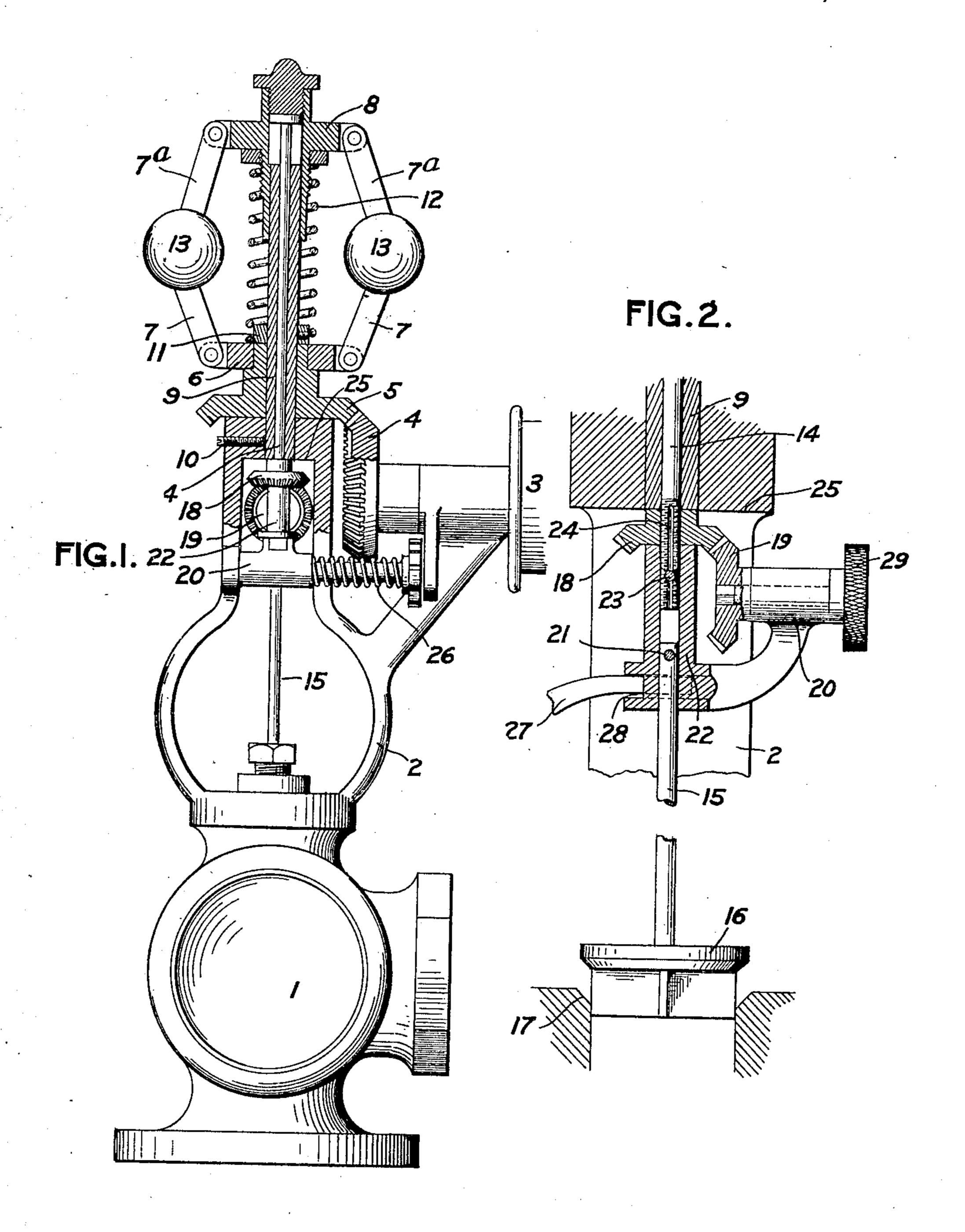
J. E. KIMBLE.

SPEED REGULATING DEVICE FOR ENGINE GOVERNORS.

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912,689.

Patented Feb. 16, 1909.



WITNESSES: Clarence W. Carroll L. Thon

James E. Krintle by Opgond Marce prin attorneys

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

JAMES E. KIMBLE, OF VICKSBURG, MICHIGAN, ASSIGNOR TO ECLIPSE GOVERNOR COMPANY, OF VICKSBURG, MICHIGAN, A CORPORATION OF MICHIGAN.

SPEED-REGULATING DEVICE FOR ENGINE-GOVERNORS.

No. 912,689.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented Feb. 16, 1909.

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To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, James E. Kimble, a citizen of the United States, and resident of Vicksburg, in the county of Kalamazoo and 5 State of Michigan, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Speed-Regulating Devices for Engine-Governors, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to speed-regulating devices for engine governors, and has for its object simplicity in construction and a

wide range of speed adjustment.

In the drawings:—Figure 1 is an elevation, partly in section; and Fig. 2 is a sectional elevation, on a larger scale, of the regulating device.

The regulator is shown in connection with a governor of the fly-ball type.

I is the valve-case.

20 2 is a frame that supports the horizontal driving shaft for the pulley 3, which carries the bevel gear 4, which meshes with the gear 5. A collar 6 is rigidly fixed to the gear 5, and to this are pivoted the lower ends 25 of the ball levers 7, 7, the upper levers 7a, 7a being pivoted to the head 8. The head is, as usual, revoluble, and at the same time vertically movable. A stationary sleeve 9, suitably fixed in the top of the frame 2, as by the 30 set screw 10, enters the head 8, and also has attached to it, above the gear 5, a collar 11 that holds said gear and its collar 6 against vertical movement. A coiled spring 12 between the collar 6 and the head 8 supports 35 the latter, and yieldingly resists the centrifugal action of the balls 13.

When the head is pulled down by the centrifugual action of the balls, it presses upon the upper section 14 of the valve-stem. The 40 device for regulating the speed of the engine governor is interposed between said upper section 14 of the valve-stem and its lower section 15, the latter being attached to the valve 16, which is shown in connec-45 tion with its seat 17 in Fig. 2. The said speed regulating device comprises a bevel pinion 18 that is screw-threaded upon the lower end of section 14 of the valve-stem, and a similar meshing pinion 19 that is rev-50 olubly supported in a bracket 20, into which the lower section 15 of the valve-stem extends, and to which it is attached by a pin 21. The lower section 15 of the valve-stem, and the bracket to which it is attached, are en-

abled to move vertically with reference to 55 its upper section 14, by a pin and slot connection between said bracket and said upper section 14. This is effected through a collar 22 on the bracket that receives the upper section 14 of the stem, and a pin 23 therein 60 that enters a vertical slot 24 in the said section 14 of said stem, the bore of said sleeve 22 being sufficiently large to permit the upper section 14 of the stem to slide freely within it. The valve-stem, with its speed 65 regulating device, is supported and yieldingly held up against the screw-threaded pinion 18, which lies below the face 25 of the frame 2, by a coiled spring 26, and this is accomplished by the torsional action of the 70 spring upon a yoke 27 that enters the slot 28 in the bracket 20.

In operation the tension of the spring 26 is overcome, and the valve closed wholly or partially, as the case may be, under the centrifugal action of the governor balls, which force the head 8 down upon the valve stem. The tension of the spring is always sufficient

to keep the gears 18 and 19 in mesh.

A thumb nut 29 is fixed to the shaft of the 80 pinion 19, whereby the latter is rotated, in order to shorten or extend the compound valve-stem, and so to set the valve more or less sensitively according to requirements. The combination of the screw-thread connection with the pinions 18 and 19 makes it possible to adjust the valve to exactly the required number of revolutions per minute.

When the thumb nut 29 is turned to lengthen the valve stem, the pinion 18 moves 90 down upon the upper section 14 of the stem, from the position shown in the drawings, and forces down with it the bracket 20, the lower section 15 of the stem, by contact with the sleeve 22, and against the resistance of 95 the spring 26. On the other hand, when the pinion is screwed upwardly again upon the upper section 14 of the stem, the spring 26 raises with it the bracket and the lower section 15 of the stem, keeping the sleeve 22 100 always in contact with the pinion 18. In the drawings, the pinion 18 is shown in its extreme uppermost position, in which the pinion lies against the face 25 of the frame, in which case the stem is as short as it can be 105 made by the adjustment.

What I claim is:—
1. In a speed regulating device for engine

governors, the combination with a governor of a valve having a stem divided into two parts; a collar adjustable on the lower end of the upper valve stem section; a bracket 5 carrying the lower stem section movable vertically and having a part adapted to engage with said collar; means carried by said bracket, for adjusting said collar on the upper section of the stem; and a yielding sup-10 port adapted to hold said bracket in contact with said collar; substantially as shown and described.

2. In a speed regulating device for engine governors, the combination with the gov-15 ernor of a valve having a stem divided into two parts; a pinion having a screw thread connection with the lower end of the upper valve stem section; means for holding the upper valve section against rotation; a 20 bracket carrying the lower stem section; a pinion carried by said bracket and adapted to mesh with the said pinion upon the upper

stem section; means for rotating the pinion

carried by said bracket; and yielding means

3. In a speed regulating device for engine governors, the combination with a governor of a valve having a stem divided into two parts; a pinion having a screw thread con- 30 nection with the lower end of the upper

for holding said pinions in mesh; substan- 25

tially as shown and described.

valve stem section; a bracket nonrotatably attached to the lower stem section and having a sleeve adapted to receive the upper stem section; a pin and slot connection be- 35 tween said sleeve and said upper stem section; a pinion rotatably supported by said bracket and adapted to mesh with said pinion upon the said upper stem section; means for rotating said pinion supported 40 by said bracket; and an elastic support for said bracket; substantially as shown and described.

JAMES E. KIMBLE.

Witnesses:

W. L. EWING, J. F. Bender.