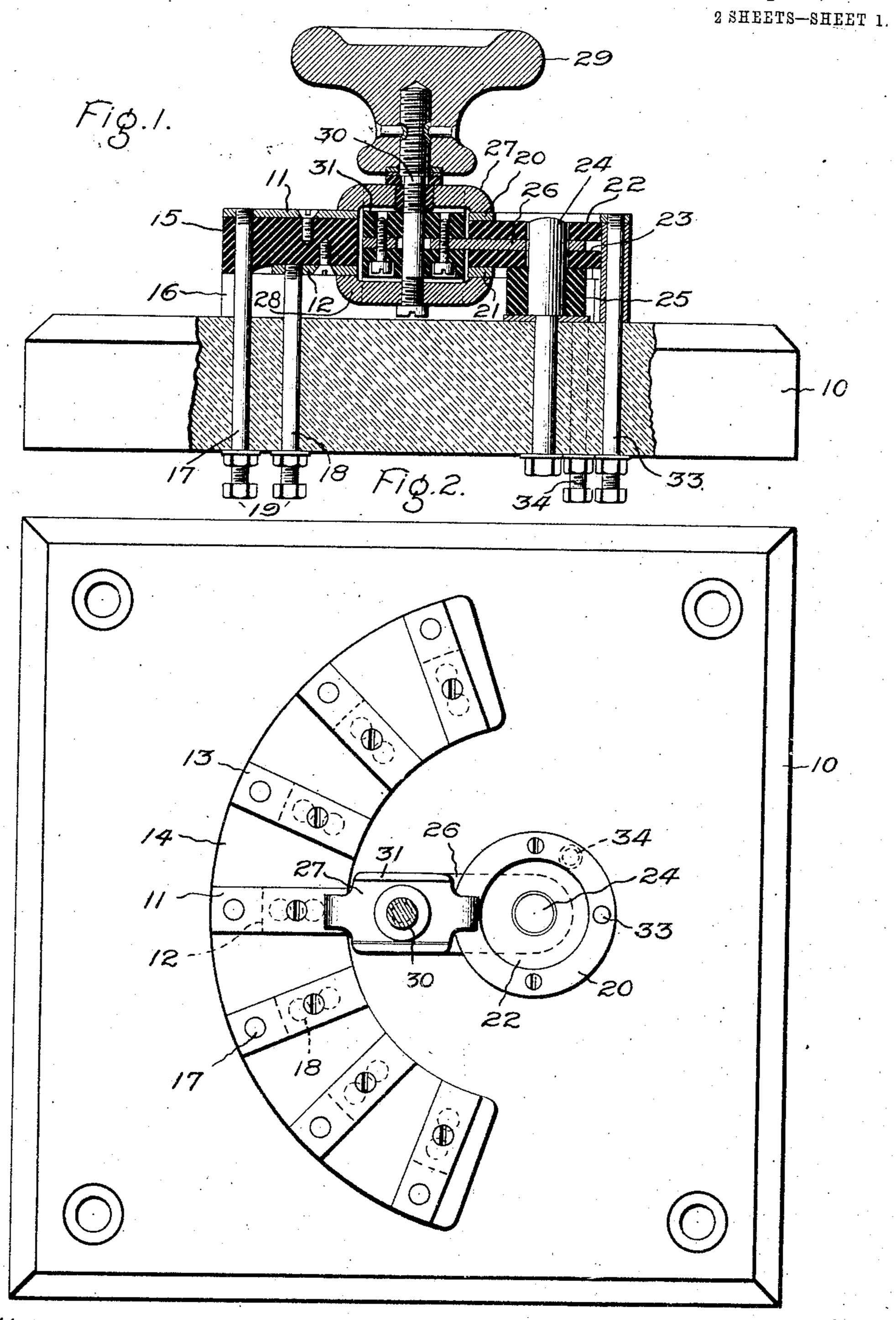
E. B. WEDMORE.

SWITCH FOR ELECTRIC CIRCUITS.

APPLICATION FILED OCT. 16, 1906.

917,209.

Patented Apr. 6, 1909.



Witnesses.

Marcus LiBying Halen Orford Inventor:

Edmund B. Wedmore, by May Day Still

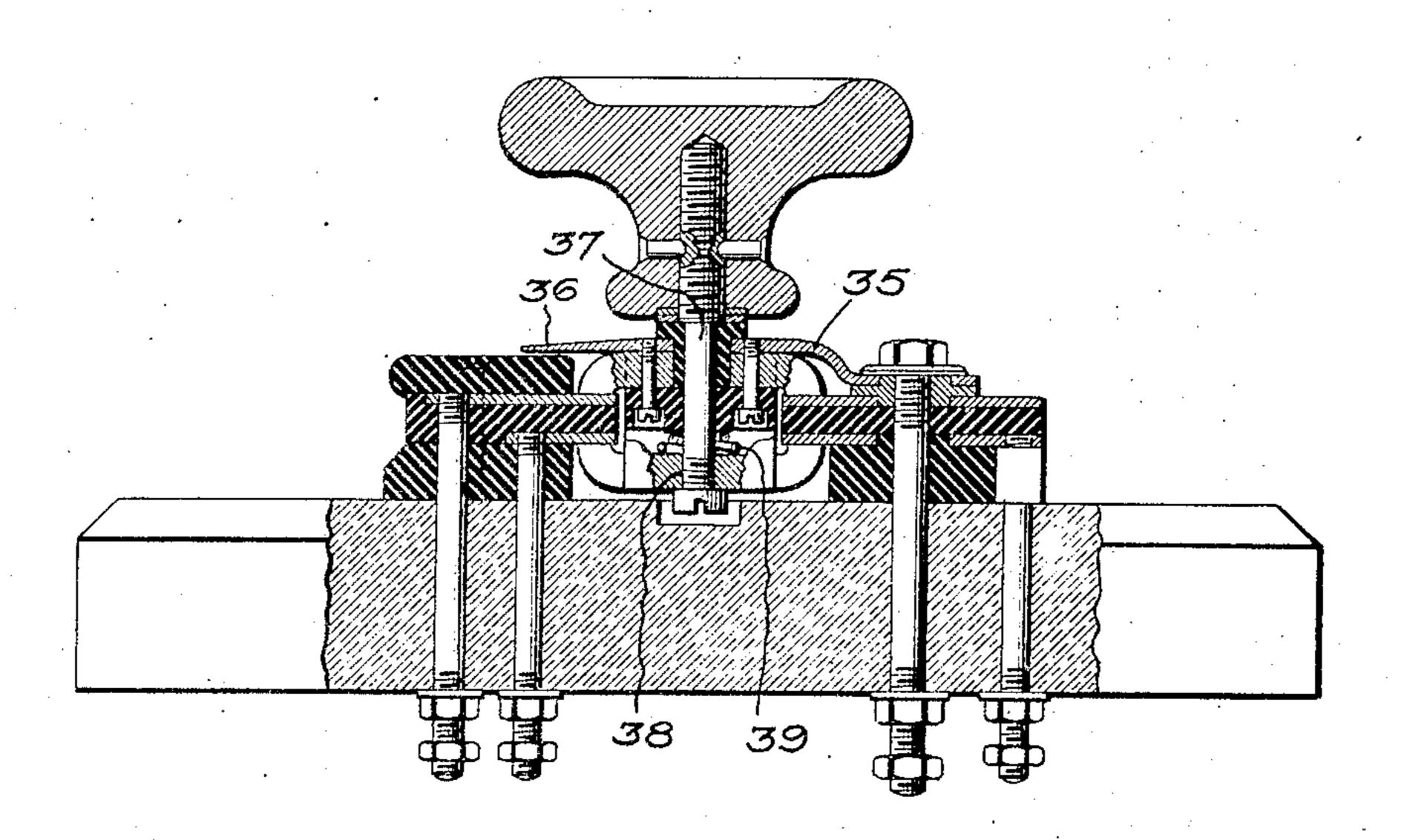
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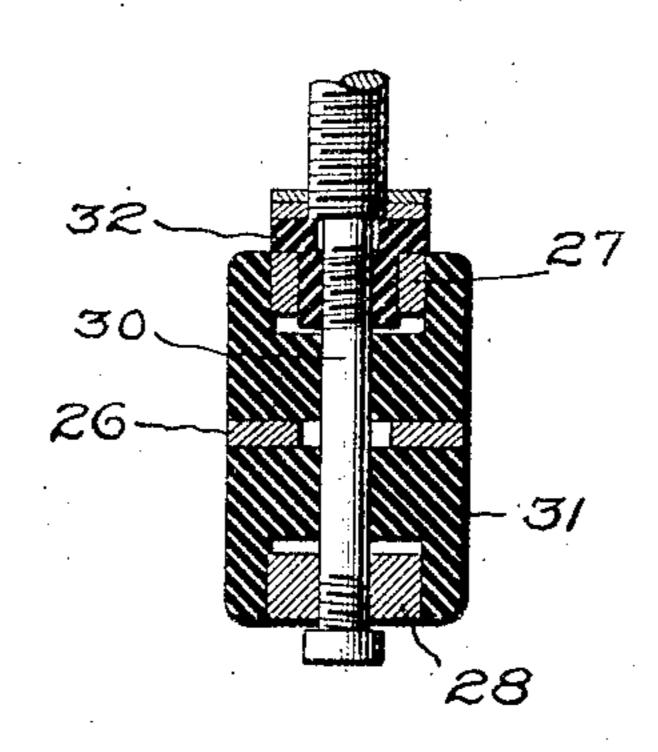
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2 SHEETS-SHEET 2.





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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

EDMUND B. WEDMORE, OF RUGBY, ENGLAND, ASSIGNOR TO GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY, A CORPORATION OF NEW YORK.

SWITCH FOR ELECTRIC CIRCUITS.

No. 917,209.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented April 6, 1909.

Application filed October 16, 1906. Serial No. 339,179.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, EDMUND B. WEDMORE, a subject of the King of Great Britain, residing at Rugby, England, have invented 5 certain new and useful Improvements in Switches for Electric Circuits, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to switches for electric circuits, and has for its object the pro-10 vision of a simple and efficient device of this character in which the arrangement of circuits may be varied in a convenient manner and in which the contact resistance is reduced to a minimum.

15 My invention, while it is capable of a broad application and may be used in a variety of places, is particularly well adapted for controlling the circuits of measuring instruments. In a device of this character, it 20 is essential that the contact resistance shall be low so as not to interfere with the readings of the instrument.

a construction in which the contacts for the ring 15 are a pair of contact rings 20 25 varying the circuits are concentrically ar- and 21 so arranged as to be in the same ranged in an arc of a circle, and a control- plane with the contacts 11 and 12, respecthese contacts. The controlling element is material 22 and 23. These rings and insu-30 tacts, and means is provided whereby the center and supported by an insulating block with the contacts. As a convenient method of doing this, I arrange a handle on a-controlling element, which handle is arranged 35 by means of screw connections so as to tighten the contacts as it turns. The controlling element will then be immovable until the contacts are loosened.

My invention, therefore, consists in the 40 features of construction and in the arrangement and combination of elements hereinafter set forth and particularly pointed out in the claims annexed to and forming a part of this application.

In the drawings, in which I have shown the preferred forms of my invention, Figure 1 is an elevation partly in section of one form of my device; Fig. 2 is a plan view of the same; Fig. 3 is a view similar to Fig. 1, 50 of a slightly modified form; and Fig. 4 is a detail of the brush tightening mechanism shown in Fig. 1.

Referring to the drawings, 10 is an insu-

lating base of slate, soap-stone, or the like, upon which the switch mechanism is prop- 55 erly mounted. This switch is preferably of the double pole type so that in case the device is used with measuring instruments, the connection may be made with both ends of the shunt of the instrument. The contacts 60 are arranged in an arc of a circle, and are in pairs 11, 12, 13, etc., the contacts of each pair being in a vertical alinement and the pairs being separated by insulating material 14.

In the construction shown in the drawings, the contacts are set into an insulating segment 15 so as to be flush with the surface, and the ring is supported above the base 10 in any manner, as by the support 16. 70 Electrical connection is made with these contacts by means of studs 17 and 18 which at the upper ends are screwed into the contact segments, and at their lower ends are provided with the necessary terminal con- 75 In carrying out my invention, I provide nections 19. Mounted concentrically with ling element is pivoted to cooperate with lively, and separated by strips of insulating 80 provided with brushes which engage the con- lating strips are mounted on a stud 24 as a brushes may be screwed into engagement; 25. Pivoted to this stud is a metallic controlling arm 26 arranged to move between 85 the insulating blocks 23 and 22. At the outer end of this arm is a pair of contact brushes 27 and 28 adapted to bridge the pairs of contacts 11 and 12 to the rings 20 and 21. The end of the arm passes between 90 the rings and the segments, and the brushes mounted thereon slide over the contacts. In order to make a good connection between the brushes and the contacts, I provide means for screwing the brushes into contact. This 95 means comprises an operating handle 29 which is mounted on the end of the arm 26, and which has screw connections with the brushes whereby the latter may be tightened on to the contacts by turning the handle. 100 The detail of this mechanism is shown in Fig. 4. The adjusting pin 30 which is rigidly screwed to the handle 29 is mounted on the arm 26 by means of an insulating block 31, which is supported at its middle by the 105 arm. The brushes 27 and 28 are set into the

block and connected with the adjusting pin by right and left hand screw threads, the brush 27 being insulated from the stud by a bushing 32.

It will be seen that by turning the stud 31 by means of the handle 29, the brushes are screwed together, thereby tightening them into contact with the contact rings and segments. Electrical connection is made with

10 the rings 20 and 21 in a manner similar to that of the segments 11 and 12, the stude 33 and 34 passing through the base and screwing at their upper ends into the rings. By this construction, it will be seen that the

15 brushes 26 may be moved by means of the handle 29 so as to connect the rings 20 and 21 with the pairs of segments successively, and by turning the handle 29, the brushes may be screwed down so as to make a good 20 electrical connection with the contacts.

In Fig. 3 I have shown a slight modification in which the arm 35 carrying the contacting brushes is situated above the fixed contacts, and the arm itself is extended so as 25 to form a pointer 36. In this form, the stud 37 instead of being provided with right and left hand screw threads is provided with a single thread 38 for the same purpose, the spring 39 being provided to separate the 30 brushes when the handle is turned.

Various other modifications of the construction may be made without departing from the spirit of my invention, the scope of which I have set forth in the appended

35 claims.

What I claim as new and desire to secure by Letters Patent of the United States, is,—

1. A switch for electric circuits comprising a series of contacts, a movable element 40 provided with brushes adapted to engage said contacts, and means carried by the element and movable therewith for tightening the brushes into close relation with the contacts.

2. A switch for electric circuits comprising a series of contacts, a pivoted controlling element adapted to successively engage said contacts, and means carried by the element and movable therewith for tightening 50 the same into close relation with the contacts.

3. A switch for electric circuits comprising a series of pairs of contacts, a movable element adapted to successively engage the 55 same, and means carried by the element and movable therewith for tightening the movable element into close relation with the contacts.

4. A switch for electric circuits compris-60 ing a series of contacts, a movable element adapted to successively engage said contacts, a handle for moving said element, and means controlled by said handle for varying the pressure between the contacts and 65 the movable element.

5. A switch for electric circuits comprising a series of contacts, a pivoted element provided with a brush adapted to successively engage said contacts, a handle for moving said element, and means for varying the 70 pressure between the brush and the contacts

by the movement of said handle.

6. A switch for electric circuits comprising a series of contacts arranged in an arc of a circle, a contact ring concentric there- 75 with, a movable element adapted to bridge the successive contacts and said ring, and means carried by the element and movable therewith for varying the contacting pressure between the bridging element and the 80 contacts.

7. A switch for electric circuits comprising a series of contacts arranged in an arc of a circle, a circular contact arranged concentric therewith, a movable element pivoted 85 concentric with said contacts and provided with a brush arranged to successively bridge the contacts and the circular contact, and means carried by the element and movable therewith for varying the pressure between 90 the contacts and the brush.

8. A switch for electric circuits comprising a series of pairs of contacts arranged in an arc of a circle, a pair of contact rings concentric therewith, a pivoted element adapted 95 to bridge said rings and said pairs of contacts successively, and means movable with said element for varying the contacting pressure between the bridging element and the

contacts of each pair.

9. A switch for electric circuits comprising a series of pairs of contacts arranged in an arc of a circle, a pair of contact rings concentric therewith, a pivoted element provided with a pair of brushes movable be- 105 tween the rings and contacts and adapted to successively bridge the contacts of each pair and the rings, a handle for moving said element, and means whereby the contacting pressure of said brushes is varied by the 110 turning of said handle.

10. A switch for electric circuits comprising concentrically arranged contacts, a pivoted element provided with a brush adapted to move in an arc of a circle between said 115 contacts and engage the same, and means carried by the element and movable therewith for tightening said brushes on to said

contacts.

11. A switch for electric circuits compris- 120 ing concentrically arranged contacts, a pivoted element provided with a brush adapted to move in an arc of a circle between said contacts and engage the same, a handle for moving said element, and screw connections 125 between the handle and the brush for varying the contacting pressure of the latter.

12. A switch for electric circuits comprising concentrically arranged pairs of contacts, a pivoted element provided with 130

brushes adapted to move in an arc of a circle between said contacts and simultaneously engage the pairs, a handle for operating the element, and screw connections between the handle and the brushes for pressing the latter on to the contacts.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set

my hand this nineteenth day of September, 1906.

EDMUND B. WEDMORE.

Witnesses:

CHARLES H. FULLER, J. A. FOSTER.