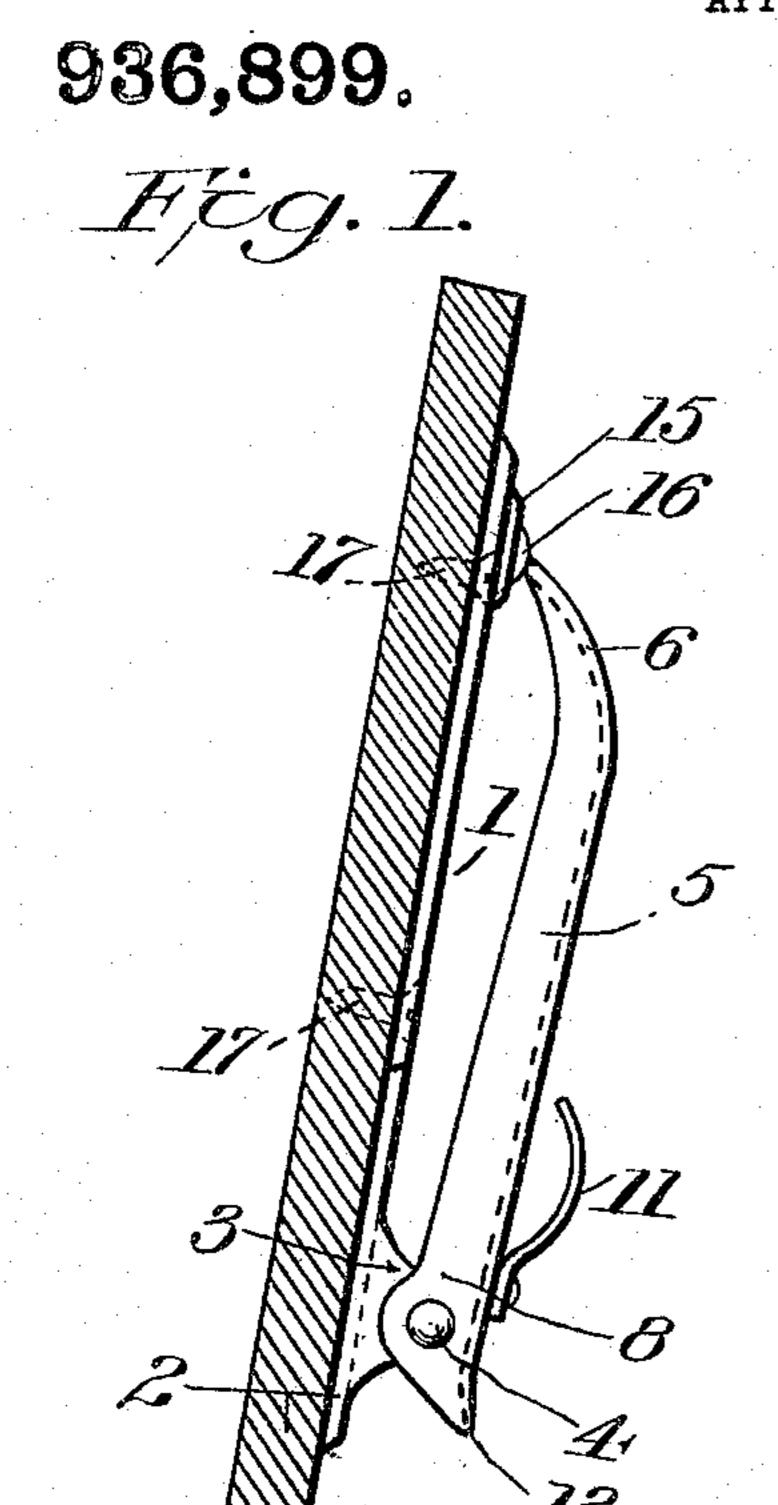
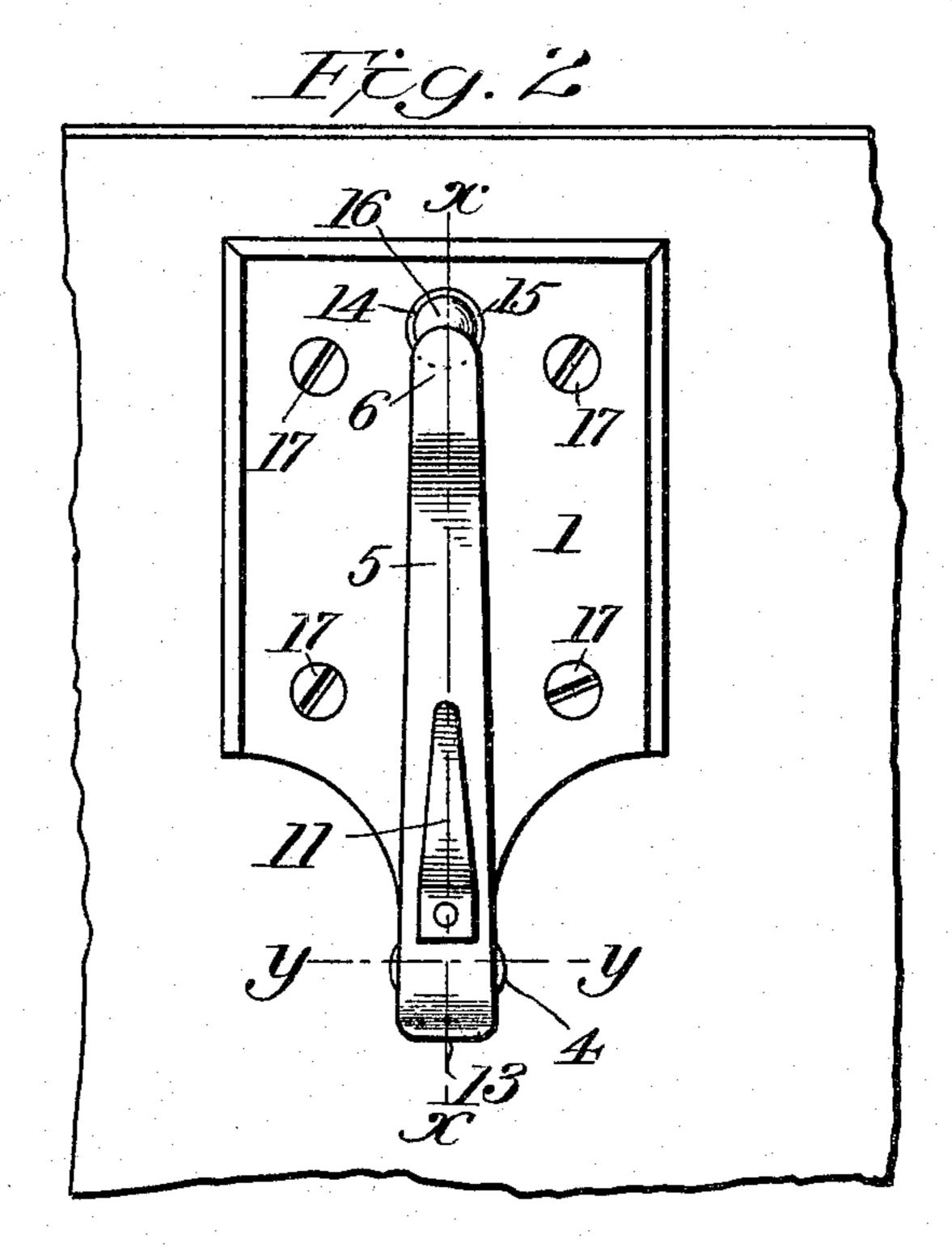
A. M. HORTENBACH.

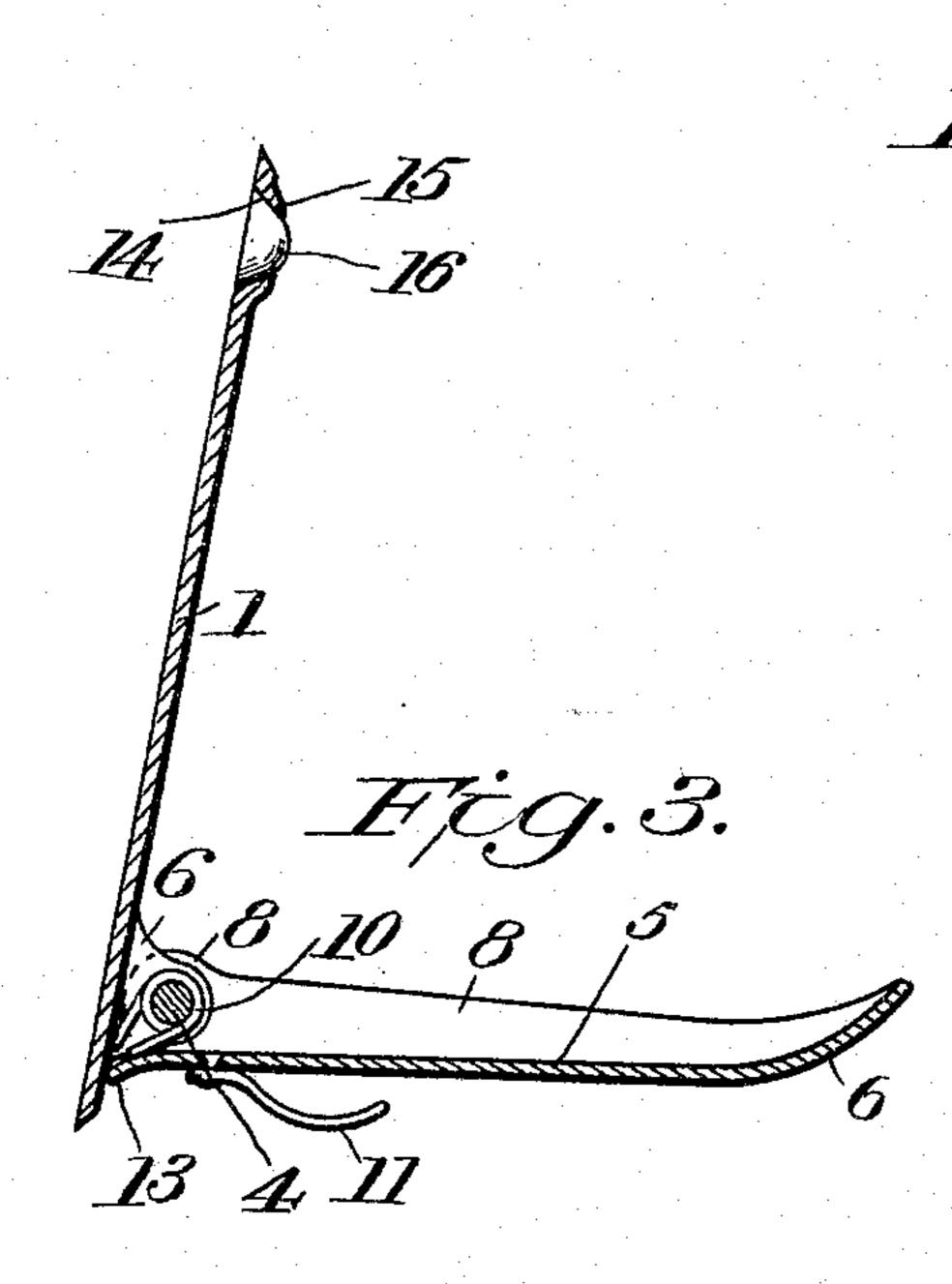
HAT HOOK.

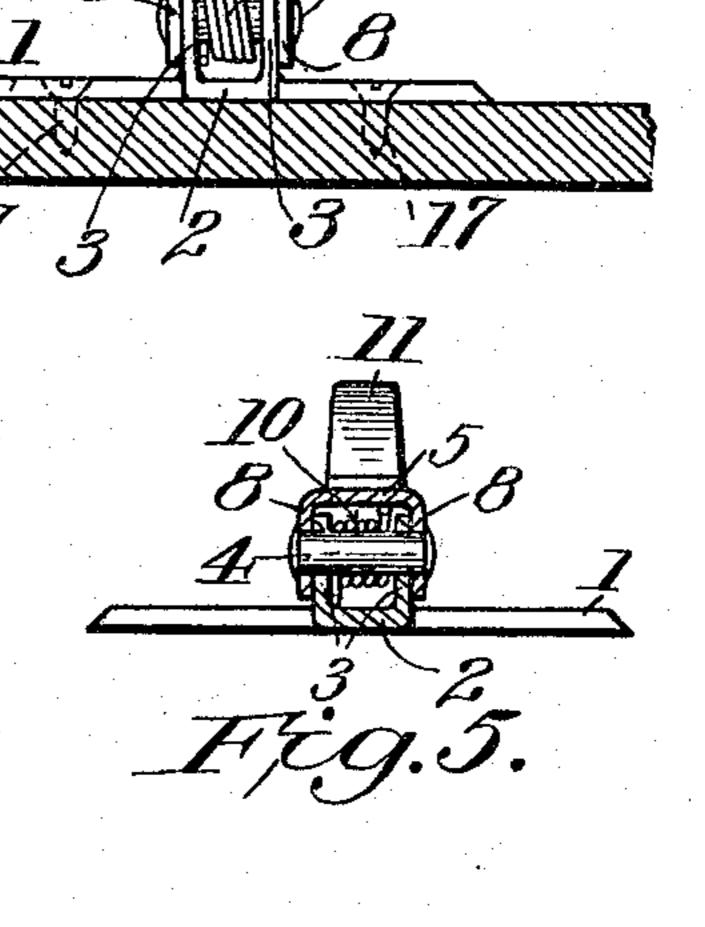
APPLICATION FILED APR. 29, 1909.

Patented Oct. 12, 1909.









Witnesses:

Inventor: Arthur M. Hontenberch

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

ARTHUR M. HORTENBACH, OF MINNEAPOLIS, MINNESOTA.

HAT-HOOK.

936,899.

Patented Oct. 12, 1909. Specification of Letters Patent.

Application filed April 29, 1909. Serial No. 492,942.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, ARTHUR M. HORTEN-BACH, a citizen of the United States, residing at Minneapolis, in the county of Hennepin 5 and State of Minnesota, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Hat-Hooks, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to certain improve-10 ments in that class of devices which are generally known as hat hooks and more particularly to that class of hat hooks which are designed more especially for attachment to the backs of seats or chairs in public 15 places.

The invention has for its object to provide an article of the kind referred to which shall possess superior advantages in point of simplicity, durability and general efficiency.

A further object of the invention is to provide a spring-actuated hook which, when not in active use, will automatically return to a folded position adjacent to the back of the seat to which it is attached so that it will 25 not obstruct or hinder persons desiring to pass between the seats; and furthermore to provide a resilient cushion adapted to receive the impact of the point of the hook when it returns to folded position under the 30 impulse of the spring whereby it is actuated.

A still further object of the invention is to provide improved supporting means whereby the resilient cushion will be held securely in proper position without any additional fas-35 tening.

A still further object of the invention is to equip the hat hook with auxiliary supporting means upon which various articles, such as a coat, a walking-stick, an umbrella 40 and the like may be securely supported without regard to the position occupied by the hat hook proper.

With these and other ends in view, which will readily appear as the nature of the in-45 vention is better understood, the same consists in the improved construction and novel arrangement and combination of parts which will be hereinafter fully described.

In the drawing—Figure 1 is a side eleva-50 tion of the invention showing the same applied to the back of a seat, said back being shown in section. Fig. 2 is a face or front view of the same. Fig. 3 is a vertical central section taken on the line x-x in Fig. 2. 55 Fig. 4 is an end elevation of the device as

seen from the lower end. Fig. 5 is a transverse sectional view taken on the plane indicated by the line y-y in Fig. 2.

Corresponding parts of the several figures are indicated by like characters of reference. 60

In carrying out this invention I provide a base plate 1 preferably made of sheet metal such as brass which, if desired, may be nickel-plated or otherwise protected against corrosion. The plate 1 is reduced or 65 tapered at its lower end to form a relatively narrow projection or tongue 2 which is provided at its side edges with up-turned flanges constituting ears or lugs 3 which are apertured to provide for the passage of a pin or 70 rivet 4 which serves for the pivotal attachment of the hat hook proper as will be pres-

ently shown.

The hat hook 5, which is likewise to be preferably constructed of sheet metal and 75 which may be of any suitable dimensions, is curved at its outer extremity to produce a beak 6 which, when the hook is mounted in position, points in the direction of the base plate and of the seat-back upon which said 80 base plate is mounted. The sides of the hook are provided with struck-up flanges 8 serving to impart the requisite strength and rigidity to the hook, said flanges being moreover apertured adjacent to the base or lower 85 end of the hook to admit of the passage of the pivotal pin or rivet. The latter which is designated by numeral 4 is projected through the apertures in the flanges 8 and the corresponding apertures in the ears or lugs 3, 90 said rivet being suitably clenched so as to form a secure connection. When the rivet is being adjusted, said rivet or pivot is projected through the coils of a spring 10 which is housed between the ears or lugs 3, and the 95 terminal ends of which abut respectively upon the base plate 1 and upon the heel 13 of the hook which latter is extended some little distance below the pivotal point and is curved slightly outward as will clearly 100 appear in the drawings so that it will be effectively engaged by the spring which latter serves to automatically raise the hook to a position adjacent to the base plate, said position being clearly indicated in Fig. 1 105 of the drawings.

The base plate 1 is provided near its upper end with an aperture 14, the same being surrounded by a struck-up flange 15; this flange serves as a housing for a resilient cushion 110

16, made preferably of india-rubber, or of some composition containing india-rubber, and preferably of approximately semispherical shape so that the under surface of 5 said cushion which is flat, will lie in registry with the rear or under side of the base plate, while the apex of the cushion projects outward beyond the flanges that constitute the housing. This cushion is so located as to 10 receive the impact of the point or beak of the hook when the latter springs to its folded

position. An auxiliary hook 11 which is in the nature of a resilient or spring clamp, is 15 riveted or otherwise firmly secured upon the outer side or face of the hook proper, a short distance above the point at which the said hook 5 is pivotally connected with the ears 3. The hook or clamp 11 which, as 20 stated, is of a resilient character, is of arcuate form, the point of said hook being directed toward the body of the hook $\bar{5}$ upon which it is mounted. This auxiliary hook will be found extremely convenient to 25 support a coat which may be mounted thereon by means of a hanger with which such garments are usually provided; or the said resilient hook or clamp may be used to accommodate the handle of an umbrella or 30 a walking-stick which will thus be firmly supported without danger of dropping upon the floor and thereby causing disturbance and annoyance. When the auxiliary hook or clamp 11 only is used, the body of the 35 hat hook 5 will remain in a raised position, with its point in contacting engagement with the cushion 16. If it shall be desired to utilize the hook for the purpose of supporting a hat, said hook is lowered against 40 the tension of the spring 10 to the position illustrated in Fig. 3 in the drawings when, the hat being placed in position thereon, the hook will remain in extended position as shown. If the hat should be exception-45 ally light or not sufficiently heavy to overcome the tension of the spring, the hat hook

50 and the base plate as is very obvious. It will thus be seen that the uses of this device are manifold, while the extreme sim-plicity and inexpensiveness of its construc-

would be projected some distance toward

a closed position, and the hat would thus be

lightly clamped and held between the hook

tion renders it a valuable adjunct to scats in public places.

It will be particularly noted that no fastening means whatever except the peculiarly constructed base plate of the device are needed to retain the resilient cushion 16 securely in position, thus dispensing with 60 separate fastening means which are both expensive, cumbersome, tending to lessen the resiliency of the cushion, and apt to cause the latter to be split or otherwise materially injured.

Screws or other suitable fastening means, shown at 17 are to be used for securing the base plate in position upon the seat back, the base plate being provided with ordinary counter-sunk apertures for the passage of 70 such fastening means.

From the foregoing description taken in

connection with the drawings hereto annexed, the operation and advantages of this invention will be readily understood. It is 75 simple, inexpensive, and thoroughly efficient for the purposes for which it is provided.

Having thus described the invention, what

is claimed is:

In a device of the character described, a 80 sheet metal base plate reduced in width at its lower end to form a relatively narrow tongue provided at the sides thereof with integral struck-up flanges constituting pivot ears which are provided with apertures, a 85 sheet metal hook curved in the direction of its length to form a bill and provided with struck-up stiffening flanges that extend from end to end of the hook, said flanges being apertured adjacent the heel of the 90 hook, a pivot extending through the apertured flanges of the hook and the tongue of the base plate, and a spring coiled upon said pivot and housed between the upstanding flanges of the base plate, the terminal 95 ends of said spring engaging respectively the base plate and the heel of the hook and tending to force the latter to a closed position adjacent to the base plate.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature 100 in presence of two witnesses.

ARTHUR M. HORTENBACH.

Witnesses:

OLIN C. MYRON, EARL R. NELSON.