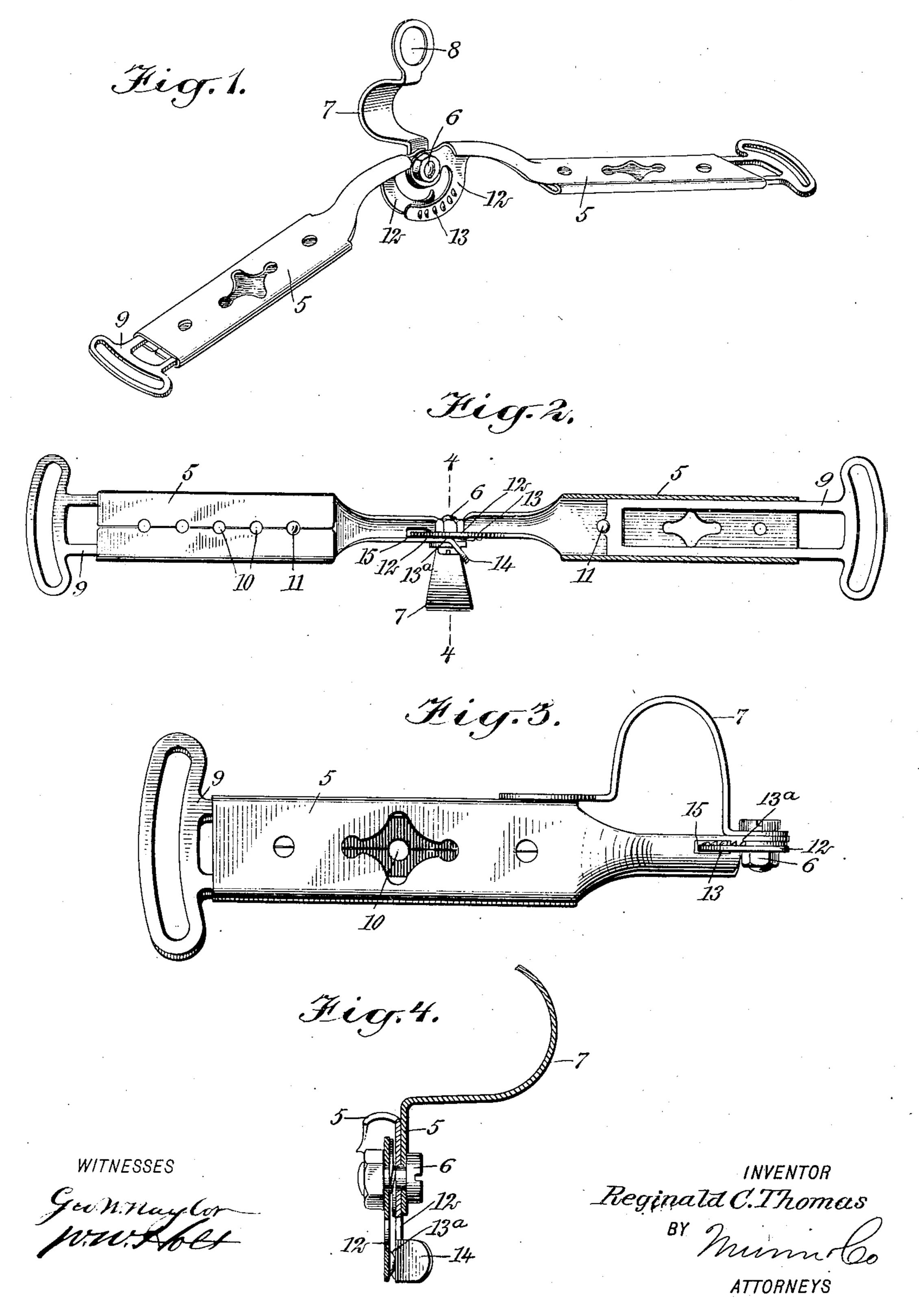
R. C. THOMAS.

GARMENT HANGER.

APPLICATION FILED JUNE 30, 1908.

912,047.

Patented Feb. 9, 1909.



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

REGINALD C. THOMAS, OF NEW YORK, N. Y.

GARMENT-HANGER.

No. 912,047.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented Feb. 9, 1909.

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To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, REGINALD C. THOMAS, a citizen of the United States, and a resident of the city of New York, borough of Brook-5 lyn, in the county of Kings and State of New York, have invented a new and Improved Garment-Hanger, of which the following is

a full, clear, and exact description.

This invention is an improvement in gar-10 ment hangers, having in view such a device not only embodying the usual desirable features of adjustability, but as to the length of the garment-supporting arms and their relative angular position, by which last men-15 tioned adjustment the arms are adapted to be folded compactly together, and also constructed in a manner that the several primary parts may be stamped out of sheet material and be thus economically produced. 20 To this end I construct the arms proper in the form of casings in which are slidably retained longitudinally thereof, shoulder-supporting members. The inner end portions of the arms are upwardly offset and trans-25 versely curved to respectively fit the collar of the coat or other garment and insure strength. These end portions are further provided with the usual pivotal connection, as also ares movable over each other, one of 30 which is provided with teeth and the other a tooth which engage and hold the arms in adjusted position.

Reference is to be had to the accompanying drawings forming a part of this specifi-35 cation, in which similar characters of reference indicate corresponding parts in all the

VIOWS.

Figure 1 is a perspective view of a garment hanger constructed in accordance with 40 my invention; Fig. 2 is an inverted plan of the same, partly in section; Fig. 3 is a plan of the hanger when folded together; and Fig. 4 is a section substantially on the line

4 of Fig. 2.

More specifically described, the construction of my improved hanger comprises garment-supporting arms 5, 5 pivotally connected together at their inner ends by a screw or rivet 6, which also passes through 50 a hanger 7 which is shown to have an eye 8 for applying it to a suitable support, and the hanger has a bend in its length to permit of the proper laying of the coat collar on the supporting-arms 5. Each arm 5 is

portions folded at opposite sides to bring the edges in abutting relation underneath the arm, as shown in Fig. 2, to provide a casing in which is slidable longitudinally thereof a shoulder-supporting member 9, the 60 latter being rounded off and expanded in width at its outer end, to properly conform to this part of the garment. Where the edges of the arm are brought together in producing the casing, a series of apertures 65 10 are formed, which are adapted to be successively engaged by a protuberance or projection 11 formed on the member 9, and frictionally lock this member in adjusted position, the protuberance operating to spring 70 into the apertures 10 as the member is shifted in the casing. The inner end portions of the arms are of reduced width, upwardly offset and transversely curved to conform to the shape of the collar as well as to insure 75 strength. They are further provided with outwardly and inwardly curving arcs 12, 12, movable over each other, one of which is provided with teeth 13, and the other with a tooth 13a, adapted to engage with the teeth so 13 and lock the arms in adjusted position. These teeth, as shown, are preferably produced by stamping them from the metal, and are so arranged that when engaged they prevent the arms from swinging toward each 85 other until the arcs are sprung apart to admit of the free separation of the arms. For springing the arcs apart in order that their teeth may move over each other, one of the arcs is at its extremity bent outwardly to 90 provide a thumb-piece 14. The other arc. when the arms are swung together, passes through a slot 15 formed in the inner portion of one of the arms, and the hanger 7 is turned to overlie the edges of the arms, 95 as shown in Fig. 3, in which relation of the parts the hanger is in condition for storage or shipment.

Having thus described my invention, I claim as new and desire to secure by Letters 100

Patent:

1. The combination of garment-supporting arms pivoted together and provided with engaging arcs laterally movable one from the other independent of any move- 105 ment of the arms, and teeth carried by said arcs for holding the arms in adjusted position.

2. The combination of garment-support-55 constructed of sheet metal, with the outer | ing arms pivoted together and having over- 110

lapping arcs resiliently engaging, and teeth carried by said arcs arranged to lock the arms against inward pivotal movement, while permitting of the arms swinging apart.

5 3. The combination of garment-supporting arms, each having a casing provided
with apertures, and a shoulder-supporting
member adjustable in each casing having a
projection adapted to frictionally engage in
the apertures and retain the member in ad-

justed position.

4. The combination of garment-supporting arms pivoted together, and arcs carried by said arms independent of the pivotal connection thereof and resiliently engaging

to lock the arms in different positions of adjustment.

5. The combination of garment-supporting arms pivoted together and having arcs movable over each other provided with engaging means, and a thumb-piece rigid with one of said arcs for springing them apart.

In testimony whereof I have signed my name to this specification in the presence of

two subscribing witnesses.

REGINALD C. THOMAS.

Witnesses:
W. W. Holt,
John P. Davis.