85 plate 11 projects below the lugs 13 into close proximity to the drum C where the pressing roller 7 coöperates therewith so as to guide the lower edge of the label into position to be gripped between the drum and roller, 90 and, furthermore, the lower edge of the plate of the label-guide can serve as a scraper for removing surplus paste from the drum, so that the labels will not be coated with an excessive amount of paste. 95 On one end of the shaft 1 is a pinion 17 which meshes with a mutilated gear 18 secured to a main driving shaft 19 mounted in bearings 20 in a position under the paste tank B, and this shaft is adapted to be 100 driven in any suitable manner, as for instance, by a belt passing over the pulley 21 on the front end of the shaft.

Arranged in cooperative relation with the coating drum is a label-wrapping and press- 105 ing device designated generally by F which

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is adapted to receive the can or package to be labeled and automatically apply the moistened label thereto and press the label in position. This device comprises a pair of up-5 per rollers 22 and 23 and a pair of lower rollers 24 and 25, between which pairs a can H is held in parallelism with the paste-applying drum for receiving the label immediately therefrom, and the can is rotated 10 while in this position so that the label will be wrapped around the same. On the upper pair of rolls is a band or belt 27 of rubber or other suitable material which serves as a pressure element to evenly apply pres-15 sure to the label. Passing around the lower set of rolls is a similar belt or band 28 which presses against the label on the can. The ends of the rollers 22 to 25 are reduced at 29, as clearly shown in Fig. 3, so as to accommo-20 date the flanges of the heads of the cans and allow the intermediate portions of the rollers to work between the said heads, so that by this means, the label will be pressed against the body of the can without the 25 heads of the latter interfering. The roller 22 has an annular flange 30 that constitutes a rest against which one end of the can is adapted to bear, while the opposite end of the can is engaged by a disk-shaped retainer 30 31 secured by means of a bolt 32 on a standard 33 secured to the frame A. The bands are adapted to tightly grip the can at diametrically-opposite points so that the can will be rotated by the movement of at least 35 one of the belts. The roller 25 constitutes a driver whereby the lower belt is positively driven so as to impart movement to the can, which latter, by frictional engagement with the upper band, causes rotation of the latter 40 so that there will be a moving contact of the said bands with the label. The shafts 34 of the lower rollers 24 and 25 are mounted in bearings 35 on the main frame A, and the shaft 34 of the roller 25 is provided with 45 a sprocket wheel 36 which meshes with a sprocket chain 37 that passes around a large gear wheel 38 on the main driving shaft 19, one rotation of the wheel 38 causing approximately four revolutions of the wheel 50 36. The upper pair of pressure rollers 22 and 23, which, like the rollers 24 and 25, may be of iron or other suitable material. are mounted in a frame I composed of spaced side members 39 having their inner 55 extremities pivoted at 40 to the sides of the tank, the arms projecting from one side of the pivot, so that the weight of the frame, together with the rollers 22 and 23, will be supported to a considerable extent by the 60 can so that the label will be tightly pressed against the latter. The arms are adapted to be automatically

raised and lowered to permit of the ready

insertion and removal of the can. For this

65 purpose, the spaced arms 39 are provided

with depending lugs or members 41 which ride on cam wheels 42 secured on the main shaft 19. Each cam wheel has a raised portion a and a depressed portion b, and while the members 41 of the arms engage the 70 members  $\alpha$  of the cams, the arms will be supported in raised position, as shown by dotted lines in Fig. 1, so that the labeled can can be removed and a new can to be labeled, inserted, and as soon as the members 41 ride 75 off the raised portions of the cam, the arms will drop to bring the top belt into engagement with the can. In order to arrest the movement of the coating drum at the proper moment, so as not to feed the next label dur- 80 ing the removal of the labeled can and the insertion of the can to be labeled, a brake device is employed such as a disk 44 on the shaft 1 of the paste-applying drum, which disk is provided with a lug or abutment 45 85 with which a spring shoe 46 secured on the outside of the tank B, is adapted to engage and thus stop the drum when the teeth of the mutilated gear 18 are disengaged from the teeth of the pinion on the drum shaft 1. 90

In practice, the tank B of the machine is supplied with a suitable quantity of paste to submerge the lower portion of the coating drum C, and the operator, taking a label from a pile conveniently accessible, places 95 the label lengthwise in the guide E with its lower end presented between the coating drum and roller 7, and by turning the latter, the label will be fed between the drum and roller to receive paste from the former, the 100 label being, of course, inserted so that the under or unprinted side will be presented to the drum. When the label designated by L, Fig. 4, reaches such a position that the lower edge thereof will coincide with the 105 bottom of the comb, the turning of the roller 7 is stopped. A can to be labeled is then placed in the label-wrapping and pressing device, as shown in Fig. 4, and thereupon, the machine is started by applying power to 110 the shaft 19. As the shaft rotates, the mutilated gear will simultaneously mesh with the pinion 17 while the high portions of the cams will pass from the engaging portion of the swinging frame I to thereby bring the 115 upper belt 27 into engagement with the top of the can. The result will be that the label will be fed forwardly and gripped between the moving can and upper belt 27, and by their joint action, wrapped around the can 120 and firmly pressed in place on the latter. As the label is almost fed through the device, the attendant places a new label end to end with respect to the label being applied, so that when the coating drum C 125 stops rotating and the label-wrapping device opens, the second label will be in the position shown in Fig. 4 ready for the next can. As soon as the drum makes one revolution, it will be brought to rest by the brake 130 966,463

device, it being understood that the gear teeth 18 disengage from the pinion after the drum has made one revolution. After the label has been applied to the can, the swing-5 ing frame I will be raised to permit the can to be taken out and a new one replaced. The periphery of the can is driven at a slightly higher speed than the drum C, so that the label will be subject to a draft or tension 10 for preventing the label from wrinkling. The gears 17 and 18 are so proportioned that a half revolution of the main shaft will cause one revolution of the drum C. While the drum is making one revolution, the driv-15 ing roll 25 of the can-rotating mechanism makes two revolutions. The circumference of the drum is slightly less than the length of the label, and as the circumference of the roller 25, augmented by the thickness 20 of the belt 28, is one-half the length of the label, two revolutions of the roller 25 will cause the can to revolve the whole length of the label, while the drum C is turning less than the length of the label in 25 the same period of time, with the result that the label will be stretched and thus evenly applied to the can.

From the foregoing description, taken in connection with the accompanying draw-30 ings, the advantages of the construction and of the method of operation will be readily apparent to those skilled in the art to which the invention appertains, and while I have described the principle of operation of the 35 invention, together with the apparatus which I now consider to be the best embodiment thereof, I desire to have it understood that the apparatus shown is merely illustrative, and that such changes may be made 40 when desired as are within the scope of the

claims appended hereto.

Having thus described the invention, what I claim as new and desire to secure by Let-

ters-Patent, is:

1. In an apparatus of the class described, the combination of two pairs of rotatable rollers, separate supports for the rollers relatively movable, each pair of rollers being spaced apart a distance less than the diameter of the article to be labeled, and a flexible belt passing around each pair of rollers whereby the unsupported portions of the belts between the rollers engage the article to be labeled.

2. In an apparatus of the class described, the combination of a pair of endless members spaced apart to receive between them the article to be labeled, a set of spaced rollers supporting each member, said members being flexible to permit the unsupported portions thereof between the rollers to conform to the circumferential surface of the article for frictionally engaging the same over relatively wide areas at spaced points, means for positively driving one of

the members to rotate the article to be labeled and cause the members to coact for pressing the label on the article, and a device for supplying the label between the

article and one of the members.

3. In an apparatus of the class described, the combination of a label-wrapping device including article-gripping elements of elastic material mounted to conform to the outer surface of the article to frictionally engage 75 portions thereof whereby one element rotates the article and the article drives the other element, means for periodically opening and closing the device for receiving the articles to be labeled successively between 80 the elements, means for continuously driving one of the elements to rotate the article, a periodically-operated device for feeding a label to the first-mentioned device while the latter is closed, and an operating mechan- 85 ism for opening and closing the label-wrapping device and actuating the label-feeding device in timed relation.

4. In an apparatus of the class described, the combination of a label-wrapping device 90 including article-gripping elements, means for periodically opening and closing the device for receiving the articles to be labeled successively between the elements, means for continuously driving one of the elements to 95 rotate the article, a periodically-operated device for feeding a label to the first-mentioned device while the latter is closed, an operating mechanism for opening and closing the label-wrapping device and actuating 100 the label-feeding device in timed relation, and a brake for holding the feeding device idle during the opening and closing of the

wrapping device.

5. In an apparatus of the class described, 105 the combination of a horizontal belt on which the article to be labeled is adapted to rest, a horizontal belt arranged to engage the top of the article, means for continuously driving one of the belts to rotate 110 the article, means for intermittently moving the belts toward and away from each other for permitting the article to be inserted or removed and for frictionally gripping the article to the belts whereby the continu- 115 ously-driven belt rotates the article and the article in turn drives the other belt, and a label-feeding device operating intermittently to supply a label between one of the belts and article during the period when the belts 120 are engaging the article.

6. In an apparatus of the class described, the combination of a horizontal belt on which the article to be labeled is adapted to rest, a horizontal belt arranged to engage 125 the top of the article, means for continuously driving one of the belts, means for intermittently moving the belts toward and away from each other for permitting the article to be inserted or removed, a label- 130

feeding device operating intermittently to supply a label between one of the belts and article during the period when the belts are engaging the article, and means for driving 5 the feeding device at a speed less than the rotation of the article for producing a tension on the label during the wrapping thereof.

7. In a labeling machine, the combination 10 of a supporting structure, a pair of rollers mounted thereon, an endless band passing around the rollers, means for driving one of the rollers, a second pair of rollers, a movable support on which the last-mentioned 15 rollers are mounted, a band passing around the second-mentioned rollers, the weight of the movable support and rollers thereon serving to hold the article to be labeled in frictional engagement with both bands, 20 means for periodically actuating the movable support to permit an article to be applied or removed, and means for feeding a label between one of the said bands and article.

8. In a labeling machine, the combination of a supporting structure, a pair of spaced rollers mounted thereon, an endless flexible elastic belt passing around the rollers, the unsupported portion of the belt between the 30 rollers being adapted to receive the article to be labeled, means for driving the belt to rotate the article, a second pair of rollers, an endless flexible elastic belt passing around the same and arranged to engage the article 35 at a point diametrically opposite from the first-mentioned belt to be driven by the article, said belts having a tendency to move toward each other for pressing the label on the article, and a label-feeding device ar-40 ranged to feed the label between one of the belts and article whereby the belts act successively on the label to fix the same to the

9. In a labeling machine, the combination 45 of a supporting frame, two pairs of rollers located one above the other, a horizontallydisposed belt passing around each pair of rollers and arranged to receive between them the article to be labeled, a device for feeding <sup>50</sup> a label to the article, means on one of the rollers for engaging one end of the article, and a device coöperating with the last-mentioned means for holding the article in position.

article.

10. In a labeling machine, the combination of a rotary-feeding drum, means for intermittently operating the same, a pair of spaced belts coöperating to rotate the article to be labeled, means for intermittently mov-60 ing the belts apart and together for permitting the insertion or removal of the article, the last-mentioned means being operative while the first-mentioned means is idle, a rotary disk mounted to engage one end of the article during the labeling operation,

and means for simultaneously engaging the other end for preventing longitudinal movement of the article.

11. In a labeling machine, the combination of a label-feeding drum, a drive shaft, 70 a gearing between the shaft and drum for intermittently rotating the latter, a pair of article-engaging elements arranged to wrap the label around the article, a frame carrying one of the elements, and a cam mounted 75 on the shaft for constantly sustaining the weight of the frame and having a raised portion for lifting the frame during the time the drum is idle for permitting the removal or insertion of an article.

12. In a labeling machine, the combination of a label-feeding drum, a drive shaft, a gearing between the shaft and drum for intermittently rotating the latter, a pair of article-engaging elements arranged to wrap 85 the label around the article, a frame carrying one of the elements, a cam mounted on the shaft for constantly sustaining the weight of the frame and having a raised portion for lifting the frame during the 90 time the drum is idle for permitting the removal or insertion of an article, and a yielding brake for arresting the movement of the drum after the feeding of the label.

13. In a labeling machine, the combina- 95 tion of a rotary coating drum, a stop for arresting the movement of the drum after the passage of a label thereover, a device for wrapping and pressing the label on the article to be labeled, said device including a 100 holding means for the article, and means for automatically opening and closing the said means to permit the article to be inserted or removed.

14. In a labeling machine, the combina- 105 tion of a coating drum, a brake for stopping the same after feeding a label, a device for holding the article to be labeled and arranged to be opened when the drum is idle for permitting the insertion or removal of 110 the article, and means for automatically closing the said device and rotating the drum to supply the label to the article in the holder.

15. In a labeling machine, the combina- 115 tion of a rotary paste-applying element mounted on a horizontal axis, a horizontallydisposed comb having its teeth disposed in tangential relation to the element, means for feeding a label to the element, and a mech- 120 anism for applying the label to the article to be labeled, said mechanism comprising two pairs of rollers arranged to support the article in coöperative relation with the comb, flexible bands frictionally engaging the ar- 125 ticle and passing around the rollers, one of the bands being arranged to coöperate with the comb for directing the label to the article, and a separate device located adjacent the sides of the bands for engaging the ends 130

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of the article to maintain the same in central position in the mechanism.

16. In a labeling machine, the combination of a paste-holding tank, a drum ar-5 ranged with a portion thereof submerged in the paste, means for removing the excess paste from the drum, a roller located to hold a label against the drum for receiving paste therefrom, means for intermittently rotat-10 ing the drum, a device arranged to hold the article to be labeled and composed of relatively-movable elements and automaticallyoperated means for actuating the elements to engage the article about the time the drum 15 begins to rotate and to disengage the article about the time the drum stops rotating.

17. In a labeling machine, a mechanism for feeding a label and applying paste thereto, a plurality of elements for wrapping the 20 label on the article to be labeled, a support for one of the elements movable with respect to the other element for engaging or disengaging the article, and a rotary cam on which the support constantly rests and pro-25 vided with a raised portion for periodically

actuating the support.

18. In a labeling machine, a mechanism for feeding a label and applying paste thereto, a plurality of elements for wrapping 30 the label on the article to be labeled, a support for one of the elements movable with respect to the other element for engaging or disengaging the article, a rotatable device for periodically operating the support, and | 35 means for arresting the movement of the said mechanism prior to the operation of the said support.

19. In a labeling machine, a mechanism | for feeding a label and applying paste | 40 thereto, a plurality of elements for wrapping the label on the article to be labeled, a support for one of the elements movable with respect to the other element for engaging or disengaging the article, a cam for operating the support, and a brake for stopping the said mechanism prior to the move-

ment of the support.

20. In a labeling machine, the combination of an intermittently actuated mechanism for feeding labels and applying paste thereto, with a device for rotatably supporting the article to be labeled, a second device arranged to engage the article while supported by the first device to apply the label to the article, a pivoted support for the second device, the pivot of the support being so located that the combined weight of the support and second device is utilized to 60 press the label on the article, and means actuated during the idle period of the mechanism for operating the support to permit the article to be placed or removed in or from the first-mentioned device.

21. In a labeling machine, the combination of elements arranged to engage the

article to be labeled, a movable support for one of the elements so arranged as that the combined weight of the support and element thereon acts to press the label on the article, means for periodically moving the 70 support, a rotatable label-feeding drum, and a mutilated gear for periodically actuating the same during the time the said element engages the article.

22. In a labeling machine, the combination 75 of elements arranged to engage the article to be labeled, a movable support for one of the elements so arranged as that the combined weight of the support and element thereon acts to press the label on the article, 80 a cam for periodically lifting the support, and an intermittently-operated label-feeding device arranged in coöperative relation with the elements and adapted to be idle

while the cam is acting.

23. In a labeling machine, the combination of a pair of elements arranged to engage the article to be labeled for turning the article while applying the label thereto, one of the elements being located under and 90 the other above the article, the under element being continuously driven, a pivoted frame for supporting the upper element, a cam device arranged to move the frame for engaging the elements with or disengaging 95 them from the article, and a power-driven intermittently-rotated drum for feeding labels, said drum being idle during the period of actuation of the frame by the cam

24. In a labeling machine, the combination of an intermittently-actuated pasteapplying device, means for feeding labels thereto, a plurality of elastic elements movable independently and arranged 105 to frictionally engage and exert a pressure on the label at different points for applying the labels to the articles to be labeled, a pivoted frame supporting one of the elements at the side of the device op-110 posite from the pivot of the frame, means for intermittently moving the frame to permit the insertion of an article between the elements.

25. In a labeling machine, the combina- 115 tion of a paste-applying drum, a plurality of elements located at one side of the drum for applying the labels to the articles to be labeled, a movable frame supporting one of the elements, a pivot for the frame, a 120 cam for periodically moving the frame to permit an article to be placed between or removed from the elements, a label holder disposed above the drum, and a roller arranged in coöperative relation with the 125 holder and drum for directing the labels over the latter to receive paste therefrom.

26. In a labeling machine, the combination of a paste-holding tank, a paste-applying device mounted therein, means for feed- 130

ing labels to the device to receive paste therefrom, means for wrapping the labels to the articles to be labeled, said means including an element movably mounted on the tank, 5 and a continuously-driven rotatable device for periodically opening the said means for removing or inserting an article.

27. In a labeling machine, the combination of a paste-holding tank, a paste-apply-10 ing device mounted therein, means for feeding labels to the device to receive paste therefrom, means for wrapping the labels to the articles to be labeled, said means comprising a frame carried by the tank, an ar-15 ticle-engaging element on the frame, and continuously moving means for periodically

operating the frame to engage or disengage the element with or from the article.

28. In a labeling machine, the combina-20 tion of a paste-applying drum, a driving shaft, means for rotating the drum during part of each revolution of the said shaft, a device for holding and rotating the article to be labeled, and means operated by the 25 said shaft to cause the said device to engage the article preparatory to the starting of the drum and to disengage the article after the drum stops.

29. In a labeling machine, the combina-30 tion of a tank, a paste-applying device associated therewith, a driving shaft, a mutilated gear on the shaft, a pinion connected with the drum and meshing with the gear, a label-wrapping device adapted to period-35 ically open and close for the placing and

removal of the article to be labeled, and means operated by the shaft to close the said device on the article about the time the drum starts and open the said device after the

40 drum stops.

30. In a labeling machine, the combination of a tank, a paste-applying drum therein, means for feeding labels to the drum to receive paste therefrom, a driving shaft, 45 means for intermittently turning the drum by the shaft, a label-wrapping device disposed in coöperative relation with the drum and comprising label-engaging elements, a movable support for one of the elements, a 50 cam on the shaft for actuating the support, and driving means between the shaft and the other element.

31. In a labeling machine, the combination of a paste-holding tank, a paste-apply-55 ing device associated therewith, means for feeding labels to the device, a driving shaft, a mutilated gearing between the shaft and device for intermittently actuating the latter, a brake for stopping the device after a 60 label is fed by the same, a label-wrapping mechanism for applying the label to the article to be labeled, said mechanism being adapted to open and close for receiving the articles, and means operated by the shaft

to open the mechanism while the drum is 65 idle.

32. In a labeling machine, the combination of a paste-applying device, an operating shaft, a gearing for intermittently operating the said device by the shaft, a pair of 70 article-engaging elements, a sprocket and chain mechanism between the shaft and one of the elements for positively driving the latter and operating through the article to be labeled to drive the other element, a mov- 75 able support for the article-driven element, and a cam on the shaft for operating the support to press the label on the article in timed relation to the said device.

33. In a labeling machine, the combina- 80 tion of a label-feeding and paste-applying mechanism, with a label-wrapping mechanism, said last-mentioned mechanism comprising a plurality of sets of independentlysupported elements arranged to engage the 85 article to be labeled at opposite points, means for automatically moving the sets of elements apart for receiving an article and toward each other for gripping the article, and means for engaging the ends of the arti- 90 cle for preventing displacement thereof dur-

ing the wrapping of the label.

34. In a labeling machine, the combination of a label-feeding and paste-applying mechanism, with a label-wrapping mechan- 95 ism, said last-mentioned mechanism comprising elements for engaging the article to be labeled and pressing the label thereon, one of the elements including a roller having a flange for engaging one end of the 100 article, and a device coöperating with the said flange to engage the other end of the article to prevent displacement of the latter during the wrapping of the label.

35. In a labeling machine, the combina- 105 tion of a label-feeding and paste-applying mechanism, with a label-wrapping mechanism, said last-mentioned mechanism comprising elements for engaging the article to be labeled and pressing the label thereon, 110 one of the elements including a roller having a flange for engaging one end of the article, and a rotatable disk arranged to engage the end of the article opposite from that engaged by the flange to prevent dis- 115 placement of the article.

36. In a labeling machine, the combination of a label-feeding and paste-applying mechanism, with a label-wrapping mechanism, said last-mentioned mechanism com- 120 prising two pairs of rollers, bands passing around the rollers and arranged to engage the article to be labeled, and rotatable devices arranged to engage both ends of the article for preventing lateral displacement 125 thereof in a direction parallel with the rollers.

37. In a labeling machine, the combina-

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tion of a label-feeding and paste-applying mechanism, with a label-wrapping mechanism, said last-mentioned mechanism comprising a pair of lower rollers, a pair of upper 5 rollers arranged with their axes parallel with the lower rollers, flexible bands passing around both pairs of rollers and spaced apart to receive between them the article to be labeled, an article-engaging means car-10 ried by one of the rollers, and a device cooperating with the said means for preventing displacement of the article during the

wrapping of the label thereon.

38. In a labeling machine, the combina-15 tion of a label-feeding and paste-applying mechanism, with a label-wrapping mechanism, said last-mentioned mechanism comprising a pair of lower rollers, a pair of upper rollers arranged with their axes par-20 allel with the lower rollers, flexible bands passing around both pairs of rollers and spaced apart to receive between them the article to be labeled, an article-engaging means carried by one of the rollers, a device 25 coöperating with the said means for preventing displacement of the article during the wrapping of the label thereon, and means for positively driving the lower band for turning the article during the wrapping 30 of the label and whereby the article fric-

tionally drives the upper band. 39. In a labeling machine, the combination of a label-feeding and paste-applying mechanism with a label-wrapping mech-35 anism, said last-mentioned mechanism comprising a pair of lower rollers, a pair of upper rollers arranged with their axes parallel with the lower rollers, flexible bands passing around both pairs of rollers and 40 spaced apart to receive between them the article to be labeled, an article-engaging means carried by one of the rollers, a device cooperating with the said means for preventing displacement of the article during the 45 wrapping of the label thereon, means for positively driving the lower band for turning the article during the wrapping of the label and whereby the article frictionally drives the upper band, and a movable support for 50 the upper pair of rollers for engaging or

disengaging the article between the bands. 40. In a labeling machine, the combina-

tion of a label-feeding drum, a stop for arresting the movement of the drum after the passage of a label thereover, a device for 55 wrapping and pressing the label on the article to be labeled while rotating the latter, said device including a holding means for the article, means for automatically opening and closing the said means to permit the 60 article to be inserted or removed, and means for rotating the drum at a less speed than the article for subjecting the label to tension

during the wrapping thereof.

41. In a labeling machine, the combina- 65 tion of a label-feeding drum, a driving shaft, means for rotating the drum during part of each revolution of the said shaft, a device for holding and rotating the article to be labeled, means operated by the said shaft to 70 cause the said device to engage the article preparatory to the starting of the drum and to disengage the article after the drum stops, and means for rotating the drum at a less speed than the article for subjecting the 75 label to tension during the wrapping thereof.

42. In a labeling machine, the combination of a label-wrapping device consisting of flexible endless article-engaging elements supported to be moved toward and away 80 from each other, said elements being movable to rotate the article to be labeled, and a mechanism for automatically moving the elements toward and away from each other periodically, with a periodically-operated 85 label-feeding device arranged to feed a label to the dropping device after the elements are engaged with the article, said elements serving to rotate the article at a slightly greater speed than the feeding movement of 90 the last-mentioned device for producing a tension on the label during the wrapping thereof, and means for automatically operating the label-feeding device in timed relation to the operation of the label-wrapping 95 device.

In testimony, that I claim the foregoing as my own, I have hereto affixed my signature in the presence of two witnesses.

## EDGAR STILLMAN MILLER.

Witnesses:

Joseph Loufek, B. H. MILLER.