

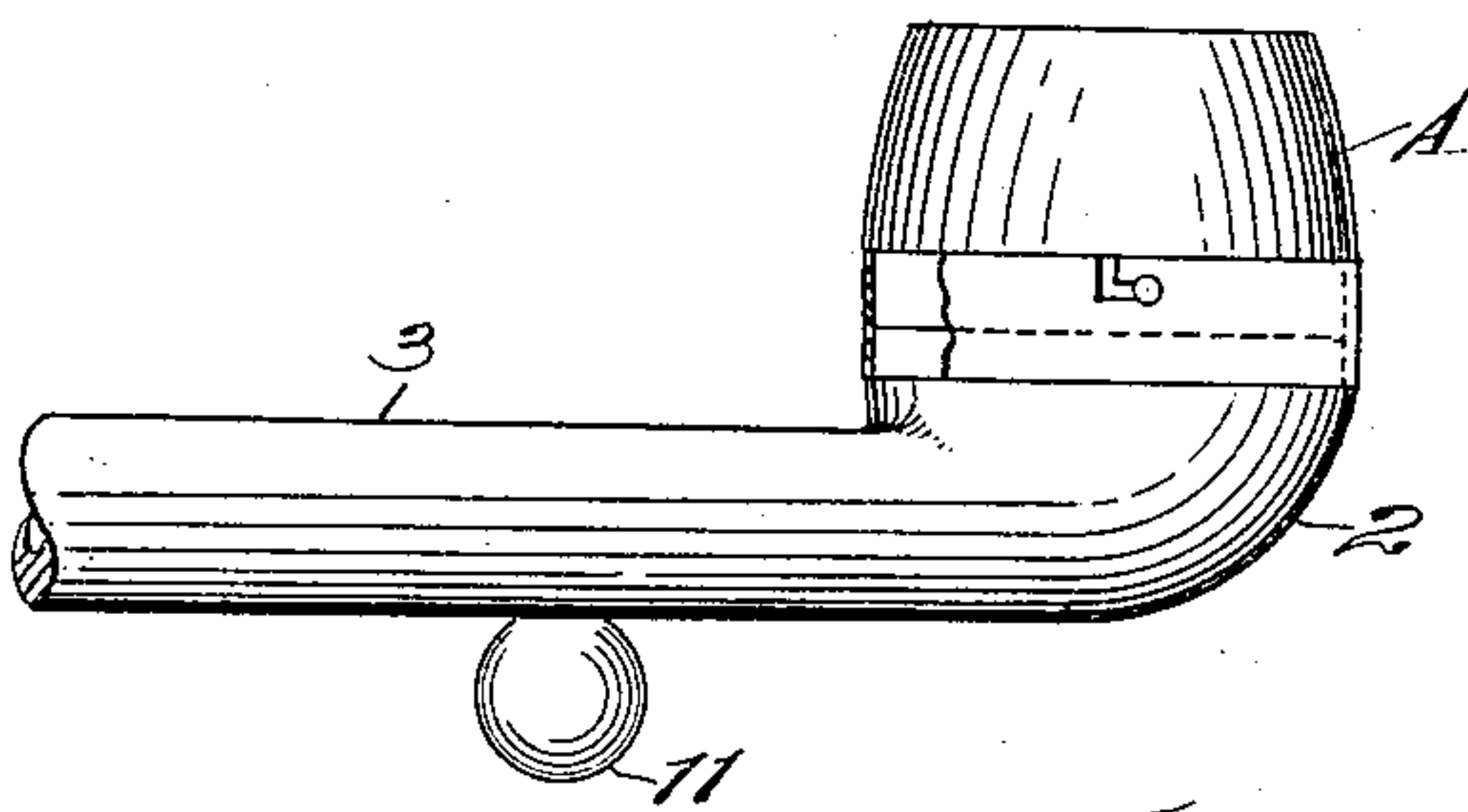
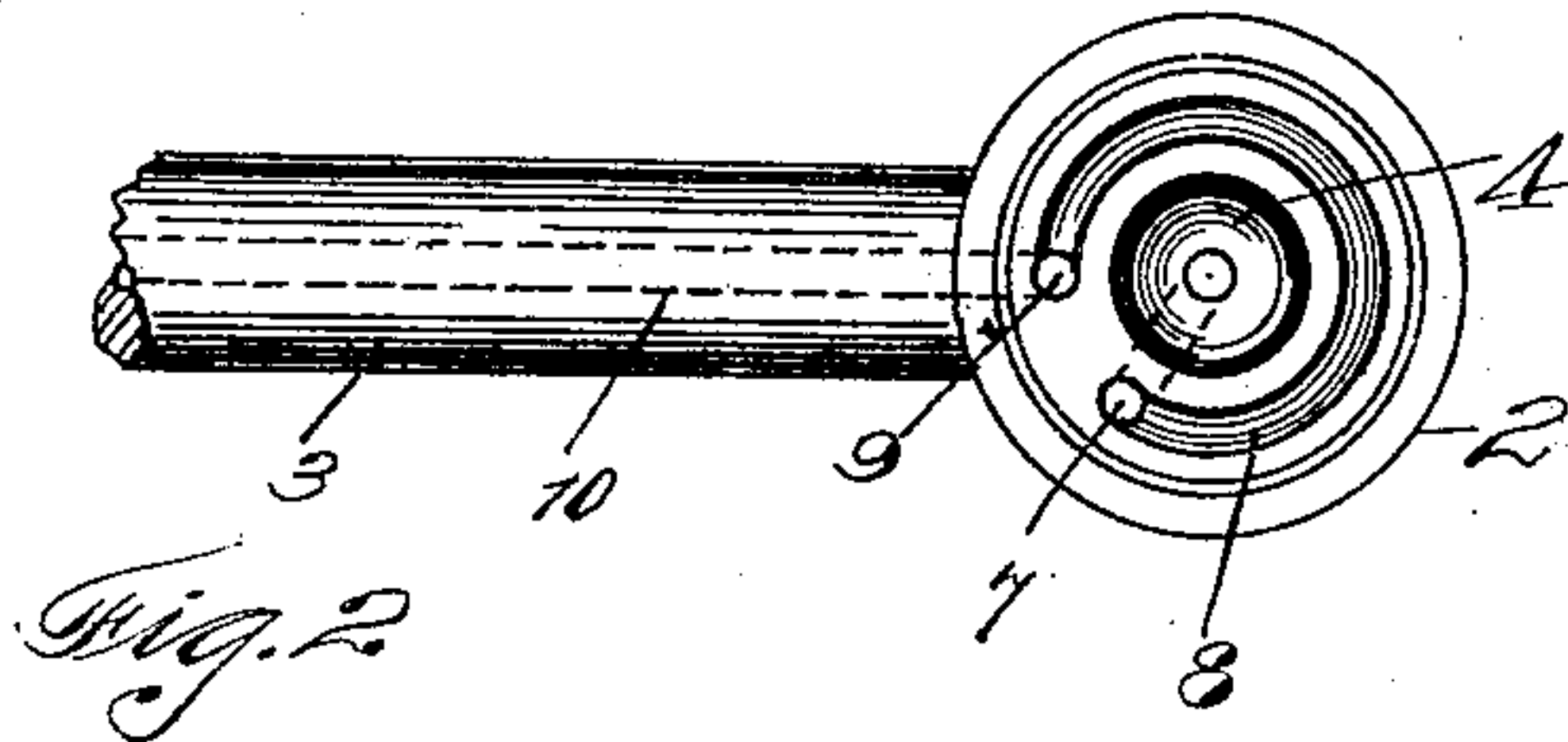
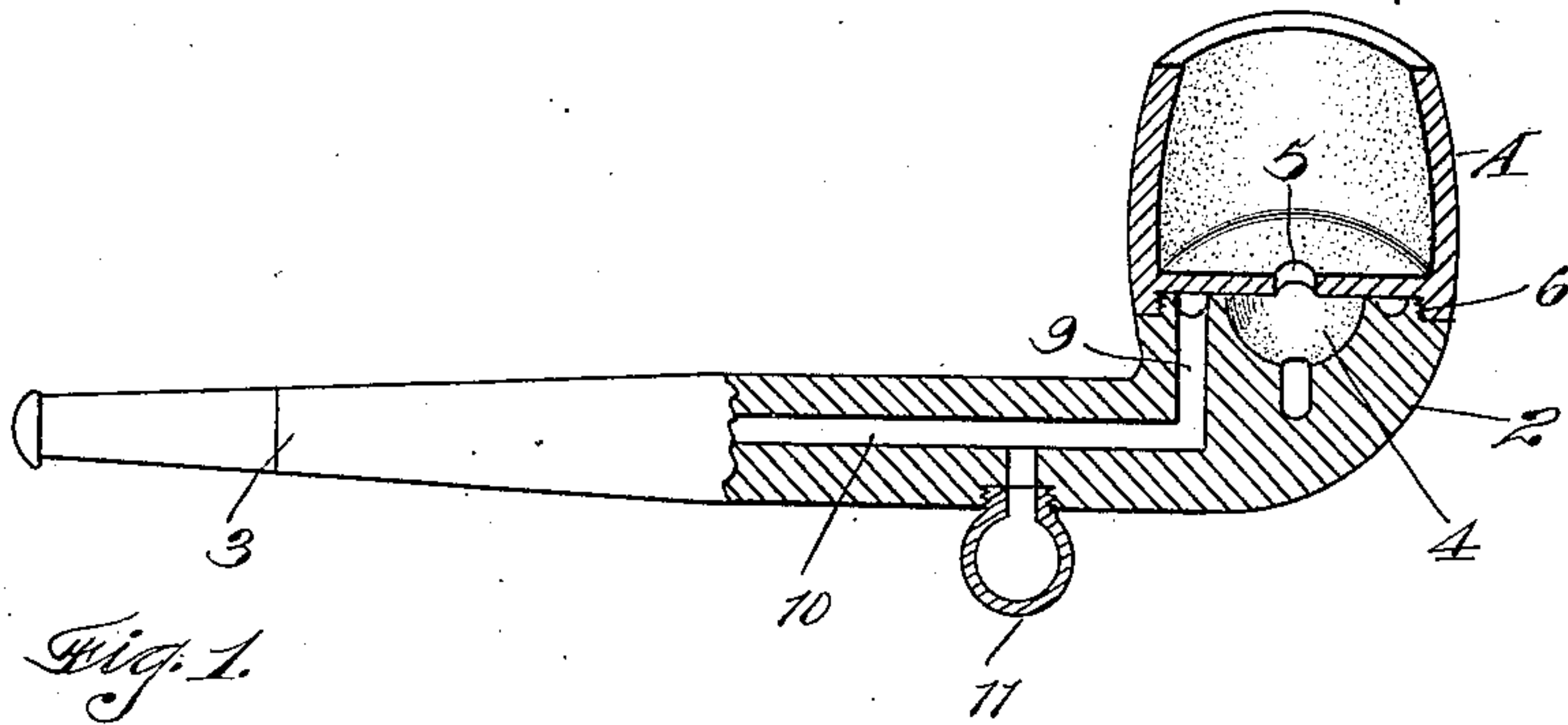
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SMOKER'S PIPE.

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912,034.

Patented Feb. 9, 1909.



WITNESSES

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SMOKER'S PIPE.

No. 912,034.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented Feb. 9, 1909.

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To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, HENRY B. SAYLOR, citizen of the United States, residing at Sausalito, in the county of Marin and State of California, have invented new and useful Improvements in Smokers' Pipes, of which the following is a specification.

My invention relates to improvements in pipes designed for smokers' use.

It consists in a novel construction whereby the products of combustion and condensation are caused to travel through an extended channel before entering the stem of the pipe whereby the smoke will be measurably freed of any moisture or nicotin deposit so that it can be drawn off, and the pipe conveniently cleansed.

It also comprises details of construction which will be more fully explained by reference to the accompanying drawings, in which—

Figure 1 is a perspective, partly in section. Fig. 2 is a plan of the base. Fig. 3 is a side elevation of a modified form.

The pipe consists of the bowl A, the base portion 2 with which the bowl connects, and the stem 3 which connects with the base in the usual or any suitable manner; it being understood that straight or curved stems of any of the usual or well known varieties may be employed.

As shown in the drawing, the base 2 has a centrally disposed chamber 4, and the bowl has an opening 5 at the bottom which is directly over the chamber 4.

It will be understood that the bowl may be detachable from the base 2, and may be connected therewith, either by engaging screw-threads made on the two parts as shown at 6, or a band may be fitted around the base projecting upwardly, so that the upper part will fit into the band, and may be interlocked by means of slots in the band, and pins engaging the slots, to form what is known as a bayonet joint, Fig. 3 or in other convenient manner so that the bowl may be removed at any time when desired.

From the lower part of the chamber 4, a passage 7 extends upwardly and toward the periphery of the base, and this passage con-

nects with a groove or channel 8 which is made around the flattened top of the base 2, forming a segment of a circle which extends around the exterior to the central opening 4. From the opposite end of this segmental channel, a passage 9 extends downwardly and connects with the passage 10 in the stem 3 of the pipe.

11 is a removable receptacle for condensed moisture and nicotin; this receptacle being connected preferably with the lower part of the passage into the stem of the pipe, so that any moisture which may have reached this point, will be conducted into the receptacle 11, which may be removed and cleansed at any time.

By removing the bowl A of the pipe, the chamber 4 and the passage 8 will be exposed, and can be readily cleansed at will.

It will be understood that the segmental passage 8 may be made, if desired, in the lower part and under side of part of the bowl A where it fits upon the base 2.

Having thus described my invention, what I claim and desire to secure by Letters Patent is—

1. An improved smoker's pipe having in combination a base portion, a bowl rising therefrom, and a stem, said stem having a passage through it and said base having a vertical extension of the passage through the stem and having an annular passage in its upper side connecting with the first-named passage, and said bowl having a floor which covers the annular passage in the base, said floor having a central opening and said base having a chamber below the floor with which the other end of said passage connects.

2. An improved smoker's pipe comprising a base the lower portion having a stem extending therefrom, said stem provided with a smoke passage, said base having a centrally formed chamber in its upper part with a passage leading from the lower end of the chamber through the body of the base and to the upper end of said base and thence circumferentially around the base on its upper side, the other end of said passage connecting with the smoke passage through the

stem, and a bowl detachably connected to
the upper end having a floor which extends
over the circumferential passage in the top
of the base and over the greater portion of
5 the chamber in said base, said floor hav-
ing an opening communicating with said
chamber.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set
my hand in presence of two subscribing wit-
nesses.

HENRY B. SAYLOR.

Witnesses:

GEO. H. STRONG,
CHARLES EDELMAN.