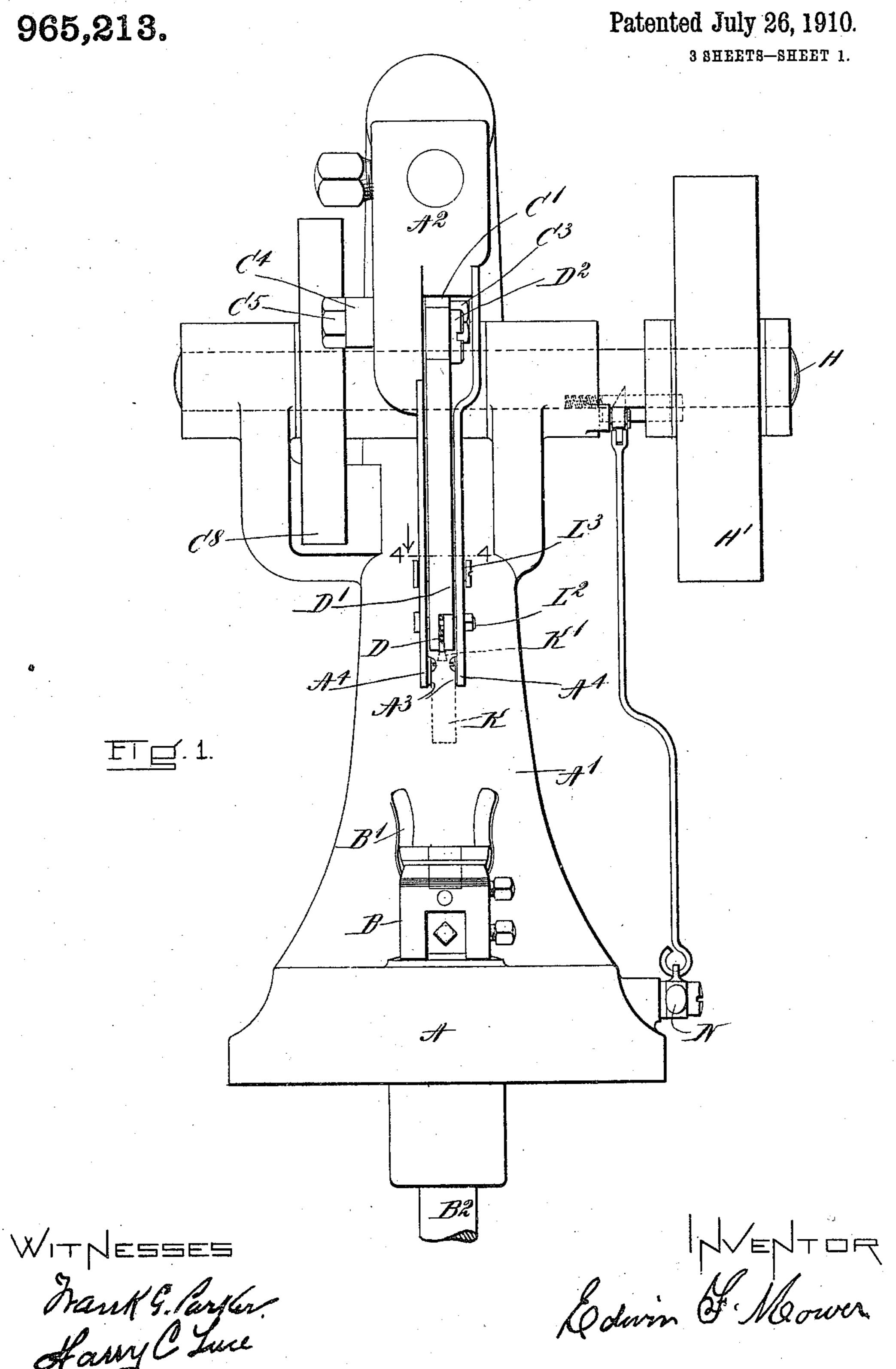
E. F. MOWER.

MACHINE FOR ATTACHING SHANK PIECES.

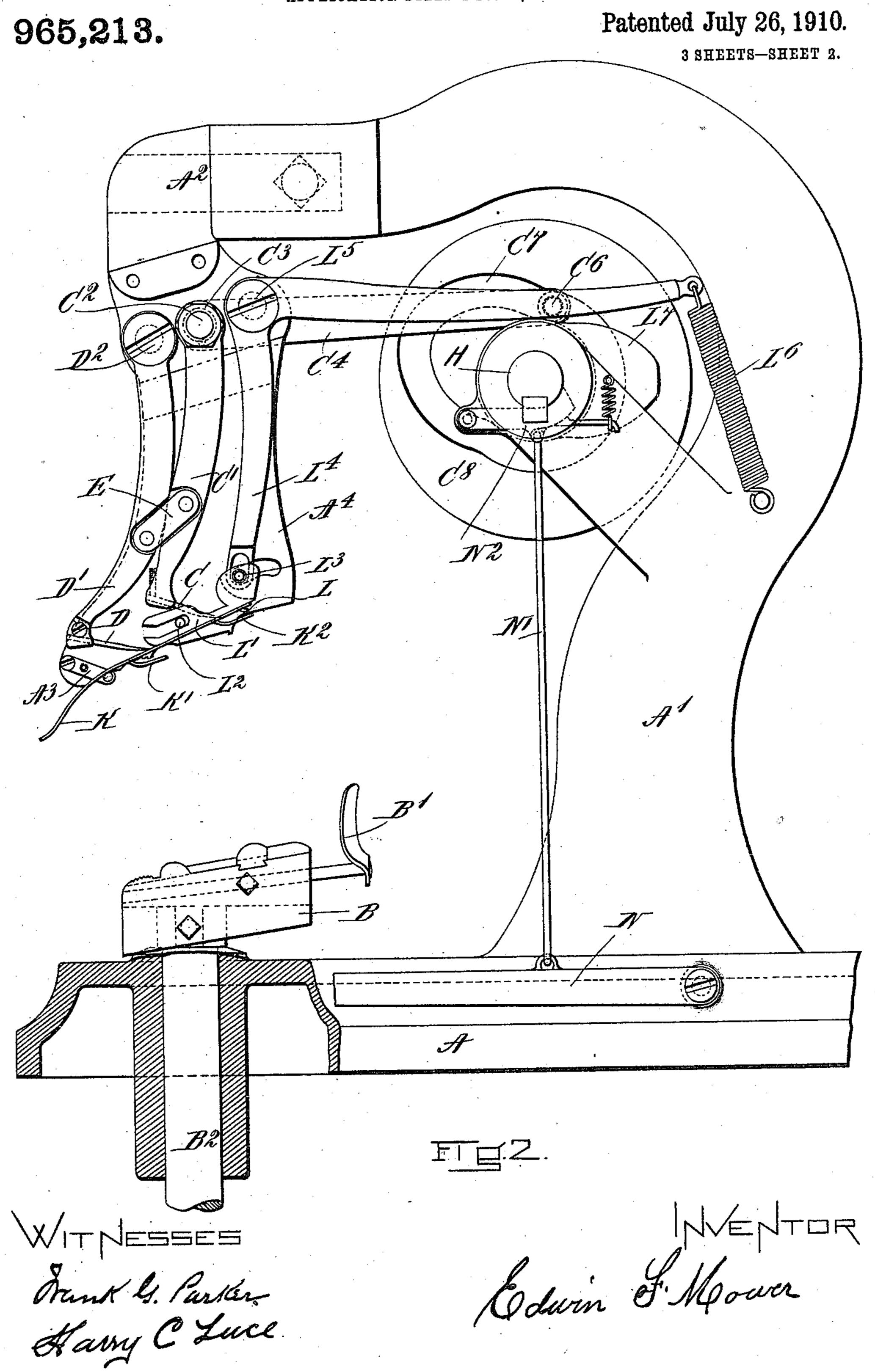
APPLICATION FILED DEC. 10, 1909.



E. F. MOWER.

MACHINE FOR ATTACHING SHANK PIECES.

APPLICATION FILED DEC. 10, 1909.

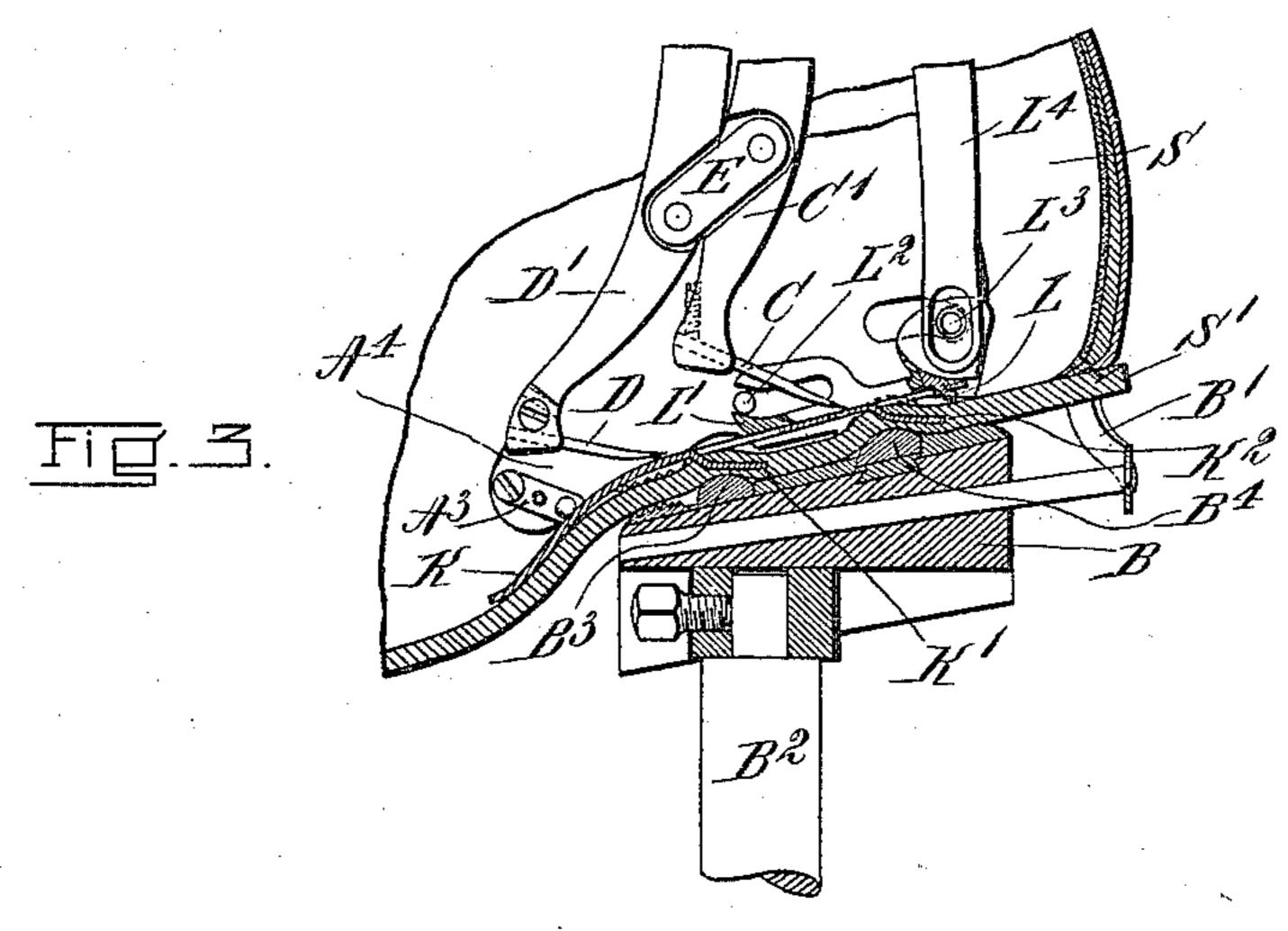


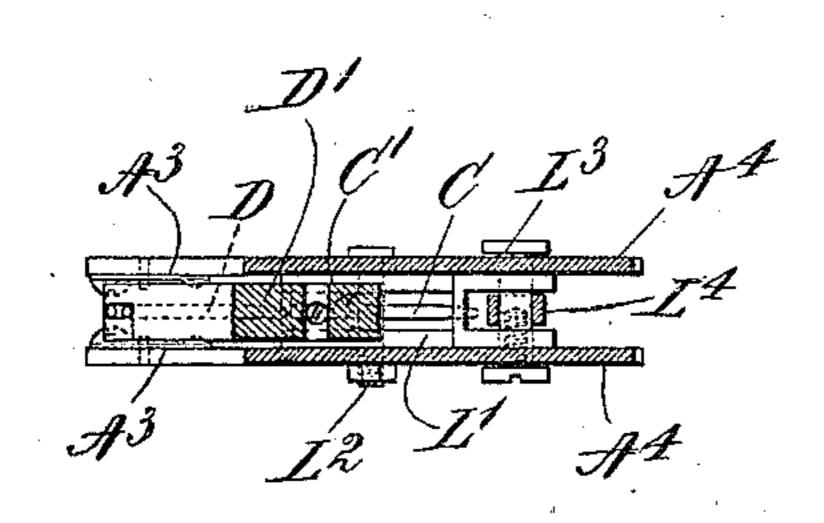
## E. F. MOWER. MACHINE FOR ATTACHING SHANK PIECES. APPLICATION FILED DEC. 10, 1909.

965,213.

Patented July 26, 1910.

3 SHEETS-SHEET 3.





TT - 4-

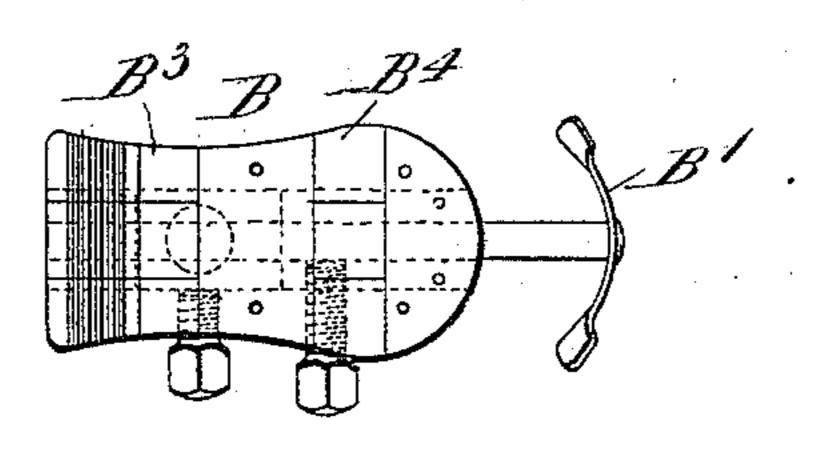


FIG. 5

FID: 6.

WITNESSES Warker G. Parker Harry C. Luce Edwin & Mours

## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

EDWIN F. MOWER, OF BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS, ASSIGNOR TO UNION SHANK COM-PANY, OF WHITMAN, MASSACHUSETTS, A CORPORATION OF MAINE.

MACHINE FOR ATTACHING SHANK-PIECES.

965,213.

Specification of Letters Patent. Patented July 26, 1910.

Application filed December 10, 1909. Serial No. 532,477.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Edwin F. Mower, a citizen of the United States, resident of Boston, in the county of Suffolk and State of Massachusetts, have invented a new and useful Improvement in Machines for Attaching Shank-Pieces, of which the following, taken in connection with the accompanying drawings, is a specification.

My machine is especially adapted for attaching metallic shank-pieces to the soles of boots and shoes, and consists of peculiar mechanism which may be best understood by reference to the complete specification.

The object of the invention is to make a machine that will be rapid and reliable in its action.

This object I attain by the mechanism shown in the accompanying drawings, in which—

Figure 1 is a front elevation of the machine complete. Fig. 2 is a side elevation of the same except that one of the side plates is removed to show the interior parts more clearly, and the belt wheel is omitted. Fig. 3 is a vertical section showing more clearly the important working parts. Fig. 4 is a horizontal section taken on line 4—4 of Fig. 1. Fig. 5 is a plan view of the shoe 30 holder or rest. Fig. 6 is a plan view of one of the metallic shank-pieces.

In the drawings A represents the base of the machine, A<sup>1</sup> the upright part and A<sup>2</sup> the head.

B is the shoe rest which is mounted upon a supporting rod B<sup>2</sup>, said rod being attached to a foot lever by which the said shoe rest may be raised and lowered as desired.

B<sup>1</sup> is an adjustable gage connected to the shoe rest and assists in placing the boot or shoe in the exact place required during the working of the machine.

The shank-piece which this machine is particularly designed to operate upon is shown in plan in Fig. 6; it is made of any suitable metal and is provided with barbs  $K^1$   $K^2$ , see Figs. 3 and 6. The position that the shank piece K occupies on the machine, when ready to be applied to the sole, is shown in Fig. 2.

The operating mechanism may be described as follows. The shank-piece holder L<sup>1</sup> Figs. 2 and 3 is made with a holding start L, which engages with the opening at K<sup>2</sup> formed in the shank-piece in punching

up the barb K² Fig. 6; the other end of the shank-piece is held by the spring pieces A³ A³ which clamp it by its edges and hold it frictionally only so that it may be readily removed after it is attached to the sole. 60 The holder L¹ is forked at one end so as to be guided by the fixed pin L² Fig. 2. The other end of the holder L¹ is loosely held by the pin L³ in the slot at the lower end of the bent lever L⁴ which is pivoted to 65 pivot L⁵. A cam L¹ on the shaft H causes the lever L⁴ to operate in one direction and the spring L⁶ causes it to move in the other direction.

In order to make the barbs K¹ K² of the 70 shank penetrate the sole more easily and certainly holes are made in the said sole; for this purpose I use the awls C and D. These awls are operated by the arms C¹ and D¹ which are linked together by the link E; 75 the arm D¹ is pivoted to the head A² by the screw pin D². The arm C¹ is rigidly attached to the rocker shaft C² by a screw nut C³. The said rocker shaft has an arm C⁴ attached to it by a screw bolt C⁵, Fig. 1. 80 The rocker arm C⁴ has a cam pin C⁶ constructed to engage with the cam groove C⁵ made in the face of the cam disk C³.

For starting and stopping the machine a hand lever N is used; this lever works 85 through the rod N¹ and a clutch device N² of any desired construction.

The lower edges of the side plates A<sup>4</sup> A<sup>4</sup> are shaped as shown in Fig. 2, so as to act in connection with the upper surface of the 90 shoe holder B to cause the sole S<sup>1</sup> to be forced temporarily to assume the contortions shown in Fig. 3 to allow the awls and the barbs to penetrate the said sole.

To operate this machine the user places 95 a shank-piece K in position by hooking one end on to the holding start L and forcing the other end up between the springs A3 A3; now the shoe is placed on the holder B, then the holder is thrown up by a foot lever act- 100 ing through the rod B2; this action brings the shoe up to the position shown in Fig. 3, the sole of the shoe being forced up hard against the under side of the shank inserting mechanism and parts of the sole are 105 bent up by the bosses B3 B4 as shown; now the operator starts the machine and the awls C and D puncture the sole and are drawn back and out; then the shank-piece holder L1, by the aid of the holding start L, 110

draws the shank back forcing the barbs  $K^1$   $K^2$  into the sole; the next movement is to send the holder  $L^1$  back, which releases the shank-piece and the shoe holder B may be lowered and the shoe taken out with the shank-piece securely attached. And the machine is ready for another operation.

What I claim is—

1. In a shank-piece attaching machine, a shank piece holding device comprising a shank piece holder having a start constructed to engage with one of the barb holes of the said piece, thereby holding the rear end of said shank piece, springs constructed to frictionally hold the front end of said shank piece; and means for operating said shank piece holder substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

2. In a shank-piece attaching machine, a shoe holding mechanism comprising a lower holder constructed to hold the shoe from the underside and having cross bosses which form a part of the surface of the holder upon which the outer side of the sole rests,

a guard-gage attached to the said holder 25 constructed to assist in placing the shoe in position; means for raising and lowering said holder; fixed side plates attached to the head part of the machine having their lower edges shaped to conform to the upper 30 surface of the said holder whereby the upward movement of the shoe holder clamps the sole, to which the shank piece is to be attached, between the said holder and the lower edges of said side plates thereby molding the sole and forming ridges, awls for making holes in said ridges through which holes the barbs of the shank-pieces are forced as and for the purpose set forth.

In testimony whereof, I have signed my 40 name to this specification in the presence of two subscribing witnesses, on this 29th day

of November A. D. 1909.

EDWIN F. MOWER.

Witnesses:
Frank G. Parker,
Harry C. Luce.