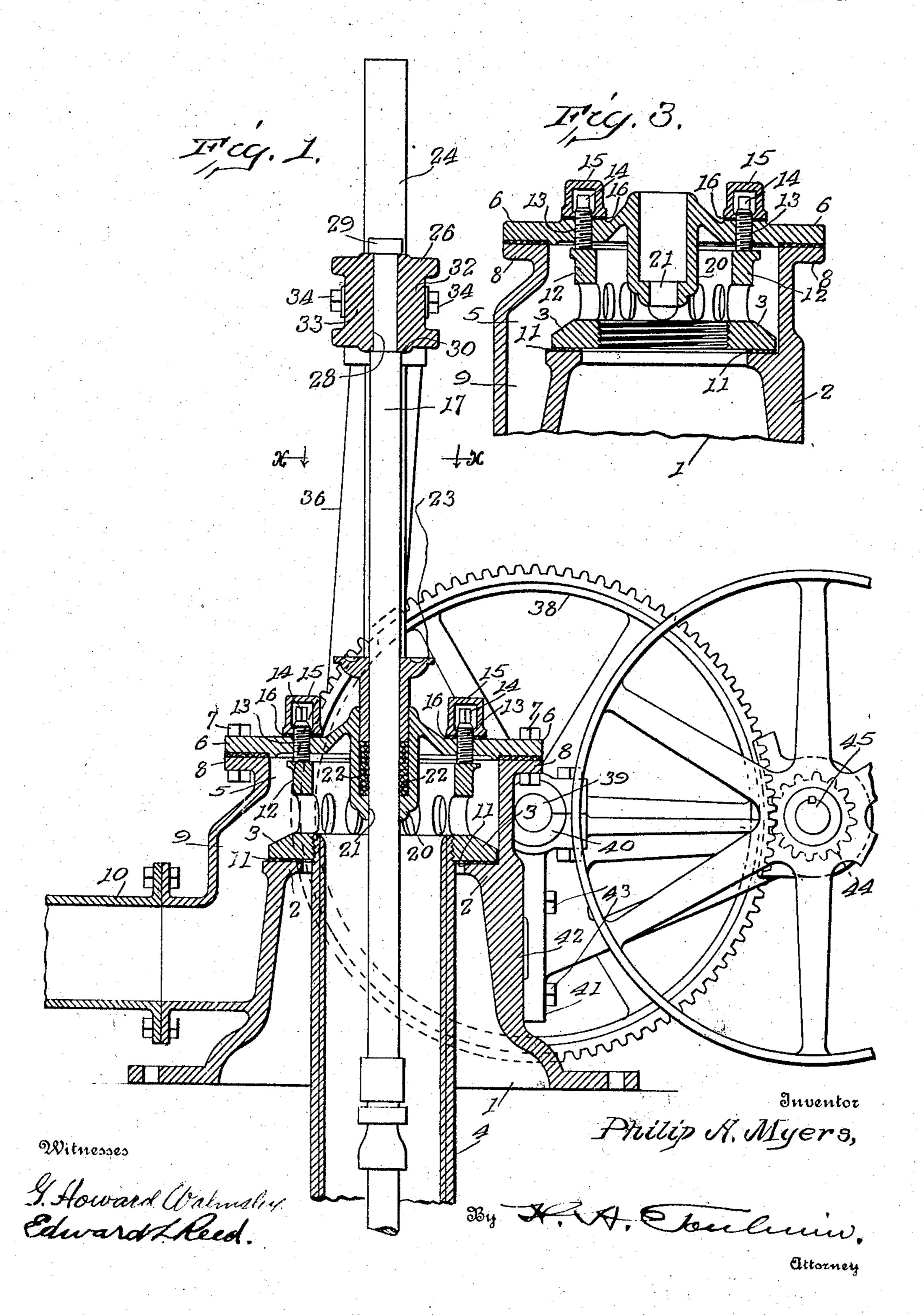
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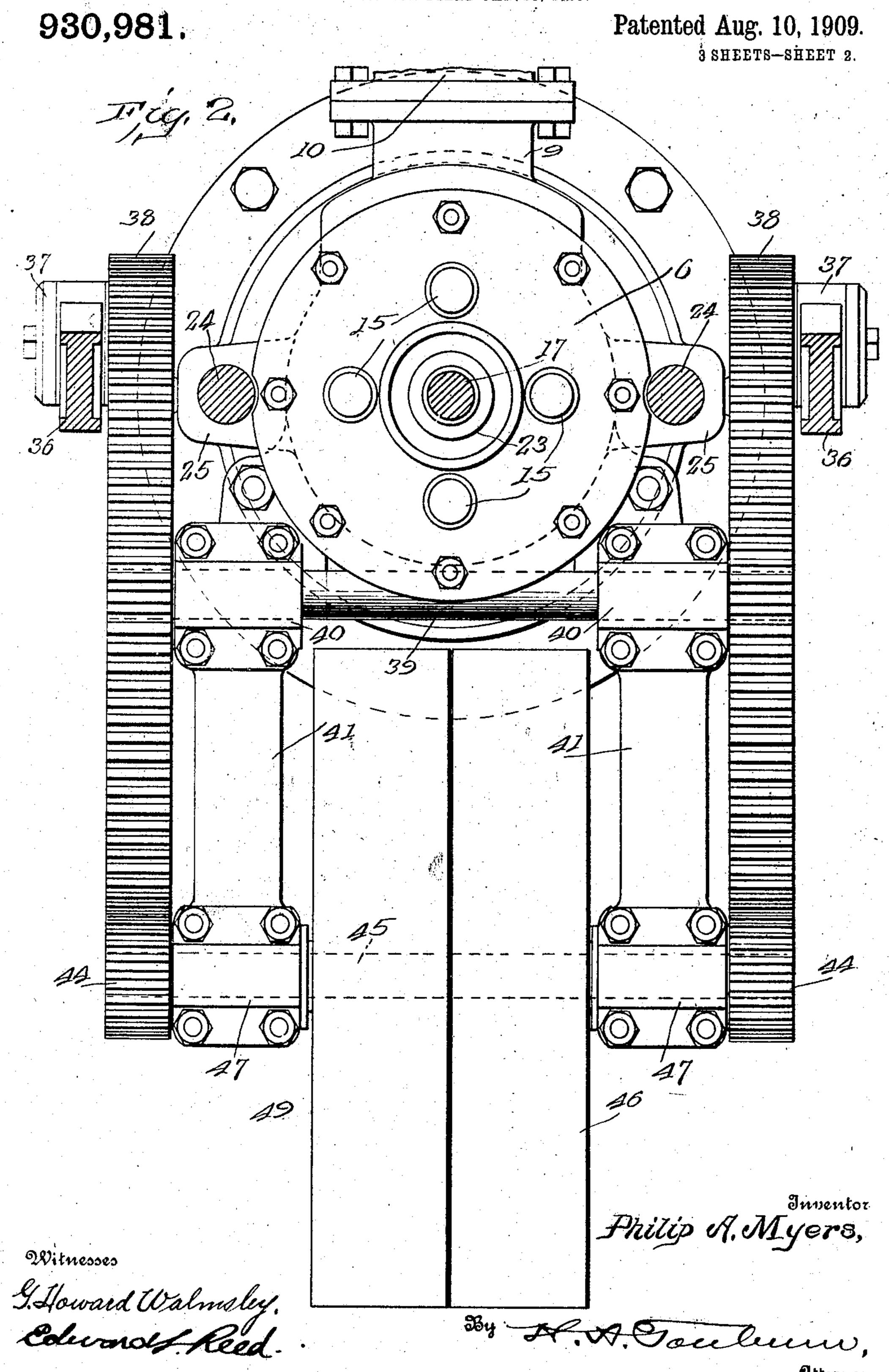
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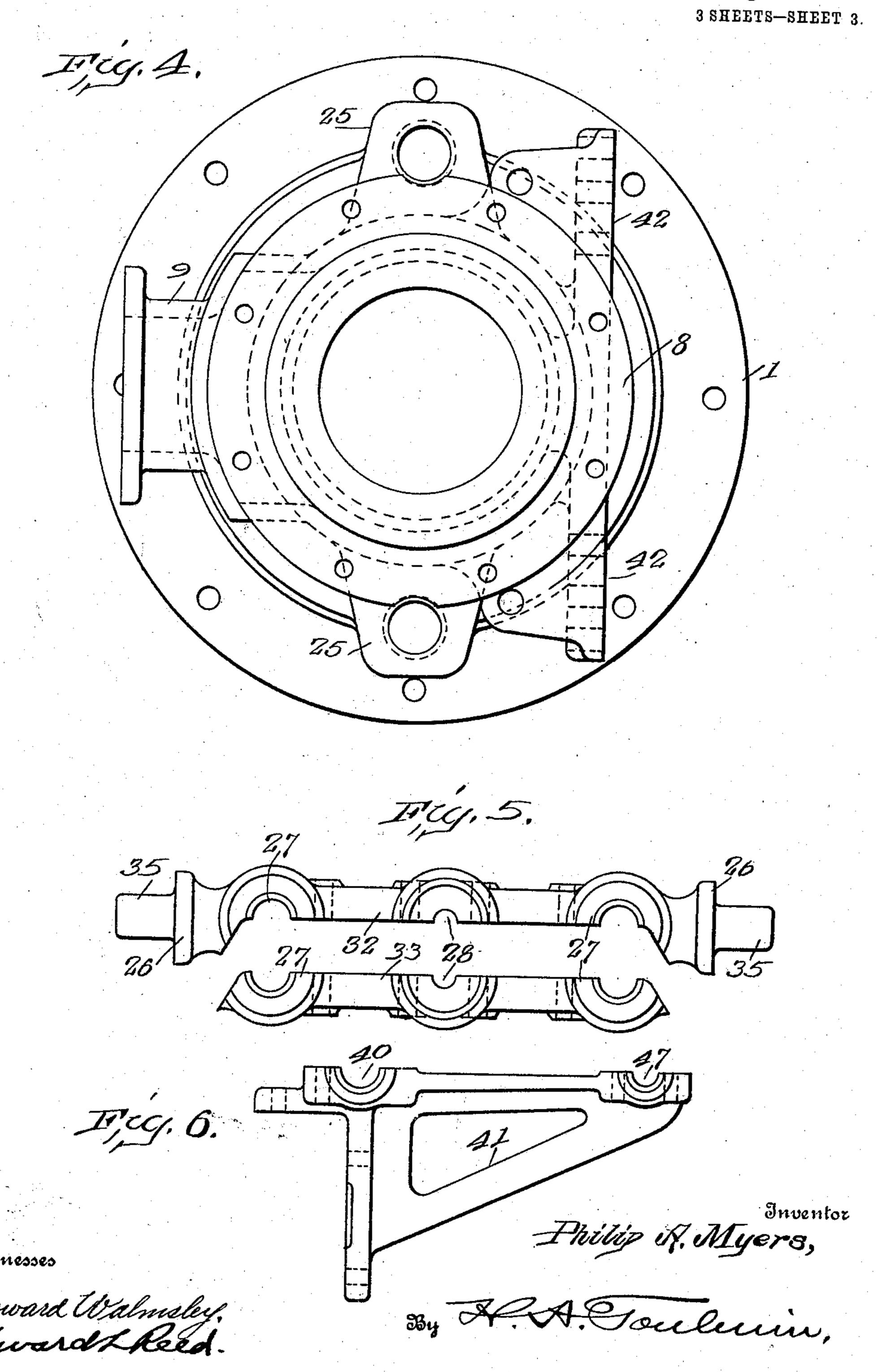


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## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

PHILIP A. MYERS, OF ASHLAND, OHIO, ASSIGNOR TO F. E. MYERS AND BROTHER, OF ASHLAND, OHIO, A COPARTNERSHIP.

## WORKING HEAD FOR POWER-PUMPS.

No. 930,881.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented Aug. 10, 1909.

Original application filed June 8, 1908, Serial No. 437,280. Divided and this application filed January 28, 1909. Serial No. 474,822.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Philip A. Myers, a citizen of the United States, residing at Ashland, in the county of Ashland and State of Ohio, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Working Heads for Power-Pumps, of which the following is a specification, reference being had therein to the ac-

companying drawings.

This invention relates to working heads for power pumps and the object of the invention is to provide a working head of this character which will permit the removal of the working parts of the pump without dis-15 connecting, or in any way interfering with the discharge pipe or operating gearing for the pump; to so construct such a working head as to render the same water-tight at all points; to so construct the head that it will 20 have a very short base and that the operating mechanism will be located close to the supporting surface; to so support the operating gearing thereon that it will not interfere with the removal of the working parts; 25 and to provide such a working head which will be simple in its construction and operation and which will be strong and durable, the parts of which will not be liable to become disarranged.

With these objects in view my invention consists in certain novel features and in certain combinations and arrangements of parts hereinafter to be described, and then more particularly pointed out in the claims.

is a vertical sectional view, taken centrally through a working head embodying my invention; Fig. 2 is a transverse sectional view, taken on the line w w of Fig. 1 and looking in the direction of the arrows; Fig. 3 is a detail sectional view of the upper portion of the base; Fig. 4 is a detail plan view of the base; Fig. 5 is a detail view of the cross head; and Fig. 6 is a detail view of one of the bearing brackets.

The present application is a division of the application filed by applicant June 8,

1908, Ser. No. 437,280.

In these drawings I have illustrated the preferred form of my invention and have shown the same as comprising a hollow base I which may be secured upon a support or platform of any suitable character and which is provided at a point between the upper

and lower ends thereof with an inwardly ex- 55 tending projection or annular flange 2, upon which is mounted a supporting ring 3 adapted to support the suction pipe 4, the ring and upper end of the suction pipe being; preferably screw-threaded to enable the same 60 to be readily connected to and disconnected from each other. The flange 2 and ring 3 divide the hollow base I into two parts and form above the ring 3 a chamber 5 which is provided with a closure 6 adapted to be se- 65 cured to the base by bolts. 7 extending through the closure and through a flange 8 formed on the upper end of the base, a packing being inserted between said flange and said closure. This chamber 5 is provided 70 with an outlet 9 which is preferably formed integral with the base 1 and is adapted to have the outlet pipe 10 secured thereto.

In order that there may be no leakage between the chamber 5 and the lower part 75 of the base, it is desirable that a water-tight. joint should be formed between the flange 2 and the supporting ring 3, and, to this end, I have inserted a packing 11 between the ring and the flange and have provided the 80 ring with an upwardly extending apertured collar or cage 12, which, in the present instance, is formed integral therewith and terminates a short distance below the closure for the upper end of the chamber 5. Ad- 85 justable clamping members are carried by the closure 6 and are adapted to engage the upper edge of the collar 12 and thereby clamp the ring 3 tightly upon the flange 2. This clamping means preferably comprises 90 a series of bolts 13 threaded into apertures in the closure 6 and having their lower ends adapted to engage the upper edge of the collar and their upper ends squared or otherwise provided with a wrench grasp 14, thus 95. enabling the same to be turned down tightly upon the collar 12. A suitable cap or hollow nut 15 is mounted upon that portion of the bolt 13 which extends beyond the closure 6, and a packing 16 is inserted between said 100 nut or cap and the upper side of the closure. Thus, by tightening down the cap, a watertight connection is made between the capand the closure and all leakage prevented about the bolt 13, and further, the nut or 105 cap 15 serves as a jam-nut which tends to prevent the movement of the bolt 13 in the closure 6.

The pump rod 17, which carries at its lower end the piston, extends upwardly through the closure 6 and is connected at its outer end to suitable operating mechanism. The closure is preferably provided with a packing box, through which the rod extends and which comprises a cup-shaped depression or gland 20 formed in the closure 6 and having an aperture 21 at its lower end, 10 through which the pump rod extends. Packing material 22 is inserted in the cup-shaped gland about the rod 17 and a cap 23 is inserted in the upper end of the receptacle about the rod 15 to secure the packing firmly in place.

Guide rods 24 are secured to the base 1, preferably by rigidly mounting the same in suitable apertured lugs 25 located on the opposite sides of the closure 6. These guide 20 rods are adapted to engage the opposite ends of a cross head 26, which is provided with suitable guideways to receive the same and to which the pump rod 17 is secured at a point between said guide rods. To this 25 end, the cross head is provided, near its opposite ends, with apertures 27 which form guideways for the guide rods 24 and near its center with an aperture 28 within which the pump rod 17 is secured, preferably by providing the same with an enlarged head 29 and a shoulder 30 adapted to engage the

29 and a shoulder 30 adapted to engage the opposite edges of the cross head and prevent movement of the pump rod within said aperture.

35 In order that the cross head may be readily attached to and removed from the guide rod and pump rod I prefer to form the same in two pieces by dividing the same along a vertical plane, taken longitudinally of the 40 cross head and near the center of the several apertures therein. This line of division extends outwardly to the surface of the cross head just beyond the apertures 27 at either end of the cross head and thus divides the 45 cross head into a main portion 32 and a removable portion 33 which is secured to the main portion by means of bolts 34, and, inasmuch as the line of division extends through the apertures 27 and 28 therein, it will be 50 apparent that upon separating the two parts of the cross head that the same can be entirely removed from the guide rods and the pump rod.

The main portion of the cross head is provided near its outer end with bearing lugs or wrist pins 35, upon which are journaled the upper ends of the connecting rods 36, the lower ends of which are journaled upon suitable crank pins 37 eccentrically 60 mounted on the gear wheels 38. These gear wheels are mounted upon the base 1 in any suitable manner, preferably by securing the same to the opposite ends of a shaft 39 which is journaled in suitable bearings 40 upon the base 1, these bearings being pref-

erably formed in the inner ends of brackets. 41 secured to the base near the opposite sides thereof. In order to secure these brackets firmly to the base I prefer to provide the base with supporting plates 42, which, in 70 the present instance, are cast integral therewith and are of such a shape and are so arranged as to form a supporting surface for the brackets 41 which are detachably secured thereto by means of bolts 43. The 75 gears 38 are rotated by means of pinions 44 mounted upon a shaft 45 which is journaled at a point removed from the base 1 and provided with a suitable driving gear, such as the pulley 46. The shaft 45 is pref- 80 erably mounted in bearings 47 formed in the outer ends of the brackets 41 and has the pinions 44 secured therete on the outer sides of said bearings and the driving pulley 46 and an idler 49 mounted thereon between the 85 brackets. Thus it will be seen that the operating gearing is so supported on the base 1 as to be entirely out, of alinement with the upper end thereof and that by removing the closure 6 and separating the cross head from 90. the guide rods and pump rod, the entire working parts of the pump may be removed therefrom without interfering with any parts thereof other than those mentioned. These working parts, in the present instance, 95 include not only the pump rod and the plunger and valve which are connected to the pump rod, but also the suction pipe 4 and the parts carried thereby, all of which may, if desired, be removed through the up- 100 per end of the base without interfering either with the pipe connections or the belting or operating gearing of the punip.

In pumps of this character it is very desirable that the working head should be what 105 is known as a low-down head, i. e., a head having a very short base and having the operating mechanism located close to the supporting surface, thus not only economizing space and material, but bringing the 110 strain close to the support and practically eliminating the tendency of the base to tilt and work loose from its fastenings. It will be observed that I have accomplished this result and have provided a low-down base 115 having the shafts of the operating mechanism supported on one side thereof and in sustantially the same horizontal plane as the chamber 5, i. e., in a plane extending between the closure 6 and supporting ring 3, 120 having the operating mechanism operatively connected to the pump rod at a point above the base. It will also be observed that the construction of the packing box or gland and its location relatively to the supporting 125 ring 3 is such as to afford a guide which will maintain the pump rod in a position central of the suction pipe. It will further be apparent from the foregoing description that I have provided a working head of this 133

character which will, as stated, permit the removal of all the working parts without the dislocation of or interference in any manner with the discharge pipe or the belts or other operating gearing; that this working head is of a water-tight construction, preventing all leaking between the several parts thereof; and further, that the construction and operation of the working head and its operating mechanism is of a simple character which is not liable to become disarranged or inoperative and which is of a strong, durable nature capable of withstanding a large amount of strain and

I wish it to be understood that I do not desire to be limited to the details of construction shown and described, for obvious modifications will occur to a person skilled in the art.

Having thus fully described my invention, what I claim as new and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is:—

1. A working head of the character de25 scribed comprising a hollow base, an inwardly extending projection carried by said
base, a supporting ring mounted on said projection, a suction pipe supported by said
ring, an apertured member supported by
30 said ring and extending upwardly therefrom, a closure for the upper end of said
base, and a part carried by said closure and
adapted to engage said apertured member to
clamp said supporting ring upon said pro35 jection.

2. A working head of the character described comprising a hollow base, an inwardly extending projection carried by said base, a supporting ring mounted on said projection, a suction pipe supported by said ring, an apertured member supported by said ring and extending upwardly therefrom, a closure for the upper end of said base, and adjustable means carried by said to closure and adapted to engage said apertured member to clamp said supporting ring upon said projection.

3. A working head of the character described comprising a hollow base, an in-

wardly extending projection carried by said base, a supporting ring mounted on said projection, a suction pipe having its upper end secured within said ring, an apertured member supported by said ring and extending upwardly therefrom, a closure for the upper end of said base, and screw-threaded bolts mounted in said closure and adapted to engage the upper edge of said apertured member to clamp said supporting ring upon said projection.

4. In a working head of the character described, a hollow base, a supporting ring carried by said base, a suction pipe supported by said ring, a closure for said base, a screw-threaded bolt extending through said 65 closure and acting to secure said ring in place, a hollow nut adapted to engage that portion of said bolt lying beyond said closure and inclosing the outer end thereof, and packing interposed between the lower edge 70 of said nut and said closure.

5. A working head of the character described comprising a hollow base, a ring supported by said base, a suction pipe supported by said ring, an apertured member supported by said ring and extending upwardly therefrom, a closure for the upper end of said base, and a part carried by said closure and adapted to engage said apertured member to clamp said ring in position upon said 80 base.

6. A working head of the character described comprising a hollow base, a ring supported by said base, a suction pipe supported by said ring, an apertured member supported by said ring and extending upwardly therefrom, a closure for the upper end of said base, and adjustable means carried by said closure and adapted to engage said apertured member to clamp said ring in position upon said base.

In testimony whereof, I affix my signature in presence of two witnesses.

PHILIP A. MYERS.

Witnesses:

HARRY U. REASER, R. M. Tubbs.