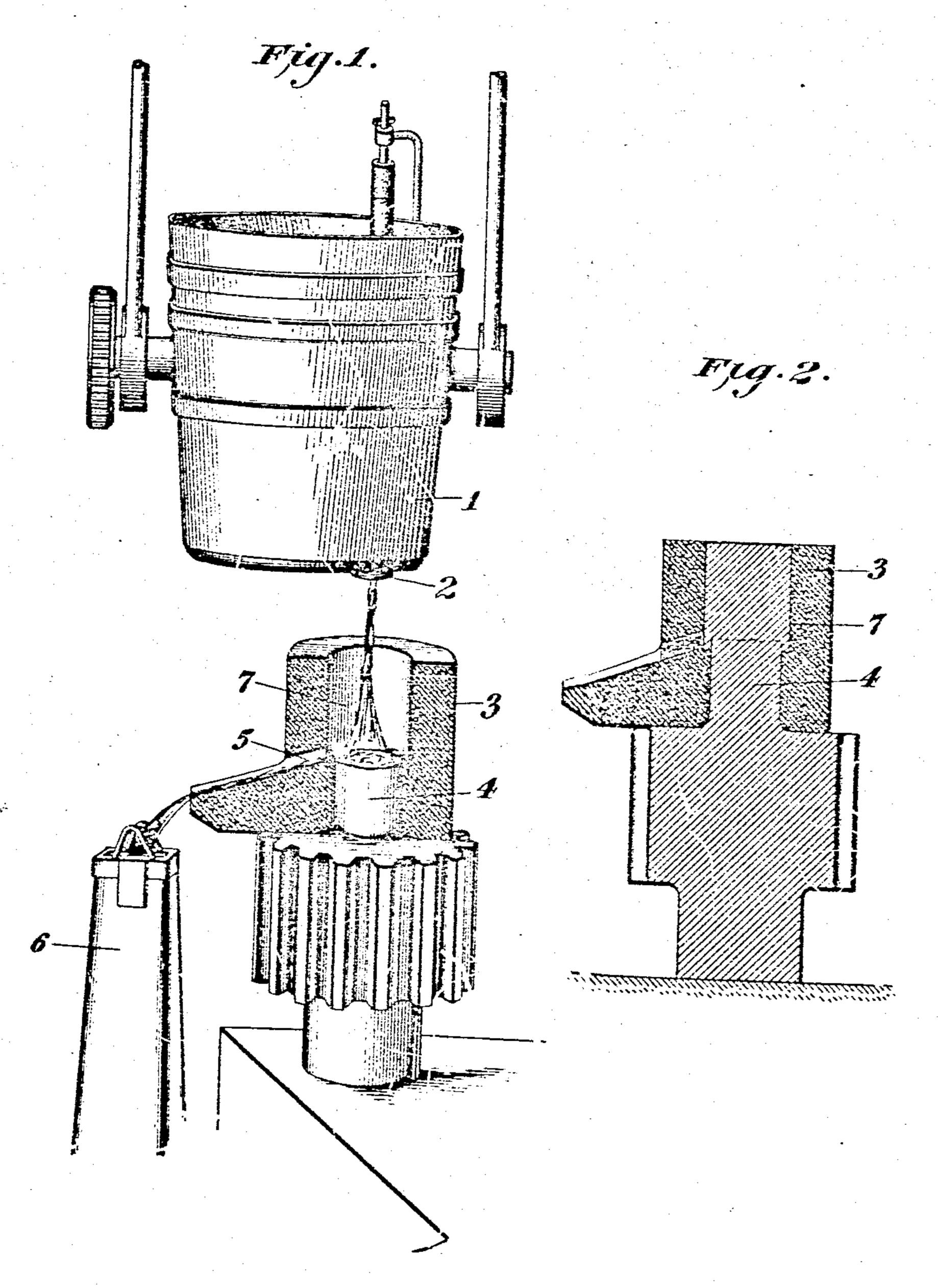
S. MEISSNER.
FUSING PROCESS.
APPLICATION FILED AUG. 4, 1908.

947,835.

Patented Feb. 1, 1910.



WITNESSES,

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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

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FUSING PROCESS.

947,835.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented Feb. 1, 1910.

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To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Scorr Meissner, a citizen of the United States, residing in the city of Johnstown, in the county of Cambria and State of Pennsylvania, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Fusing Processes; and I do hereby declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, such as will 56 enable others skilled in the art to which it appertains to make and use the same.

My invention relates to a process of fusing metals and more particularly to a method of building up or fusing together parts of 15 metal castings, forgings or similar articles which may have been fractured before the completion of the process of finishing, or after they have been put into use. This placed in position on the casting 4, the latter method is distinguished from those hereto-20 fore and now employed by the fact that an I trating how a new end section may be fused excess of material is used, such excess being on. The dry sand mold 3 has an internal utilized to wash away all trace of the slag portion 7 of a diameter greater than the diand of the metal produced by the combina- ameter of the end of the casting, in order that tion of the fusing compound with the steel; there may be sufficient metal to permit of 80 25 or other metal of which the article to be proper turning and finishing. An opening fused is composed.

metal which shall consist exclusively, or sub- ingot mold 6. stantially so, of the metal introduced after 30 the removal of the foreign material, and which shall be of a composition corresponding, as nearly as may be, with that of the ignited. A few seconds after the reaction metal constituting the article to be repaired is complete, the ladle is opened and molten or added to.

cases to speak of processes in which heat washed out, and the end of the casting resulting from the reaction between alumi- thoroughly cleaned by the falling stream of num and oxid of iron is made use of, as molten steel, the excess of steel being run 40 appropriate, inaspeach as the method is not and molten steel of a character corresponda welding process in the ordinary meaning ing with that of the original casting is alof that expression.

the fact that in my process the fusing com- annealing the casting. 45 pound is utilized solely for the heat which . It has been found that if the slag were not

is produced thereby. but not without some difficulty, castings of the molten mass but could be found in thin carbon steel, but great difficulty has been layers throughout the metal. Tests have 105 to encountered in attempting to repair castings i proven conclusively that such inferior reformed of special steel. These difficulties | sults have frequently been attained, not withare obviated by the use of my process, and not only castings of carbon steel, but those of nickel-steel, or other materials may 55 readily be repaired.

Although my process is applicable to cast-

ings, forgings or other articles made of various kinds of steel, iron or other materials, I will hereafter, for the sake of simplicity alone, confine my description to its applica- 60

tion to a steel casting.

In the accompanying drawings,—Figure 1 shows a casting, one portion of which is in process of being fused and built up in accordance with my improved method. Fig. 2 65 shows a similar easting after being built up, in section, such a mold, also in section, in proper position, such mold being enlarged at the top for the purpose hereinafter indicated.

Referring to the drawings in detail, 1 in- 70 dicates a ladle of suitable construction, provided with an opening 2 for the discharge of the molten steel into a sand mold 3, which is having been selecte bear the purpose of illus- 75 or gate 5 is provided in the mold, the metal The object is the formation of a body of issuing therefrom being discharged into an

In carrying out my process, a fusing com- 85 pound, which may consist of aluminum and oxid of iron, is placed in the mold and steel run into the mold. The gate is then 90 Although it has been customary in many opened and all of the contents of the mold welding processes, such term is not in fact into ingot molds. The gate is then closed 95 lowed to rise in the mold to the height de-I wish to lay particular emphasis upon sired. Shrinkage strains may be avoided by

entirely washed away in the manner indi-Heretofore it has been possible to repair. ; cated, it would not all rise to the surface of standing the exercise of great care, and such tests have also proven, on the other hand, that new sections added in accordance with 110 my improved method are firmly knit to the original easting, are free from imperfections

and are in every way as good as new. Many between aluminum and an oxygen-containexpensive castings, which must otherwise be discarded, can thus be repaired and made | metal from another source, allowing the same practically perfect.

It will be obvious that this process may be used in fusing together parts of a broken casting as well as for fusing on a new piece of metal, or that the adjoining ends of the rails of a track may be thus fused.

Although my process is as hereinbefore stated, applicable to castings, forgings or other articles made of various kinds of steel, 15 steel castings, as attempts made to fuse or | compound, then adding, from another source, 45 successful, while it has been done with great success by my method.

I have described my invention in con-20 siderable detail but do not wish to be limited to the exact steps specified, reserving the right to make such changes, alterations and additions as fall within the scope of the ap-

pended claims.

Having thus described my invention, what I claim as new and desire to secure by Letters Patent is:

1. The process which consists in fusing a portion of a metallic object by subjecting the 30 same to the heat resulting from the reaction

ing metallic compound, then adding molten to flow over the surface of said metallic object and thence escape, thereby removing 35 the slag and foreign material therefrom, then stopping the escape of said molten metal and continuing the addition thereof as desired, thereby forming a body of metal integral with the aforesaid object.

2. The process which consists in fusing a portion of a metallic object by subjecting the iron or other materials or alloys, it is par- same to the heat of the reaction between aluticularly useful in connection with nickel- minum and an oxygen-containing metallic weld these in other ways have proved un- molten metal of approximately the same composition as said object, allowing the molten metal to escape thence, thereby removing the slag and foreign material, then stopping the escape of said molten metal and 50 continuing the addition thereof as desired, thereby forming a body of metal integral with, and of approximately the same composition as the aforesaid object.

In testimony whereof I hereto affix my 55 signature in the presence of two witnesses. SCOTT MEISSNER.

Witnesses: WM. J. FITZMAURICE, Jr., CYRUS E. BROWN.