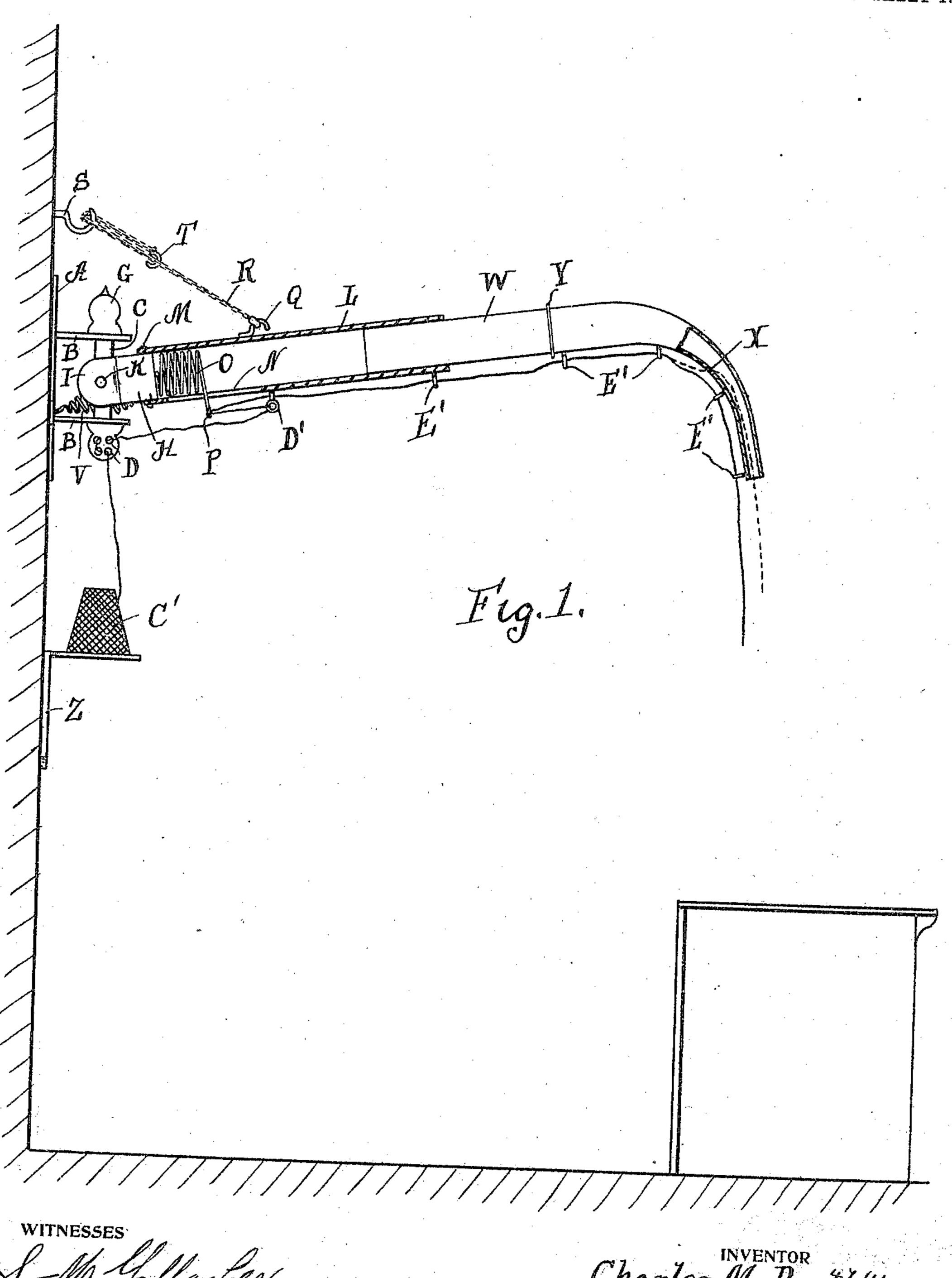
C. M. BARTLETT. TWINE CARRIER. APPLICATION FILED NOV. 11, 1909.

951,587.

Patented Mar. 8, 1910.



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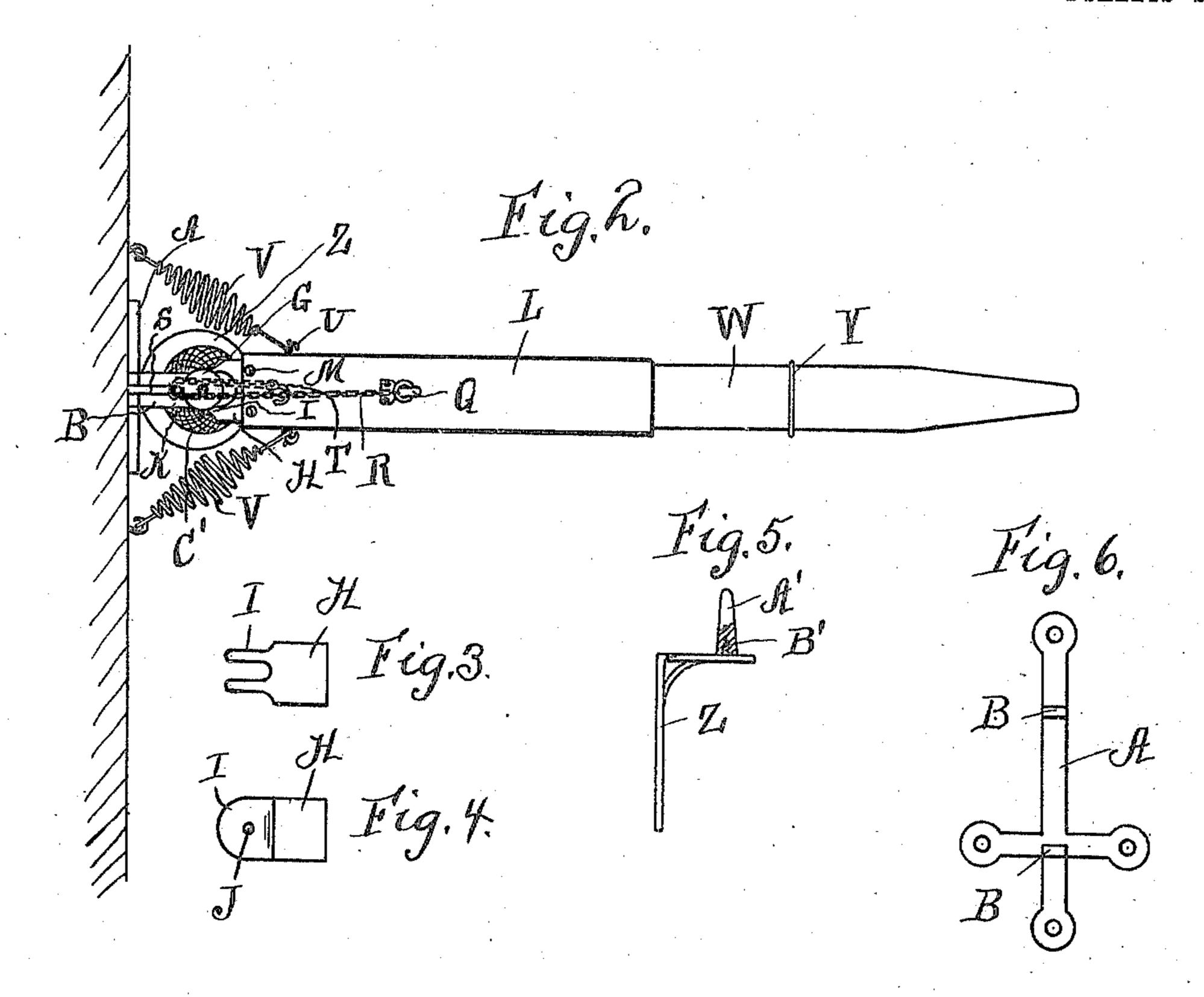
TWINE CARRIER.

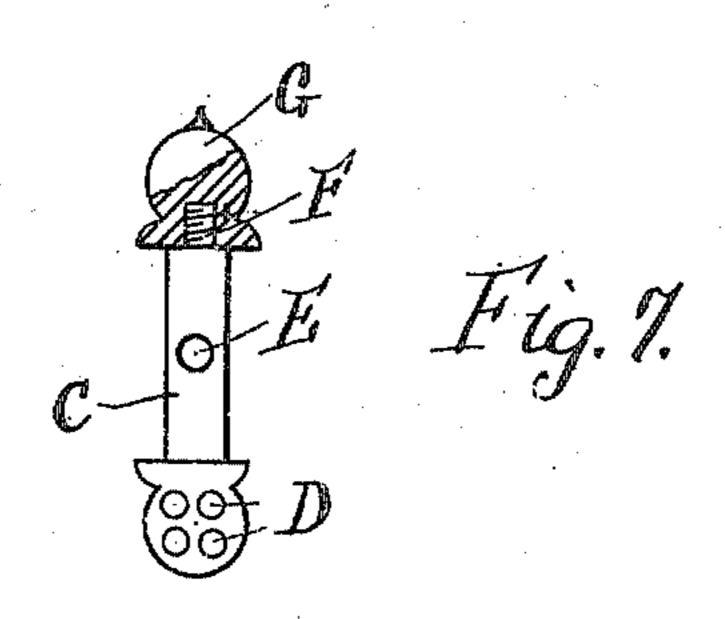
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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

CHARLES M. BARTLETT, OF LYNCHBURG, VIRGINIA.

TWINE-CARRIER.

951,587.

Specification of Letters Patent. Patented Mar. 8, 1910.

Application filed November 11, 1909. Serial No. 527,501.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, CHARLES M. BARTLETT, a citizen of the United States, residing at Lynchburg, in the county of Campbell and 5 State of Virginia, have invented a certain new and useful Improvement in Twine-Carriers, of which the following is a specification.

My invention relates to a new and useful 10 improvement in twine carriers, and has for its object to provide an exceedingly simple and effective device of this character whereby twine may be held in a convenient position in proximity to the counter or other 15 object in the store so that a clerk may readily take hold of said twine when using the same.

Another object of the invention is to provide an easy and efficient means for adjust-20 ing the device so that it will at all times be above the heads of persons and out of the way of objects which may be carried by the place.

A further object of the invention is to 25 provide means for normally holding the device in one position but allowing the same to be swung from side to side.

A still further object of the invention is to provide a take-up device for taking up 30 the slack twine after it has been used, thus holding the end away from the counter so that it will be prevented from becoming tangled or entwined about objects which may be upon the counter.

With these ends in view, this invention consists in the details of construction and combination of elements hereinafter set forth and then specifically designated by the claims.

In order that those skilled in the art to which this invention appertains may understand how to make and use the same, I will describe its construction in detail, referring by letter to the accompanying drawing forming a part of this specification, in which—

Figure 1 is a sectional side elevation of my improved twine carrier showing its relation to a counter. Fig. 2, a plan view thereof without the counter. Fig. 3, a plan view 50 of the connecting member. Fig. 4, a side elevation thereof. Fig. 5, a side elevation of the bracket for holding the twine, a portion of the cone being broken away. Fig. 6, a face view of the bracket to which the car-55 rier is fastened, and Fig. 7, a side elevation

of the pin which acts as the axle for the carrier, a portion of the nut being broken

away.

In carrying out my invention as here embodied, A represents a bracket having 60 arms B through which passes the pin C, the lower end of which has a number of evelets D, the body of said pin being provided with a hole E and having a threaded upper end I on which is mounted a nut G. To this 65 pin is attached the connecting member H having prongs I in which are formed the holes J. One of these prongs rests upon each side of the pin C and is held in place by a pin K which passes through the holes 70 J in the connecting member H and the hole E in the pin C. The connecting member H is placed in the end of the arm L, said arm being formed of suitable tubing and is held thereto by screws M or their equivalent 75 which pass through the arm L into the connecting member H; said arm is provided with a slot N in its lower side wall through which passes one end of the coil spring O, said end having a loop P formed there- 80 from. This spring acts as the take-up for the slack twine as will be hereinafter described. To the top of this tube is secured a hook Q to which is attached one end of the chain R, said chain passing upward 85 from a hook S attached to the wall or other object, then returning upon itself, the end thereof being fastened to the other strand by a hook T carried by said end, which is passed through one of the links of said 90 chain. In this means the arm may be adjusted to any height. To the sides of this arm are attached other hooks U, to which is secured one end of each of the helical springs V, the opposite ends of said springs 95 being attached to hooks or eyelets placed in the wall. These springs will normally hold the arm at right angles to the wall, but will allow said arm to be drawn to one side or the other.

W denotes the extension arm, which is smaller than the arm L and slides therein, the friction between the two holding it in place. Said friction may be produced in any ordinary manner, one way of accom- 105 plishing the same being to leave the seam of the tube W open and to spring said tube into place. The outer end of said tube is gradually reduced in size, thus making a neater looking device, and at the same time 110

reducing the weight upon the outer end, and this outer end has an opening X, the purpose of which will be later described. With the tube W is formed a rib Y which will abut the outer end of the tube L when said tube W is forced inward. This will prevent said tube from passing too far into the tube L.

Z is the twine bracket which should be 10 fastened directly beneath the carrier, and on this bracket is mounted a cone A' by threading a screw B' through the bracket and into the base of said cone. On this cone is placed the ball of twine C' which 15 is passed upward to and back and forth through the eyelets D formed with the pin C, then through the lower eye of the double eyelet D', then backward through the loop P of the take-up device, then forward 20 through the upper eye of the double eyelet D', through the eyelets E' secured to the tubes, and from the end one the twine will hang down so that a person may readily take hold of the same. If preferred the 25 twine may be passed through the opening X and then through the outer end of the tube W, from which point it will hang down as shown by dotted lines in Fig. 1.

The device is placed upon a wall or similar object and the height of the outer or
free end adjusted by the chain R. The
twine is threaded through the eyes and allowed to hang down from the end of the
device so that it may be readily taken hold
of by the operator. By pulling upon the
twine any amount may be withdrawn from
the ball C' and the friction produced by
drawing said twine through the holes D
will cause the spring O to expand, and
when the end of the twine is released, said
spring will contract, drawing the outer end
of the twine upward or taking up the slack
left in said twine.

Of course I do not wish to be limited to the exact details of construction here shown as these may be varied within the limits of the appended claims without departing from the spirit of my invention.

Having thus fully described my inven-50 tion what I claim as new and useful, is—

1. In a device of the character described, a bracket, an arm movably attached thereto,

said arm having a slot therein, a take-up device consisting of a coil spring placed in said arm, the end thereof passing through 55 the slot having a loop formed therefrom, an adjusting arm slidably mounted in the first named arm, eyelets secured to said arms, and means for normally holding the arms at right angles to the object to which the de- 60 vice is attached.

2. In a twine carrier, a bracket, a pin movably secured to said bracket, a connecting member having prongs formed therewith secured to the pin, an arm, in one end of 65 which is mounted the connecting member, and an adjusting arm slidably mounted in the outer end of the first named arm, for the purpose set forth.

3. In combination, a bracket having arms 70 formed therewith, a pin having an eyelet formed on its lower end, the body of said pin being provided with an opening and having a threaded upper portion, said pin adapted to pass through the arms of the 75 bracket, a nut threaded on the upper end of said pin, a connecting member having prongs formed therewith provided with openings, said arms resting upon both sides of the pin, another pin passing through 80 the openings in the prongs and pin, a tube provided with a slot mounted upon the connecting member, a take-up device consisting of a coil spring mounted in said arm, the end of said spring passing through the slot 85 and having a loop formed therefrom, an adjusting arm slidably mounted in the outer end of the first named arm, said arm being gradually reduced toward its outer end and having a hole formed in said outer end, a 90 rib formed with said arm for limiting the rearward movement thereof, eyelets secured to said arms, hooks secured to the rear arm, a chain for adjusting the vertical movement of the arm, and helical springs for normally 95 holding the arms at right angles to the object to which the device is attached.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto affixed my signature in the presence of two subscribing witnesses.

CHAS. M. BARTLETT.

Witnesses:

A. J. Kohler, J. L. Ryan.