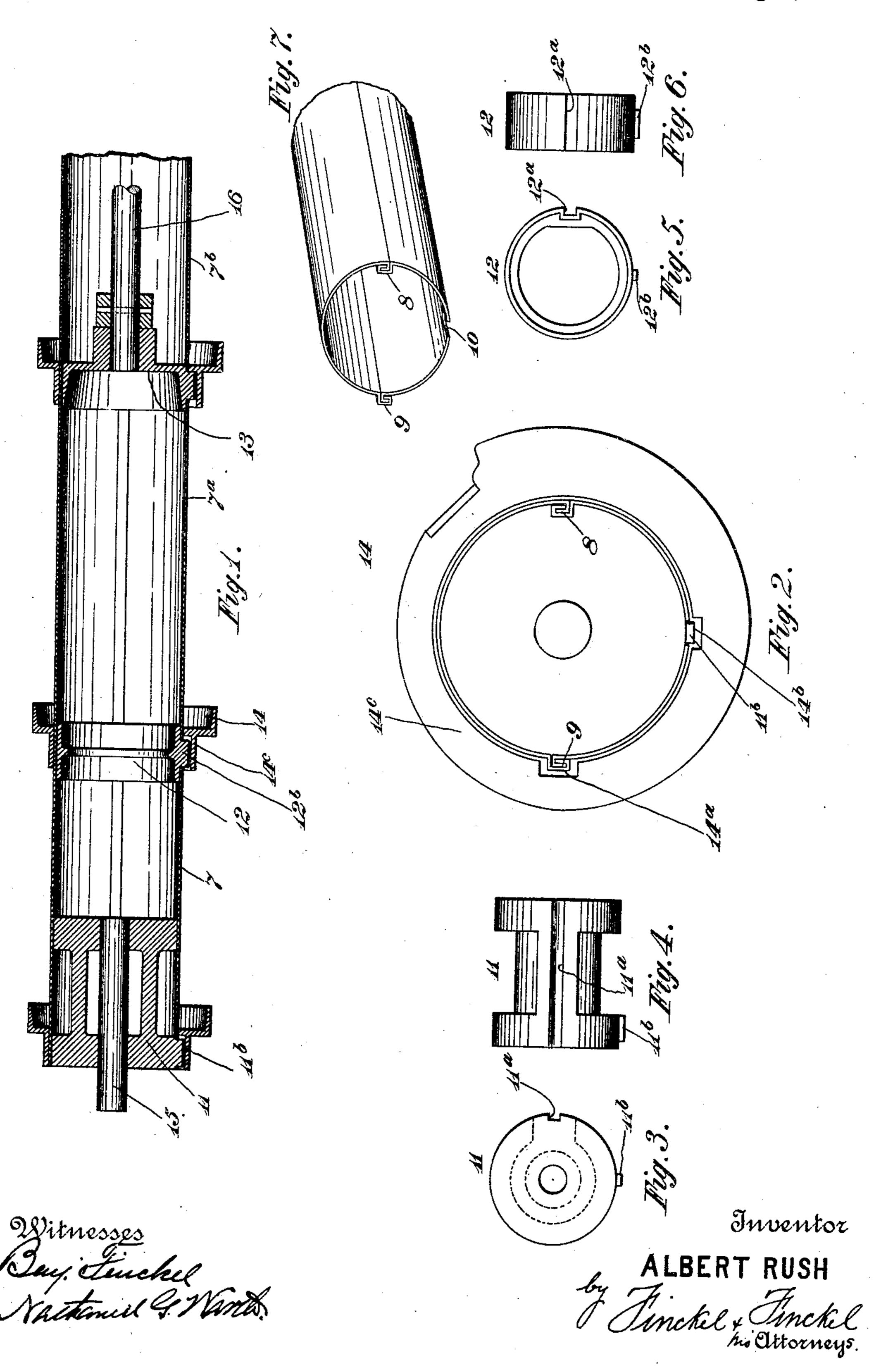
A. RUSH.

ROLLER FOR FLEXIBLE SHUTTERS OR CURTAINS.

APPLICATION FILED MAY 31, 1907.

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Patented Aug. 3, 1909.



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

ALBERT RUSH, OF COLUMBUS, OHIO.

ROLLER FOR FLEXIBLE SHUTTERS OR CURTAINS.

No. 929,885.

Specification of Letters Patent.

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Application filed May 31, 1907. Serial No. 376,504.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Albert Rush, a citizen of the United States, residing at Colum- | that is located the same distance from the bus, in the county of Franklin and State of 5 Ohio, have invented a certain new and useful Improvement in Rollers for Flexible Shutters or Curtains, of which the following is a specification.

The object of this invention is to provide 10 an improved and simplified construction of roller for a flexible shutter or curtain and particularly of the metallic fire resisting

kind.

Heretofore in practice a solid cast or 15 drawn tube has usually been employed in the construction of such rollers. In the present invention the body of the drum is constructed of a sheet or sheets of metal shaped and united in such a way that the plugs and col-20 lars (which are also properly formed to cooperate in the construction) are secured in place without the aid of numerous separate pins, rivets or fastening devices. But the exact nature of the invention is to be gath-25 ered from the following description and claims taken in connection with the accompanying drawing, in which—

Figure 1 is a longitudinal sectional view of a portion of a roller showing my inven-30 tion; Fig. 2 is an end view on a larger scale viewed from the left-hand end of Fig. 1; Figs. 3 and 4 are end and side views respectively of the end plug; Figs. 5 and 6 are end and side views respectively of the aux-35 iliary plug; Fig. 7 is a perspective view of

the end of a tube section.

In the views the drum or tube sections 7, 7^a and 7^b are each formed of two semi-cylindric pieces of sheet metal joined longitu-40 dinally by lap seams bent down against the body of the material and so as to form a bead or longitudinal projection from the surface of the formed tube. At 8 the seam or bead is shown as projecting from the 45 interior surface of the tube, and at 9 the seam is shown to project from the exterior of the tube. The end of each section of the tube is made with a slit or notch like that seen at 10 Fig. 7 to provide room for the 50 insertion of a fitting and engaging lug on the plugs and the auxiliary rings employed in the construction.

The end plug, designated as a whole by the character 11, is a double-headed or spool-

side a longitudinal groove 11a, and projecting radially from one of the heads a lug 11b end of the groove 11^a that the notch 10 is from the bead 8. To fit the plug in place 60 it is slid, the lugless end first, into the end of the tube section with the projecting bead 8 thereof in line with the groove 11^a of the plug. When slid entirely in, the lug 11^b of the plug enters the notch (10).

The engagement of the interior bead 8 with the plug prevents said plug from turning in the tube or prevents the tube from turning on the plug, according to the view point, and this function may be assisted by 70 engagement of the lug 11b with the notch (10) in the end of the tube. When both the bead and lug coöperate to prevent relative movement of the plug and tube the strain is borne at two points, but the engagement of 75 the lug with the tube prevents longitudinal slipping in one direction of the tube with reference to the plug. The plug, of course, serves to more or less brace the tube as well as to receive the shaft or spindle shown 80 therein.

The character 12 designates the auxiliary ring. This ring which is also a solid or rigid structure is furnished across its rim with a groove 12^a and a lug 12^b. The groove 85 12^a and lug 12^b correspond in form and function to the groove 11^a and lug 11^b respectively of the plug 11, but the ring is designed to fit in the end of the tube section opposite that containing the plug and to 90 brace that end or assist in connecting and bracing two sections at their junction. When assisting in connecting two sections of the tube the groove 12a and lug 12b can be engaged with the bead 8 and notch 10 at the 95 ends of two sections, the ends of the sections being abutted over the ring.

13 designates another form of solid or rigid plug which has its rim provided with a groove and a lug like those already fully 100 described and they operate in the same way.

14 designates a collar. Three of these collars are shown in Fig. 1. They are slid exteriorly on the tube and are designed to have attached to them the flexible shutter or 105 curtain. The collar is made with a wide interior flange 14° containing a groove 14° to fit on the exterior bead 9 and a groove 14b to fit on the lug 11^b or 12^b or on the lug of the 55 like solid or rigid structure having in its | plug 13 accordingly as its location may be. 110

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The engagement of the collar with the bead 9 prevents relative movement rotarily of the collar and tube and this function can be assisted by the lug on the plug or ring. Be-5 cause the lug of the plug or ring projects beyond the inner rim of the collar, longitudinal movement of the collar on the tube is precluded in one direction.

In Fig. 1 is illustrated how shafts desig-10 nated 15 and 16 for journaling the roller

can be inserted in the plugs.

The forms of the plugs and rings and

other parts can be varied.

By reason of this construction rollers for 15 curtains or shutters can be made light, cheap and strong. The weight and cost incident to the use of the heavy cast or drawn tubes is much reduced by the use of sheet metal as herein proposed. The parts can be 20 quickly assembled and secured together. The length of the completed roller can be varied by simply shearing off one or more sections of the sheet metal tubes and the tubing can be made in long pieces and cut 25 off as needed.

What I claim and desire to secure by Let-

ters Patent is:

1. In a roller for flexible shutters or curtains, a tube formed of sheet metal having 30 edges folded and bent to form interiorly and exteriorly projecting longitudinal beads, combined with an interior device adapted to brace the tube provided with a groove to engage the interiorly projecting bead, and 35 a collar provided with a groove to engage the exteriorly projecting bead.

2. In a roller for flexible shutters or curtains, a tube formed of sheet metal having portions bent to form interiorly and ex-40 teriorly projecting beads, combined with a non-resilient interior device adapted to brace the tube provided with a groove to engage the interiorly projecting bead, and a collar provided with a groove to engage the ex-

45 teriorly projecting bead.

3. In a roller for flexible shutters or curtains, a tube formed of sheet metal having portions thereof bent to form interiorly and exteriorly projecting beads, and a non-resilient interior bracing device, and an exterior collar each provided with means to engage said beads.

4. In a roller for flexible shutters or curtains, a tube formed of sheet metal having a portion thereof bent to form a longitudinal bead and its end provided with a slit, combined with an interior bracing device for the tube provided with means to engage said bead, and a projection to enter said slit.

5. In a roller for flexible shutters or curtains, a tube formed of sheet metal having a portion thereof bent to form a longitudinal bead or projection and its end provided with a notch, combined with an interior bracing device provided with means to engage said bead projection, and a lug to enter said notch, and an exterior collar provided with

means to engage said lug.

6. In a roller for flexible shutters or curtains, a tube formed of sheet metal having 70 portions thereof bent to form longitudinal beads and its end provided with a notch, combined with an interior bracing device provided with means to engage one of said beads and also a lug to enter said notch, and 75 an exterior collar provided with means to engage the other of said beads, and means to engage said lug.

7. In a roller for flexible shutters or curtains, a tube formed of a plurality of tube 80 sections of sheet metal placed end to end, each section provided with a longitudinal bead or projection, combined with an interior bracing device common to the adjacent ends of the tube sections, and a collar en- 85 circling the exterior of the adjacent ends of the sections and provided with means to engage the beads or projections at said ends.

8. In a roller for flexible shutters or curtains, a tube formed of a plurality of tube 90 sections of sheet metal placed end to end, each section provided with longitudinal interior and exterior beads or projections, combined with an interior bracing device common to the adjacent ends of the tube sections 95 and engaging the interior longitudinal bead or projection, and a collar encircling the exterior of the adjacent ends of the tube sections and provided with means to engage the exterior bead or projection.

9. In a roller for flexible shutters or curtains, a tube formed of a plurality of tube sections of sheet metal placed end to end, each section provided with a longitudinal bead or projection and one of said sections 105 provided with a notch, combined with an interior bracing device common to the adjacent ends of the tube sections and provided with a lug to engage the said notch and a collar encircling the adjacent ends of the 110 sections and provided with means to engage the lug.

10. In a roller for flexible shutters or curtains, a tube formed of a plurality of tube sections of sheet metal placed end to end, 115 each section provided with a longitudinal bead or projection, one of said sections provided with a notch, an interior bracing device common to the adjacent ends of the tube sections and provided with a lug to enter 120 said notch, and a collar encircling the adjacent ends of the sections and provided with means to engage the bead or projection and the lug.

11. In a roller for flexible shutters or cur- 125 tains, a tube formed of a plurality of tube sections of sheet metal placed end to end, one of said sections provided with a longitudinal projection and one of said sections provided with a notch in its end, an interior 130

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bracing device common to the sections provided with a lug to enter said notch and an exterior collar common to the sections and provided with means to engage said longi-

5 tudinal projection and said notch.

12. In a roller for flexible shutters or curtains, a tube formed of sheet metal having portions thereof bent to form interiorly and exteriorly projecting beads, an interior 10 bracing device provided with means to engage the interior bead, and an exterior collar provided with means to engage the exterior bead, said collar and bracing device secured on said tube at substantially the 15 same cross section thereof.

13. In a roller for flexible shutters or curtains, a tube formed of sheet metal provided with an interior longitudinal projection, a bracing device engaging said interior pro-20 jection, an exterior longitudinal projection on said tube, and an exterior collar for the attachment of the curtain engaging said ex-

terior projection.

14. In a roller for flexible shutters or cur-25 tains, a tube formed of a plurality of tube sections of sheet metal placed end to end, combined with an interior bracing device common to the adjacent ends of the tube sections, and a collar encircling the exterior 30 of the adjacent ends of the tube sections, said sections having means engaged by said interior bracing device and exterior collar to prevent the rotation of the bracing device and collar with reference to said sections.

35 15. In a roller for flexible shutters or curtains, a sheet metal tube provided with an interiorly and an exteriorly projecting bead, combined with an interior device adapted to brace the tube and provided with a groove

to engage the interiorly projecting bead, and 40 a collar provided with a groove to engage the exteriorly projecting bead, said bracing device and collar secured on said tube at substantially the same cross section thereof.

16. In a roller for flexible shutters or cur- 45 tains, a sheet metal tube, a rigid interior bracing device for the tube and an exterior ring for the attachment of the curtain, and means for preventing the rotation of said interior bracing device and exterior ring 50

with reference to the tube.

17. In a roller for flexible shutters or curtains, the combination of a sheet metal tube, an interior bracing device and an exterior ring for the attachment of the curtain, said 55 bracing device and ring being secured on said tube at substantially the same cross sections thereof, and means for preventing the rotation of the bracing device and ring with reference to the tube.

18. In a roller for flexible shutters or curtains, the combination of a sheet metal tube formed of a plurality of tube sections, an interior bracing device, an exterior ring for the attachment of the curtain, and means on 65 one of said sections to prevent the rotation

of the interior bracing device.

19. In a roller for flexible shutters or curtains, the combination of a sheet metal tube, an interior bracing device and an exterior 70 ring for the attachment of the curtain, and means on one of said sections to prevent the rotation of both the interior bracing device and the exterior ring.

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Witnesses:

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