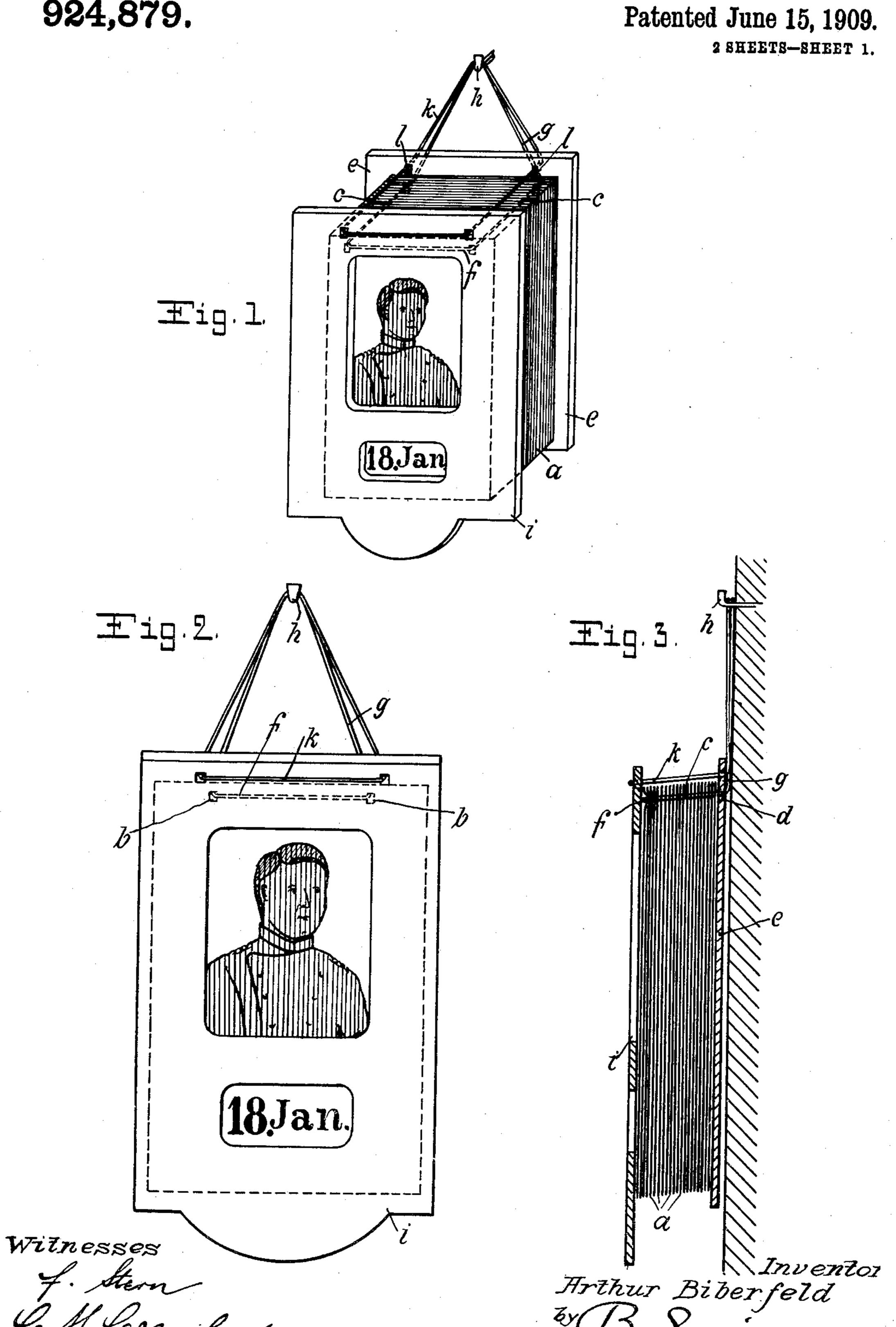
A. BIBERFELD.

CALENDAR TEAR-OFF TABLET. APPLICATION FILED JAN. 4, 1908.

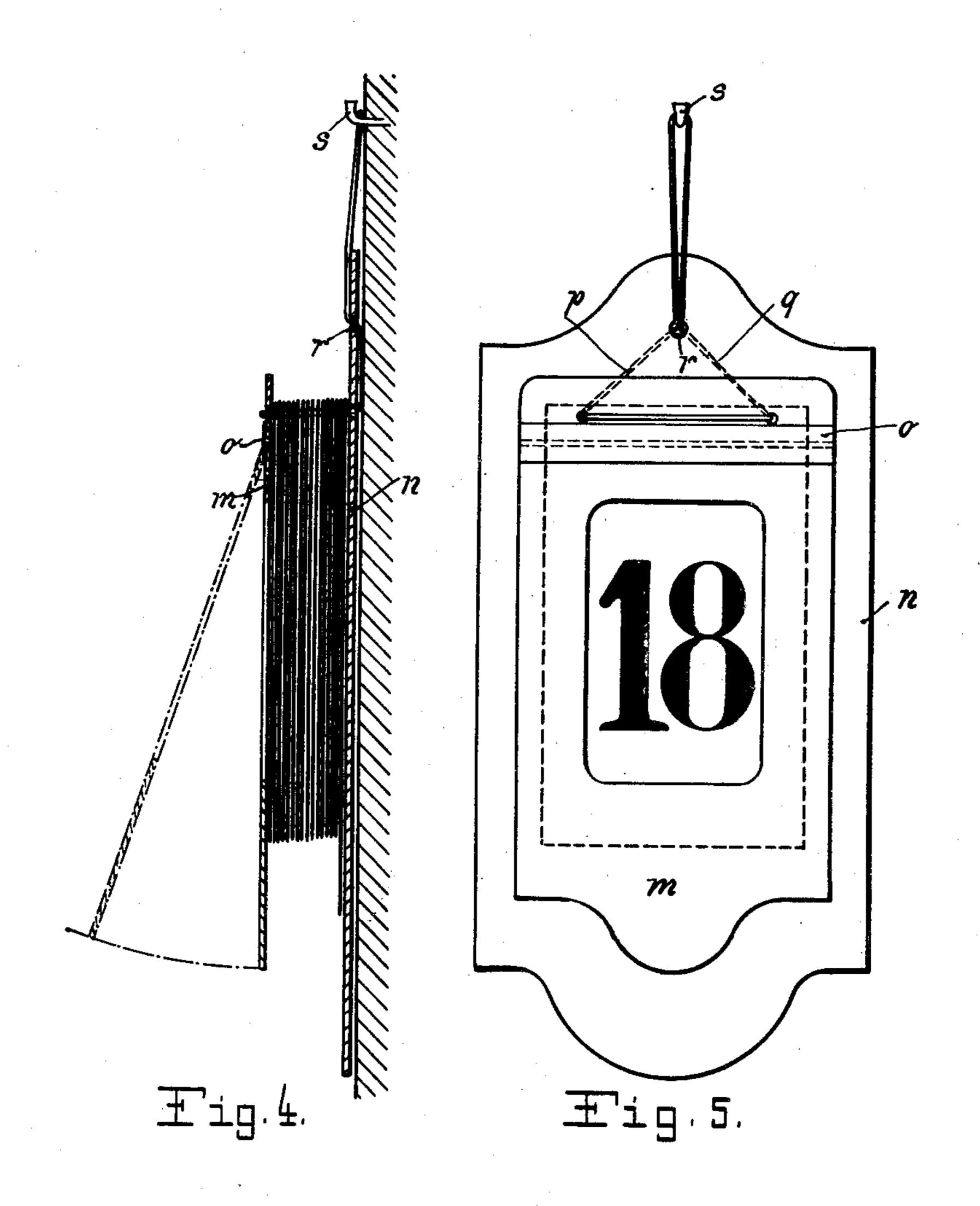
924,879.



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924,879.

Patented June 15, 1909.
2 SHEETS—SHEET 2



Citresses Chumann Extringer

Anventor Arthur Biberfeld by B. Sunger Atta

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

ARTHUR BIBERFELD, OF BERLIN, GERMANY, ASSIGNOR TO THE FIRM KUNSTDRUCK-UND-VERLAGSANSTALT WEZEL & NAUMANN AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT, OF LEIPZIG-REUDNITZ, GERMANY.

CALENDAR TEAR-OFF TABLET.

No. 924,879.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented June 15, 1909.

Application filed January 4, 1908. Serial No. 409,345.

To all whom it may concern:

Berlin. Germany, have invented new and 5 useful Improvements in Calendar Tear-Off Tablets, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to improvements in pad holders and has to do with holders 10 adapted to be suspended so as to normally maintain the pad in a substantially vertical position.

The invention is designed for use in connection with loose-leaf pads in the form of 15 calendars adapted to be suspended from and lie against the wall or any vertical surface in such a manner as to be accessible to the user and permit certain of the leaves, usually the foremost or outermost leaves, to be torn 20 off, as the year advances.

One of the special features of my invention is to provide a front piece or frame adapted to be disposed in front of the pad and through which the subject matter on the 25 foremost leaf may be observed by the user.

A further object consists in providing suspension means for the front piece and the pad which will maintain the former in engagement with the latter as the leaves are 30 successively withdrawn or torn off, the arrangement being such that the frame or front piece will automatically recede toward the wall against which the pad lies as the thickness of the pad or calendar gradually 35 decreases.

The invention will be more fully described in connection with the accompanying drawing and will be more particularly pointed out in the appended claims.

In the drawings:—Figure 1, is a perspective view of a calendar pad embodying one form of my invention. Fig. 2 is a front elevation thereof. Fig. 3 is a vertical sectional view thereof. Fig. 4 is a vertical sectional 45 view of a modified form of the invention. Fig. 5 is a front elevation thereof.

Like letters of reference designate similar parts throughout the different figures of the drawings.

As shown in Figs. 1 to 3 inclusive a designates the loose leaves of a pad on which may be printed the usual calendar subject matter. In this form of the invention each leaf may be provided with pictorial matter of a his-55 torical character associated with the day

and month indicated thereon for the pur-Be it known that I, Arthur Biberfeld, a pose of reference and in order to increase subject of the German Emperor, residing at | the salable advantages of the calendar. As shown the leaves a are apertured at b and suspension means preferably in the form of 60 a cord or the like c is inserted through the aperture at one side of the pad and advanced abreast of the foremost leaf at f and returns through the other aperture d at the other side of the pad. The cord c may be looped 65 at g about a hook h or other suspending device located in any desirable position accessible to the user. If desired a backing e is provided for the leaves a, said backing being suitably apertured at d to permit passage of 70 the cord c wherefrom said backing is supported.

In the form shown in Figs. 1 to 3 a front piece or frame i is provided having suitable apertures for exposing the subject matter on 75 the leaves a. The frame i is adapted to lie abreast of the foremost leaf a and conceal substantially all of the same excepting that portion which is to be exposed and as shown said frame i projects somewhat beyond the 80 outer edge of the pad. A cord k or the like may be passed through openings in the frame i and through similar openings in the backing and looped about the hook or support h. It will be noted that the imper- 85 forate portion of the frame i conceals the cord g at f and also conceals the openings b.

It will be seen from the foregoing that as the leaves a are successively torn off the weight of the calendar will maintain the 90 cords g and k taut and the cords will serve to hold the frame or front piece i in engagement with the foremost leaf a and in prescribed relation with respect thereto so that the subject matter of the last leaf or any 95 intermediate leaf will always be in a position to be observed through the openings of the frame i.

In the form shown in Figs. 4 and 5 the suspension means is in the form of a cord p, 100q is looped about a support or hook s and extends forwardly of the backing n and rearwardly through an aperture r therein. The cord is then passed through spaced apertures in the backing n and extends for- 105 wardly through the leaves and through openings in the frame m. It will be seen that the backing n is disposed behind the rearmost leaf and is entirely free of and unconnected with the leaves, the frame m also 110

being free of and unconnected with said leaves. In this form of the invention the frame m is made in two parts as indicated at o so that when the user desires to tear 5 off the foremost leaf it is merely necessary to raise the lower part of the frame m on the end o as shown in Fig. 4, whereupon the leaf will be more readily accessible. In this form of the invention a single cord serves 10 to support the leaves and front and back members m and n respectively, said cord serving to retract or cause the frame n to recede gradually as the leaves are successively torn off so that said frame will always be in 15 engagement with the foremost leaf.

I claim:— 1. In combination, a plurality of leaves provided with calendar subject matter, a backing for said leaves, suspension means 20 loosely connected with said leaves and backing, a frame lying against the foremost leaves and provided with an opening for exposing the subject matter of the foremost leaf, said frame having an imperforate por-25 tion abreast of and concealing the leaves at the point of connection thereof with said suspension means, said frame being loosely connected with said means and retracted thereby against the foremost leaf as the

30 leaves are withdrawn.

2. In combination with a pad composed of a plurality of leaves, of a backing for said pad lying abreast of the rearmost leaf, a cord extending through said leaves and backing for suspending the same and gradu- 35 ally retracting the pad against said backing as the leaves are successively withdrawn from the pad, a front piece or frame lying abreast of the foremost leaf, and a suspension cord extending through said backing and the 40 frame and gradually retracting the latter against the pad as the leaves are successively

withdrawn therefrom.

3. In combination, a plurality of leaves provided on their outer faces with calendar 45 subject matter, a backing free of and disposed behind the rearmost leaf, a frame free of and disposed against the foremost leaf and provided with an opening for exposing the subject matter of the foremost leaf, and 50 suspension means loosely connected with said backing, frame and leaves and retracting said frame against the foremost leaves as the same are successively torn off.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my 55

hand in presence of two witnesses.

ARTHUR BIBERFELD.

Witnesses:

HENRY HASPER, Woldermar Haupt.