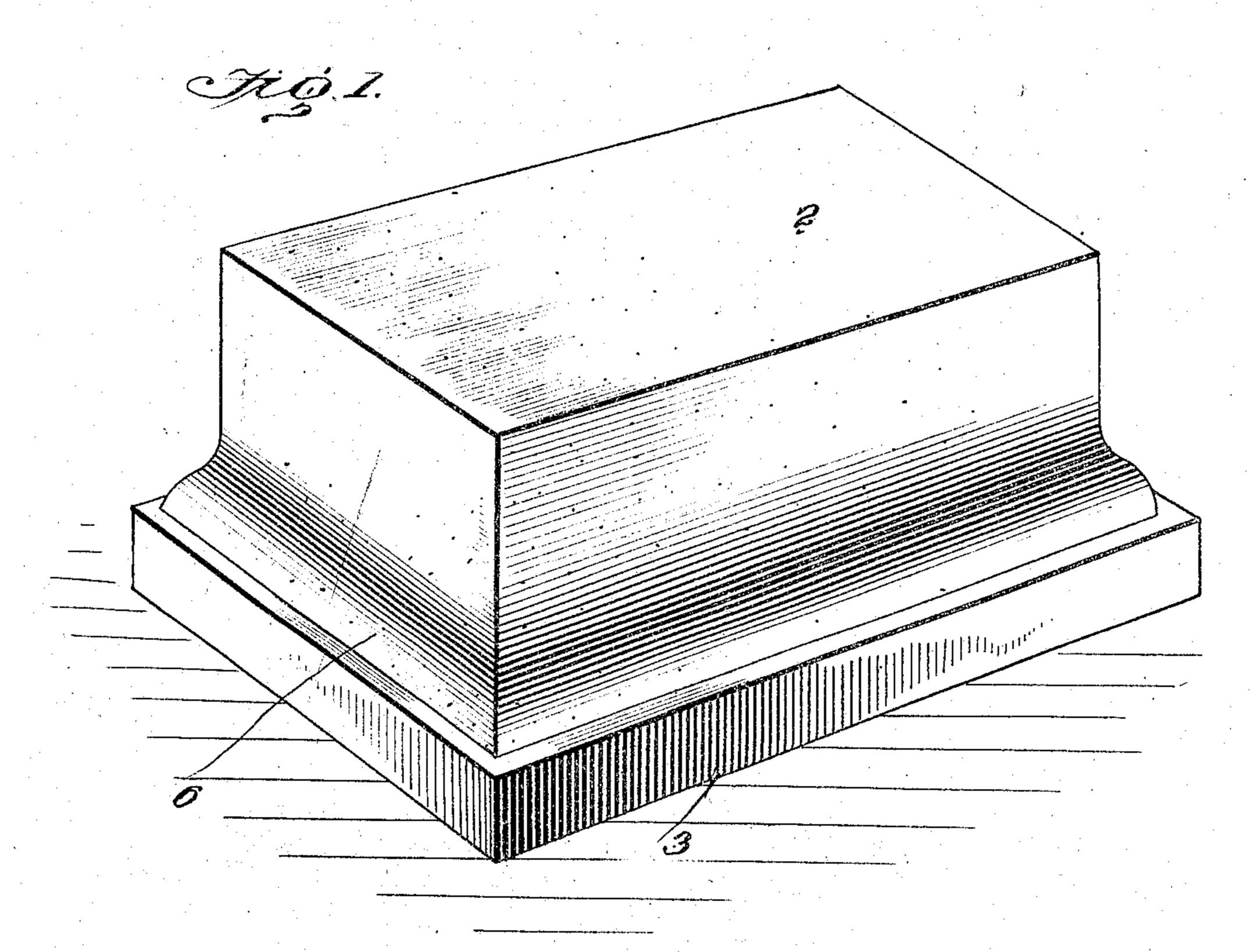
## R. G. WELTNER & G. R. ALLEBAUGH.

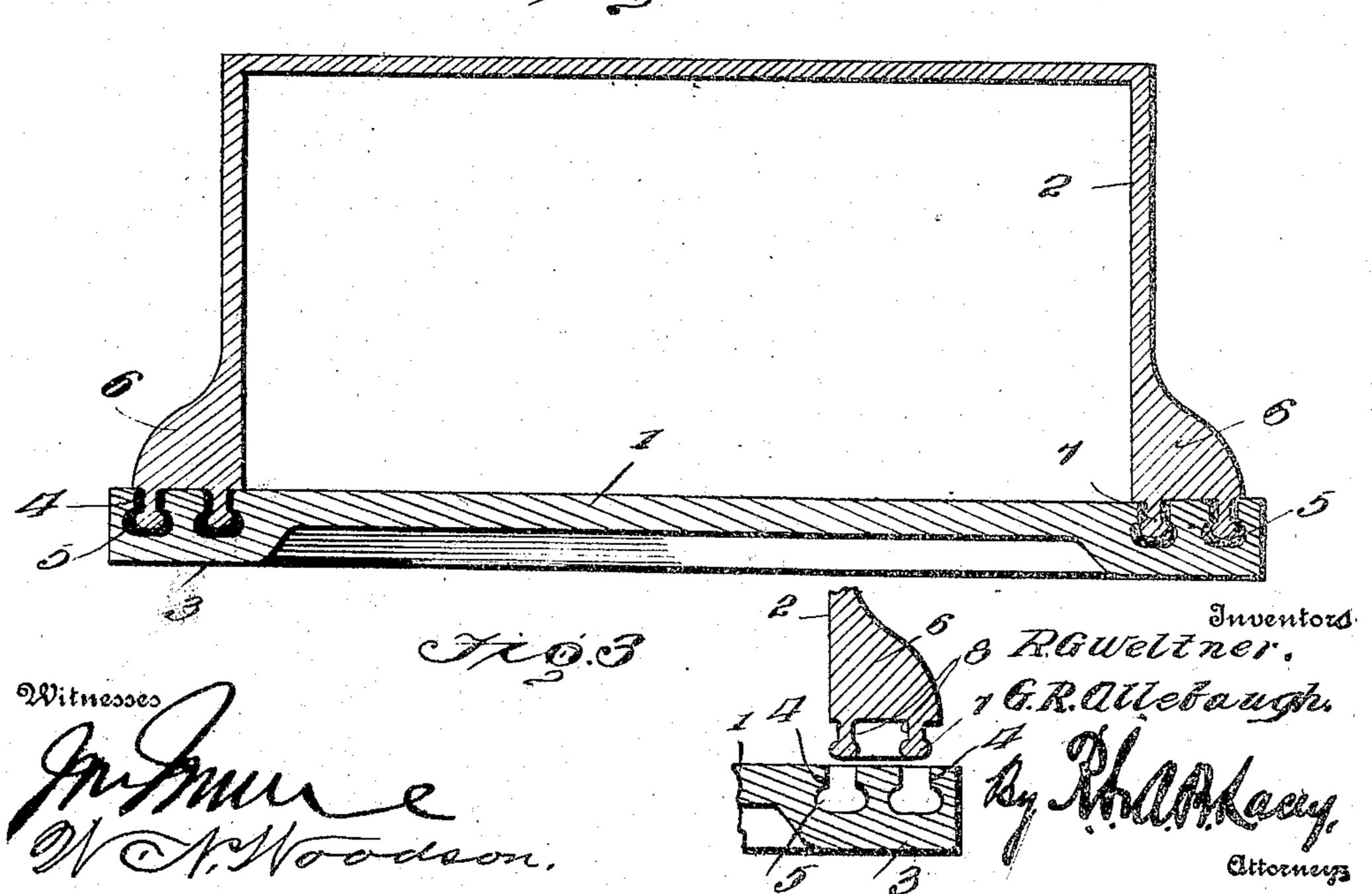
BURIAL VAULT.
APPLICATION FILED APR. 1, 1908.

916,074.

Patented Mar. 23, 1909.



C. Z.



## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE,

ROBISON G. WELTNER AND GEORGE R. ALLEBAUGH, OF McCLELLANDTOWN, PENNSYLVANIA.

## BURIAL-VAULT.

No. 916,074.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented March 23, 1909.

Application filed April 1, 1908. Serial No. 424,509.

To all whom it may concern:

NER and GEORGE R. ALLEBAUGH, citizens of the United States, residing at McClelland-5 town, in the county of Fayette and State of Pennsylvania, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Burial-Vaults, of which the following is a specification.

This invention has for its object an im-10 proved construction of burial vault, which, when closed, will be water proof, and which will be impossible to open without breaking the vault after it has been once closed and

sealed.

With these and other objects in view as will more fully appear as the description proceeds, the invention consists in certain constructions, arrangements and combinations of the parts that we will hereinafter 20 fully describe and claim.

For a full understanding of the invention, reference is to be had to the following description and accompanying drawing, in

which:

proved burial vault; Fig. 2 is a longitudinal sectional view thereof; and, Fig. 3 is a detail view illustrating the parts that form the joint.

30 Corresponding and like parts are referred to in the following description and indicated in all the views of the drawings by the same

reference characters.

Referring to the drawing, the numeral 1 35 designates the base of our improved burial vault and 2 the top or body portion adapted to rest upon and be secured to the base. The base 1 is formed with a thickened margin 3 in which are formed outer and inner 40 grooves 4, said grooves facing upwardly and running parallel to each other and having

their side walls undercut, as indicated at 5. The body portion 2 of the vault is formed with a thickened lower edge 6 and with two 45 ribs 7 depending therefrom and extending parallel to each other around the entire lower margin of the body portion. The ribs 7 are formed with grooved side walls, as indicated at 8 so as to form locking tongues.

In sealing the vault, cement is run into the undercut grooves 4 and the top or body portion 2 of the vault is then placed upon the base, the ribs 7 passing through the

entrance portions of the grooves 4 into the Be it known that we, Robison G. Welt- undercut portions of the grooves and being 55 firmly embedded in the cement which will settle around the ribs and in the grooved side walls thereof, so as to effect a water tight and air tight joint. Preferably the lower ends of the ribs 7 are of a width sub- 60 stantially equal to the entrance portions of

the grooves 4.

From the foregoing description in connection with the accompanying drawing, it will be seen that we have provided a simple 65 and efficient construction of burial vault which may be easily sealed and which will be water tight, even though it were not sealed, as water cannot enter until the air is removed and there is no way for the air to go out 70 after the body portion has been placed firmly upon the base. It will also be seen that after the cement has set, it will be impossible to open the vault without breaking it, as the inner rib and groove cannot be 75 reached from the outside.

It is obvious that the vault can be made Figure 1 is a perspective view of our im- of any material suitable for the purpose, such as cement or concrete, steel, glass, or enameled cast-iron, and that it may be of 80 any desired shape and proportion of parts.

Having thus described the invention, what

is claimed as new is:

A burial vault comprising a base and a body portion thereon, one of said parts being 85 formed with a groove and the other with a rib adapted to fit in said groove, and one of said parts being formed with an inner groove within the margin of the body portion and spaced from the first named groove, 90 while the other part is formed with a rib adapted to be seated in the second mentioned groove, the ribs being slightly smaller than the grooves and the latter being adapted to receive the same whereby to seal the 95 ribs in the grooves, and whereby also to provide an inner sealed joint between the body portion and the base separate and distinct from the outer sealed joint.

In testimony whereof we affix our signa- 100

tures in presence of two witnesses.

ROBISON G. WELTNER. GEORGE R. ALLEBAUGH. [L. s.]

Witnesses:

GEO. B. HEETER, CHARLES T. CRAMER.