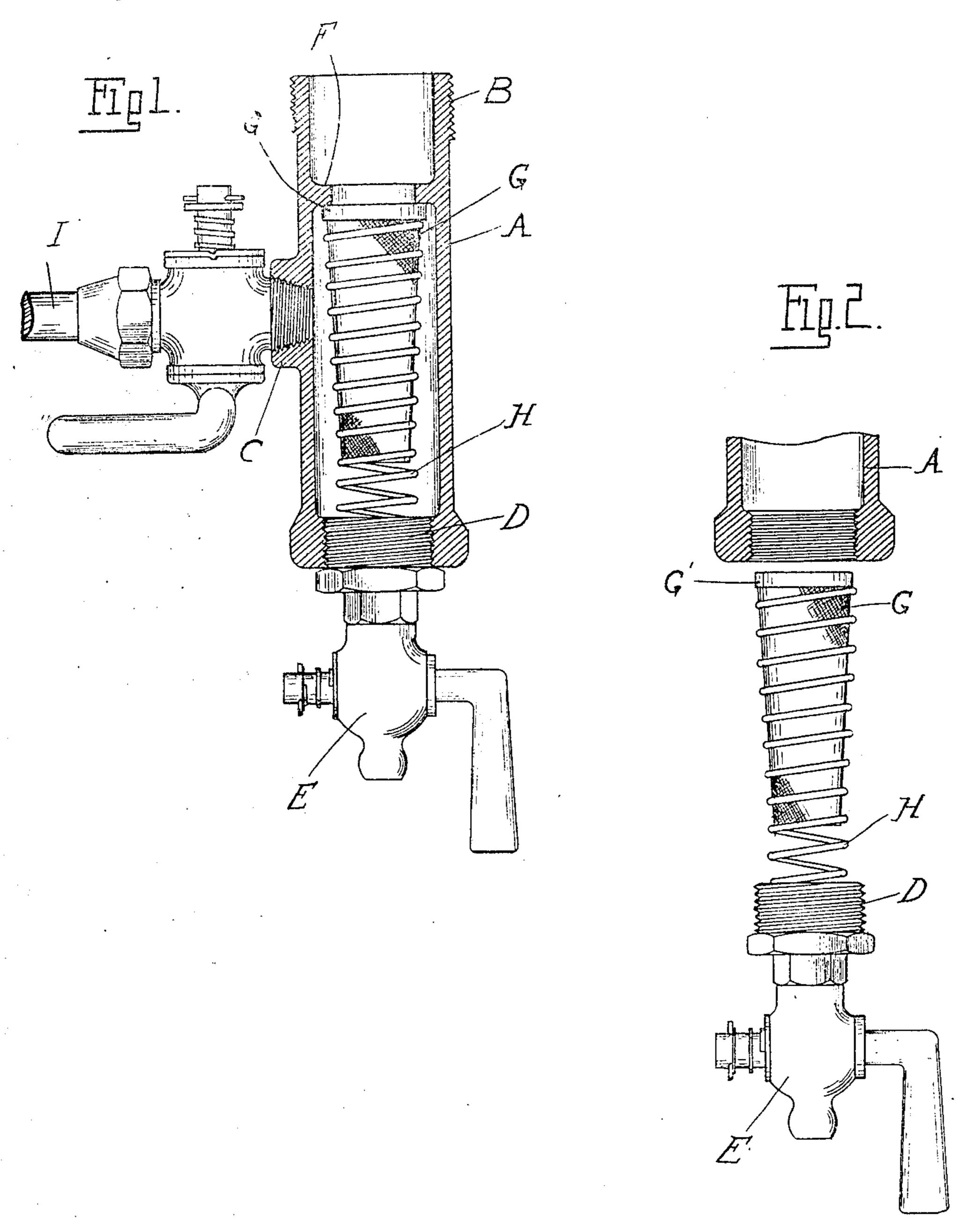
H. E. COFFIN. COMBINED SEDIMENT CUP, STRAINER, AND DRAIN PLUG. APPLICATION FILED NOV. 6, 1908.

920,271.

Patented May 4, 1909.



Witnesses MBelknyb Inventor.

Howard E. Cosfin

By Williamors Miller While action

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

HOWARD E. COFFIN, OF DETROIT, MICHIGAN, ASSIGNOR TO THE CHALMERS-DETROIT MOTOR COMPANY, OF DETROIT, MICHIGAN, A CORPORATION OF MICHIGAN.

COMBINED SEDIMENT-CUP, STRAINER, AND DRAIN-PLUG.

No. 920,271.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented May 4, 1909.

Application filed November 6, 1908. Serial No. 461,421.

To all whom it may concern:

citizen of the United States of America, residing at Detroit, in the county of Wayne and 5 State of Michigan, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in a Combined Sediment-Cup, Strainer, and Drain-Plug, of which the following is a specification, reference being had therein to the accompanying 10 drawings.

The invention relates to fluid circulating systems, and is more particularly designed

for use in lubricators.

The invention consists in the construction 15 by which the strainer may be quickly and easily detached for cleaning, and, further, in the peculiar construction, arrangement and combination of parts as hereinafter set forth.

In the drawings—Figure 1 is a sectional 20 elevation of my improved structure; Fig. 2 is a similar view showing the manner of de-

taching the strainer.

A is the casing which is provided at its | upper end with a threaded nipple B and at | plug. 25 its side with the threaded nipple C for respectively connecting with the outlet and inlet conduits of the circulating system.

D is a drain plug having a threaded engagement with the lower end of the casing A 30 and preferably provided with the petcock E.

F is an annular flange or shoulder formed within the casing A between the nipples B and C. G is a screen, preferably of conical form, which at its upper end is seated against 35 the shoulder F and extends down ward within the casing A, spaced from the walls thereof.

To hold the screen to its seat, and at the same time to permit of quickly removing it when necessary for cleaning, I provide a re-40 silient holder for the screen, which is attached to the plug D. This holder is preferably a spiral spring II which at its lower end is seated in the plug D and at its upper end bears against a flange G' upon the screen G. 45 The diameter of the nipple of the plug D is greater than the maximum diameter of the screen and spring, and is also larger than the annular bearing F within the casing. Thus the screen may be readily inserted or with-50 drawn from the casing whenever the plug is attached or detached and is normally held against its seat by the resilient holder H.

In operation the fluid entering from the

conduit I through the nipple C will first pass Be it known that I, Howard E. Coffin, a | into the chamber in the lower portion of the 55 casing A and will then filter through the screen and pass upward to the outlet nipple B. Any sediment which cannot pass through the screen will fall down and collect in the lower portion of the casing A. This sedi- 60 ment may be removed by opening the cock E and whenever necessary the screen may be removed for cleansing by merely unscrewing the plug.

What I claim as my invention is:

1. The combination with a casing, of a conduit connected with said casing at one side thereof, a removable drain plug engaging an aperture in the lower end of said casing, a screen insertible through said aperture, a 70 bearing on the upper end of said screen, a seat for said screen between said conduit and the upper end of said casing, and a spiral spring surrounding said screen and engaging the bearing; the lower end of said 75 spring being supported by the removable

2. The combination with a casing having an abutment intermediate its ends, of a removable drain plug engaging an aperture in 80 the casing, a screen insertible through said aperture, a bearing on one end thereof, a spiral spring encircling said screen and engaging said bearing for yieldingly holding the screen against the abutment, and a re- 85 movable drain plug for the aperture in the casing against which the other end of said

spring abuts.

3. The combination with a casing having an abutment intermediate its ends formed 90 by an inwardly-projecting annular flange, of a conduit connected with said casing at one side thereof, a removable drain plug engaging an aperture in the casing, a screen insertible through said aperture, a bearing on 95 one end of the screen, a spiral spring encircling said screen and engaging said bearing, the other end of said spring being supported by the drain plug whereby the screen is yieldingly held against said abutment.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature

in presence of two witnesses.

HOWARD E. COFFIN.

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Witnesses:

W. J. Belknap, JAMES P. BARRY.