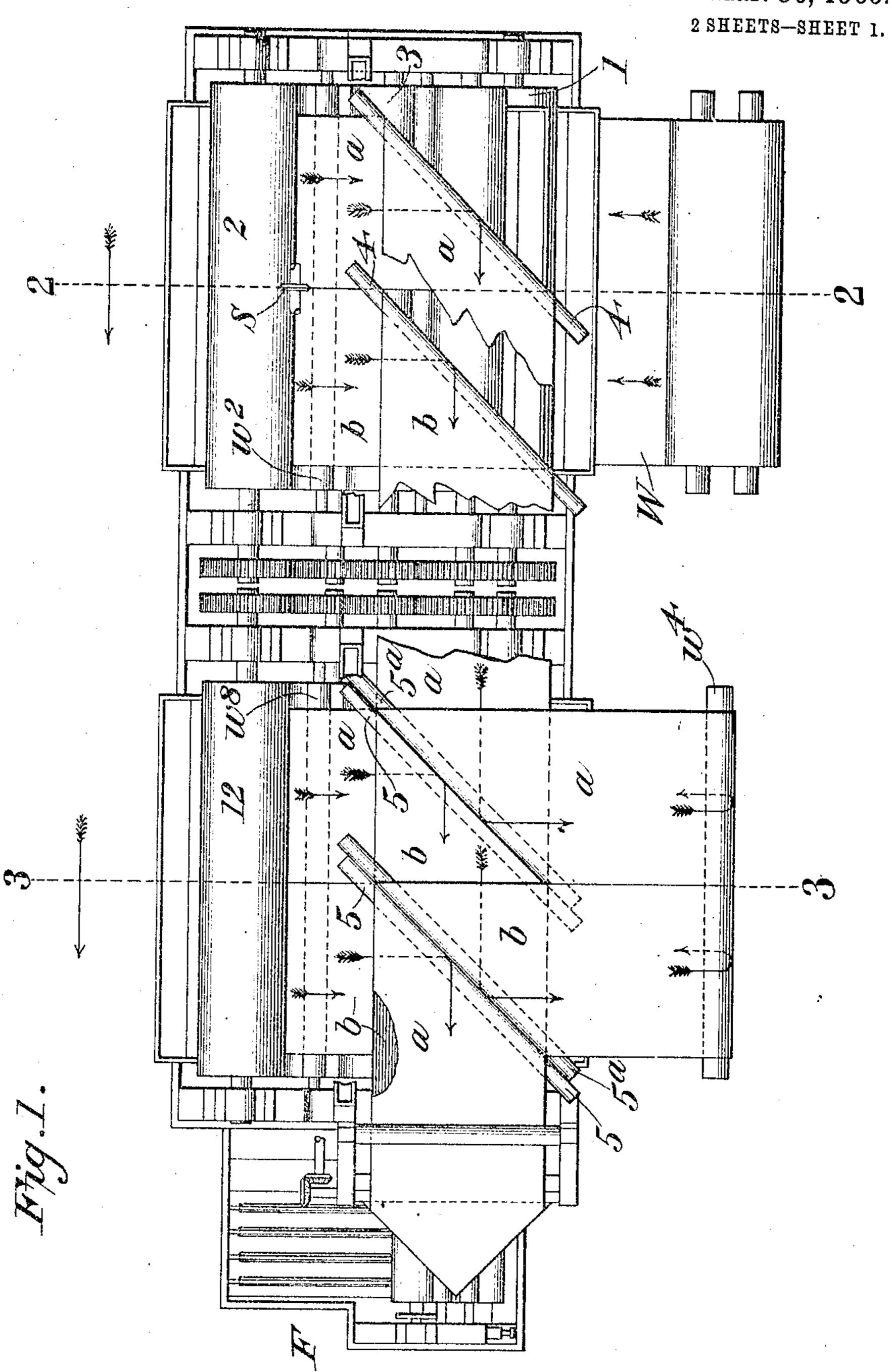
H. F. BECHMAN. ROTARY CYLINDER WEB PRINTING PRESS. APPLICATION FILED MAY 2, 1907.

916,408.

Patented Mar. 30, 1909.



Inventor:

Henry F. Bechman

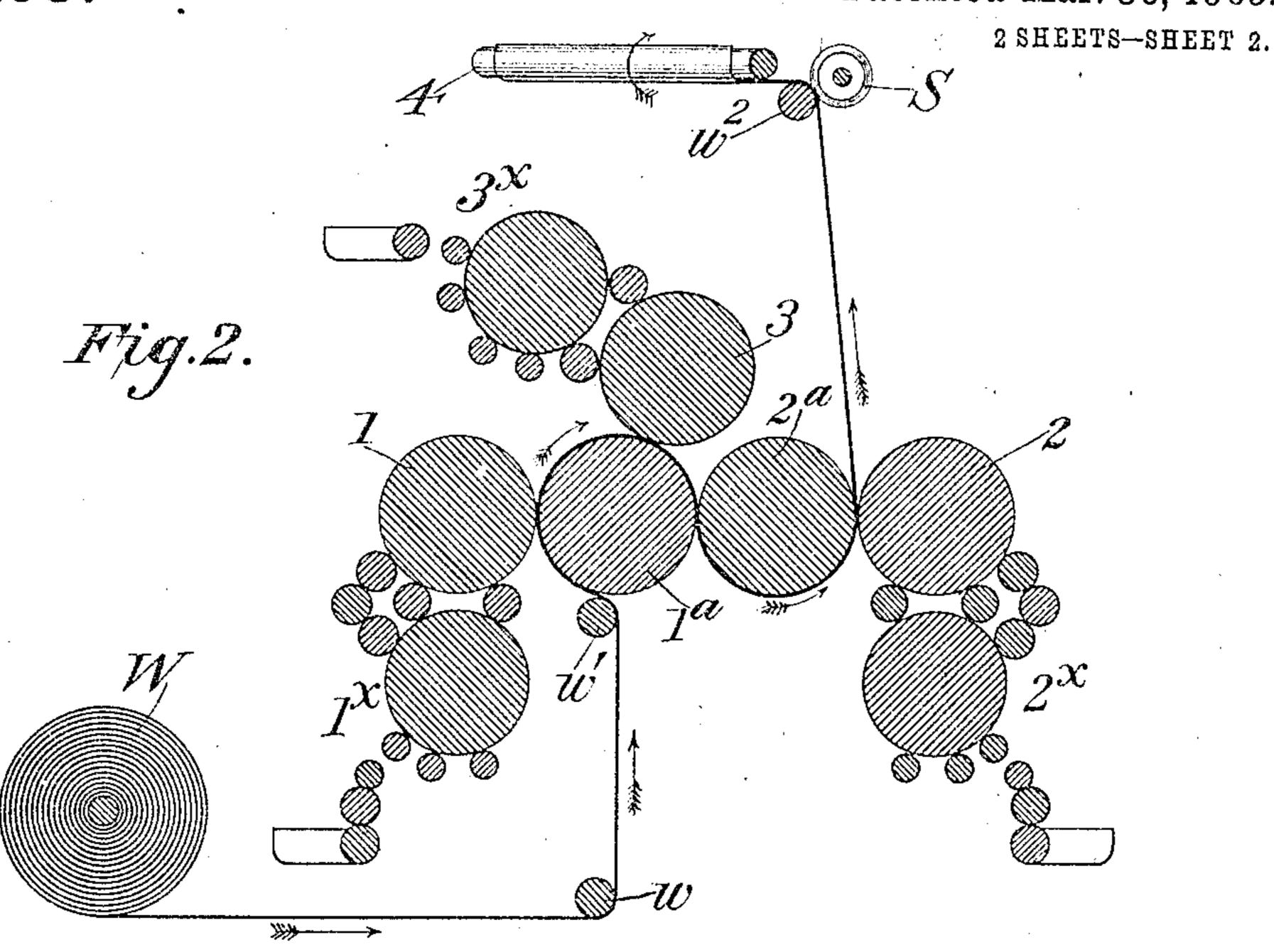
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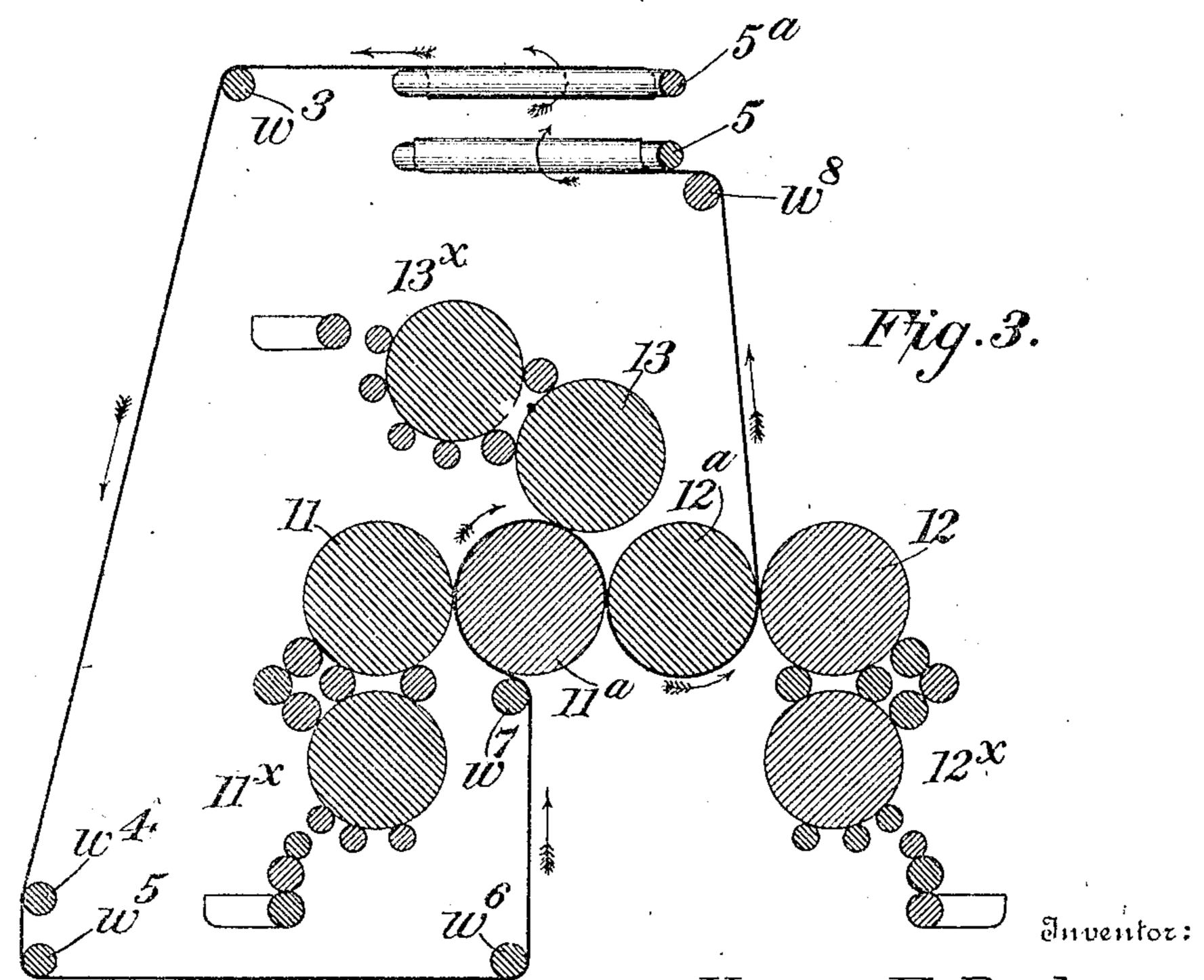
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Henry F. Bechman

Mitnesses
Laures Donours field.

By Alexander Sourll.

Attorneys

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

HENRY F. BECHMAN, OF BATTLE CREEK, MICHIGAN, ASSIGNOR TO DUPLEX PRINTING PRESS COMPANY, OF BATTLE CREEK, MICHIGAN, A CORPORATION OF MICHIGAN.

ROTARY-CYLINDER WEB-PRINTING PRESS.

No. 916,408.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented March 30, 1909.

Application filed May 2, 1907. Serial No. 371,490.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, HENRY F. BECHMAN, of Battle Creek, in the county of Calhoun and State of Michigan, have invented cer-5 tain new and useful Improvements in Rotary-Cylinder Web-Printing Presses; and I hereby declare that the following is a full, clear, and exact description thereof, reference being had to the accompanying draw-

10 ings, which form part of this specification. This invention is an improvement in rotary cylinder web printing presses, and relates particularly to the press shown in my Patent No. 814,510, dated March 6, 1906, the 15 object of the present invention being to enable such presses to produce multi-colored papers. A press of the size shown in my said patent if equipped with my present invention, can produce one 8-page or one 16page paper with both sides printed in color, and by the addition of two extra plate cylinders and inking mechanisms it can proside of which can be printed in three colors | 25 in addition to the black, and the other side | of which can be printed in one color and black. The capacity of the press can be va-

ried by varying the length of the plate cyl-

inders, so that the invention is not limited 30 to one 8-page, or a 16-page, press, and I simply mention that number of pages for convenience of explanation. The number of pages produced will depend entirely upon the number of plates that the cylinders are 35 adapted to carry, and whether the plates are arranged for "straight run" or "collecting" methods of printing, and also upon the number of printing sections in the press. In the example shown the press has two 40 such sections and I will now describe the invention with reference to the drawings which will enable the same to be clearly understood; and I refer to the claims for summaries of the arrangements and con-

The invention, I remark, embodies a novel method of and means for threading the press, and other novel details which will 50 be hereinafter referred to.

45 structions of parts for which protection is

desired.

In the drawings-Figure 1 is a plan view of the complete machine threaded, the web being broken away in parts to more clearly indicate the leads of the webs; Fig. 2 is a

diagrammatical transverse-section of the 55 press on the line 2-2, Fig. 1; and Fig. 3 is a similar section on the line 3-3, Fig. 1.

As shown the press has two main sets of perfecting mechanisms, each comprising two piate cylinders and co-acting impression 60 cylinders which are arranged side by side at a substantially horizontal plane, all the cylinders extending longitudinally of the press and the cylinders in the adjacent perfecting mechanisms being arranged end to end and 65 extending longitudinally of the press, as in my patent aforesaid. Above and co-acting with one of the impression cylinders in each perfecting mechanism is a third plate cylinder.

The plate cylinders in what I term the first perfecting mechanism are designated as 1, 2 and 3, and the impression cylinders are designated by 1ª and 2ª, the plate cylinders 1 and 3 co-acting with the impression 75 cylinder 1^a. The plate cylinders in the secduce one 8-page, or one 16-page, paper one ond perfecting mechanism are designated by 11, 12 and 13, and the impression cylinders by 11a, 12a; the plate cylinders 11 and 13 both co-acting with the impression cylin- 80 der 11^a. Each plate cylinder is provided with an inking-system, designated by 1x, 2x, 3×, 11×, 12× and 13×; these inking mechanisms are preferably constructed as shown and described in my Patent No. 823,098, dated 85 June 12, 1906, and need no particular description herein, they being adapted to supply ink to the plates on the respective plate cylinders. Above the first perfecting mechanism are arranged a pair of 90 angle-bars 4, while above the second perfecting mechanism are placed a duplicate set of angle-bars 5 and 5a, the bars 5a being parallel with and directly above bars 5.

All the cylinders should be intergeared 95 and driven in unison, substantially as in my patent aforesaid, and it will facilitate understanding the arrangement of the web guides in the multi-color press by referring to Figs. 2 and 3, and following the course 100 of the webs through the press as shown therein. The web W is led in, from a roll at one side of the machine, over the stationary guide w below the first perfecting mechanism, then up over the guide w' and 105 between cylinders 1, and 1a, and 1a, and 3; then down between cylinders 1ª and 2ª; up between cylinders 2, and 2a; then over B

guide w^2 . The web, it will be observed, being printed twice on one side by cylinders 1, and 1° and 3, and 1°, and then perfected on the opposite side by cylinders 2, and 2a. 5 If cylinders 1 and 2 print in black, the cylinder 3 may supply a color so that the product of the first perfecting mechanism could be an 8-page or a 16-page paper perfected in black and with one color additional on one 10 side.

The web is preferably divided longitudinally by a slitter S located adjacent the guide w2, and is led from said guide to and over the angle-bars 4 by which the halves 15 of the web are given a quarter-turn and brought into line and are then led longitudinally of the press, to and over the second perfecting mechanism; or, if desired, they could be led directly to a folder F, which is 20 shown in this instance as located at the end

of the press.

Assuming that more colors are desired on the paper, the split halves (a, b,) of the web after being led to and above the second per-25 fecting mechanism are turned over upper angle-bars 5a, and led out over a guide roller w^3 , down over guides w^4 and w^5 , beside the second perfecting mechanism, and then led in under said mechanism to and over guides 30 w^6 and w^7 , and then passed between cylinders 11 and 11a; then between cylinders 11a and 13: then down between cylinders 113 and 12a: then up between cylinders 12 and 12° to a guide roller w, and then to and 35 over lower angle-bars 5, and thence passed, longitudinally of the press, to the folder, as indicated in Fig. 1. In passing through the second perfecting mechanism, the previously printed webs (a, b,) may receive two more 40 impressions on one side in colors from the plate cylinders 11 and 13, and another impression in color on the opposite side from the plate cylinder 12, so that in the arrangement shown, 8 pages or 16 pages 45 could be printed in black and three colors on one side, and in black and one color on the opposite side.

The foregoing arrangement of black and colors is based upon the assumption that 50 the fountains 1× and 2× supply black ink and the other fountains different colors; but other desired arrangement of colors may be impressed upon the webs by supplying colored inks to the fountains as desired.

The folder is, for convenience, located at the end of the press, but obviously it could be located elsewhere, at the side of the press if desired, and the web could be easily led in a reverse direction over guides ws to a to folder at the side of the press, if desired.

Obviously by the described means and method of threading the web through the press, a paper could be printed in black and in two colors without using the cylinders 3 so and 13, and when it is not desired to print | to the full capacity of the press in colors, one or more of the plate cylinders can obviously be put out of effective operation by

omitting the plates and ink.

Each section of the press could be used to 70 print a paper in black and one color by threading each section as shown in Fig. 2 and running the web directly to the folder. It is obvious that with the construction shown in the drawings a great variety of 75 multi-colored papers can be produced at each operation of the machine.

Having described my invention what I claim as new and desire to secure by Letters

Patent is:

1. The combination of a plurality of perfecting mechanisms, each comprising a plurality of plate cylinders and co-acting impression cylinders arranged longitudinally of the press, the perfecting mechanisms be- 85 ing arranged substantially end to end and closely adjacent, a folding mechanism, a slitter and web guides and angle-bars adjacent each mechanism, whereby a web of paper may be led successively between the plate 90 and impression cylinders in one mechanism and then slit and its halves directed to and between the plate and impression cylinders of the adjacent mechanism, and then to the folder.

2. In a rotary printing press, the combination of a plurality of perfecting mechanisms, arranged end to end each comprising three plate cylinders and two impression cylinders coacting with the plate cylinders, 100 all the cylinders being arranged longitu-. dinally of the press; a folding mechanism; a slitter angle-bars arranged above each perfecting mechanism, and web guides whereby a web of paper may be directed successively 105 between the plate and impression cylinders in each perfecting mechanism to be printed twice in muti-color, substantially as set forth.

3. The combination of two sets of perfect- 110 ing mechanism arranged end to end, all the cylinders extending longitudinally of the press, a folding mechanism, web guides for directing a web of paper through the first perfecting mechanism, a slitter angle-bars 115 above the first perfecting mechanism whereby the slit web is directed to the second perfecting mechanism, angle-bars above-the second perfecting mechanism whereby the slit web is directed to one side of the said 120 second perfecting mechanism, guides for leading the deflected slit web back into and through the second perfecting mechanism, and guides for leading the twice printed web from the second perfecting mechanism 125 to the folding mechanism.

4. The combination of two sets of printing mechanisms arranged end to end, all the cylinders extending longitudinally of the press; and a folder with web guides for 130

directing a web of paper through the first | be turned and directed to the folder, and a printing mechanism, a slitter and angle- | folder at the end of the press. bars above the first printing mechanism whereby the web is slit and directed longi-5 tudinally of the press to the second printing | mechanism, angle-bars above the second printing mechanism whereby the slit web is directed to one side of the said second printing mechanism, guides for leading the deto flected slit web back into and through the second printing mechanism, and a second set of angle-bars above the second printing mechanism by which the twice printed slit web is directed to the folder.

15 5. In a multi-color rotary printing press, the combination of a plurality of multicolor printing mechanisms, arranged end to end and each comprising plate cylinders and co-acting impression cylinders; with! 20 guides for directing a web of paper to and 1 between the cylinders in the first printing the first printing mechanism over which the | bars above the second printing mechanism slit web can be given a quarter-turn and over which the twice printed web can be 25 led to the second printing mechanism, a set of angle-bars above the second printing | folder at the end of the press. mechanism over which the slit web may be given a quarter-turn and led to one side of] such mechanism, guides for directing the 30 deflected web back to and through the second | printing mechanism, and a second set of angle-bars above the second printing mechanism over which the twice printed web can

6. In a multi-color rotary printing press, the combination of two sets of printing mechanisms each comprising three plate cylinders and two co-acting impression cylinders, all the cylinders being arranged 40 longitudinally of the press, and the printing mechanisms being closely adjacent; with guides for directing a web of paper to and between the cylinders in the first printing mechanism, means for slitting the web, 45 angle-bars'above the first printing mechanism over which the siit web can be given a quarter-turn and led to the second printing mechanism, a set of angle-bars above the second printing mechanism over which the 50 web may be given a quarter-turn and led to one side of such mechanism, guides for directing the deflected web back to and through the second printing mechanism to mechanism, a slitter and angle-bars above | be printed in colors, a second set of angle- 55 turned and directed to the folder, and a

In testimony that I claim the foregoing 60 as my own, I affix my signature in presence of two witnesses.

Witnesses: E. W. DUNNING, GUY H. FENN.