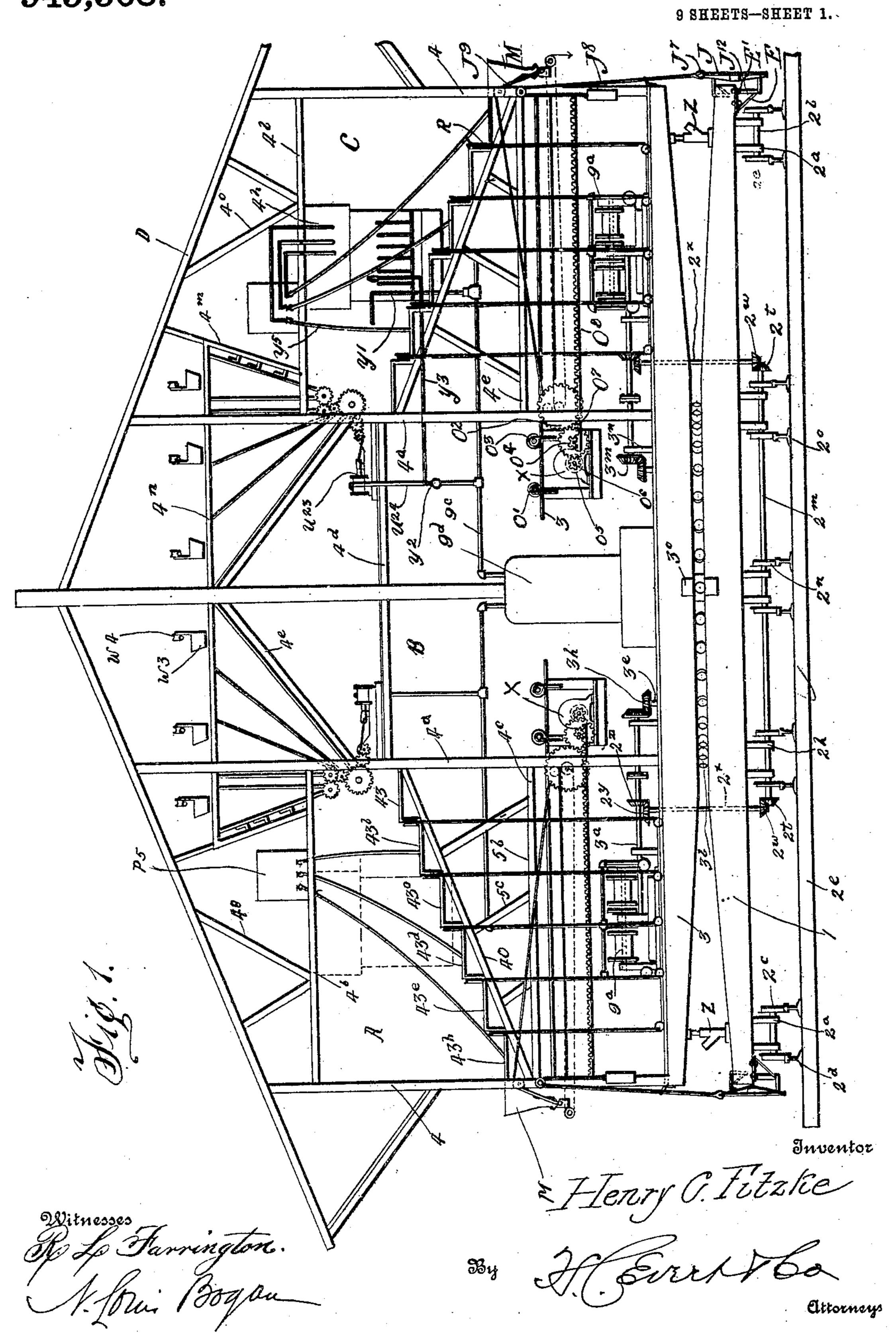
H. C. FITZKE.

CONCRETE MIXING MACHINE.

APPLICATION FILED MAR. 23, 1908.

945,508.

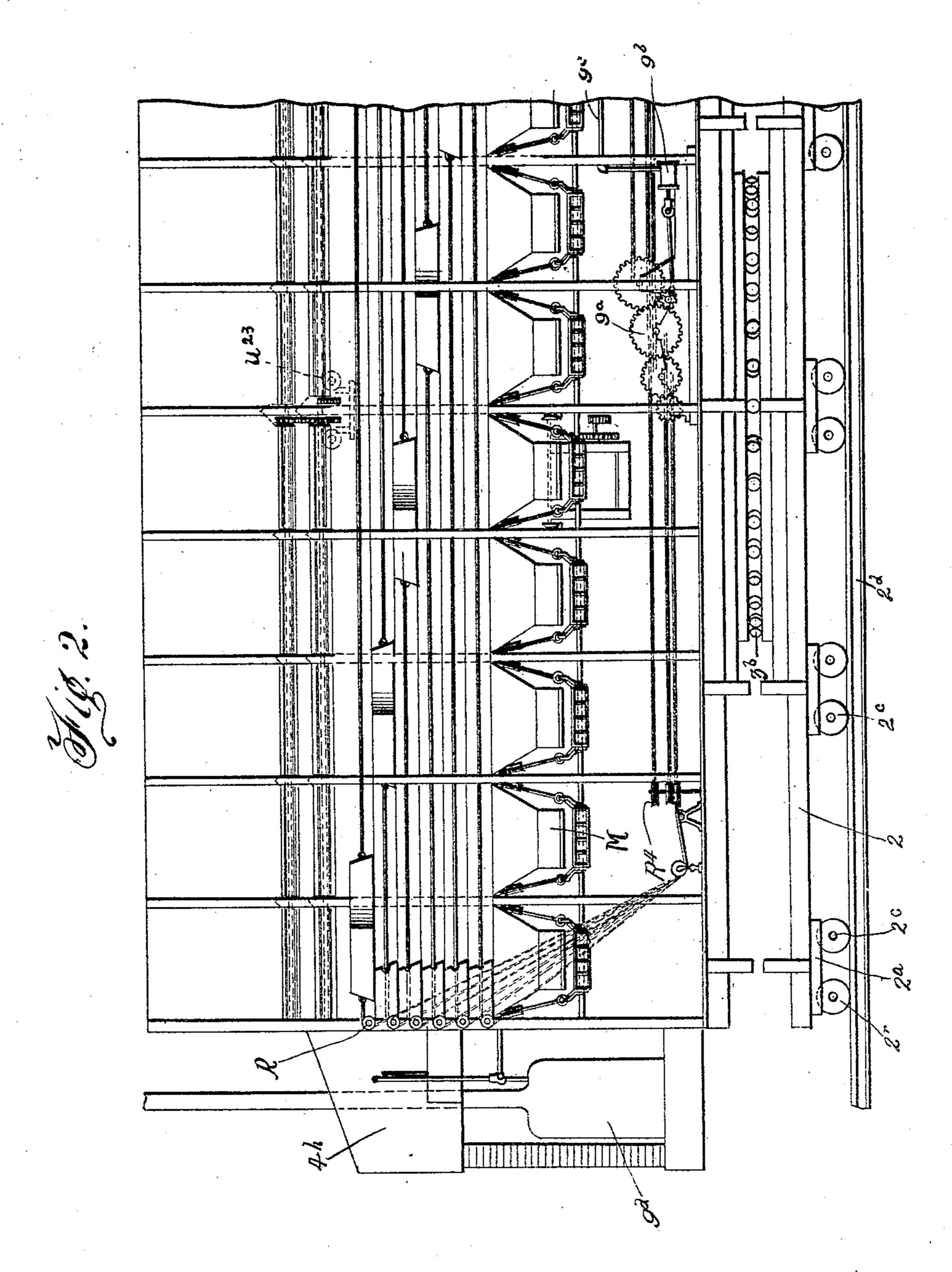
Patented Jan. 4, 1910.



945,508.

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Inventor

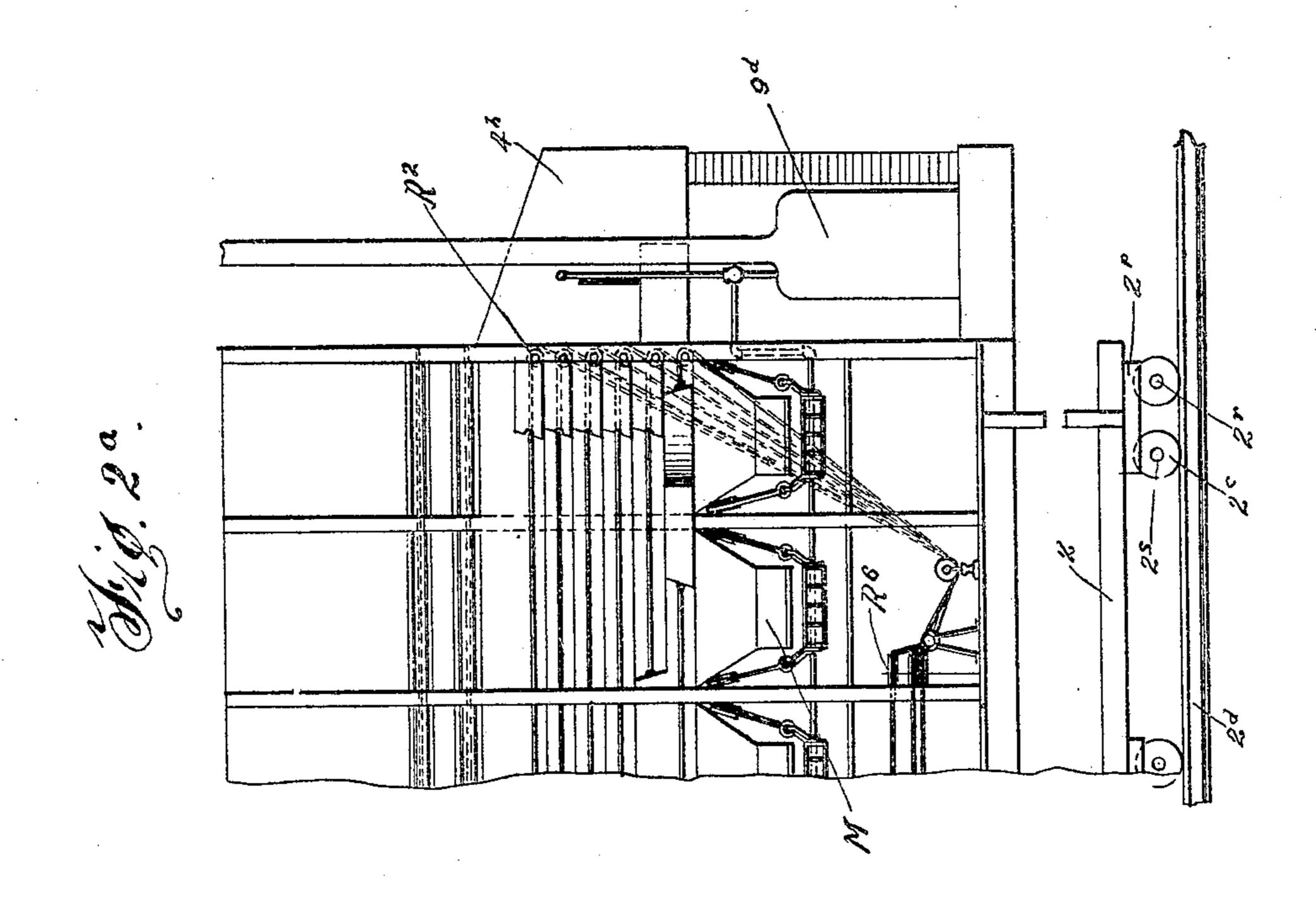
Witnesses
Marrington.
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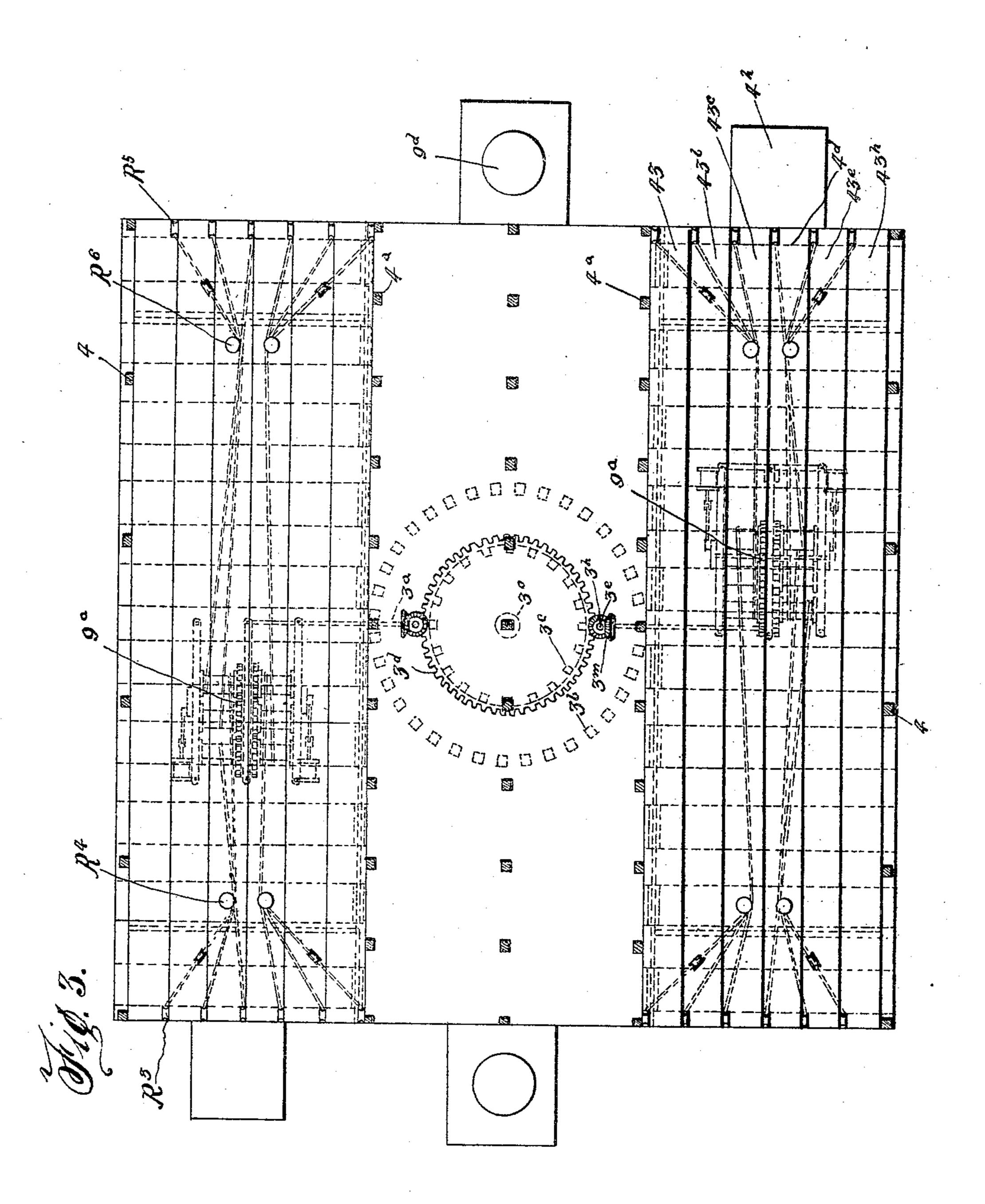
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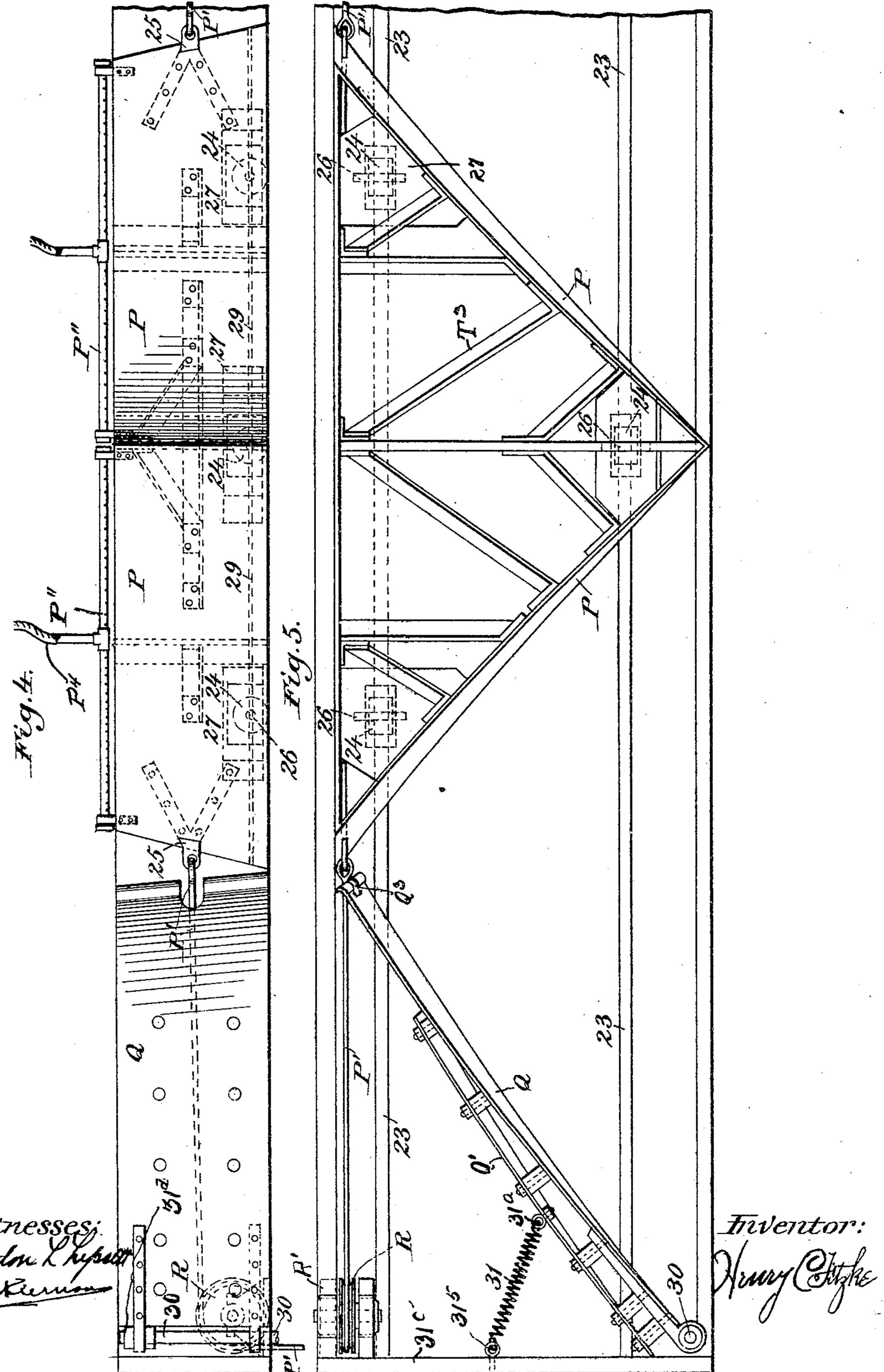
CONCRETE MIXING MACHINE.

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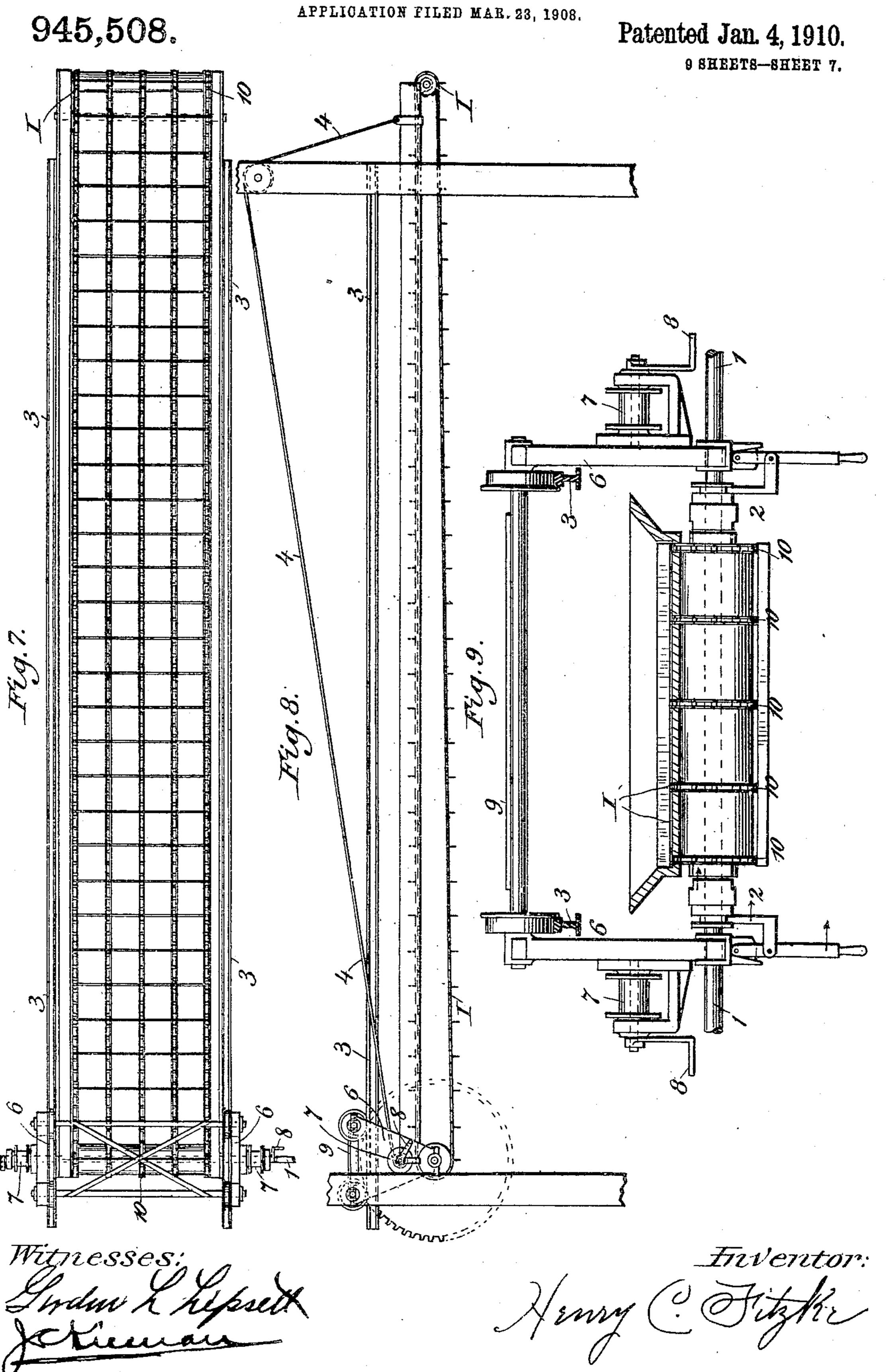
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H. C. FITZKE. CONCRETE MIXING MACHINE.

APPLICATION FILED MAR. 23, 1908. 945,508. Patented Jan. 4, 1910. 9 SHEETS-SHEET 6.

H. C. FITZKE,
CONCRETE MIXING MACHINE,



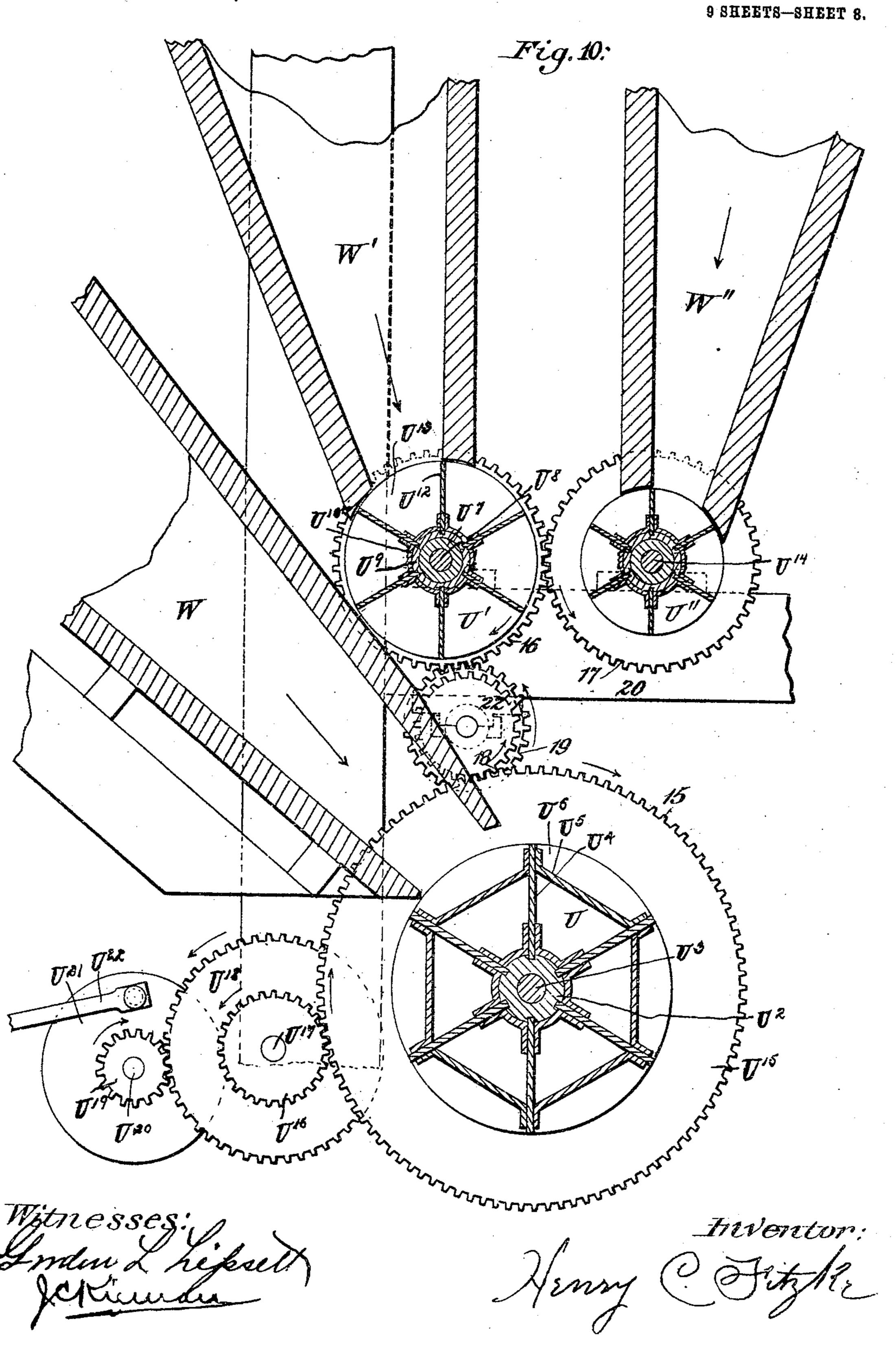
H. C. FITZKE.

CONCRETE MIXING MACHINE.

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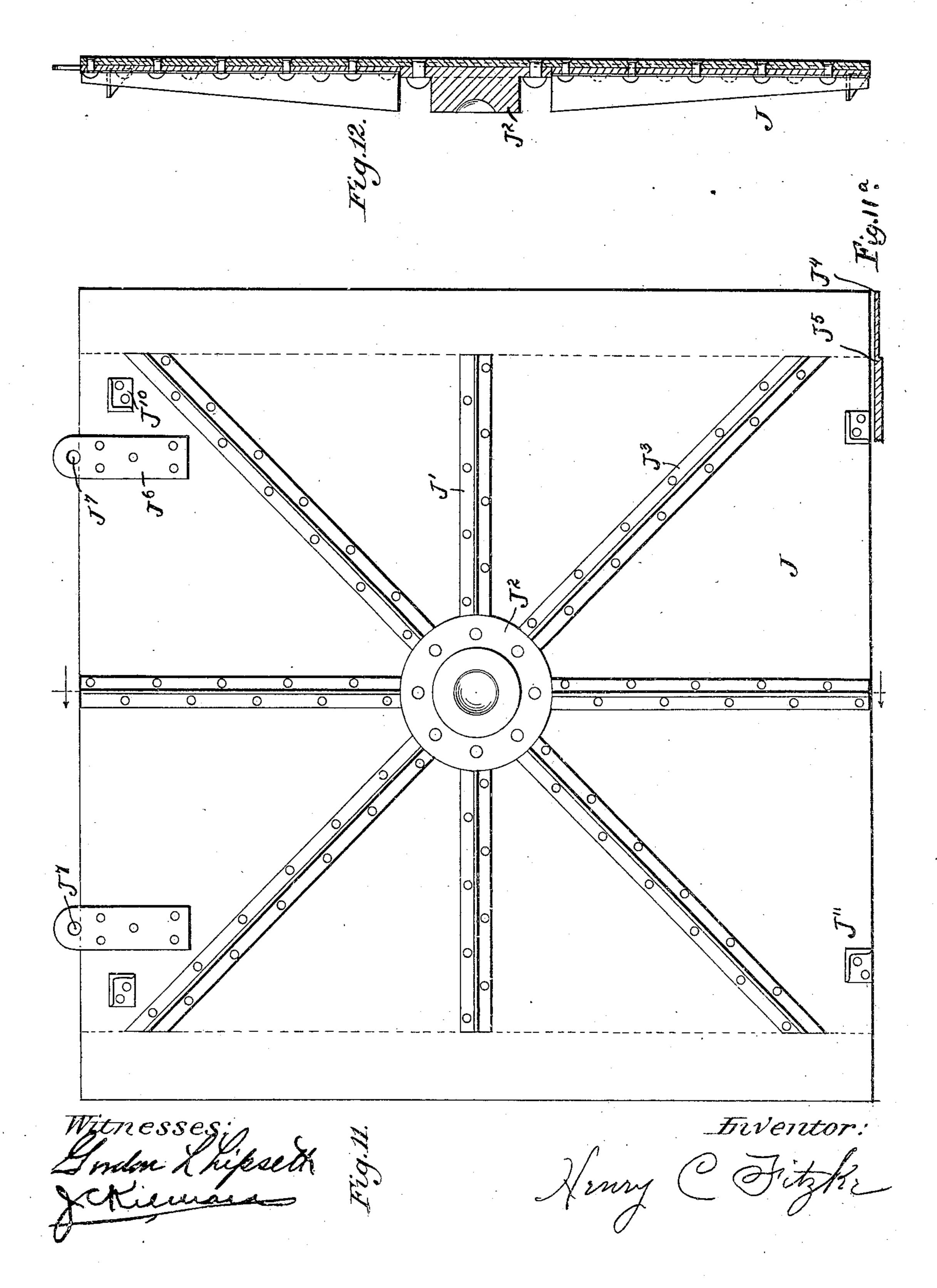
945,508.

Patented Jan. 4, 1910.



945,508.

Patented Jan. 4, 1910.
9 SHEETS—SHEET 9.



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

HENRY C. FITZKE, OF PECULIAR, MISSOURI.

CONCRETE-MIXING MACHINE.

945,508.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented Jan. 4, 1910.

Application filed March 23, 1908. Serial No. 422,852.

To all whom it may concern:
Be it known that I, Henry C. Fitzke, a citizen of the United States of America, at present residing at Peculiar, county of Cass, 5 Missouri, have invented a new and useful Concrete-Mixing Machine, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to a portable concrete mixing machine and the primary ob-10 ject thereof is to provide in a manner as hereinafter set forth a machine embodying means for mixing a concrete substance.

With the foregoing and other objects in view, the invention consists of the novel con-15 struction, combination and arrangement of parts hereinafter more specifically described and illustrated in the accompanying drawings, wherein is shown the preferred embodiment of the invention, but it is to be 20 understood that changes, variations and modifications can be resorted to which come within the scope of the claims hereunto appended.

In describing the invention in detail, ref-25 erence is had to the accompanying drawings wherein like reference characters denote corresponding parts throughout the several views, and in which,

Figure 1 is an end elevation of a machine 30 in accordance with this invention, Figs. 2 and 2a when taken together are a side elevation of the machine, Fig. 3 is a top plan also showing various elements of the machine in dotted lines, Fig. 4 is a front elevation of one 35 of the plows and a sweep, Fig. 5 is a top plan of one of the plows also showing the track therefor, the track being broken away at one end, Fig. 6 is an end view partly in section of a plurality of tracks for the plows 40 and platforms, the supports for the tracks being broken away, Fig. 7 is a plan of the conveyer, Fig. 8 is a side elevation of the conveyer, Fig. 9 is an end view partly in section of the conveyer, Fig. 10 is a sectional 45 view illustrating the combined measuring and feeding device for the materials which are admixed to form the concrete substance, Fig. 11 is a rear elevation of an adjustable

12 is a central sectional view of the form shown in Fig. 11. Referring to the drawings in detail, the machine comprises a portable base formed 55 of longitudinal and horizontally extending

50 stance, Fig. 11^a is a detail of the form, Fig.

form for the installing of the concrete sub-

beams 1, 2, respectively which are suitably secured together. Each of the horizontally extending beams at each end is provided with a pair of hangers or supports 2ª in which is journaled an axle 2b carrying 60 wheels 2° traveling upon the track rails 2d mounted upon the ties 2e. In one of the horizontally extending beams 1 is journaled an elongated axle 2^m carrying wheels 2ⁿ which travel upon track rails 2°. Each of 65 the longitudinally extending beams 2 is provided with hangers or supports 2ª in which are journaled axles 2r carrying wheels 2c which travel upon the rails 2d. The elongated axle 2^m at each end thereof is pro- 70 vided with a beveled pinion 2t, each of which meshes with a beveled gear 2w carried on the lower end of a vertically extending rotatable driven shaft 2x. These shafts extend up into a superstructure to be hereinafter 75 referred to and each has its upper end provided with a beveled gear 2^y meshing with the beveled gear 2z carried by a drive shaft 3ª to be hereinafter referred to. By such construction, it is evident that when the 80 drive shaft 3a is rotated, the shaft 2x will be driven causing the rotation of the axle 2m and the shifting of the machine base upon the track rails.

Adjustably mounted upon and supported 85 by the machine base is a superstructure carrying a duplex feeding and measuring mechanism, two sets of mixer plows, duplex sets of conveyer mechanism, duplex sets of water feeding devices, duplex sets of in- 90 stalling devices, and duplex operating mechanisms.

Before describing the various mechanisms specifically, a description of the superstructure will first be set forth. The superstruc- 95 ture comprises a base or platform 3 having interposed therebetween and the machine base a turntable consisting of a series of rollers 3^b and 3^c as shown in dotted lines in Fig. 3. The turntable further comprises a 100 circular tooth rack 3d with which engages gear wheels carried on the ends of the shafts 3e. The shafts 3e extend through the platform 3 and each on its upper end carries a beveled gear 3h meshing with the beveled 105 gear 3^m on the end of the shaft 3^a. These latter shafts are journaled in the uprights 3ⁿ connected to the platform 1. By the foregoing arrangement, it is evident that when either of the shafts 3ª is operated so as to 110

revolve the gear 3^m, motion will be transmitted to the shaft 3e and the sprocket wheel on the lower end of said shaft engaging with the rack 3° will shift the turng table thereby carrying the superstructure therewith. The turntable is connected in any suitable manner to the base or platform 3 and furthermore a pivoted connection is provided between the base 3 and the mato chine base as indicated at 3°. The superstructure further comprises besides the base or platform 3, the end supporting uprights 4, divisional walls 4a, the supports 4b, 4c, 4d, 4e, 4h, 4m, and 4h. The walls 4a divide the 15 superstructure into the chambers A, B, and C, the chamber B is the intermediate chamber while the chambers A, C, are the end chambers.

The roof for the superstructure is indi-20 cated at D and is supported by the divisional

walls 4ª and uprights 4°.

Within each of the chambers A, C, is arranged the mechanism for mixing and conveying the concrete substance and as the 25 mechanism in the chamber A is similar to that in the chamber C, but one will be described, as the description of such will apply to the other, similar reference characters being employed to designate the mechanisms 30 in such chambers. In each of the chambers A, C, is arranged supports 40, 5^b and 5^c, the supports 40 extending downwardly at an inclination, and braced by the supports 5^b and 5°. Upon the supports 40 is positioned a se-35 ries of platforms arranged in a step-like manner and which extends longitudinally with respect to the superstructure.

The platforms are indicated by the reference characters 43, 43b, 43c, 43d, 43e, and 43h 40 and are formed from longitudinally extending members 42 reinforced by metallic plates 43a. Strengthening frames 41 are riveted to the platforms and to the supports 40 as clearly shown in Fig. 6. Each of the plat-45 forms is provided with a pair of rails 23 upon which travel the wheels of a plow to be hereinafter referred to. Each of the platforms 43 at each inner corner has journaled

in bearings R' grooved pulleys.

The grooved pulley at one end of a platform is indicated by the reference character R and the pulley at the other end by the reference character R2. Traveling over the pulley R is a rope or cable P' and traveling 55 over the pulley R2 is a rope or cable P2. The members P' and and P2 are connected to the inner corner of a triangular-shaped plow P shiftably mounted on the rails 23 and which will be hereinafter more specifically referred 60 to. Pivotally mounted at each outer corner of a platform as at 30 is a sweep Q consisting of a metallic plate of a length substantially to extend from the outer to the inner edge of the platform. Carried by the inner 65 face of the sweep Q is a bar Q' to which is

attached one end 31° of an expansible spring 31. The other end 31^b of said spring is secured to a support 31° connected to the platform. The inner end of the sweep Q is rounded and cut-away as at Q³ through 70 which extends a rope or cable. The cutaway portion Q3 is approximately centrally of the inner end of the sweep Q and the said inner end of the sweep Q inclines away with respect to the plow. The lower portion of 75 the inner end of the sweep Q is adapted to be engaged by the lower portion of the side of the plow as clearly shown in Fig. 4, that is to say, when the plow moves toward the sweep, as the plow moves toward the sweep 80 and engages the inner end of the sweep, the sweep is forced toward the front end of the platform, such action being caused by the side of the plow, such operation of the sweep with respect to the plow cleans the adhering 85 material from the bottom of the plow and also sweeps from the platform that material which is interposed between the sweep and that side of the plow which engages the sweep. When the plow moves in the oppo-90 site direction the sweep is caused to assume an angular position with respect to the platform through the medium of a pulling spring 31. The pivot 30 is of a height approximately equal to that of the sweep and 95 extends through the strips or eyes 31^d which are fixedly secured to the sweep. The construction and arrangement of the sweep is clearly shown in Figs. 4 and 5.

Each of the plows P consists of a trian- 100 gular-shaped body portion with the side walls thereof inclined outwardly toward the bottom. The back and side walls of the body portion of the plow are braced through the medium of the bracing members T³. 105 Carried by the body portion of the plow at each corner thereof is a support 27 for a spindle 26, and which carries a roller 24, said rollers 24 traveling upon the track 23. At each inner corner of the body portion of 110 the plow is arranged an eye 25 having attached a flexible pulling member. Certain of the plows carry a pair of water spray pipes P" which are connected by the flexible hose connections P4 to a water supply P5.

The construction of the plows is clearly shown in Figs. 4 and 5. The plows are adapted to be shifted successively with respect to each other and longitudinally of the platforms and when moving toward the 120 ends of the platforms they eventually engage the inner ends of the sweeps Q and carry them outwardly in a manner as hereinbefore referred to. These sweeps scrape the material off of the sides of the plows. 125 The distance between the points Q³ and R' is about the same as from Q³ to the apex of the plow, now then when the rope or cable P² arrives at the end of the platform, the sweeps will extend longitudinally with re- 130

spect to the platform, when the plow moves back the spring 31 will pull the sweep back to position. By the use of these sweeps, the plows will be thoroughly cleansed of all ma-5 terial adhering to same and at the same time, the sweeps will keep the terminals of the platforms free from all material and prevent the plows from carrying or pushing any material off the ends of the platforms.

The ropes or cables P' and P² are alternately wound and unwound on and off a series of drums or windlasses 9a as shown in Figs. 1, 2 and 3. The members P' extend downwardly from the platforms and travel 15 over the sheaves ${
m R}^3$ and also over the sheaves R⁴, then wind upon or unwind off the drums or windlasses 9a. The flexible pulling members P² pass over the sheaves R⁵, then over the sheaves R⁶ and then unwind off or wind 20 on the drums or windlasses 9a. The drums or windlasses 9a are driven in a successive manner from the engine 9b which communicates with the steam line 9°, opening into a boiler 9d (Fig. 1) which is arranged at one 25 end of the chamber B. Two boilers are used, one for the mechanisms in the chamber A and the other for the mechanism in the chamber C.

One of the functions of the machine is to 30 provide means for thoroughly and economically mixing a plurality of ingredients to form a concrete substance, the ingredients being fed to the upper of the platforms in a manner hereinafter referred to. The in-35 gredients falling upon the upper of the platforms are dislodged or discharged therefrom through the medium of a plow, the material then falling upon and discharged from the next platform and such operation is contin-40 ued until all of the plows have successively acted upon the material which thoroughly admixes the same. During the operation of the three lower-most plows, water is supplied to the material through the medium of 45 the pipes P" which assist in causing the ingredients to adhere together. When the material reaches the lower-most platform, that is platform 43h, it is discharged into the hoppers M and from the hoppers fed to a se-50 ries or set of conveyers which are arranged below the platforms within the chamber A or the chamber C and extend transversely with respect to the chamber. The conveyers are so set up that they can be shifted later-55 ally with respect to the super-structure so as to deposit the concrete substance at various points or distances from the super-structure. The set of conveyers which are arranged in each chamber A or C is portable and the conveyers of the set are shifted laterally from a common driving mechanism but each conveyer of a set when used for conveying purposes can be operated independently of the other.

8 and 9 and each consists of hangers 6, the hangers of each conveyer of each set being arranged in parallelism with respect to each other and the hangers 6 of all the conveyers of a set have journaled therein a 70 drive shaft 1 which extends longitudinally with respect to the chamber in which the set of conveyers is positioned. The hangers 6 are secured to a truck 9 traveling upon a pair of rails M³ supported by the members 75 4 and 4a. Mounted upon the shaft 1 is a drum M⁵ which has attached thereto clutching members Me, upon which are loosely mounted the inner ends of the side rails M⁸. Upon the shaft 1 are mounted clutching 80 members M⁹ adapted to be shifted to engagement with the clutching members M°, whereby the drum M5 can be coupled with the shaft 1 so that it will be revolved. The actuating means for the clutching members 85 M⁹ and each of which consists of a shifting arm and a lever indicated by the reference character M¹³, the said means being carried by the hangers 6 at the lower ends thereof. Supported at the forward ends of 90 the side rails M⁸ is a drum N⁵. Traveling over the drums M5 and N5 is an endless conveyer belt I, formed by the carriers I2 into a series of divisions, each division adapted to receive a quantity of concrete substance 95 and which is discharged from the conveyer at the outer end thereof. When the drum M⁵ is clutched to the shaft 1, motion will be transmitted to said drum whereby the belt I will be caused to travel as will be evident. 100 The outer end of the conveyer is suspended by flexible cables 4^m which have their ends attached as at 4ⁿ to the side bars or plates M^s. The cables 4^m travel over the sheaves 4°' journaled in a support 4 and the said ca- 105 bles 4^m extend rearwardly and each is wound upon a drum 7 fixed to a rotatable shaft 7ª journaled in a bracket 7b attached to a hanger 6. For the rotation of the shaft 7a a handle 8 is provided. The shaft 1 is 110 driven from a motor X mounted in a carriage O which is provided at its top with wheels O' traveling upon a pair of tracks M³. A single motor X is employed for operating the shaft 1 to cause the travel of 115 the conveyer belts of a set together or intermittently and to also cause the shifting laterally of the entire set of conveyers. The shaft 1 carries a large gear wheel O2 which meshes with a gear wheel Oa mounted upon 120 a counter-shaft O4. The gear wheel O3 meshes with the pinion O⁵ on the motor shaft O⁶. The counter-shaft O⁴ is provided with a pinion O⁷ which meshes with the rack Os secured to the members 4 and 4a.

By the foregoing construction and arrangement of parts it is evident that when the clutching members M^s and M⁷ are in engagement with each other and that when The conveyers are best shown in Figs. 7, | the motor X is operated the drum M^5 will 130

be rotated causing a travel of the conveyer belt I. The set of conveyers will when the motor is operated, be shifted laterally owing to the engagement of the pinion O' with

5 the rack O^s.

The machine carries at each side thereof a plurality of forms, preferably ten in number, which constitute a means for forming the outer face of a wall when building the 10 same from the concrete substance. forms are so positioned with respect to the discharge end of the conveyer that the concrete substance will be deposited to one side of the form as clearly shown in Fig. 1, in 15 other words, the forms constitute what may be termed mold boards, each of said forms is rectangular in contour and indicated by the reference character J and formed of a steel plate reinforced by T-irons J' and also 20 reinforced centrally by a hub J2. The Tirons J' and hub J2 are riveted to the plate as at J3. The T-iron J' terminates at a point removed from each vertical edge of the plate, that portion of the plate at each 25 end which extends from the ends of the Tirons J' is reduced in thickness as at J⁴ whereby when the forms overlap, the inner face of the forms will be substantially in the same plane. The shoulders J⁵ formed by 30 the reduced ends J⁴ are on opposite faces of the plate with respect to each other. The plate at its top has secured thereto a pair of short hangers J6 which project from the top edges of the plate and are apertured as at 35 Jr. To the hangers Jo are attached counterbalanced suspension cables J^s which extend over sheaves J^o carried by the members 4. One face of the plate J at its top has connected thereto a pair of supporting ledges | 40 J¹⁰ and the plate has also secured in proximity to its bottom a pair of supporting ledges J¹¹. The forms are held in position by drop dogs J¹² carried by a bracket E, the dogs engaging the ledge J^{10} and J^{11} . The beams 1 also constitute means for assisting in maintaining the forms in position. Owing to the arrangement of the counter-balanced suspension means for the forms, they can be readily elevated when the dogs are released and also the jack screws as will be

evident. The ingredients to be mixed to provide a concrete substance are discharged upon the platform 43 from a duplex series of bins arranged in the top of the super-structure. By way of example it will be stated that crushed rock, sand and cement are employed to form the concrete substance. A set of bins is employed for each set of platforms. But one set of bins will be described, the description of the latter applying to the other

set.

The bins are designated by the reference 65 characters W, W' and W", the bin W for the crushed rock or gravel, the bin W' for

sand, and the bin W" for cement. In proximity to the outlet ends of the bin W is arranged a measuring device U consisting of a hub U² fixed to a shaft U³ and having secured thereto a radially extending series of 70 arms U⁴ connected together by plates U⁵ to provide compartments U. Arranged in proximity to the outlet ends of the bin W' is a measuring device U' consisting of a hub U' fixed to a shaft Us and surrounded by a 75 sleeve Uº which is also surrounded by a sleeve U10 having fixed thereto a radially extending series of plates U12 forming compartments U¹³. Arranged in proximity to the outlet of the bin W" is a measuring de- 80 vice U'' fixed to a shaft U¹⁴. The construction of the measuring device U" is similar to that of the measuring device U' but its capacity is not as great as the measuring device U'. Fixed to the shaft U³ is a large 85 gear wheel U15 which meshes with a pinion 18 carried by a counter-shaft U²², the latter being provided with a pinion U19 which meshes with a gear wheel U16 on the shaft Us. The gear wheel U16 meshes with the 90 gear wheel 17 on the shaft U¹⁴. The direction of rotation of the pinions 18 and 19, gears 16 and 17 and gear U¹⁵ is indicated by the arrows. The shafts U^s, U¹⁴ and 22 are carried by the support 20. The gear wheel 95 U15 is driven by a pinion U16 carried by a shaft U17 which has mounted thereon a large gear U18 meshing with the pinion U19 upon a shaft U20, the latter being provided with a crank disk U²¹ to which a crank rod U²² is 100 pivotally connected. On the operation of the crank disk U²⁰, motion is transmitted to the gear U¹⁵ which operates the measuring device U and through the medium of the pinions 18 and 19 and gears 16 and 17 the 105 measuring devices U' and U'' are operated. The crank rod U²² is operated by the engine U²³ mounted upon the support 4^d and connected by the pipe U²⁴ to the steam line 9°. The material is fed to the bins W, W' and 110 W" by the buckets W³ suspended upon the cable ways W4 and arranged in the top of the super-structure the upper ends of the bins W, W', W" being open so that the buckets can readily dump the material there- 115 in. At each end of the super-structure and oppositely disposed with respect to each other are pilot-houses Y for the operators, from each of the pilot-houses extends a throttle lever for opening and closing the 120 steam line to the engine 9^b and a throttle valve Y² is provided in the connection U²³ which is operated from the pilot-house by the lever U³. Levers Y⁴ extend from the pilot-house to valves Y⁵ in the water con- 125 ducting pipes P* so as to open and close the water supply when occasion so requires. Jacks Z are interposed between the beams 1 and the base or platform 3 so as to hold the super-structure in a perfect position.

What I claim is:

1. A machine for the purpose set forth comprising a plurality of longitudinally extending platforms arranged in a step-like manner, tracks embedded in each of said platforms, plows provided with rollers traveling upon said tracks, means for shifting said plows in opposite directions, and means whereby said plows are successively shifted with respect to each other when traveling in the same direction.

2. A machine for the purpose set forth comprising a plurality of platforms arranged in a step-like manner each of said platforms provided with a plurality of fracks, V-shaped plows having rollers at the front and rear thereof traveling upon said tracks, means for shifting said plows in opposite directions, means whereby said plows 20 are successively shifted with respect to each other, and an angularly disposed sweep at each end of a platform and associating with and engaged and operated in one direction by a plow, and means for operating the sweeps in the opposite direction.

3. A machine for the purpose set forth comprising a plurality of platforms arranged in a step-like manner, plows traveling upon said platforms, means for shifting said plows in opposite directions, means whereby said plows are successively shifted with respect to each other, and a sweep at each end of a platform and associating with

the plow.

4. A machine for the purpose set forth comprising a plurality of platforms arranged in a step-like manner, V-shaped plows traveling upon said platforms, means for shifting said plows in opposite direc-40 tions, means whereby said plows are successively shifted with respect to each other, and measuring devices for supplying to the uppermost platform materials to form a concrete mixture.

5. A machine for the purpose set forth comprising a plurality of platforms arranged in a step-like manner, plows traveling upon said platforms, means for shifting said plows in opposite directions, means 50 whereby said plows are successively shifted with respect to each other, measuring devices for supplying to the uppermost platform materials to form a concrete mixture, and a conveying means for the concrete mix-55 ture.

comprising a plurality of platforms arranged in a step-like manner, V-shaped plows traveling upon said platforms, means for shifting said plows in opposite directions, means whereby said plows are successively shifted with respect to each other, an angularly disposed sweep at each end of a platform and associating with and engaged and operated in one direction by a plow, I and measuring devices for supplying to the uppermost platform materials to form a concrete mixture.

7. A machine for the purpose set forth comprising a plurality of platforms ar- 70 ranged in a step-like manner, plows traveling upon said platforms, means for shifting said plows in opposite directions, means whereby said plows are successively shifted with respect to each other, a sweep at each 75 end of a platform and associating with the plow, and a measuring mechanism for supplying to the uppermost platform materials to form a concrete mixture.

8. A machine for the purpose set forth 80 comprising a plurality of platforms arranged in a step-like manner, tracks embedded in each of said platforms, V-shaped plows having rollers arranged therein, said rollers traveling upon said tracks, means for 85 shifting said plows in opposite directions, means whereby said plows are successively shifted with respect to each other when traveling in the same direction, measuring devices, for supplying to the uppermost plat- 90 form materials to form a concrete mixture, and means arranged in operative relation with the lowermost platform for receiving and conveying the concrete mixture.

9. A machine for the purpose set forth 95 comprising a plurality of platforms arranged in a step-like manner, plows traveling upon said platforms, means for shifting said plows in opposite directions, means whereby said plows are successively shifted 100 with respect to each other when traveling in the same direction, measuring devices for supplying to the uppermost platform materials to form a concrete mixture, and means arranged in operative relation with the low- 105 ermost platform for receiving and convey-

ing the concrete mixture.

10. A machine for the purpose set forth comprising a plurality of platforms arranged in a step-like manner, V-shaped 110 plows traveling upon said platforms, means for shifting said plows in opposite directions, means whereby said plows are successively shifted with respect to each other, an angularly disposed sweep at each end of 115 a platform and associating with and engaged and operated in one direction by a plow, measuring devices for supplying to the uppermost platform materials to form a concrete mixture, and means arranged in 120 6. A machine for the purpose set forth | operative relation with the lowermost platform for receiving and conveying the concrete mixture.

11. A machine for the purpose set forth comprising a plurality of platforms ar 125 ranged in a step-like manner, plows traveling upon said platforms, means for shifting said plows in opposite directions, means whereby said plows are successively shifted with respect to each other, a sweep at each 130

end of a platform and associating with the plow, measuring devices interposed between the feed supply and the platforms for supplying to the uppermost platform materials 5 to form a concrete mixture, and means arranged in operative relation with the lowermost platform for receiving and conveying

the concrete mixture.

12. A machine for the purpose set forth 10 comprising a plurality of platforms arranged in a step-like manner, V-shaped plows traveling upon said platforms, means for shifting said plows in opposite directions, means whereby said plows are succes-15 sively shifted with respect to each other when traveling in the same direction, measuring devices for supplying to the uppermost platform materials to form a concrete mixture, means arranged in operative rela-20 tion with the lowermost platform for receiving and conveying the concrete mixture, and means whereby said conveying means can be projected laterally with respect to the lowermost platform.

13. A machine for the purpose set forth comprising a plurality of platforms arranged in a step-like manner, plows traveling upon said platforms, means for shifting said plows in opposite directions, means 30 whereby said plows are successively shifted with respect to each other, means for supplying to the uppermost platform materials to form a concrete mixture, means arranged in operative relation with the lowermost 35 platform for receiving and conveying the concrete mixture, and means whereby said conveying means can be projected laterally

with respect to the lowermost platform. 14. A machine for the purpose set forth 40 comprising a plurality of platforms arranged in a step-like manner, V-shaped plows traveling upon said platforms, means for shifting said plows in opposite directions, means whereby said plows are 45 successively shifted with respect to each other, an angularly disposed sweep at each end of a platform and associating with and engaged and operated in one direction by a plow, means for supplying to the uppermost 50 platform materials to form a concrete mixture, means arranged in operative relation with the lowermost platform for receiving and conveying the concrete mixture, and means whereby said conveying means can be

55 projected laterally with respect to the lowermost platform.

15. A machine for the purpose set forth comprising a plurality of platforms arranged in a step-like manner, plows travel-60 ing upon said platforms, means for shifting said plows in opposite directions, means whereby said plows are successively shifted with respect to each other, a sweep at each end of a platform and associating with the

plow, means for supplying to the uppermost 65 platform materials to form a concrete mixture, means arranged in operative relation with the lowermost platform for receiving and conveying the concrete mixture, and means whereby said conveying means can be 70 projected laterally with respect to the lower-

most platform.

16. A machine for the purpose set forth comprising a plurality of platforms arranged in a step-like manner, plows travel- 75 ing upon said platforms, means for shifting said plows in opposite directions, means whereby said plows are successively shifted with respect to each other, means for supplying to the uppermost platform materials to 80 form a concrete mixture, means arranged in operative relation with the lowermost platform for receiving and conveying the concrete mixture, supporting means for the platforms, and means for revolving said sup- 85 porting means.

17. A machine for the purpose set forth comprising a plurality of platforms arranged in a step-like manner, V-shaped plows traveling upon said platforms, means 90 for shifting said plows in opposite directions, means whereby said plows are successively shifted with respect to each other, an angularly disposed sweep at each end of a platform and associating with and operated by 95 a plow, means for supplying to the uppermost platform materials to form a concrete mixture, means arranged in operative relation with the lowermost platform for receiving and conveying the concrete mixture, sup- 100 porting means for the platform, and means

for revolving said supporting means.

18. A machine for the purpose set forth comprising a plurality of platforms arranged in a step-like manner, plows travel- 105 ing upon said platforms, means for shifting said plows in opposite directions, means whereby said plows are successively shifted with respect to each other, a sweep at each end of a platform and associating with the 110 plow, means for supplying to the uppermost platform materials to form a concrete mixture, means arranged in operative relation with the lowermost platform for receiving and conveying the concrete mixture, 115 supporting means for the platform, and means for revolving said supporting means.

19. A machine for the purpose set forth comprising a plurality of platforms adapted to receive materials for forming concrete 120 substances, plows having rollers traveling over said tracks for mixing said materials, said rollers constituting a shiftable supporting means for said plows, means arranged in operative relation with respect to 125 one of said platforms for receiving and conveying the concrete substances, means for supplying the materials to one of said plat-

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forms, supporting means for the platforms, and means for shifting said supporting means.

20. A machine for the purpose set forth comprising a plurality of platforms adapted to receive materials for forming concrete substances, plows having rollers traveling over said tracks for mixing said materials, said rollers constituting a shiftable support-10 ing means for said plows, means arranged in operative relation with respect to one of said platforms for receiving and conveying the concrete substances, means for supplying the materials to one of said platforms, sup-15 porting means for the platforms, means for shifting said supporting means, and means for laterally projecting said receiving and conveying means.

21. A machine for the purpose set forth 20 comprising a portable base, supporting means above the base, means for revolving said supporting means, a plurality of platforms arranged in a step-like manner and mounted upon said supporting means, plows, 25 a shiftable supporting means for each of said plows, said shiftable supporting means traveling from end to end of the said platforms, means for operating the shiftable supporting means, means for supplying ma-30 terials to form concrete substances to the uppermost platform, and a receiving and conveying means arranged in operative relation with respect to the lowermost platform.

22. A machine for the purpose set forth 35 comprising a portable base, supporting means above the base, means for revolving said supporting means, a plurality of platforms arranged in a step-like manner and mounted upon said supporting means, plows, 40 a shiftable supporting means for each of said plows, said shiftable supporting means traveling from end to end of the said platforms, means for operating the shiftable supporting means, means for supplying ma-45 terials to form concrete substances to the uppermost platform, a receiving and conveying means arranged in operative relation with respect to the lowermost platform, and a sweep arranged at each end of each of the 50 platforms and associating with a plow.

23. A machine for the purpose set forth comprising a platform provided with a plurality of tracks, a V-shaped plow, a shiftable supporting means connected to and ar-55 ranged within said plow and traveling from end to end of said tracks, said plow being V-shaped in contour, and means for shifting said supporting means in either direction with respect to the tracks.

24. A machine for the purpose set forth comprising a platform provided with a plurality of tracks, a V-shaped plow, a shiftable supporting means connected to and arranged within said plow and traveling from I

end to end of said tracks, said plow being 65 V-shaped in contour, and means for shifting said supporting means in either direction with respect to the tracks, and a water supply means connected to said plow.

25. A machine for the purpose set forth 70 comprising a platform provided with a plurality of tracks, a V-shaped plow, a shiftable supporting means connected to and arranged within said plow and traveling from end to end of said tracks, said plow being 75 V-shaped in contour, and means for shifting said supporting means in either direction with respect to the tracks, each side of said plow inclining downwardly and outwardly.

26. A machine for the purpose set forth 80 comprising a platform provided with a plurality of tracks, a V-shaped plow, a shiftable supporting means connected to and arranged within said plow and traveling from end to end of said tracks, said plow being 85 V-shaped in contour, and means for shifting said supporting means in either direction with respect to the tracks, and a water supply means connected to said plow, and each side of said plow inclining downwardly and 90 outwardly.

27. A machine for the purpose set forth comprising a platform provided with tracks, a V-shaped plow, a roller journaled at each corner of said plow and traveling upon 95 said tracks, said rollers constituting a supporting means to be connected to two of the corners of the plow for shifting it in alternate directions with respect to the direction of the tracks.

28. A machine for the purpose set forth comprising a platform provided with tracks, a V-shaped plow, a roller journaled at each corner of said plow and traveling upon said tracks, said roller constituting a supporting 105 means to be connected to two of the corners of the plow for shifting it in alternate directions with respect to the direction of the tracks, said plow having the outer sides thereof inclining downwardly and out- 110 wardly.

29. A machine for the purpose set forth comprising a platform provided with tracks, a V-shaped plow, a roller journaled at each corner of said plow and traveling upon said 115 tracks, said rollers constituting a supporting means to be connected to two of the corners of the plow for shifting it in alternate directions with respect to the direction of the tracks, and means carried by the plow 120 for supplying water to said platform.

30. A machine for the purpose set forth comprising a platform provided with tracks, a V-shaped plow, a roller journaled at each corner of said plow and traveling upon said 125 tracks, said roller constituting a supporting means to be connected to two of the corners of the plow for shifting it in alternate directions with respect to the directions of the tracks, said plow having the outer sides thereof inclining downwardly and outwardly, and means carried by the plow for

5 supplying water to said platforms.

31. A machine for the purpose set forth comprising a plurality of platforms arranged in a step-like manner, tracks in the upper face of each of said platforms, a V10 shaped plow mounted upon each of said platforms, a roller journaled in each corner of said plow, said rollers traveling upon said tracks, means connected to two of the corners of the plow for shifting it in opposite directions with respect to the direction of the tracks.

32. A machine for the purpose set forth comprising a plurality of platforms arranged in a step-like manner, tracks in the upper face of each of said platforms, a V-20 shaped plow mounted upon each of said platforms, a roller journaled in each corner of said plow, said rollers traveling upon said tracks, means connected to two of the corners of the plow for shifting it in opposite 25 directions with respect to the direction of the tracks, and means carried by each of the plows for supplying water to the platform. HENRY C. FITZKE.

Witnesses:
CHARLES S. McCollum,
RALPH H. SARTOR.