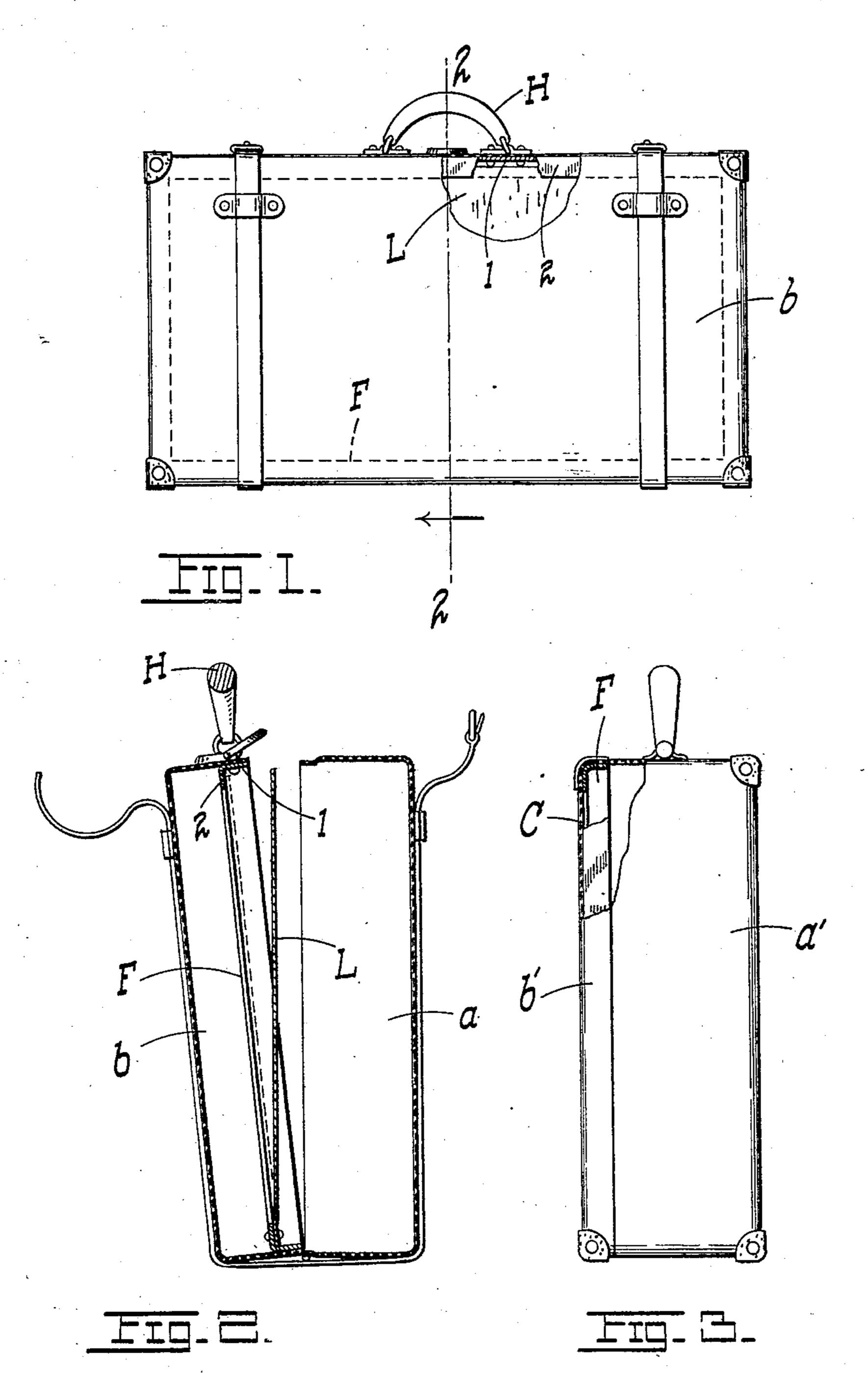
A. PETERSON. SUIT CASE FRAME. APPLICATION FILED JULY 13, 1908.

910,849.

Patented Jan. 26, 1909.



WITNESSES:

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Albert Peterson.

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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

ALBERT PETERSON, OF ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI, ASSIGNOR TO BEN. P. STROMBERG AND LEO M. KRAUS, OF ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI.

SUIT-CASE FRAME.

No. 910,849.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented Jan. 26, 1909.

Application filed July 13, 1908. Serial No. 443,249.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Albert Peterson, citizen of the United States, residing at St. Louis, State of Missouri, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Suit-Case Frames, of which the following is a full, clear, and exact description, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, forming a part hereof.

My invention has relation to improvements in suit-case frames; and it consists in the novel construction and combination of parts more fully set forth in the specification

and pointed out in the claims.

In the drawings, Figure 1 is a side elevation of one form of suit-case to which my invention is applied; Fig. 2 is a transverse section on the line 2—2 of Fig. 1 showing suit-case as partly open; and Fig. 3 is an end elevation of another form of suit-case parts being broken away, showing the application of my improvement thereto.

The object of my invention is to provide a frame which shall serve as an effective stiff25 ener in the construction of the hinged sections of a suit-case, the frame being applicable to suit-cases of various designs and depths, including extension or folding cases.

A further object is to provide a frame over 30 which the material (leather, cloth, canvas, and the like) forming the outer covering of the case may be passed without the danger of the material cracking at the edges of the case; a further object is to utilize the frame as a 35 substitute for the prevailing wooden frames now entering into suit-case constructions thereby simplifying and cheapening the cost of manufacture, the present frame (which is metallic) subserving the same function for 40 supporting a hinged lid usually mounted in connection with one of the hinged sections where the latter is used as a compartment for holding articles as distinguished from a mere lid or top.

The advantages of the invention will be better apparent from a detailed description

thereof which is as follows:—

Referring to the drawings, and for the present to Figs. 1 to 2 inclusive, a, b, rep50 resent the two-hinged sections of a suit-case where each section is utilized for storing articles. Disposed along the free edge of the section b is a metal frame F composed of

angle iron, (though any other suitable cross-section as a tee will answer the same purpose) 55 the wider legs or members 1 of the angle iron being disposed in the planes of the bounding walls of the section b, and the shorter legs $\bar{2}$ being disposed at right angles thereto, and collectively serving as a ledge for the support 60 of the sides and free end of a lid L hinged along one of its edges to the inner longitudinal leg 2 of the angle-bar frame. The center of the outer leg 1 of the frame serves as a means for securing the handle H, the rigidity of the 65 frame as a whole preventing any distortion of the case when weighted down with heavy contents and when being carried by the handle. The presence of the frame F at the edge of the section b permits the placing of the 70 handle close to the joint formed by the closing of the sections, so that the case hangs perfectly balanced when carried.

The corners of the frame are well rounded, thus permitting the use of the frame as a construction feature in shallow lids b' as shown in the modified form in Fig. 3 where the lid is hinged to the case a'. When used as a lidframe, the outer covering C of the lid, be it the same leather or equivalent material, is 80 passed over the rounded corners of the frame, the curvature of said corners preventing the cracking of the leather, an objection so conspicuous with the majority of suit-cases as

now constructed.
The foregoing an

The foregoing are some of the applications and purposes which the present frame will serve, but it will be obvious to those skilled in the art that as a feature of suit-case constructions it may be utilized for any number 90 of similar or equivalent purposes, and adapted in similar relations. The advantages enumerated therefor are apparent from the drawings.

Such features of construction as are shown 95 but to which no reference is herein made are well known and require no description.

Having described my invention, what I claim is:—

1. In combination with a hinged suit-case 100 section, an angle-iron frame disposed at the free inner edges thereof, the inner legs of the angle-iron forming a ledge within the section at a suitable distance from the free edges of the section, and a lid hinged to and support- 105 ed by said ledge, substantially as set forth.

2. In combination with a suit-case section, an angle-iron frame at the free edges of the section, one series of legs of the angle being disposed in the planes of the bounding walls of the section, and the other series at an angle thereto, and projecting inwardly, substantially as set forth.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature, in presence of two witnesses.

ALBERT PETERSON

Witnesses:

EMIL STAREK, Jos. A. MICHEL.