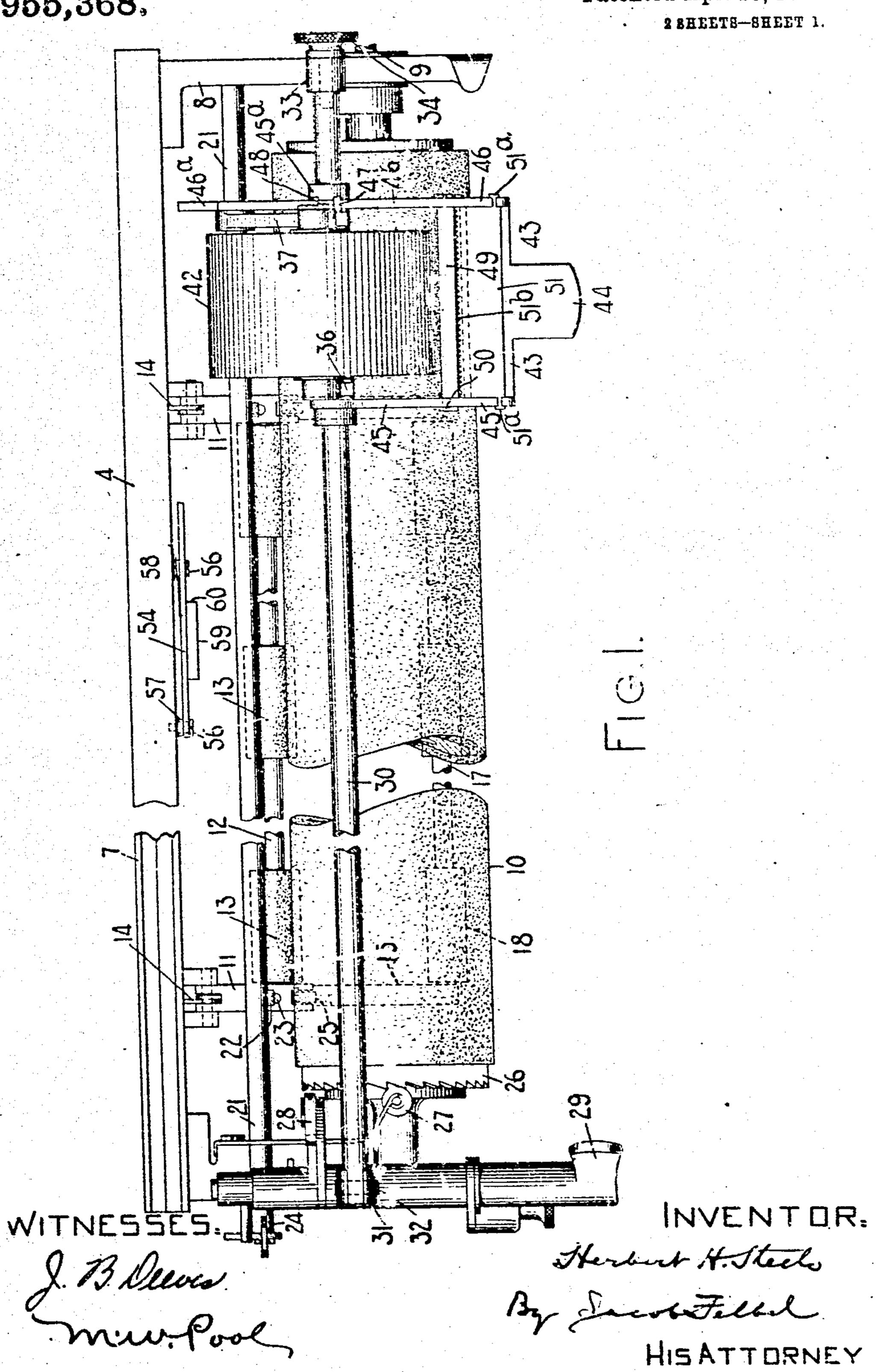
H. H. STEELE. TYPE WRITING MACHINE. APPLICATION FILED DEC. 5, 1908.

955,368.

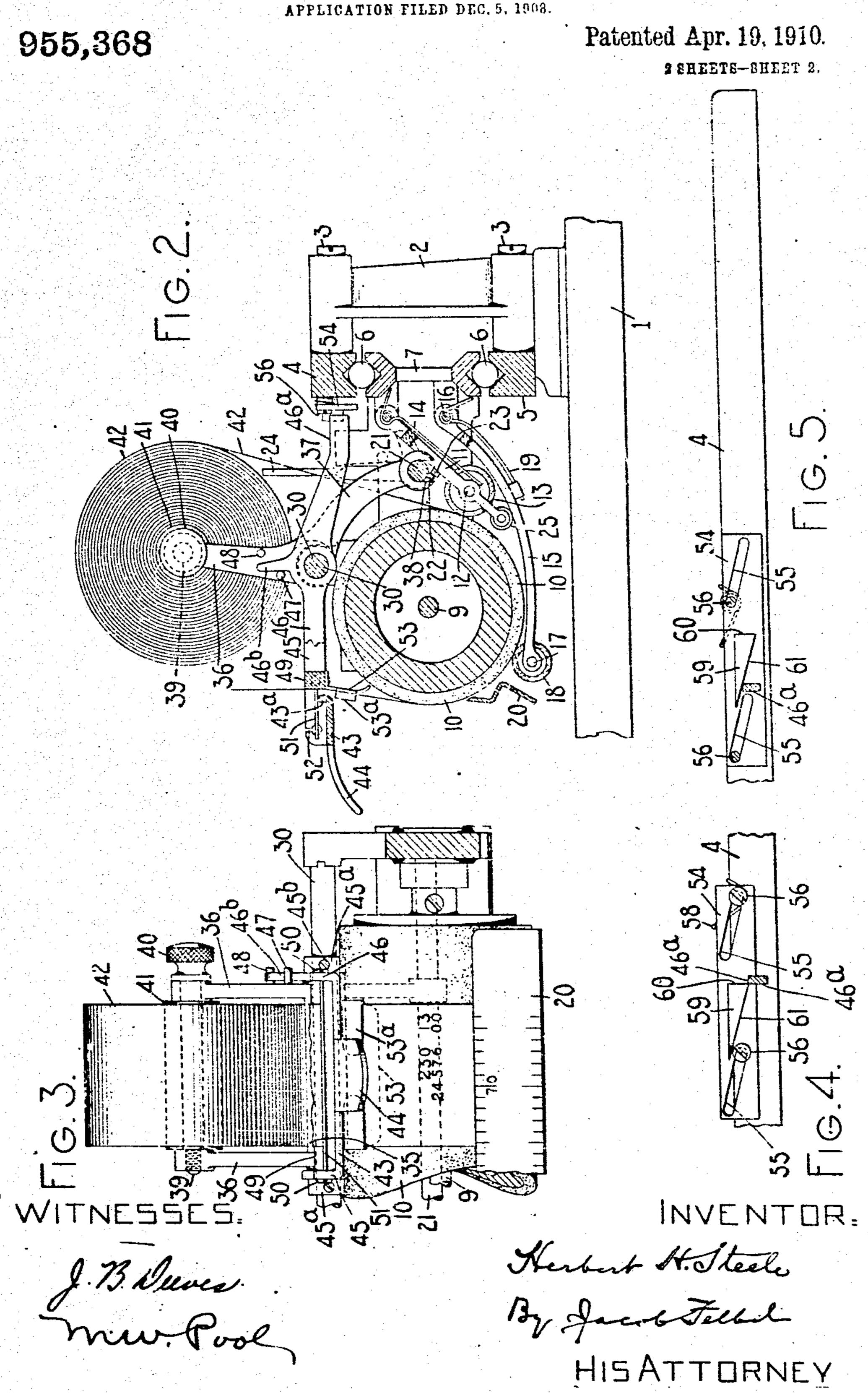
Patented Apr. 19, 1910.



H. H. STEELE.

TYPE WRITING MACHINE.

PPLICATION FILED DEC. 5, 1908



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

HERBERT H. STEELE, OF MARCELLUS, NEW YORK, ASSIGNOR TO THE MONARCH TYPE-WRITER COMPANY, OF SYRACUSE, NEW YORK, A CORPORATION OF NEW YORK,

TYPE-WRITING MACHINE.

955.3**48.**

Specification of Letters Patent. Patented Apr. 19, 1910.

Application filed December 5, 1908. Serial No. 466,123.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, HERBERT H. STEELE, citizen of the United States, and resident of Marcellus, in the county of Onondaga and 5 State of New York, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Type-Writing Machines, of which the following is a specification.

My invention relates to paper supply and 10 feeding mechanisms for typewriting machines as embodied in what is commonly known as a tally strip device.

Generally stated, the object of the invention is to provide improved devices of the 15 kind referred to.

To the above and other ends, the invention consists in the features of construction, combinations of devices and arrangements of parts hereinafter described and particularly 20 pointed out in the claims.

Monarch typewriter but it is to be understood that said invention may be adapted to other styles of writing machines.

25 In the accompanying drawings illustrating the invention. Figure 1 is a fragmentary top plan view of the carriage of a Monarch typewriting machine having my invention applied thereto, part of the fixed upper rail 30 also being shown. Fig. 2 is a transverse sectional view of the carriage and its bearings. Fig. 3 is a fragmentary front elevation showing the right-hand end portion of the carriage. Fig. 4 is a front view showing the 35 actuating device for the tally strip feeding mechanism, part of the upper fixed carriage rail which supports said device being also shown as well as a section of the coöperating part of the tally strip feed mechanism. Fig. 40 5 is a view corresponding to Fig. 4 but showing parts in different relations from those in which they appear in said Fig. 4.

Fig. 2 shows the top rlate 1 of the machine supporting fixed standards 2 to which 45 screws 3 secure upper and lower guide rails 4 and 4 oppositely grooved to cooperate with anti-friction balls 6, said balls also coöperating with the oppositely grooved faces of a slide bar .7. The slide bar is comprised in 50 the platen carrier or carriage which also includes end bars 8. Said end bars comprise bearings for a platen axle 9 which carries a rotary platen 10. As shown in Figs. 1 and 2, arms 11 pivotally supported on the

bar 7 incline downward and forward and 55, support a shaft 12 which carries the sections 13 of the main feed roller, said feed roller being maintained in operative contact with the platen or the paper thereon by springs 14 cooperating with the arms 11. 60 Other arms 15 pivotally supported at 16 on the carriage bar 7 provide bearings for a shaft 17 which carries sections 18 of a supplementary feed roller at the lower front side of the platen. The arms 15 are pro- 65 vided with cooperating springs 19. A platen scale 20 is also supported at the lower front side of the platen. A release rock shaft 21 takes bearings in the end bars 8 and is provided with releasing devices 22 which co- 70 operate with other devices 23 on the arms 11 when an arm or finger piece 24, secured at: the left-hand end of the rock shaft 21, is operated in the usual way. When the re-I have shown my invention applied to a lease arm 24 is pulled forward the devices 75 22 and 23 cooperate to swing the arms 11 and feed roller 13 way from the platen and release the paper. The arms 11 carry rolls 25 at their lower ends, said rolls being adapted to cooperate with the arms 15 to 80 effect a release of the feed roller 18 at the same time that the main feed roller 13 is released. The left-hand end of the platen is operatively connected with a ratchet wheel 26 which, together with the platen, is nor- 85 mally maintained in set position by a spring detent 27 which coöperates with the teeth of the ratchet wheel. Cooperative with the ratchet wheel for turning it and the platen. for line spacing are a line spacing pawl 28 90 and actuating devices therefor which comprise a line spacing handle 29 at the front and left-hand side of the carriage. The usual work sheet is adapted to be fed up over the front side of the platen past the 95 scale plate 20 and into the control of the usual paper fingers (not shown), said paper fingers being mounted on a paper finger rod 30 which is arranged above the platen and extends longitudinally thereof, being 100 supported on the end bars 8. For a purpose presently to be explained, the mounting of the rod 30 is preferably somewhat different from the mounting usual in the Monarch machine. A lug 31 rising from the left- 105 hand end bar 8 is formed with a slot which receives the flattened left-hand end portion of the rod 30. A cross pin 32, passing

through the lug 31 at right angles to the slot therein, provides a pivotal support for the rod 30 which is adapted to be swung up and down about said pin 32 as a center. 5 This construction is best shown in Fig. 1. The right-hand end of the rod 30 terminates opposite the inner face of a lug 33 rising from the right-hand end bar 8. Said lug is perforated to receive a thumb screw 34, threaded hole in the right-hand end of the rod 30. The thumb screw 34 serves to maintain the rod 30 in a fixed relation with the carriage, but by turning the thumb screw 15 to disengage it from the rod 30, the rod is freed so that it may be swung upward on

the pin 32. On the rod 30 is mounted a taily strip support or bracket which comprises a barrel 35 20 which fits over the rod 30 and carries near its ends two uprights or standards 36. Near the right-hand end of the barrel 35 and integral therewith is a downwardly and rearwardly extending arm 37 which is slotted 25 or forked at its lower end at 38 to fit over and engage with the rock shaft 21, said arm 37 assisting to hold the tally strip support rigid on the carriage and preventing said support from rotating on the 30 rod 30, the construction being such however as to enable the said support to be readily detached from the carriage. The upper end portions of the standards \$6 are enlarged and perforated to receive a rod 39, 35 the left-hand end of said rod being reduced and threaded to engage with a threaded. opening in the left-hand standard 36, while the right-hand end of the rod 39 is provided with a knurled finger piece 40. The 40 rod 39 provides a support for a wooden core 41 on which is wound a narrow work sheet or tally strip 42. When the tally strip is exhausted the rod 39 may be unscrewed and removed by turning the finger piece 40 so 45 that a new tally strip roll may be substituted, after which the rod 39 may be replaced, passing through the core piece of the new tally strip roll and being screwed in until the inner faces of the enlarged up-50 per ends of the standards 36 frictionally engage with the end faces of the core piece 41, thus providing a drag or friction brake for preventing undue winding off of the tally strip. The tally strip is drawn off at the downward behind the platen and thence being secured in fixed relation therewith around the under side thereof and upward between the platen and the scale plate 20. The path of the tally strip should be clear 60 of both the front and rear feed rollers so that said rollers may not feed the tally strip when the platen is turned. In the present instance, the support for the tally strip is

preferably arranged near the right-hand end

65 of the platen so that the left-hand edge of

the tally strip as it passes around the platen is to the right of the right-hand sections of both the main and supplementary feed rollers. This will be understood best from a consideration of Fig. 1. The result is of 70 course that the paper feeding devices comprising the two sets of feed rellers are not operative on the supplementary work sheet or tally strip, but cooperate only with the 10 the threaded end of which engages with a | main work sheet or record sheet which is 75 not shown but the right-hand edge of which is at the left of the left-hand edge of the tally strip. The tally strip, after passing upward at the front side of the platen, is brought into cooperation with a supple-80 mentary line spacing or tally strip feeding device which comprises a movable frame pivoted on the rod 30. The frame is preferably formed of sheet metal and comprises a horizonial plate-like part 43 having a for- 95 wardly extending finger piece or kandle 41, said finger piece providing means for operating said frame by hand. Arms 45 and 46 are bent upward at right angles to the platelike part 43 at the ends thereof, said arms 90 extending horizontally rearward and being perforated to fit over the rod 30. The arm 46 extends rearward from the rod providing an actuating arm 46° which cooperates with devices presently to be described, for auto- 95 matically turning the line spacing frame on the lug 30 as a pivot. The portions of the arms 45 and 46 surrounding the pivot rod 30 are confined between the faces of the barrel 35, and collars 45° which surround the rod 100 30 and are secured thereto by screws 45b. The construction is such that by loosening the collars the tally strip bracket and feeding mechanism mu; be moved along the rod 30 longitudinally of the platen to any de- 105 sired position; and be removing the righthand collar 45° and disengaging the thumb screw 34 from the rod 30 the latter may be swung upward and the entire tally strip device removed from the machine. The frame comprising the parts 43 and the arms 45 and 46 is free to turn between the barrel 35 and the collars 45. A lug or finger 465 extends upward from the pivotal portion of the arm 46 and is adapted to co- 115 operate with limiting stops or pins 47 and 48 extending laterally from the right-hand standard 36 and serving to limit the turning movements of the frame. A rectangular 55 rear side of the tally strip roll, passing tie bar 49 connects the arms 45 and 46, 120 by screws 50, the bar being arranged slightly to the rear of the plate-like part 43. the rear end of which part is bent upward at right angles to provide a stop or abut- 125

ment 43° for a combined feeding and cut-

ting member or blade 51. The blade 51 may

be made of thin sheet metal, being provided

at its ends with extensions or pivot lugs

51. When the blade 51 is held in a vertical 130

position these extensions 51° may pass through the straight narrow parts of keyhole slots 52 formed in the side arms 45 and 46. After being passed downward 5 through the key-hole slots the member 51 may be turned rearward to horizontal position as shown in the drawings, so that it is pivotally supported by the extensions 51° on bearings provided by the enlarged un-10 tions of the key-hole slots 52 and may not be displaced from said bearings except by again being swung upward to vertical position. The rear edge of the member 52 is serrated as indicated at 51t to enable it to 15 bite, clamp or engage more securely the tally strip. When not engaged with the tally strip the member 51 may rest on the hip 43° and at this time the serrated edge 51b will abut against the front vertical face of the 20 cross bar 49, said bar 49 and said member 51 coöperating to provide a paper clamp

for the paper which is passed between them. The tally strip is led upward from the scale plate 20 through guide ways formed in 25 a guide plate 53, said guide plate being suitably secured at the under side of the bar 49 and extending downward therefrom, its lower end being curved rearward and terminating close to the face of the platen 30 so as to prevent the tally strip from feeding rearward over the top of the platen. · The guide-ways in the guide plate or member 53 are formed by integral tabs or ears 53° bent upward and inward toward each 35 other so as to form grooves with the front face of the member 53. After passing 53 the end portion of the tally strip is led upward between the bar 49 and the lip 43a, 40 passing between the bar 49 and the serrated edge 51b and slightly lifting the blade 51 from the lip 43* as shown in Fig. 2. The forward pertion of the frame which supports the blade 51 and which is pivoted on 45 the rod 30 tends to swing downward under the influence of gravity so that normally . the finger 46b is engaged with the stop 47 as shown in Fig. 2. It will be obvious that by lifting the finger piece 44 the front por-50 tion of the frame will be swung upward and the tally strip, which is clamped or gripped by the serrated edge 51b of the feed bar and the front face of the bar 49, will be drawn upward at the front side of the platen 55 and pulled or unwound to a corresponding extent from the tally strip roll. The movement of the frame and the corresponding feeding of the tally strip will continue until the finger 46b is arrested by the stop 48. 60 The extent of movement is somewhat less

than an ordinary line space movement so

that if a line is printed on the tally strip

between each two feeding movements of the

frame the distance between the lines of print

65 will be about as indicated in Fig. 3 of the

drawings. In other words, the several items in the column of figures on the tally strip will be condensed, or arranged quite close, one after another. When the finger piece 44 is released the forward portion of the 70 frame will drop under the influence of gravity until arrested by the engagement of the finger 46^b with the stop 47. During this return movement of the frame it will be apparent that the servated edge 51b of the 75 blade 51 will slide ac mward over the edge of the tally strip and will be arrested finally

in the position shown in Fig. 2.

While line space feeding movements may be communicated to the tally strip by operat- 80 ing the finger piece 44 at the forward end of the frame in the manner just described, it is preferable to do the line spacing automatically. In the present instance I have shown means for accomplishing this result, 85 said means cooperating with the arm 46° at the rear end of the frame and comprising a movable har or plate 54 as shown in Figs. 4 and 5. The plate or slidable member 54 is provided with parallel inclined slot-ways 90 55 which receive headed guiding and supporting screws 56, said screws passing through washers 57 (Figs. 1 and 2) arranged between the rear face of the plate 54 and the front face of the guide rail 4 to 95 which said plate is slidably secured by screws 56, said screws engaging in tapped holes in said guide rail. Normally the plate 54 is maintained in the relation with the guide rail shown in Fig. 5 by a wire spring 100. 58 which is coiled around one of the washers through the grooves in the guide member | 57 that presses down on top of the plate 54. The front of the plate 54 is provided with a projection 59 which is formed with a right-hand vertical face 60 and an under 105 inclined face 61.

> Let it be assumed that the printing of the bill or other matter on the main work sheet has been completed by means of the usual or suitable printing instrumentalities (not 110 shown), it being understood of course that the line spacing of this main work sheet is entirely independent of the supplementary work sheet or tally strip. The total on the bill having been printed, the operator may 115 press the tabulating key (not shown) to release the carriage and move it leftward to bring the tally strip within the printing field, or may release the carriage and move it leftward by hand in the ordinary way. 120 During the movement of the carriage leftward to carry the 11 out of the printing field and bring the tally strip in the printing field, the actuating arm 46° will engage with the face 60 of the projection 59 and by rea- 125 son of the cooperation between the inclined slots 55 and the screws 56 will force the plate 54 leftward and upward against the pressure of the spring 58 until said plate reaches the position shown in Fig. 4. At this stage the 130

free 69 will have passed upward out of engagement with the arm 46° and will permit said arm to move leftward past the extension 59 allowing said extension to return to 5 formal position under the pressure of the spring 58. After the item on the tally strip has been written the carriage is returned rightward by hand. During the initial stage of this return movement the arm 40° 10 will engage with the inclined face 61 of the extension 59 and will be cammed or swung downward by said extension, the inclination of the platen; that the automatic means is of the slots 55 preventing upward movement poperated during the travel of the carriage; of the plate 54 at this time and holding the that said automatic means comprises a 15 plate motionless. The downward movement | spring pressed cam plate; and that the cam 80 of the arm 46" will swing upward the for- plate is movable during the travel of the ward portion of the frame of which said arm | is a part and will cause the feed blade 51 to cooperate with the bar 49 to pull the 20 front portion of the tally strip upward and give it a line spacing movement. After the arm 46° passes the inclined edge 61 the invention. frame and blade 51 will return to normal position under the influence of gravity. The 25 completed bill sheet may be removed by releasing the paper feeding devices in the usual way and a new bill sheet introduced and fed around with the platen and printed, | all without affecting the fully strip until it | tally strip and also means for advancing 30 is again desired to print the total of the | said tally strip line by line. bill or other data thereon. When the free | 2. In a typewriting machine, the combiend portion of the tally strip has been hation of a platen, a platen carrier having printed on and fed upward to a considerable | parallel rods supported on its end bars, one extent it may be torn off by pulling it for- | of said rods being arranged above the platen 35 word against the servated edge 51" of the | and the other at the rear side of the platen, 100 blade 51 which at this time serves as a cutter or severing device.

It will be noted that by my present invention I provide a tally strip supporting 40 bracket which is adjustable longitudinally of the platen and platen carrier; that the platen earrier has parallel rods supported on its end bars, said supporting bracket being carried by said rods; that one of these rods 45 is arranged above the platen and the other at the rear side of the platen; that said bracket comprises a barrel or barrel portion supported on one of said rods, and a forked arm ecoperating with the other of 50 said rods; that parallel standards rise from the barrel portion of the bracket, said standards carrying the tally roll; that collars are provided on one of said rods which prevent endwise movement of the bracket after it has 55 been adjusted in the desired position; that a paper feeding device is provided, which device comprises a pivoted gravity frame on the carriage, said gravity frame carrying a from and a forked arm projecting rearclamping or gripping blade and cooperat-60 ing bar; that said blade also serves as a cutter or severing device; that said pivoted paper feeding device is operative to clamp the paper when said device is swung in one direction and is inoperative on the paper 65 when the device is swung back in the oppo-

site direction; that the paper clamping device receives the paper at the delivery side of the platen; that duplex means are provided for operating said paper feeding device, one of said duplex means being at one 70 side of the platen and the other at the opposite side: that one of said duplex means is hand-operated and the other is automatic in its action, the automatic means being at the rear side of the platen and the hand-operat- 75 ing means or finger piece 44 at the front side carriage in one direction but is immovable by the cooperating devices during the travel of the carriage in the opposite direction. ...

Various changes may be made without de- 85 parting from the spirit and scope of my

What I claim as new and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is:-

1. In a typewriting machine, the combi- 90 nation of a platen, and a tally strip supporting bracket adjustable longitudinally of the platen, said supporting bracket carrying the

and a tally strip supporting bracket carried by said rods, said bracket being pivotally supported on the rod arranged above the platen and engaging with the rod at the rear of the platen so as to be held from turning 105 accidentally on the rod above the platen.

3. In a typewriting machine, the combination of a platen, a platen carrier having parallel rods supported on its end bars, and a tally strip supporting bracket carried by 110said rods, said bracket comprising a barrel portion pivotally supported on one of said rods, and a forked arm coöperating with the other of said rods to hold said barrel

portion from turning on the first rod. 4. In a typewriting machine, the combination of a platen, a platen carrier having parallel rods supported on its end bars, and a tally strip supporting bracket carried by said rods, said bracket comprising a barrel 120 portion pivotally engaging one of said rods and having parallel standards rising therewardly from said barrel, said forked arm engaging one of said rods and preventing 125 the barrel portion from turning on the other of said rods, said standards carrying the tally roll and said forked arm engaging with one of said rods.

5. In a typewriting machine, the combi- 130

nation of a platen, a platen carrier having a rod supported on its end bars, and a tally strip supporting bracket comprising a barrel portion surrounding said rod and adjustable

s lengthwise thereof.

6. In a typewriting machine, the combination of a platen, a platen carrier having parallel rods supported on its end bars, and a tally strip supporting bracket carried by 10 said rods, said bracket being adjustable lengthwise of said rods, and collars on one of said rods for maintaining said bracket in adjusted position.

7. In a typewriting machine, the combi-15 nation of a platen, a platen carrier, a tally strip supporting bracket mounted on said carrier, said bracket comprising a barrel and standards integral therewith, said standards carrying the tally roll and being adjust-20 able toward and away from each other to cooperate with the ends of the roll core to

serve as a brake therefor.

8. In a typewriting machine, the combination of a platen, and a paper feeding de-25 vice operative to clamp the paper and pull it around the platen, said device having a

single normal position.

9. In a typewriting machine, the combination of a platen, and a pivotally mounted space distance and the paper feeding device | said duplex means being automatic and the returning always to the same normal posi- other being hand actuated. tion after each line spacing operation.

10. In a typewriting machine, the combi-40 nation of a platen, a pivotally mounted paper feeding device, means for swinging said device in one direction on us pivot to feed the paper, said paper feeding device being restored to normal position by gravity 45 at the end of each line spacing operation.

11. In a typewriting machine, the combination of a platen, a pivotally mounted frame, and a paper clamp on said frame operative to grip the paper at a fresh point 50 for each line spacing operation, the point at which the paper is gripped for each line spacing operation remaining unaltered until the completion of said line spacing operation.

55 12. In a typewriting machine, the combination of a platen, a pivotally mounted frame, and a paper clamp on said frame, said clamp comprising a fixed member and a movable member, said members coöperating to grip the paper at a fresh point for each

line spacing operation.

13. In a typewriting machine, the combination of a piaten, a piaten carrier, a grav-- ity frame pivotally mounted on said carrier,

said frame when released returning automatically to normal position at the end of each line spacing operation.

14. In a typewriting machine, the combination of a platen, a paper feeding device 70 operative to clamp the paper and pull it around the platen, the point at which the paper is clamped for each line spacing operation remaining unaltered during said line spacing operation, and deplex means for 75 operating said device.

15. In a typewriting machine, the combination of a platen, a paper feeding device operative to clamp the paper and pull it around the plater, the point at which the 80 paper is clamped for each line spacing operation remaining unaltered during said line spacing operation, and means for automatic-

ally actuating said device.

16. In a typewriting machine, the combi- 85 nation of a carriage, a platen thereon, a paper feeding device having a single normal position and operative to clamp the paper at a single point or place throughout each line spacing operation and pull it around the 90 platen, and means operative automatically during the travel of the carriage for actuating said device.

17. In a typewriting machine, the combi-30 paper feeding device in which the paper may | nation of a platen, a paper feeding device 95 be clamped so that when said device is having a single normal position and operswung on its pivot the paper will be pulled ative to clamp the paper at a single point or around the platen, the point at which the place throughout each line spacing operapaper is clamped remaining unchanged dur- | tion and pull it around the platen, and du-35 ing the advance of the paper through a line plex means for operating said device, one of 100

18. In a typewriting machine, the combination of a platen, a paper feeding device having a single normal position and oper- 105 ative to clamp the paper at a single point or place throughout each line spacing operation and pull it around the platen, and means operative automatically during the travel of the carriage for actuating said de- 110 vice, said device being also operative by hand.

19. In a typewriting machine, the combination of a platen, a paper feeding mechanism movable bodily with the pl. ten and also 115 movable independently thereof, said mechanism comprising a clamping device operative to grip the paper at a point which remains constant for each entire line spacing operation.

20. In a typewriting machine, the combination of a platen, a pivotally mounted paper feeding member and a paper clamp on said member, said paper clamp being operative to clamp the paper when said member 125 is swung in one direction and being inoperative on the paper when the clamp is swung in the opposite direction.

21. In a typewriting machine, the combi-65 and a paper clamp on said gravity frame, nation of a platen, a platen carrier, and a 130 paper feeding device pivotally supported on said carrier, said paper feeding device comprising a movable frame, a paper clamp and a paper guide, said movable frame being automatically restored by gravity to normal position at the end of each line spacing operation and said paper clamp automatically releasing the paper.

22. In a typewriting machine, the combi-10 nation of a platen, a platen carrier having a rod supported on its end bars, a tally strip supporting bracket on said rod, and a device for feeding the tally strip also supported on said rod, said device comprising an 15 automatically releasable feeding clamp.

23. In a typewriting machine, the combination of a platen, a platen carrier having a rod supported on its end bars, a tally strip supporting bracket on said rod, and a device pivoted on said rod for feeding the tally

strip.

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24. In a typewriting machine, the combination of a platen, a platen carrier having a rod supported on its end bars, a tally strip supporting bracket on said rod, a device pivoted on said rod for feeding the tally strip, and means on said bracket for limiting the pivotal movements of said device.

25. In a typewriting machine, the combination of a platen, a platen carrier having a
rod connecting its end bars and a paper feeding device pivoted on said rod, said device
comprising a frame having a transverse bar,
and a clamping blade coöperative with said
bar, said clamping blade being pivoted on
said frame and operating automatically to
release the paper at the end of each line
spacing operation.

nation of a platen, a platen frame having a rod connecting its end bars, a paper feeding device pivoted on said rod, said device comprising a frame having a transverse bar, a clamping blade coöperative with said bar, said clamping blade being pivoted on said frame and operating automatically to release the paper at the end of a line spacing operation, and a guide also mounted on said frame.

27. In a typewriting machine, the combination of a platen, a taily strip roll mounted above the platen, and a paper clamp at the delivery side of the platen, said clamp having a single normal position and being pivotally mounted and adapted when actuated to pull the tally strip around the platen and off the tally strip roll.

28. In a typewriting machine, the combination of a platen, a tally strip feeding device comprising a pivoted frame carrying a claim mounted above the platen, means at one side of the platen for automatically operating said pivoted frame, and means at the opposite side of the platen for actuating said pivoted frame by hand.

29. In a typewriting machine, the combination of a platen, a platen carrier, a paper feeding device pivoted on said platen carrier, and means for swinging said device on its pivot to feed the paper, said means comprising a cam supported on a fixed part of the machine.

30. In a typewriting machine, the combination of a platen, a paper feeding device, and means for automatically actuating said 75 paper feeding device, said means comprising a slidable spring-pressed cam and a co-acting part movable by said cam and also operative

to move said cam.

31. In a typewriting machine, the combination of a platen, a platen carrier, a paper feeding device, and means for actuating said paper feeding device, said means comprising a cam which is slidable during movement of the carrier in one direction, said cam being 85 fixed against movement when brought into operation by the movement of the carrier in the opposite direction.

32. In a typewriting machine, the combination of a paper feeding device comprising 90 a clamp for gripping the paper at a single point for each line spacing movement, and means for actuating said paper feeding device, said means comprising a slotted plate, guide screws coöperating with the slots in 95 said plate, a spring operative to maintain said plate in normal position, and a cam on said plate operative to move said clamp.

and a clamping blade cooperative with said bar, said clamping blade being pivoted on said frame and operating automatically to release the paper at the end of each line spacing operation.

33. In a typewriting machine, the combination of a platen, a platen carrier, a rod 100 pivotally mounted on said carrier, releasable means for securing said rod in a fixed relation with said carrier, and a tally strip

34. In a typewriting machine, the combination of a platen, a platen carrier, a bar arisnged lengthwise of said carrier, said bar being pivoted at one end to said carrier and being secured by a detachable screw at the opposite end of said carrier, a tally strip 110 bracket on said rod, and means for adjusting said bracket lengthwise of said rod.

35. In a typewriting machine, a paper feeding device comprising a clamping member movable to feed the paper, which mem- 115 ber also serves as a severing device for the

paper.

36. In a typewriting machine, a paper feeding device comprising a fixed clamping member and a pivoted clamping member, 126 one of said members also serving as a severing device for the paper.

37. In a typewriting machine, the combination of a paper feeding frame, a clamping blade pivoted on said frame, and a cooperating bar secured to said frame, said clamping blade also serving as a severing device for the paper.

38. In a typewriting machine, the combination of a platen, a platen frame, a support 130

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variably adjustable on said platen frame, said support carrying a tally strip, means for securing said support in adjusted positions, and means for advancing said tally s strip line by line independently of said · platen.

39. In a typewriting machine, the combination of a platen, a platen frame, a support variably adjustable on said platen frame, 19 said support carrying a tally strip, means for securing said support in adjusted positions. and means carried by said support for advancing said tally strip line by line.
40. In a typewriting machine, the combi-

nation of a platen, a platen frame, a support 15 variably adjustable on said platen frame, said support carrying a tally strip, means for securing said support in adjusted positions, and a clamp operative to grip the tally strip and draw the same around the platen, 20 said clamb being carried by said support.

Signed at Syracuse in the county of Onondaga and State of New York this 3rd day of

December A. D. 1908.

HERBERT H. STEELE.

Witnesses:

GEORGE L. COLING, Bessie G. Kittell.