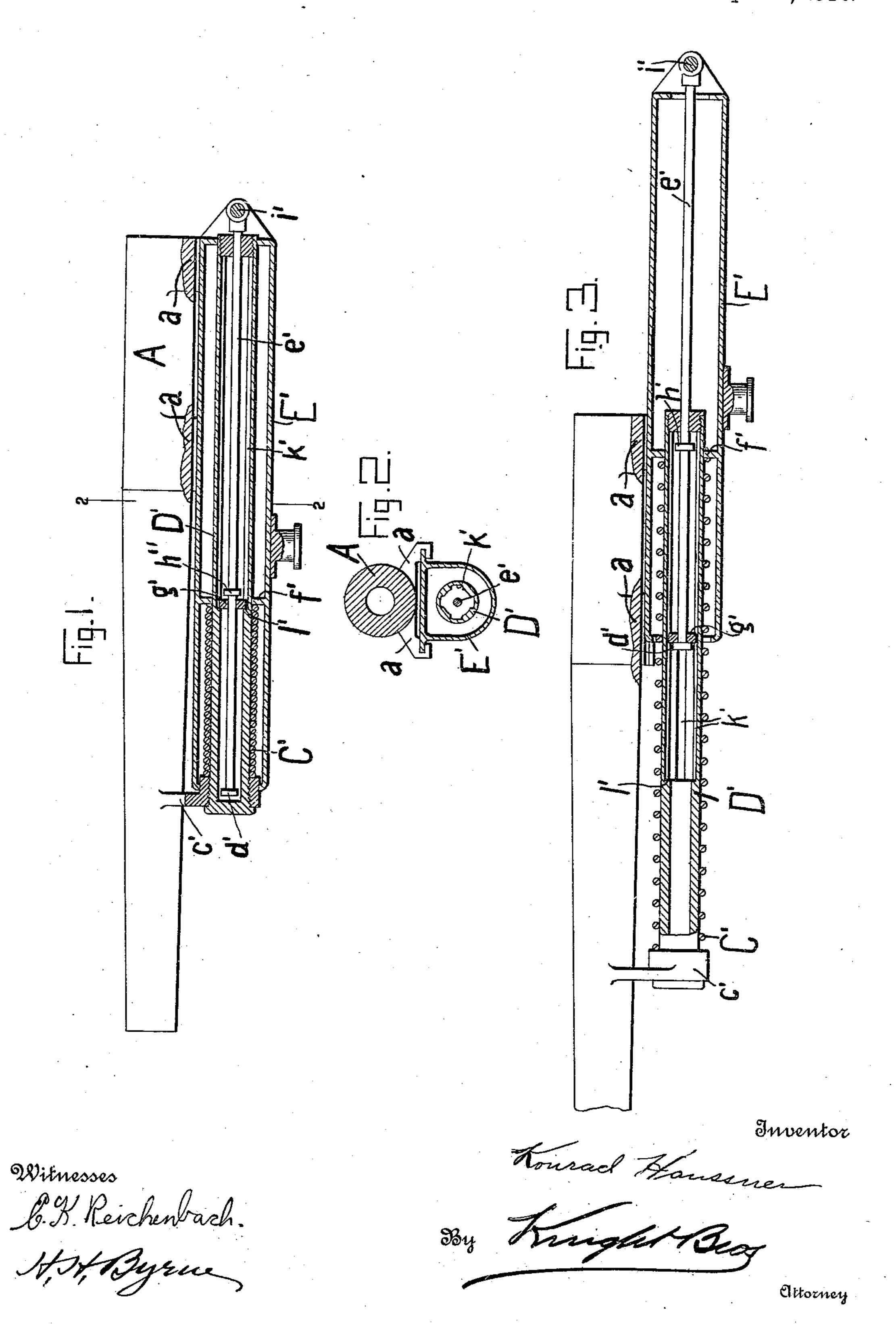
## K. HAUSSNER.

RETARDING APPARATUS FOR GUNS HAVING DIFFERENTIAL RECOIL.

APPLICATION FILED FEB. 16, 1910.

955,797.

Patented Apr. 19, 1910.



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## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

KONRAD HAUSSNER, OF EISENACH, GERMANY.

RETARDING APPARATUS FOR GUNS HAVING DIFFERENTIAL RECOIL.

955,797.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented Apr. 19, 1910.

Original application filed June 17, 1909, Serial No. 502,848. Divided and this application filed February 16, 1910. Serial No. 544,146.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Konrad Haussner, a subject of the Emperor of Germany, residing at Eisenach, Germany, have invented 5 certain new and useful Improvements in Retarding Apparatus for Guns Having Differential Recoil, of which the following

is a specification.

The present invention relates to guns of 10 the differential recoil type which have, in addition to their recuperator, a means cooperating therewith whereby the gun barrel is restrained from running out of its carriage in case of delayed ignition, the firing 15 of blank cartridges, and similar conditions of firing.

To this end, the invention herein disclosed embodies a means associated with the running-out gear and which was originally 20 disclosed in my application for United States patent dated June 17, 1909, and bearing Serial No. 502,848, and of which application the present case forms a division.

Summarily stated, the present arrangement 25 contemplates the use of a running-out gear comprising a spring supported from the gun barrel by a cylinder, which cylinder, with a piston fixed to the gun carriage, serves as a hydraulic brake or accumulator for arrest-30 ing the running-out movement of the gun barrel when the same moves beyond the firing position.

The invention is shown, by way of illustration, in the accompanying drawings,

35 wherein,

Figure 1 shows a barrel running-out gun applied with this improvement; Fig. 2 is a transverse section thereof on the plane 2-2, and Fig. 3 is a longitudinal section, the bar-40 rel being shown as it is brought to rest beyond the prescribed running-out movement.

Referring to the figures in further detail and wherein like characters of reference refer to the same parts, in the different 45 views shown, A designates the gun barrel and E<sup>1</sup> the carriage therefor. Mounted within the carriage is a brake cylinder D¹ upon which latter is mounted the running out gear C¹ which comprises a spring. For sup-50 porting said cylinder D¹ the gun barrel is fitted with a horn  $c^1$ , to which the cylinder has screw-threaded connection at its forward end. Said horn  $c^1$  serves at the same time as the front abutment of the running-55 out gear, while the rear abutment therefor is

formed by the cross wall  $f^1$  of the carriage  $E^1$ . The piston rod  $e^1$  of the brake cylinder is rigidly connected to the upper carriage by the bolt i. As is shown by Figs. 1 and 2, the cylinder D¹ is provided at its rear part 60 only with grooves  $k^1$  while the front part is kept smooth. The piston  $g^1$  rides loosely on the piston rod, and is held in the position shown in Fig. 1 by the edge of its front face bearing against the projection l<sup>1</sup> of the cyl- 65 inder, and is prevented from greater axial movement by the collar  $h^{11}$  of the brake piston rod.

The running-out of the barrel when the shot is fired, is so proportioned, that the 70 collar  $d^1$  is not reached by the piston  $g^1$  as it moves forward with the brake cylinder before the barrel begins to return. For although the piston rides loosely upon the piston rod, nevertheless it moves forward with 75 the cylinder, because the liquid behind the piston passes only to the other side of the piston through the small area of the grooves  $k^1$  under great pressure. If the explosion of the charge fails to take place, the barrel 80 continues to be driven forward by the running-out gear C<sup>1</sup>, and the collar d<sup>1</sup> on the piston rod bears against the piston  $g^1$ , thereby compelling the liquid to force itself from the rear to the front side of the 85 piston through the brake cylinder grooves  $k^1$  until the barrel comes to rest.

Having thus described the invention, what is claimed as new therein and desired to be secured by Letters Patent is:—

1. The combination with a differential recoil gun comprising the gun barrel, its carriage, and running-out gear, of a fluid pressure brake comprising a cylinder carried by the gun barrel and a coöperating piston con- 95 nected to the gun carriage, said brake constructed to permit of normal running-out movement of the gun barrel for firing and acting to retard the running-out movement when the gun barrel moves out beyond the 100 firing position.

2. The combination with a differential recoil gun comprising the gun barrel, its carriage, and running-out gear, of a fluid pressure brake comprising a cylinder carried by 105 the gun barrel, a piston connected to the gun carriage, and means coöperating therewith to throttle the fluid within the cylinder, whereby to arrest the outward movement of the gun barrel and bring the same to a stand- 110

still when it moves beyond the firing position.

3. The combination with a differential recoil gun comprising the gun barrel, its carriage, and running-out gear, of a fluid pressure brake comprising a cylinder adapted to contain a fluid and serving to mount the running-out gear, a piston within the cylinder and having connection with the carriage, and a means coöperating with the piston for throttling the fluid within the cylinder whereby to arrest the running-out movement of the gun barrel and bring the same to a standstill when the barrel moves out beyond

15 the firing position.

4. The combination with a differential recoil gun comprising the gun barrel, its carriage, and running-out gear, of a fluid pressure brake comprising a cylinder fixed to and movable with the gun barrel, a piston rod within said cylinder and having a fixed connection with the carriage, and a piston having a limited movement on said rod and adapted to throttle the fluid within the cylinder whereby to arrest the running-out

movement of the gun barrel and bring the same to a standstill when the barrel moves

out beyond the firing position.

5. The combination with a differential recoil gun comprising the gun barrel, its caraines, and running-out gear; of a fluid pressure brake comprising a cylinder fixed to and movable with the gun barrel, said cylinder having a throttling section for a portion of its length, a piston rod within said cylinder and having a fixed connection with the carriage, and a piston on said rod having movement within the throttled section of the cylinder, and adapted to permit of normal running out movement of the gun barrel 40 and bring the same to a standstill when it moves out beyond the firing position.

The foregoing specification signed at Erfurt, Germany, this 31st day of January,

1910.

## KONRAD HAUSSNER.

In presence of—
Peter Blansenbach,
Gustav Lauten, Jr.