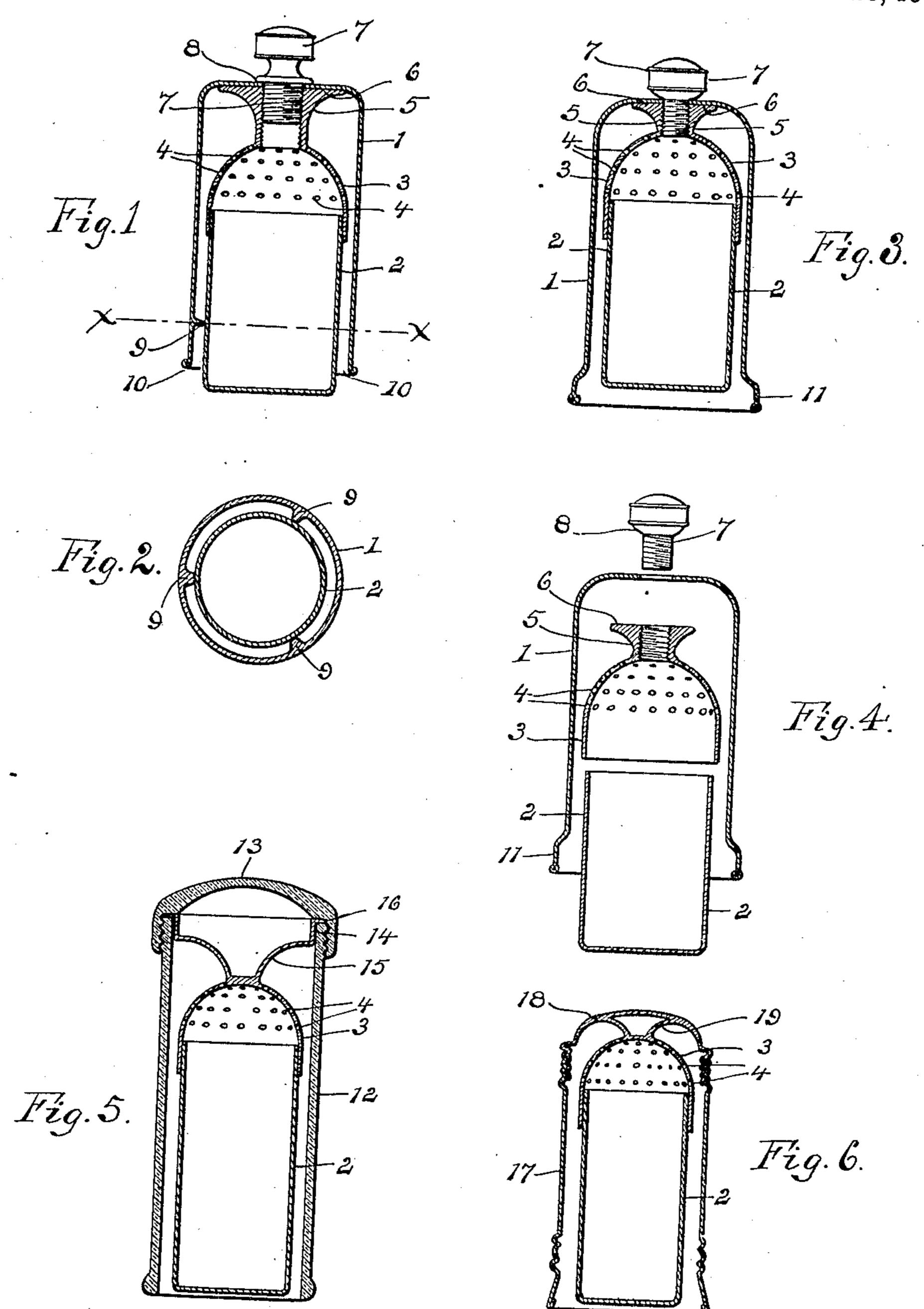
J. W. MEAKER. SALT SHAKER. APPLICATION FILED APB. 6, 1907.

913,027.

Patented Feb. 23, 1909.



WITNESSES:

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John W. Meaker
By Stroneys.

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

JOHN W. MEAKER, OF DETROIT, MICHIGAN.

SALT-SHAKER.

No. 913,027.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented Feb. 23, 1909.

Application filed April 6, 1907. Serial No. 366,649.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, John W. Meaker, a citizen of the United States of America, residing at Detroit, in the county of Wayne 5 and State of Michigan, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Salt-Shakers, of which the following is a specification, reference being had therein to the

accompanying drawings.

This invention relates to improvements in salt shakers and the object of the invention is to provide a device for holding and discharging salt or other seasoning in small quantities and in such a manner that the user has complete control over the flow, and further to provide a very cheap, convenient and compact construction in which the seasoning is effectually protected against contamination from dust, odors, or moisture in 20 the atmosphere and thus kept clean and dry.

It is also an object of the invention to provide a construction especially adapted to be formed or metal and which may easily be taken apart for cleaning, and further to pro-25 vide certain other new and useful features in the construction and arrangement of parts, all as hereinafter more fully described, reference being had to the accom-

panying drawings, in which;

Figure 1, is a transverse vertical section of a device embodying the invention; Fig. 2, a section of the same on the line x-x; Fig. 3, a view similar to Fig. 1, showing a modified construction; Fig. 4, a sectional 35 view of the parts of Fig. 3 separated; Fig. 5, a transverse vertical section of another modified construction; Fig. 6, is a similar

view of a further modification. As shown in Figs. 1 and 2, 1 is an inclos-40 ing casing closed at its top and sides and open at the lower end, and 2 is a cylindrical receptacle screw-threaded at its upper end to engage a dome-shaped cap 3 which is provided with several rows of perforations 45 4 and has formed integral with it at its axis, an upwardly and inwardly extending neck portion 5 having a flat head or flanged upper end 6 to seat upon the inner surface of the upper end of the casing. The neck has 50 a screw-threaded axial bore and opposite this bore in the axis of the casing is an opening through which a screw-plug or stopper 7 is inserted and screwed into the bore. A flange or shoulder 8 on the plug engages the 55 outer surface of the casing to clamp the

same between it and the neck portion to firmly hold the cap and attached receptacle in place, lugs 9 extending inwardly from the casing being provided to assist in centering the receptacle and to guide the same in in- 60 serting it in the casing. The receptacle when in place extends downward below the lower edge of the casing and forms the bottom or base upon which the device is supported, a discharge opening 10 being left 65 between the casing and receptacle for the escape of the salt or other material which is discharged through the perforations of the cap when the device is shaken. The receptacle is filled by unscrewing it from the cap 70 and the device may be easily taken apart for cleaning by taking out the screw-plug which holds the cap in place.

The construction shown in Figs. 3 and 4, is the same as that shown in Fig. 1 with the 75 exception that the casing is extended below the receptacle and broadened out to form a base 11 upon which the device stands and the receptacle is held in engagement with the cap by frictional contact therewith instead 80

of a screw-threaded engagement.

Fig. 5 shows a construction in which the outer casing 12 is formed of glass and open at both ends, the upper end being closed by a glass screw-cap or cover 13. These parts 85 may if desired be made of metal. The dome-cap for the salt receptacle is formed with a head portion 14 of a diameter to fit within the casing connected to the cap by a neck portion 15 forming a deflecting surface. 90 On the upper edge of the head is an outwardly extending flange 16 adapted to be clamped between the upper end of the casing and its screw-cap to hold the receptacle in place. The receptacle is held frictionally 95 by the dome-cap with its lower end above the plane of the bottom of the casing so that the casing rests upon the table when the shaker

Fig. 6 shows a shaker formed of sheet 100 is not in use. metal with an outer casing 17 open at both ends, the upper end being screw-threaded and closed by a tight cover 18 to which the curved neck portion 19 of the dome-cap of the salt receptacle is soldered or otherwise 105 permanently secured in position to hold the

receptacle centered in the casing. Having thus fully described my invention

1. The combination of a casing, a recep- 110 what I claim is:-

tacle in the casing, and a cap for the receptacle attached to the inner side of the closed upper end of the casing.

2. The combination of a casing, a recep-5 tacle in the casing, a dome-shaped perforated cap for the receptacle within the casing, and means for detachably securing the said cap to the upper end of the casing.

3. The combination of a casing closed at 10 its upper end, a receptacle in the casing, a dome-shaped perforated cap for the receptacle, a neck portion attached to the cap at its axis and having an upwardly and outwardly curved deflecting surface opposite

15 the perforations in the cap, and means engaging the neck portion to secure the cap to the casing.

4. The combination of a casing closed at its upper end and open at its lower end, a 20 perforated cap suspended within the casing from the closed upper end thereof at its axis, and a receptacle detachably engaging said

5. The combination of a casing having an axial opening in its upper end and open at 25 its lower end, a perforated cap having a neck portion to engage the inner side of the end of the casing and having a screw-threaded axial opening, a screw-plug engaging said opening and having a projecting flange to 30 engage the outer surface of the casing, and a receptacle engaging the cap.

6. The combination of a receptacle having discharge openings near its upper end, and a casing having a closed upper end attached 35 side wall and the side of the receptacle and with its lower open end at a distance above the horizontal plane of the lower end of the

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in presence of two witnesses.

JOHN W. MEAKER.

Witnesses:

MARY A. MEAKER, Otto F. Barthel.