F. P. PFLEGHAR. DOOR LOCK.

APPLICATION FILED JUNE 5, 1906. Patented Mar. 9, 1909. 914,670. 2 SHEETS-SHEET 1. Inventor:-

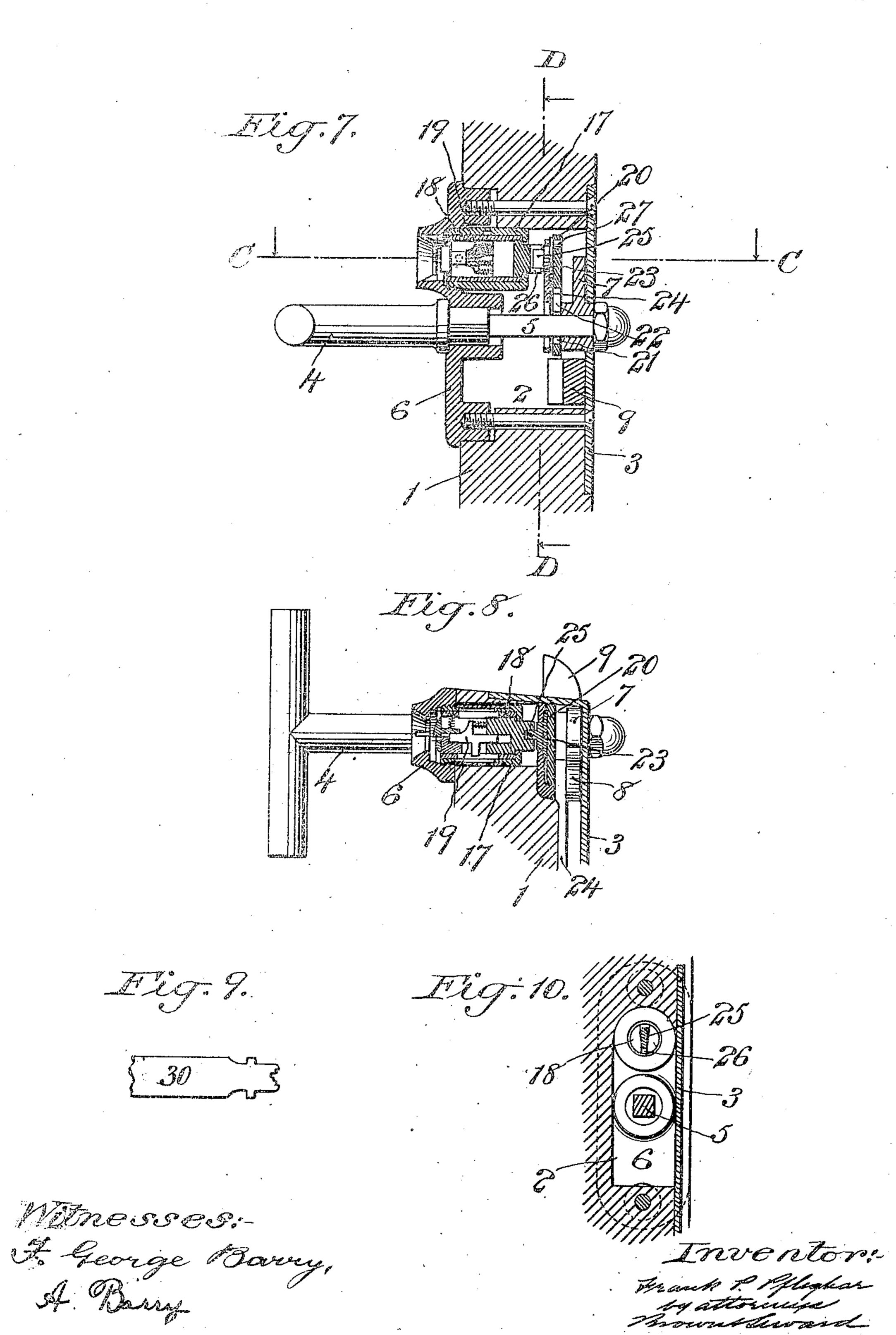
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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

FRANK P. PFLEGHAR, OF NEW HAVEN, CONNECTICUT, ASSIGNOR TO F. P. PFLEGHAR & SON, OF NEW HAVEN, CONNECTICUT, A FIRM.

DOOR-LOCK.

No. 914,670.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented March 9, 1909.

plication filed June 5, 1906. Serial No. 320,241.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Frank P. Pfleghar, a citizen of the United States, and resident of New Haven, in the county of New Haven 5 and State of Connecticut, have invented a new and useful Improvement in Door-Locks, of which the following is a specification.

My invention relates to improvements in door locks and has for its object to provide a 10 novel and effective device for locking the

latch bolt.

This invention is particularly well adapted for use in connection with limousine doors.

In the accompanying drawings, Figure 1 15 represents an outside view of a portion of a door with my improved lock applied thereto, Fig. 2 is an end view of the same, Fig. 3 is a vertical section taken in the plane of the line A-A of Fig. 2 looking in the direction of the 20 arrows, Fig. 4 is a detail section showing the connection between the shank of the outside handle and the latch bolt, Fig. 5 is a detail section showing the locking bolt in its unlocked position, Fig. 6 is a similar view show-25 ing the locking bolt in its locked position, Fig. 7 is a section taken in the plane of the line B-B of Fig. 1, looking in the direction of the arrows, Fig. 8 is a section taken in the plane of the line C—C of Fig. 7, looking in 30 the direction of the arrows, Fig. 9 is a detail view of a key fitted to the particular lock shown herein, and Fig. 10 is a detail section taken in the plane of the line D—D of Fig. 7, looking in the direction of the arrows.

The door is denoted by 1. This door has a shoulder 29 on the latch bolt 9. the usual recess 2 for the reception of the

working parts of a lock.

The lock casing plate is denoted by 3 and it is extended along the front end and inner

40 side of the door.

· The outer latch bolt handle is denoted by 4 and the angular portion of its shank by 5. The handle shank extends through the front plate 6 of the lock and it has fixed thereto 45 the usual arm 7 within the recess 2 arranged to engage a lug 8 uprising from the latch bolt 9 for sliding the latch bolt into its withdrawn position against the tension of the spring 10. The inner lever handle for throwing the 50 latch bolt from the inner side of the door is denoted by 11 and it is pivoted at 12 within held at the limit of its forward movement | shoulder 29 on the latch bolt. against a stop 13 by means of a spring 14.

I lug 15 uprising from the latch bolt 9 for sliding the latch bolt into its withdrawn position against the tension of the spring 10.

The cylinder 17 of a tumbler lock is screwed or otherwise secured to the front 60 plate 6 of the lock. A barrel 18 is mounted to rotate in the cylinder 17, which barrel contains a plurality of spring actuated tumblers 19.

The locking bolt is denoted by 20, through 65 which locking bolt the squared portion 5 of the shank of the outer handle extends. When the locking bolt is in its withdrawn or unlocked position, the shank 5 is located in an enlarged portion 21 of a recess through 70 the locking bolt and when the locking bolt is thrown into its locking position, the shank, 5 is held against rotation in a smaller portion 22 of the said recess.

The connection between the barrel 18 of 75 the tumbler lock and the locking bolt 20 is as follow: -A rocking plate 23 is mounted in the intermediate plate 24 of the lock casing, which rocking plate is provided on one face with a wedge shaped lug 25 arranged. to enter a kerf 26 in the end of the barrel 18, the other end of the said rocking plate havling a pin 27 which enters a transversely clongated slot 28 in the locking bolt 20. The locking bolt 20 is fitted to slide between the 85 intermediate plate 24 and the casing plate 3 of the lock, the advanced end of the said locking bolt being arranged in position to be thrown into and out of position back of

The key which I have shown for operating the lock is denoted by 30. When it is desired to lock the latch bolt, the key 30 is inserted into the lock and turned thus causing the locking bolt 20 to be advanced as into position to engage the shoulder 29 on the latch boit 9 thus preventing the latch bolt from being withdrawn. This same advance movement of the locking belt 20 will cause the smaller portion 22 of the recess 100 through the bolt to be moved into engagement with the angular portion 5 of the outer handle shank thus preventing the said handle from being turned. It will also be seen that the inside lever handle will be 105 secured against movement by the movement the recess 2. This handle 11 is normally of the locking bolt into position back of the

It is to be understood that when the latch 55 This lever handle 11 is arranged to engage a | bolt is to be released, the movement of the 110

withdrawal of the locking bolt will bring the 5 large portion 21 of the recess in the locking bolt around the angular portion 5 of the the slide into and out of locking engagement shank of the outer handle thus permitting the shank to be turned after withdrawing the latch bolt.

What I claim is:-In a door lock, a latch bolt, a handle shank arranged to operate the latch bolt, a slide provided with an opening embracing said shank, the said opening having a part in which the shank is free to rotate and another part in which the shank is locked

key 30 is reversed thus withdrawing the against rotation, the said slide being also locking bolt from its position at the rear of provided with a transversely elongated slot, the shoulder 29 on the latch bolt. This a tumbler lock, a rocking plate locked thereto, a pin eccentrically mounted on said plate 20 and in engagement with said slot for moving with the shank.

In testimony, that I claim the foregoing as my invention, I have signed my name in 25 presence of two witnesses, this first day of

June, 1906.

FRANK P. PFLEGHAR.

. Witnesses; FRANCES I. MARTIN, MAE D. CONATY.