

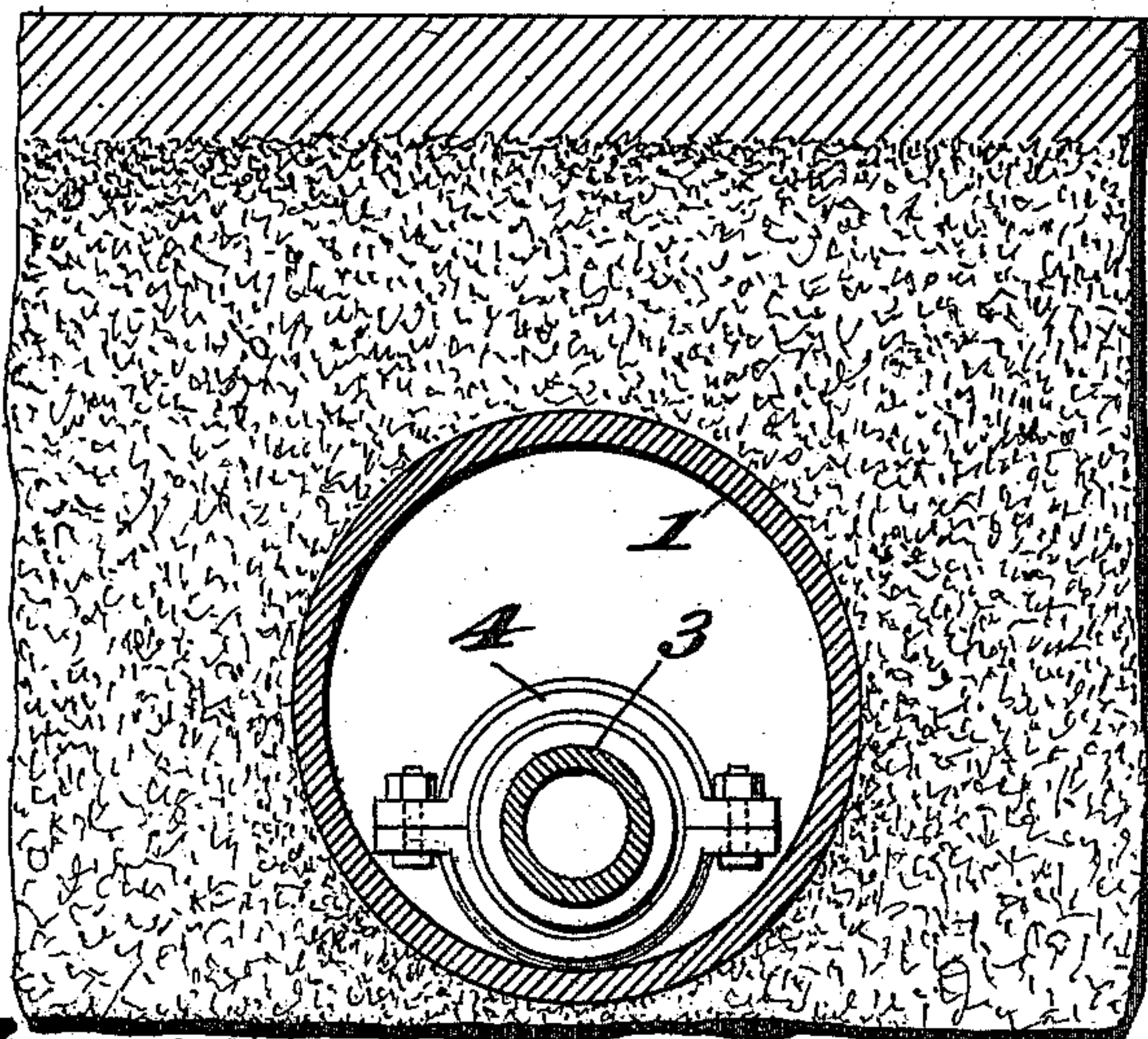
C. M. DISSOSWAY.  
DISTRIBUTING SYSTEM.

APPLICATION FILED JUNE 7, 1907. RENEWED DEC. 3, 1909.

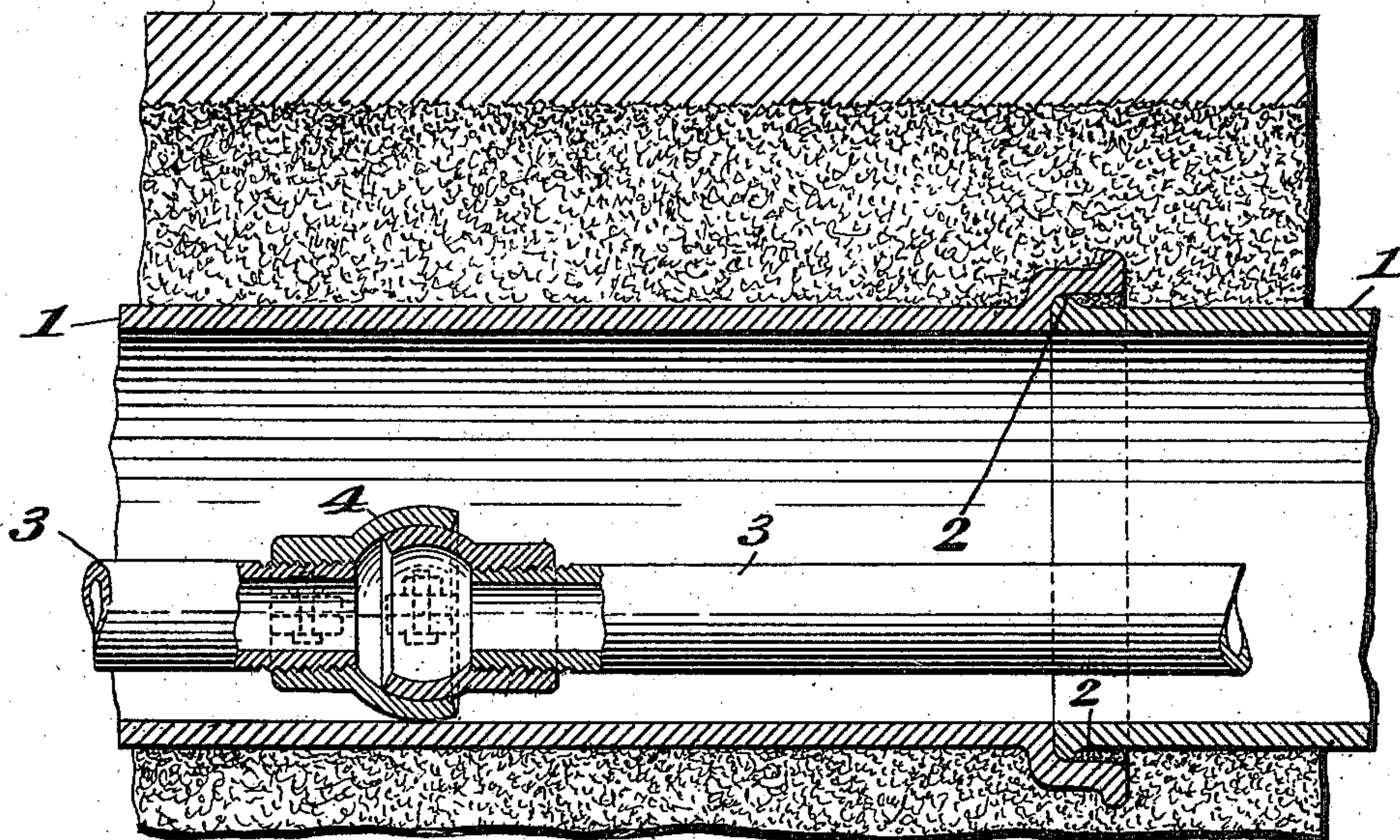
964,001.

Patented July 12, 1910.

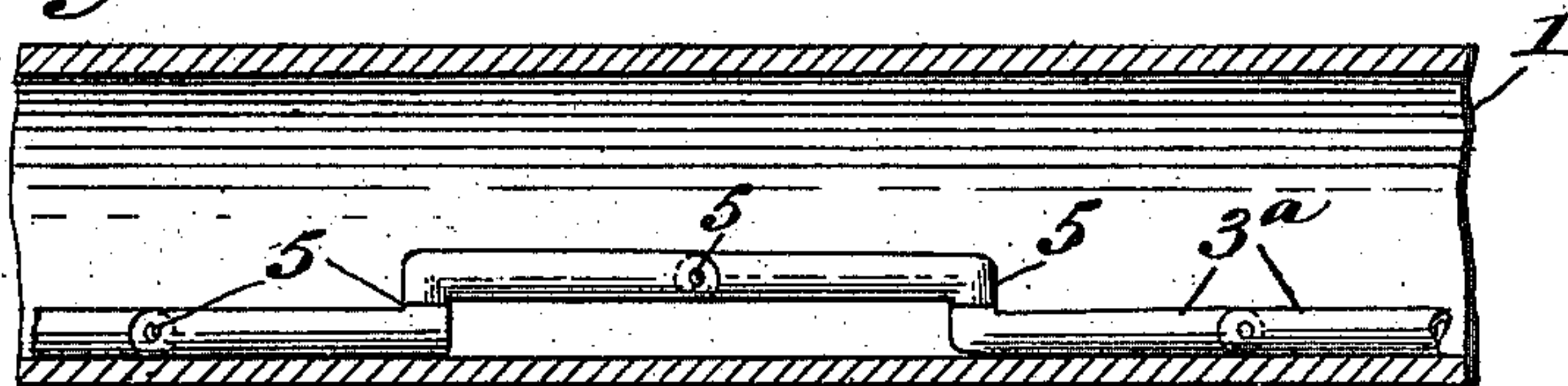
*Fig. 1*



*Fig. 2*



*Fig. 3*



Witnesses:  
*William J. Firth*

Inventor  
*Crowell M. Dissosway*  
By his Attorney  
*H. B. Lingle*



# UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

CROWELL M. DISSOSWAY, OF NEW YORK, N. Y.

## DISTRIBUTING SYSTEM.

964,001.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented July 12, 1910.

Application filed June 7, 1907, Serial No. 377,675. Renewed December 3, 1909. Serial No. 531,234.

*To all whom it may concern:*

Be it known that I, CROWELL M. DISSOSWAY, a citizen of the United States, residing in the borough of Manhattan, in the city, county, and State of New York, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Distributing Systems, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to certain improvements in systems of distribution such as are commonly employed, particularly in towns and cities for the supply of water, both for ordinary consumption and as a means of protection against fire, and the object of the invention is to provide, for use in such systems of distribution, means for preventing the cutting off or impairment of the protection against fire in case of distortion or fracture of the mains wherein the water supply for ordinary consumption is conveyed, such as commonly occurs from earthquakes, explosions, and settling due to excavations and the like.

The invention consists, in part, in a system of distribution of this character wherein two sets of conduits or mains are provided, one of which is particularly designed and adapted for carrying water for protection against fire and is housed and protected within the other conduit or main, the latter being particularly designed and adapted for carrying a supply of water for general consumption.

The invention also contemplates certain novel features of the construction, and combinations and arrangements of the several parts of the improved system of distribution, whereby certain important advantages are attained and the system is rendered simpler, more effective and is otherwise better adapted and made more convenient and desirable for use, all as will be hereinafter fully set forth.

The novel features of the invention will be carefully defined in the claims.

In the accompanying drawings which serve to illustrate my invention—Figure 1 is a sectional view taken transversely and vertically through a main of a system of distribution embodying my improvements; Fig. 2 is a fragmentary sectional view taken lengthwise through the main shown in Fig. 1, and Fig. 3 is a sectional view taken lengthwise through a main, showing a modified formation of my improvements applied thereto.

As shown in these views 1 represents a main or conduit of large diameter such as is usually formed from cast iron in short lengths or sections jointed as seen at 2, and embedded beneath the surface in such a way as to be adapted for carrying, under ordinary circumstances, a comparatively large supply of water for general consumption, and 3 represents a smaller pipe or main, housed and inclosed within said large main or conduit 1, and of such relative diameter that its presence shall not materially impair the desired capacity of said main or conduit 1 for supplying water for general consumption.

The inclosed smaller main or pipe 3 will be preferably formed from sections of wrought iron or steel of sufficient strength, said sections being connected by universal or other movable joints as shown at 4 in Fig. 2, and said inner smaller main or pipe 3 is designed particularly for conveying a supply of water for use in emergency or as protection against fire. Such emergency or protective supply thus conveyed by way of said smaller inclosed main or pipe 3 may also be at a higher or different pressure from the supply for general consumption conveyed through the large outer or inclosing main 1.

Where mains are laid in the ordinary way, the earth wherein they are embedded is often displaced by the great strains imposed upon it during earthquakes and tremors, and even from explosions, and from excavation and the like, and in such cases, an excessive strain is imposed upon the jointed sections or lengths of the main so that the joints are often opened by distortion and the lengths or sections themselves are often broken, whereby the supply of water not merely for general consumption, but also for emergency uses, as for protection against fire, for example, is altogether cut off.

By my improved system of distribution wherein an emergency supply is carried by way of the smaller inclosed main or pipe 3, it will, however, be seen that said pipe or main is wholly inclosed and protected within the larger incasing main 1, which is permitted to move laterally to a certain limited extent without danger of injury to said inclosed smaller main 3, so that in case of distortion or breakage of the larger outer main 1 said inclosed smaller main or pipe 3 re-



mains intact and serves to insure the supply of water for protection against fire and other emergency purposes.

Where the inclosed smaller main 3 is  
5 formed from wrought iron or steel, it is also  
further adapted to resist ordinary strains  
which may be imposed upon it in case of  
breakage or distortion of the large inclos-  
10 ing main, by reason of the inherent flexi-  
bility of such materials, and where the sec-  
tions of said inner smaller main or pipe are  
connected by universal couplings as seen in  
Figs. 1 and 2, this ability to resist strains  
15 without injury is further increased. The  
construction shown in Fig. 3 wherein the  
joints 5, 5 between the inner pipe sections 3<sup>a</sup>,  
3<sup>a</sup> are adapted for pivotal movement in  
planes at right angles to each other is also  
20 calculated to afford a similar protection  
against impairment of the emergency sup-  
ply.

From the above description of my im-  
provements, it will be seen that the system  
of distribution constructed according to my  
25 invention is of an extremely simple and com-  
paratively inexpensive nature and is espe-  
cially well adapted for use by reason of  
the security afforded against impairment of  
the emergency supply of water in case of  
30 breakage of the supply for general con-  
sumption, whereby the improved system is  
rendered particularly serviceable in large  
towns and cities where secure protection  
against fire is most desirable. It will also  
35 be obvious from the above description that  
my improved system of distribution is capa-  
ble of considerable modification as regards  
its details of construction without material  
departure from the principles and spirit of  
40 the invention and for this reason I do not  
desire to be understood as limiting myself

to the precise forms and arrangements of the  
several parts herein shown in carrying out  
my invention in practice.

Having thus described my invention, what 45  
I claim and desire to secure by Letters Pat-  
ent is—

1. A system of water distribution com-  
prising mains or conduits of different diam-  
eters, one such main or conduit being housed 50  
and capable of movement within the other  
conduit or main, the outer main or conduit  
conveying water for general consumption  
and the inner main or conduit carrying an  
emergency supply of water and being pro- 55  
tected by said outer main or conduit.

2. A system of water distribution com-  
prising mains or conduits of different diam-  
eters, one housed within the other, and  
adapted to convey independent water sup- 60  
plies, the inner conduit being formed from  
flexible material and being loosely rested  
at the base of the outer main or conduit and  
being capable of free movement within the  
same. 65

3. A system of water distribution com-  
prising an outer main or conduit adapted to  
convey water for general consumption, and  
a smaller main or conduit comprising sec-  
tions jointed for relative movement and 70  
formed from flexible material, said smaller  
main or conduit being housed within and  
free for lateral movement within said outer  
main or conduit and adapted to carry an  
emergency water supply. 75

In witness whereof I have hereunto signed  
my name this 2nd day of May, 1907, in the  
presence of two subscribing witnesses.

CROWELL M. DISSOSWAY.

Witnesses:

WILLIAM J. FIRTH,  
H. G. ROSE.