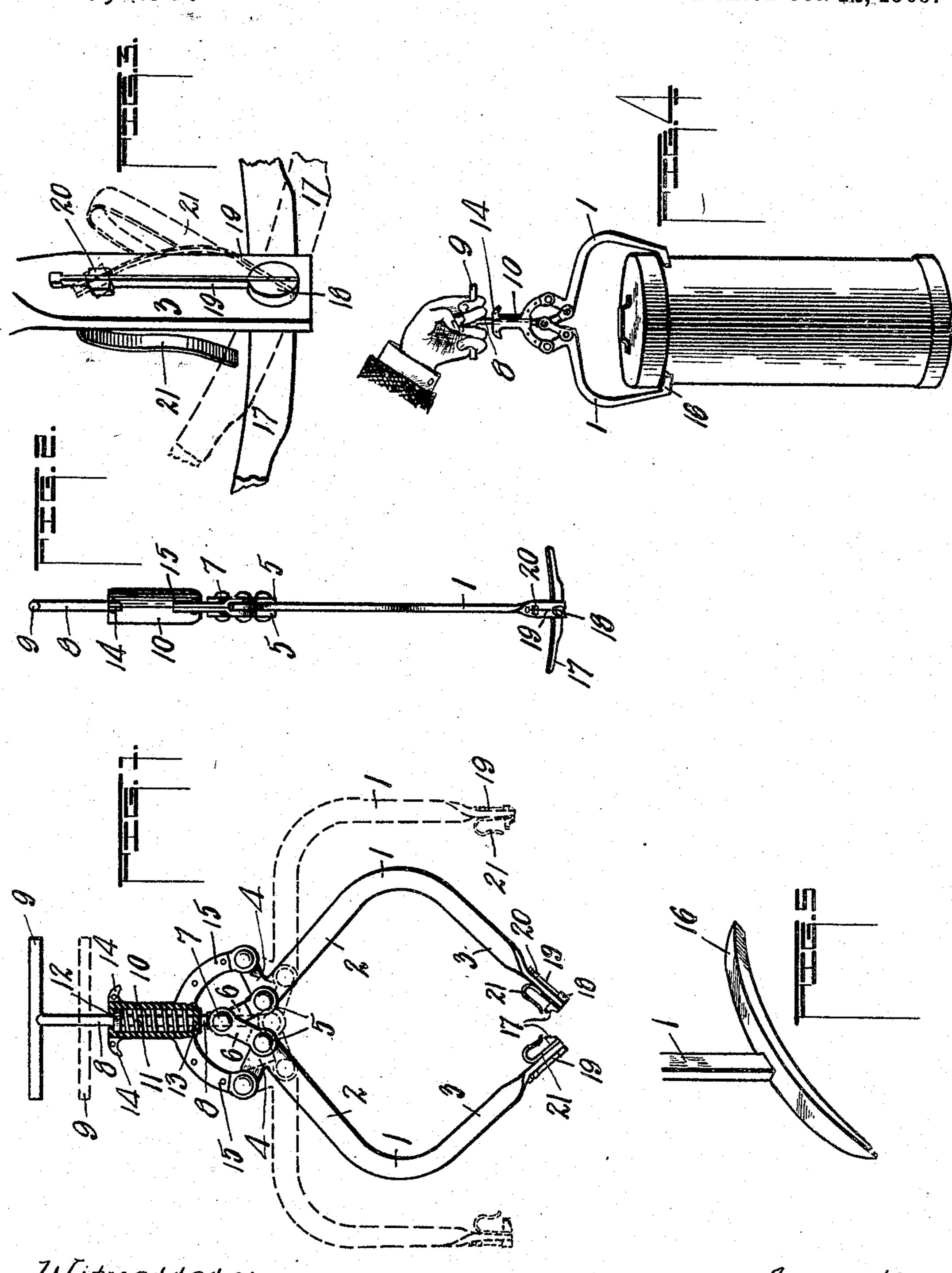
J. PARRETT.

LIFTING TONGS.

APPLICATION FILED DEC. 12, 1907.

937,028.

Patented Oct. 12, 1909.



Witnessess: Wiles D. Freler Laura E. Clayford

James Parrett, By Cha Ma Porte

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

JAMES PARRETT, OF WENONA, ILLINOIS, ASSIGNOR TO VES-TONG MFG. CO., OF WENONA, ILLINOIS.

LIFTING-TONGS.

937,028.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented Oct. 12, 1909.

Application filed December 12, 1907. Serial No. 406,197.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, James Parrett, a citizen of the United States, residing at Wenona, in the county of Marshall and State of Illinois, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Lifting-Tongs; and I do hereby declare that the following is a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, which will enable others skilled in the art to which it appertains to make and use the same.

This invention has reference to certain new and useful improvements in lifting tongs, capable of being put to various uses, such for instance as ice-tongs; for lifting cooking-utensils and similar articles and also for lifting certain heavy and unwieldy receptacles, such as ice-cream cans which have to be lifted in and out of tubs and other receptacles at soda fountains and other places.

That my invention may be more fully understood, reference is had to the accom-

panying drawings, in which:—

Figure 1 is an elevation of my improved 25 tongs with a portion thereof in section; full lines showing the same closed and in dotted lines open, the latter position, being that position, the parts will assume when an article is lifted; Fig. 2 is an edge view of Fig. 1; 30 Fig. 3 is an enlarged detail in perspective showing in both full and dotted lines spring jaws and their attachment to the gripping arms; Fig. 4 is a perspective on a greatly reduced scale illustrating the manner of lifting 35 an ice-cream can with my improved tongs, and Fig. 5 is a detail perspective of the lower end of one of the gripping arms and a jaw attached thereto; being a jaw such as shown in Fig. 4 omitting the spring connection 40 shown in Fig. 3.

Like numerals of reference indicate corresponding parts throughout the figures.

The gripping arms of the tongs are indicated as 1, 1, and may be of suitable shape although I prefer those having portions 2 and the right angle portions 3, which together with the simple toggle arrangement to be described for operating said arms 1, enables me to open the arms at considerable distance, as shown in dotted lines in Fig. 1, without moving the toggle connections at any great distance. The inner ends of the portions 2 of the arms 1 are provided with approximately right angle arm portions 4.

To the elbow of the arms 1, formed by the

portions 4, are pivotally connected the bifurcated ends 5 of toggle-arms 6 which in turn have a common pivotal connection at 7 with the lower end of a reciprocally supported stem 8 having the handle or finger 60 hold 9. The stem 8 is reciprocally mounted in a tubular member 10 and is held in a normally raised position, as shown in full lines in Fig. 1 by means of a spring 11 coiled about the stem 8, and acting at one 65 end against a collar 12 on the stem 8 and its opposite end acting against a shoulder 13 on the member 10. The member 10 is preferably made in two half sections, as shown in Fig. 2, with their matching faces provided 70 with concave depressions, which, when the two sections are united, form a tubular member through which the stem 8 may operate. The upper ends of each of said sections of the member 10 have the laterally projected 75 fingers or ears 14, with concave lower edges, as shown, and said ears or fingers other than providing means which may be riveted or otherwise suitably secured for uniting the upper end of the sections of the member 10, 80 afford a convenient hold which the fingers of the hand may be caused to grip when pressure is applied to depress the stem 8 for separating the arms 1, into the dotted position shown in Fig. 1, in which position the 85 gripping arms 1 may be caused to engage a receptacle, as the same is shown in Fig. 4, when the fingers of the hand will be released from the ears or fingers 14 and caused to grip the handle 9, in the manner shown in 90 said Fig. 4, which action together with the action of the spring 11 will cause the arms 1 or their jaws, to be described, to firmly engage with the receptacle and the same may be readily and easily lifted and moved 95 from place to place. The lower end of the half sections of the member 10 are each provided with downwardly curved extensions 15, which are intended to be riveted or otherwise suitably connected, for securing the 100 lower ends of the sections of the member 10, and to the lower ends of said extensions 15 are pivotally connected the ends of the portions 4 of the arms 1. Through the connections thus formed, when the stem 8 is 105 depressed, the toggle-arms 6 are swung outwardly with the upper ends of the arms 1, which oscillate on the extensions 15 of the member 10.

One form of gripping jaw for the lower 110

ends of the arms 1, is seen in Fig. 5, comprising an elongated curved plate 16, connected centrally to the end of arms 1, and are well adapted for engaging with cans, 5 such as shown in Fig. 4, or other receptacles where there is no need of tilting the same. When it is desired to employ tongs for lifting a vessel, which it is intended to tilt for allowing the liquid therein to be poured off, 10 or tilted for any other reason, it is preferable to provide a gripping jaw, comprising an elongated flat spring 17, which may be curved or not, and this spring is connected centrally to the end of the arms 1, by at-15 taching said spring to a pin or bolt 18 so that said spring may turn with said pin or bolt, and to the opposite end of said pin or bolt 18 is connected one end of a spring 19 which at its opposite end is attached to a 20 stud or block 20 having an oscillatory connection with the body of the arms 1. The jaw and connections just described, will allow the vessel being lifted to be tilted without the tongs releasing its hold, as the spring jaws 17 will accommodate themselves to the swing of the vessel. If it is desirable to retain the lid on the vessel, whether said vessel is intended to be tilted or not, spring fingers 21 connected preferably, to oscillate 30 with the pin or bolt 18 and adapted to engage with the lid of the vessel, will accomplish this result, in a very simple and convenient manner.

Having thus fully described my invention 35 what I claim and desire to secure by Letters Patent of the United States, is:—

1. An instrument of the character described, comprising a pair of gripping arms, each having an approximately right angle extension forming an elbow, a reciprocally supported lifting stem retained in its normal position by a coil spring, toggle-arms pivotally connected to the elbows of the gripping arms and having a common pivotal 45 connection with the lower end of said stem, a tubular member in which the stem is mounted, said member provided with downwardly curved arms with which the extensions of the gripping arms are pivotally connected, and laterally extended finger holds projecting from the extreme upper end of the tubular member and formed integral therewith, substantially for the purposes specified.

55 2. An instrument of the character described, comprising a pair of gripping arms, each having an approximately right angle extension forming an elbow, gripping jaws, comprising elongated curved plates connect-60 ed centrally to the lower ends of said arms, a reciprocally supported lifting stem retained in its normal position by a coil spring, toggle-arms pivotally connected to the elbows of the gripping arms and having a 65 common pivotal connection with the lower

end of said stem, a tubular member in which the stem is mounted, said member provided with downwardly curved arms with which the extensions of the gripping arms are pivotally connected, and laterally extended fin- 70 ger holds projecting from the extreme upper end of the tubular member and formed integral therewith, substantially for the pur-

poses specified.

3. An instrument of the character de- 75 scribed, comprising a pair of gripping arms, each having an approximately right angle extension forming an elbow, gripping jaws, comprising elongated curved plates having connection centrally thereof to the lower 80 ends of said arms, a reciprocally supported lifting stem retained in its normal position by a coil spring, toggle-arms pivotally connected to the elbows of the gripping arms and having a common pivotal connection 85 with the lower end of said stem, a tubular member in which the stem is mounted, said member provided with downwardly curved arms with which the extensions of the arms are pivotally connected, and laterally ex- 90 tended finger holds projecting from the extreme upper end of the tubular member, substantially for the purposes specified.

4. An instrument of the character described, comprising a pair of gripping arms, 95 each having an approximately right angle extension forming an elbow, gripping jaws, comprising spring plates having an oscillatory connection with the lower ends of the arms, spring connection between the said 100 plates and arms, a reciprocally supported lifting stem retained in its normal position by a coil spring, toggle-arms pivotally connected to the elbows of the gripping arms and having a common pivotal connection 105 with the lower end of said stem, a tubular member in which the stem is mounted, said member provided with downwardly curved arms with which the extensions of the arms are pivotally connected, and laterally ex- 110 tended finger holds projecting from the extreme upper end of the tubular member, substantially for the purposes specified.

5. An instrument of the character described, comprising a tubular member formed 115 of two half sections, each provided with depending extensions adapted to be connected for uniting the lower ends of said sections, and with lateral extensions from their upper ends adapted to be connected for uniting the 120 upper ends of said sections and serving as finger holds, a spring actuated stem operating in said member and having a handle, a pair of gripping arms, toggle connections between the lower ends of said stem and said 125 gripping arms, said arms also pivotally connected with the depending extensions of said member.

6. An instrument of the character described, comprising a tubular member 130

formed of two half sections, each provided with depending extensions adapted to be connected for uniting the lower ends of said sections, and with lateral extensions from 5 their upper ends adapted to be connected for uniting the upper ends of said sections and serving as finger holds, a spring actuated stem operating in said member and having a handle, a pair of gripping arms, elongated 10 gripping jaws connected to said arms and projecting from opposite sides thereof, toggle connections between the lower end of said stem and said gripping arms, said arms also pivotally connected with the depending 15 extensions of said member.

7. An instrument of the character described, comprising a tubular member formed of two half sections, each provided with depending extensions adapted to be 20 connected for uniting the lower ends of said sections, and with lateral extensions from their upper ends adapted to be connected for uniting the upper ends of said sections and serving as finger holds, a spring ac-25 tuated stem operating in said member and having a handle, a pair of gripping arms, gripping jaws having a yielding connection with the lower ends of said arms, toggle connections between the lower end of said 30 stem and said gripping arms, said arms also pivotally connected with the depending extensions of said member.

8. An instrument of the character described, comprising a tubular member 35 formed of two half sections, each provided with depending extensions adapted to be connected for uniting the lower ends of said sections, and with lateral extensions from their upper ends adapted to be connected for 40 uniting the upper ends of said sections and serving as finger holds, a spring actuated stem operating in said member and having a handle, a pair of gripping arms, gripping jaws for the lower ends of said arms, consist-45 ing of spring plates having a swingable relation with said arms, a spring connection between said jaws and arms, toggle connections between the lower end of said stem and said gripping arms, said arms also 50 pivotally connected with the depending extensions of said member.

9. An instrument of the character described, comprising a tubular member | lower ends of said arms, a pin connecting formed of two half sections, each provided 55 with depending extensions adapted to be connected for uniting the lower ends of said sections, and with lateral extensions from their upper ends adapted to be connected for uniting the upper ends of said sections and 60 serving as finger holds, a spring actuated stem operating in said member and having a handle, a pair of gripping arms, gripping jaws connected with the lower ends of said

arms, spring fingers projecting inwardly from said arms, toggle connections between 65 the lower end of said stem and said gripping arms, said arms also pivotally connected with the depending extensions of said member.

10. An instrument of the character de- 70 scribed, comprising a tubular member formed of two half sections, each provided with depending extensions adapted to be connected for uniting the lower ends of said sections, and with lateral extensions from 75 their upper ends adapted to be connected for uniting the upper ends of said sections and serving as finger holds, a spring actuated stem operating in said member and having a handle, a pair of gripping arms, gripping 80 jaws yieldingly connected with the lower ends of said arms, spring fingers connected with said jaws and projecting inwardly from said arms, toggle connections between the lower end of said stem and said gripping 85 arms, said arms also pivotally connected with the depending extensions of said member.

11. An instrument of the character described, comprising a pair of gripping arms, 90 each having an approximately right angle extension forming an elbow, gripping jaws, comprising elongated curved plates connected centrally to the lower ends of said arms, spring fingers projecting inwardly 95 from the lower ends of said arms, a reciprocally supported lifting stem retained in its normal position by a coil spring, toggle-arms pivotally connected to the elbows of the gripping arms and having a common 100 pivotal connection with the lower end of said stem, a tubular member in which the stem is mounted, said member provided with downwardly curved arms with which the extensions of the arms are pivotally con- 105 nected, and laterally extended finger holds projecting from the extreme upper end of the tubular member, substantially for the purposes specified.

12. An instrument of the character de- 110 scribed, comprising a stem, a pair of gripping arms, a member containing said stem, toggle connections between said arms and said stem, connections between said arms and said member, gripping jaws for the 115 said jaws to said arms, whereby said jaws may oscillate, and a spring connection between said pins and said arms.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature, 120 in presence of two witnesses.

JAMES PARRETT.

Witnesses: DENT PARRETT, W. H. TALLYN.