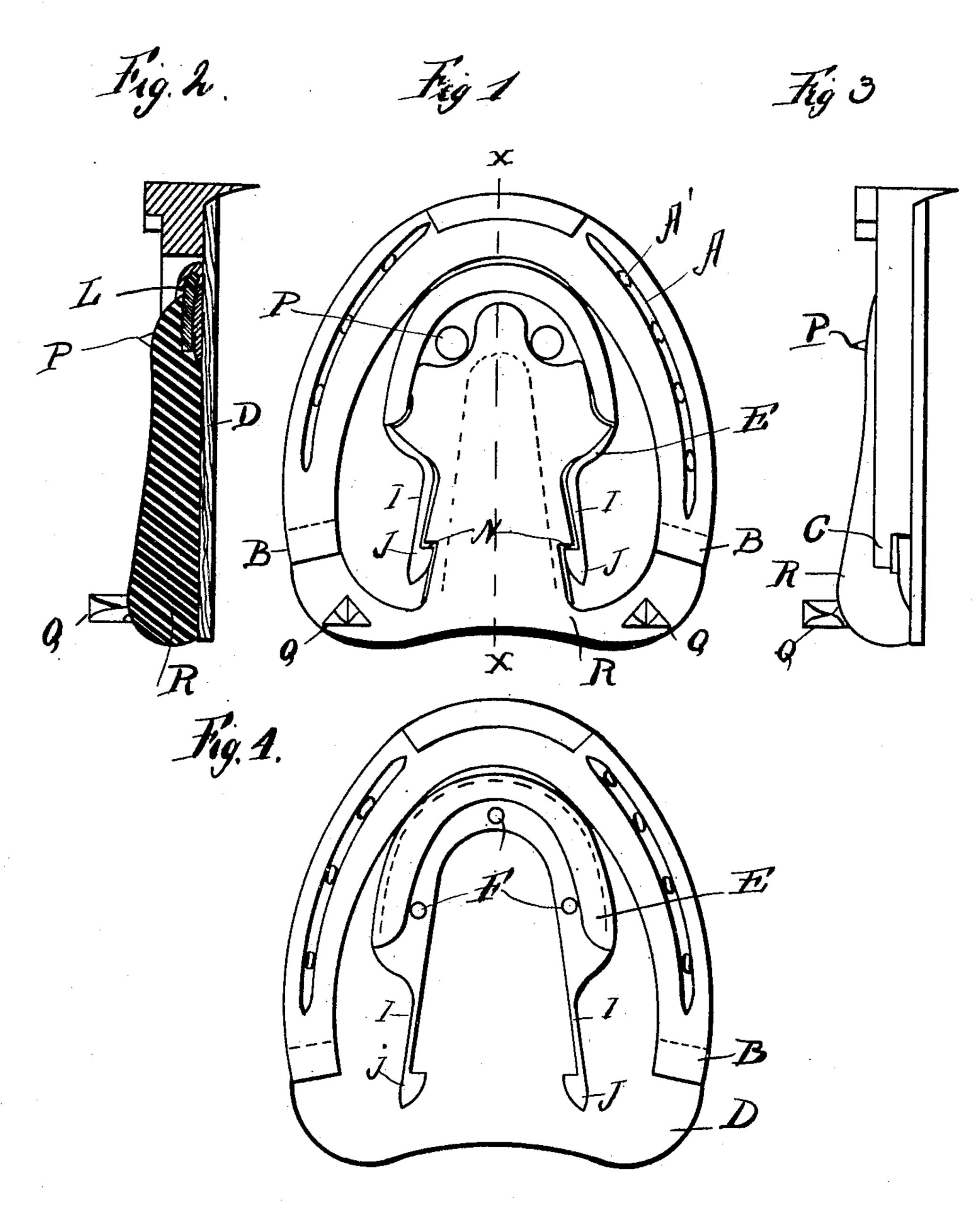
S. P. CLEARY. ATTACHABLE SHARP PAD. APPLICATION FILED MAY 14, 1908.

912,813.

Patented Feb. 16, 1909.
2 SHEETS-SHEET 1.



MITNESSES
Chancis al Pacoch
Sollagher
Sollagher

Selastian Paul Cleary

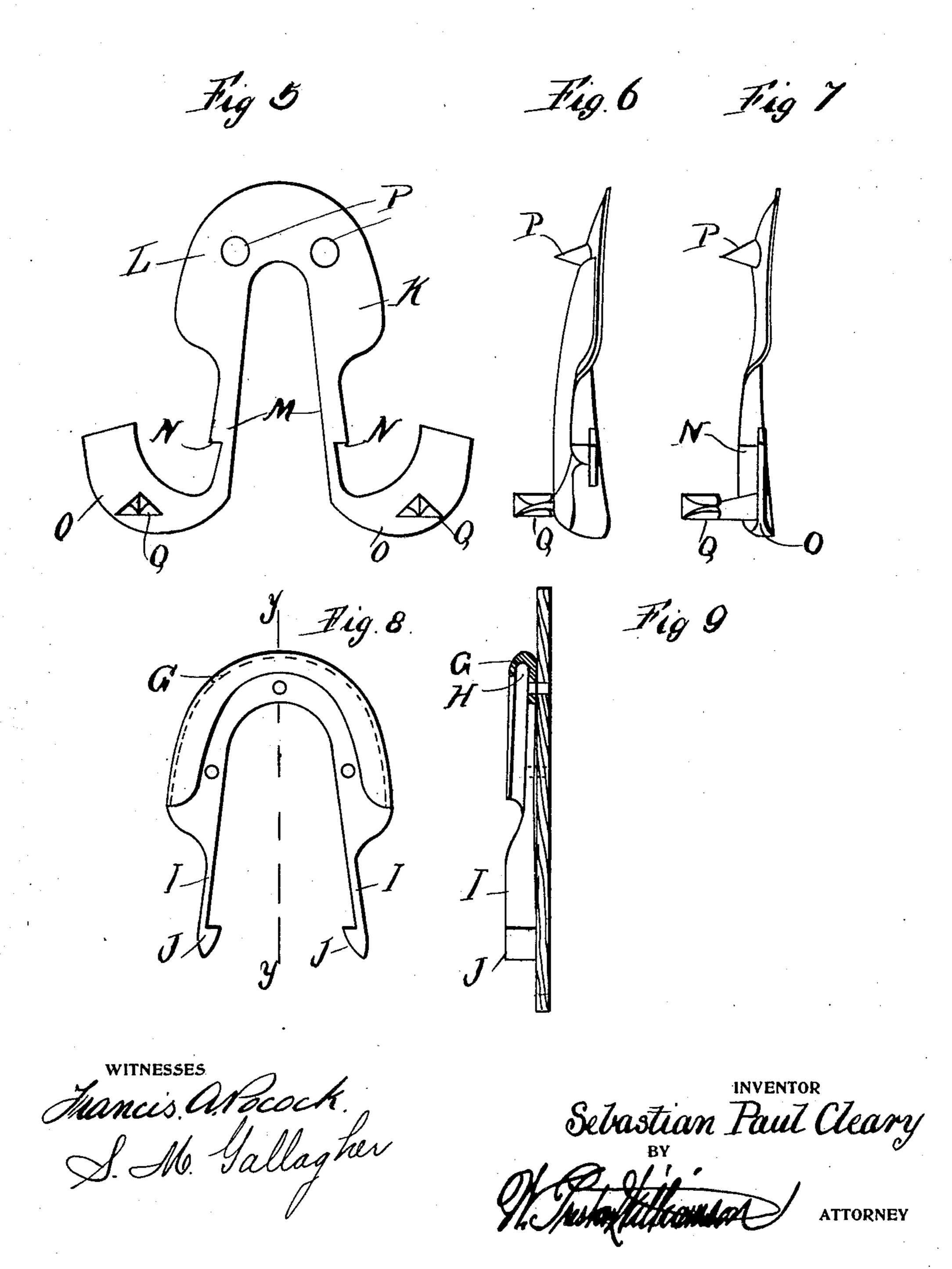
BY

Attorney

S. P. CLEARY. ATTACHABLE SHARP PAD. APPLICATION FILED MAY 14, 1908.

912,813.

Patented Feb. 16, 1909.
2 SHEETS-SHEET 2.



THE NORRIS PETERS CO., WASNINGTON, D. C

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

SEBASTIAN P. CLEARY, OF PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA.

ATTACHABLE SHARP PAD.

No. 912,813.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented Feb. 16, 1909.

Application filed May 14, 1908. Serial No. 432,831.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Sebastian Paul siding at Philadelphia, county of Philadel-5 phia, and State of Pennsylvania, have invented a certain new and useful Improvement in Attachable Sharp Pads, of which

the following is a specification.

My invention relates to a new and useful 10 improvement in attachable sharp pads, and has for its object to provide an exceedingly simple and effective device of this character having a special coöperative arrangement of toe and heel receiving portions adapted for 15 detachably and adjustably holding the peculiarly shaped sharpeners that are specially designed so as to provide for quickly and conveniently changing the shoes from sharp to dull ones.

20 With these ends in view, this invention consists in the details of construction and combination of elements hereinafter set forth and then specifically designated by the claims.

In order that those skilled in the art to 25 which this invention appertains may understand how to make and use the same, I will describe its construction in detail, referring by letter to the accompanying drawing forming a part of this specification, in which--

Figure 1 is a bottom view of a horseshoe showing my improved attachable sharp pads secured thereto. Fig. 2 is a section at the line X—X of Fig. 1. Fig. 3 is a side view thereof. Fig. 4 is a bottom view of the shoe. 35 the sharpening member being removed. Fig. 5 is a bottom view of the sharpening member. Fig. 6 is a side view thereof, showing a rubber pad in place. Fig. 7 is a similar view, the rubber pad being removed. Fig. 8 40 is a bottom view of the locking member, and, Fig. 9 is a sectional view thereof at the line Y—Y of Fig. 8, showing said rocking mem-

In carrying out my invention as here em-45 bodied, A represents a horseshoe of the usual shape, having the ordinary arrangement of holes A' for the reception of the nails which hold the shoe in position upon the hoof of the horse. The heel ends B of the shoe are 50 constructed light having a portion cut away so as to form the flange C.

ber secured to the leather.

D indicates a leather pad which is placed between the shoe and hoof of the horse and held in place by the nails which also hold the 55 shoe in position. To this leather pad is se-

The front edge G of the fastening member is turned over as plainly shown in Fig. 9, so Cleary, a citizen of the United States, re- as to form the socket H. The rear ends of the fastening member are thinner than the 60 other portion and this will produce the spring shanks I, on the ends of which will

be formed the hooks J.

K represents the sharpening member, which is so formed as to produce the toe por- 65 tion L, the shanks M on which are formed the notches N, and the curved arms O. To the toe portion of said sharpening member K are secured the toe calks P, and on the arms O are fastened the heel calks Q. To 70 the lower surface of this sharpening member is attached the rubber pad R which acts as a cushion for the horse's foot, and prevents the calks P and Q from cutting too deep in ice or snow.

In practice the fastening member E is secured to the leather pad D by the rivets F and this leather pad is fastened between the horse's hoof and the horse's shoe and held by the same nails which hold the shoe in 80 place. When it is desired to place the sharpening member in position, the forward or toe end is slipped into the socket H and the ends of the arms O are placed beneath the flanges C, then the said sharpening member 85 is pressed forward until the hooks J engage with the notches N, thus locking the sharpening member to the horse's foot.

When it is desired to remove the sharpening member, the hooks J are disengaged 90 from the notches, N, when said sharpening

member may be removed.

Some of the advantages obtained by using my improved sharp pads, are: By keeping a supply of the sharpening members on hand 95 in the stable, they may be slipped into position on the horse's foot when the ground is hard or slippery. It does away with the using of so many nails or using them as often as at the present time, thus making a 100 less number of holes in the horse's hoof and in this manner preserving the hoof for a greater length of time. The owner of the horse will not be required to take the horse to the blacksmith as often as at the present 105 time, because the shoe does not have to be replaced until it is completely worn away, thus the hoof will not have to be cut away as often as at the present time, thus still further preserving the hoof.

Of course, I do not wish to be limited to cured the fastening member E by rivets F. I the exact details here shown, as these may

110

be varied within certain limits without departing from the spirit of my invention.

Having thus fully described my invention

what I claim as new and useful is—

1. In combination with a shoe body having flanges formed on the heel ends thereof, a leather pad secured to the horse's foot between the hoof and shoe, a fastening member the edge of which is turned over to 10 form a socket, the rear ends so formed as to produce spring shanks having hooks on the outer ends thereof, a sharpening member having a toe portion, rearwardly extending shanks, notches formed on said shanks, arms 15 formed with said shanks, the ends of which are adapted to engage with the flanges formed on the heel ends of the shoe, calks secured to said sharpening member, and a rubber

pad attached to said sharpening member, 20 as described. 2. In combination with a horseshoe body having flanges formed on the heel ends

thereof, a leather pad secured to the horse's foot between the foot and the shoe, a fasten-25 ing member so formed as to produce a socket,

hooks, rivets for attaching said fastening member to the leather pad, a sharpening member composed of a toe portion, shanks having notches formed thereon, arms formed with said shanks, and calks secured to the 30 toe and arm portion of said sharpening mem-

ber, as shown and described.

3. In combination, a horseshoe body having flanges formed on the heel ends thereof, a leather pad, means for securing said 35 leather pad between the horse's hoof and the shoe, a fastening member, means for securing said fastening member to the leather pad, a sharpening member, a rubber pad attached thereto, and means for securing 40 said sharpening member to the horse's foot, as shown and described.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto affixed my signature in the presence of two

subscribing witnesses.

SEBASTIAN P. CLEARY.

Witnesses:

ARMAT A. LOGAN, MARY E. LOGAN.