### J. NORTHROP.

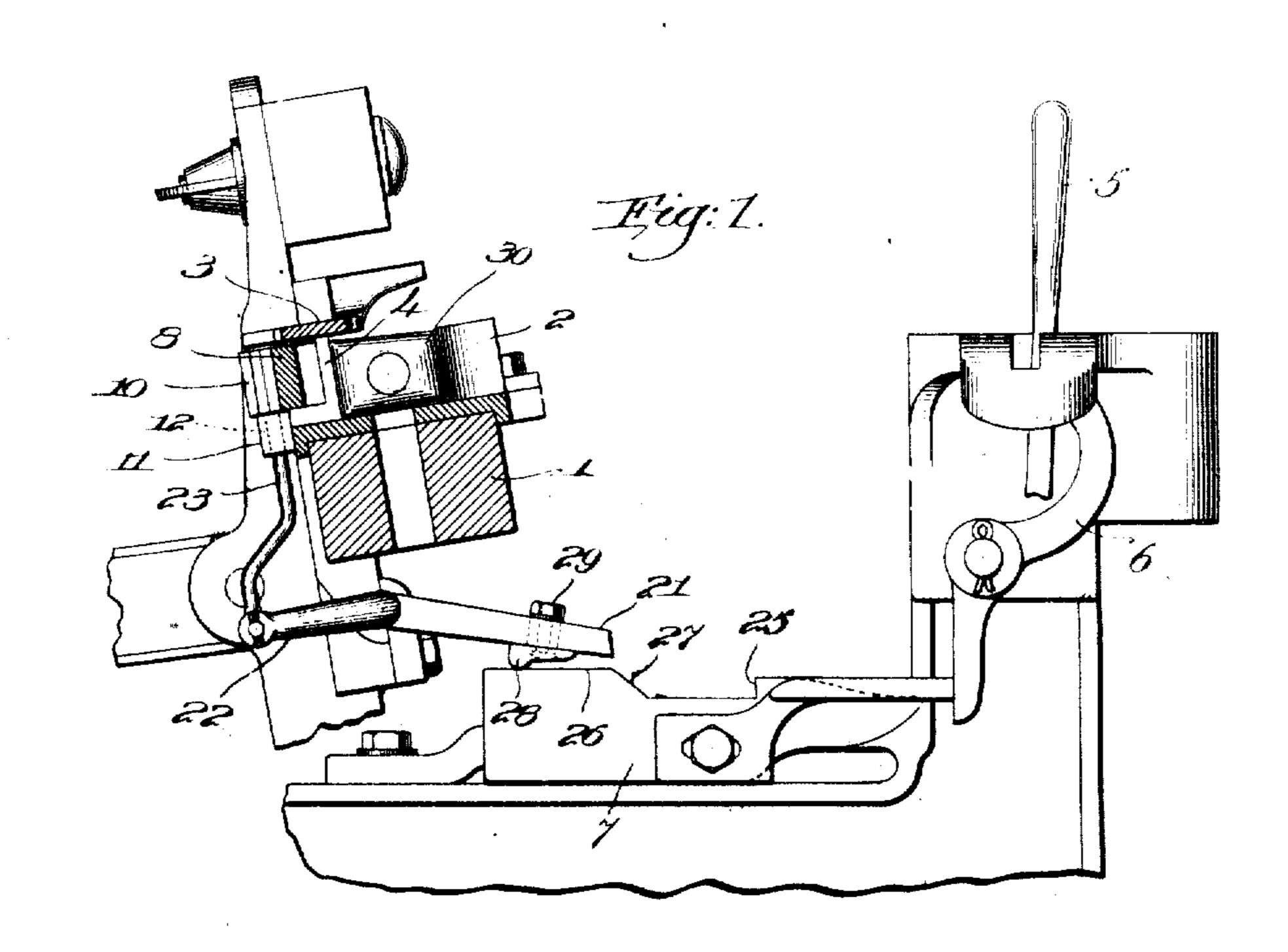
#### PROTECTION MECHANISM FOR LOOMS.

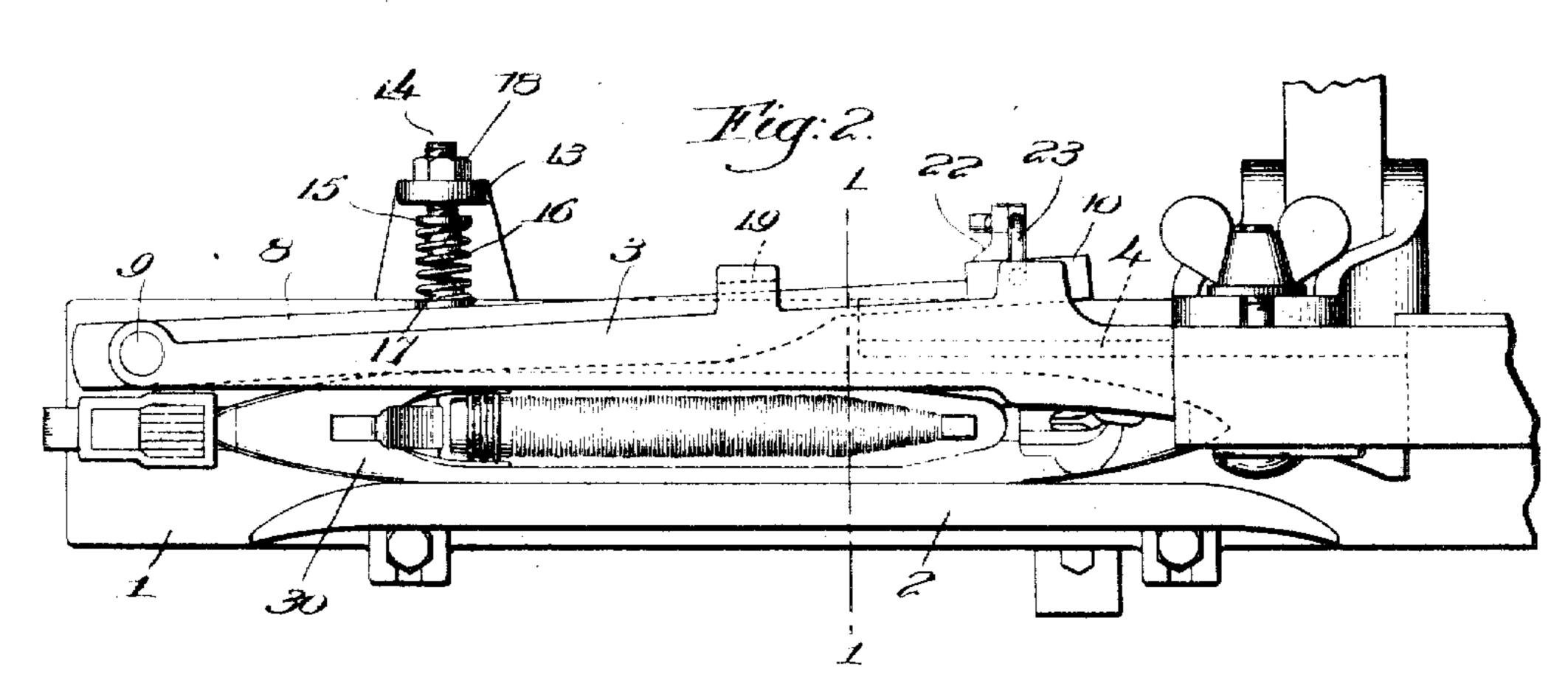
APPLICATION FILED MAR. 14, 1908.

908,418.

Patented Dec. 29, 1908.

2 SHEETS-SHEET 1.





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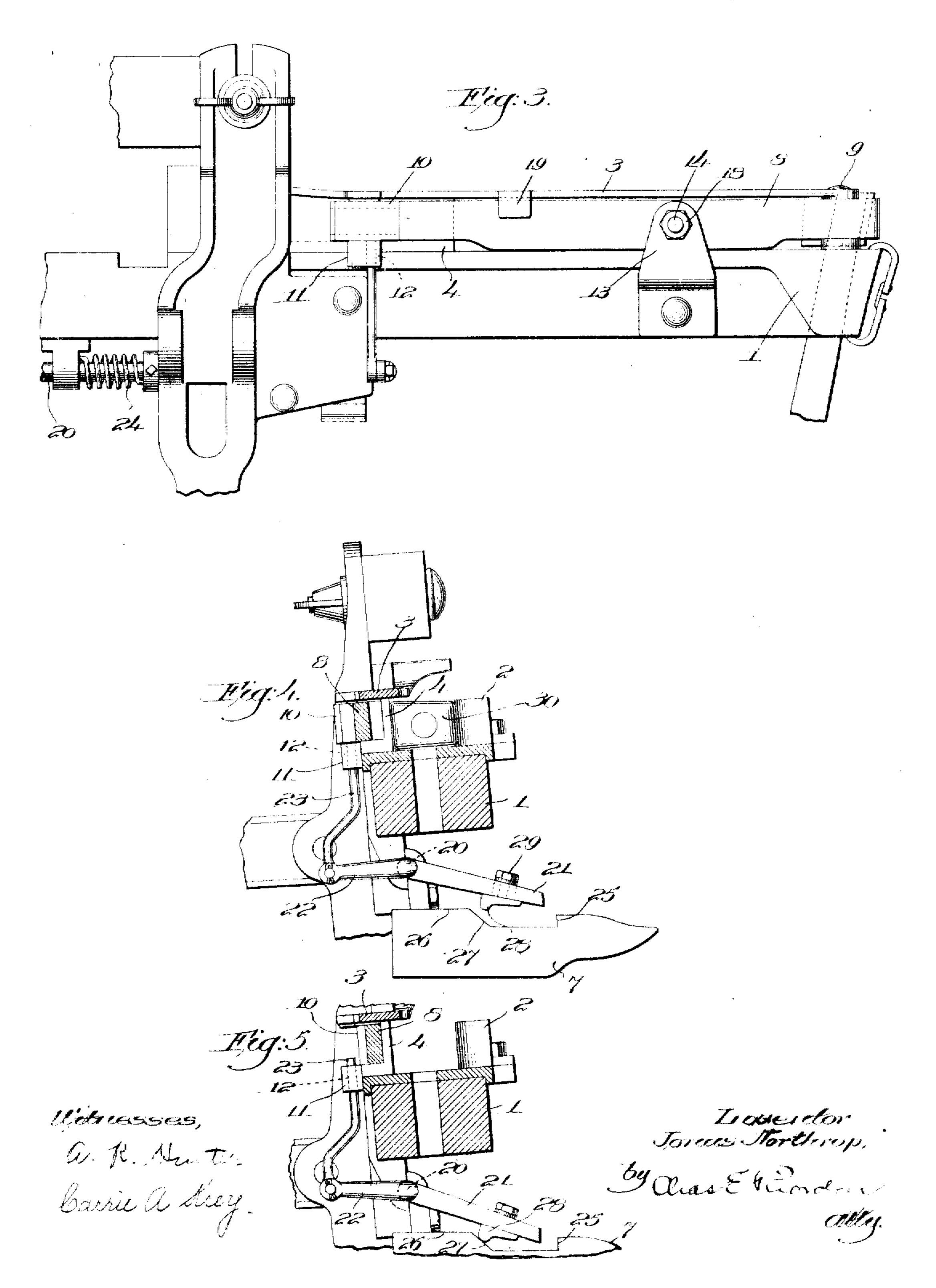
Chast, Randon

# J. NORTHROP. PROTECTION MECHANISM FOR LOOMS. APPLICATION FILED MAR. 14, 1908.

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2 SHEETS-SHEET 2.



## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

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### PROTECTION MECHANISM FOR LOOMS.

No. 908,418.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented Dec. 29, 1908.

Application filed March 14, 1908. Serial No. 421,208.

To all whom it may concern:

10 well understood that the protection mechan- | wear and breakage of the shuttle itself. ism of a loom serves to stop the loom when | It is manifestly desirable to use as light a for any reason the shuttle fails to box, thus spring on the protection shaft as is compati- 65 preventing warp "smashes" or breakage of , ble with safety, and hence the spring is ad-

is a necessity unless its place is taken by a ing variation in the checking action of the loose or spring-reed which can yield to the binder, so that the boxing of the shuttle 70 shuttle, but the use of the latter device is must always be attended to after an adjust-

tection mechanism has been so intercon- the binder against the shuttle when the loom nected with the shuttle checking or binding is stopped by the projection mechanism, and 75 means that the adjustment of one affects the with the shuttle partially in the box. At

30 ture. If the shuttle comes home too rapidly | stantly forces the former to its lowest or opthe checking action of the binder must be erative position and the inner end of the increased. If the shuttle moves too slowly | binder must and does necessarily return to 85 into the box the checking action must be its normal position. Under these circumdecreased by setting the binder outward, in- stances either the binder or the rear shuttle-35 creased action consequent upon setting the wall, or both, must bend, and if the shuttle binder inwards resulting in increased out- is old it is very liable to break, although it ward movement of the binder by the incom- might otherwise have lasted indefinitely. 90 ing shuttle, whereas with decreased checking | These are very practical and real troubles on action there will be a decreased outward every loom, requiring more work and greater 40 throw of the binder. Were the binder free skill on the part of loom fixers, and increasto perform its own functions of checking the ling the number of loom fixers required for a shuttle such variations in its adjustment and given number of looms. movement would be unobjectionable, but the [48] My present invention has for its object the interconnection between the binder and the production of protection mechanism so con-45 protection mechanism causes variations in structed and arranged that the dagger shall the movement of the binder to effect the re- be maintained normally in an inoperative lation of the dagger with its frog, in some position during normal running conditions 100 cases causing smashes of the warp or break- of the loom and wherein adjustment or age of parts, and in others causing unneces- | change in the action of the shuttle-checking 50 sary stoppage of the loom. Moreover, with or binding means in no way varies the operathe usual direct connection between the bind- tion or adjustment of the protection mech-

rotate the protection shaft and its attached Be it known that I, Jonas Northrop, a parts, the inertia of which is very consider- 55 citizen of the United States, and resident of lable, and such rotation must be effected Hopedale, county of Worcester, State of against the resistance of a spring of sufficient 5 Massachusetts, have invented certain new strength to cause return movement of the and useful Improvements in Protection shaft and its attached parts surely and Mechanism for Looms, of which the follow- promptly upon the exit of the shuttle from 60 ing is a full, clear, and exact specification. the box. This necessitates additional power To those skilled in the art of weaving it is in picking the shuttle and results in excessive

parts under such conditions. justably applied, but any variation in the 15 In power weaving protection mechanism strength of such spring causes a correspondinfrequent in this country. ment, of this spring has been made. Yet 20 With the object of reducing parts the pro- another trouble arises from the pressure of other disadvantageously. such times the binder may be moved out-The shuttle binding means per se serves, ward slightly by the shuttle, and the dagger the purpose of checking the shuttle when it will be correspondingly lifted but not suffienters the box, and must be adjusted to ciently to clear the shoulder of the frog. 80 meet variations in size, weight and speed of With the loom running at full speed the enthis rapidly moving member of a loom struc- gagement of the dagger with the frog in-

ers and the protection mechanism, the shut- anism, the functions of the latter being sepa- 105 tle on entering either box must necessarily rated from those of the shuttle checking

means. Conversely, the protection-shaft spring may be adjusted at will without affecting the boxing of the shuttle, but in this invention the necessity for changing the ef-5 fective strength of this spring does not exist, as ample spring-pressure may be always maintained, so that after the first adjustment the spring requires no further attention. As a result the binder is left free to attend to its 10 own particular duty of checking the incoming shuttle, while the protection mechanism attends to its proper function of stopping the loom when the shuttle fails to box properly, the dagger at other times remaining in nor-15 mal inoperative position and the governing of the protection mechanism by or through the binder being so arranged as to admit of the proper functional action by each instrumentality.

The binder requires more or less frequent adjustment, according to circumstances, but in my invention after the protection mechanism has been set in the first instance no fur-

ther changes are needed.

As will appear hereinafter the dagger is normally inoperatively positioned, that is, it runs in such a position that it will not stop the loom, and it is moved from this position only when the shuttle is improperly boxed 30 and the loom is to be stopped, consequently the raising and lowering of the dagger on each lay movement is avoided. This arrangement differs from the usual construction, wherein the protection mechanism is so 35 arranged that unless the dagger is moved to inoperative position on each beat of the lay it will operate to stop the loom.

The various novel features of my invention will be fully described in the subjoined speci-40 fication and particularly pointed out in the

following claims.

Figure 1 is a left hand side elevation of a sufficient portion of a loom, the lay and shuttle-box being shown in section on line 1-1, 45 Fig. 2, illustrating one practical embodiment of my invention; Fig. 2 is a top plan view of the left hand end of the lay and its shuttle-box, with some of the adjacent mechanism, the shuttle being shown properly 50 boxed; Fig. 3 is a rear elevation thereof, showing a part of the protection mechanism; Fig. 4 is a detail similar to Fig. 1 but showing the lay as nearing front center, the shuttle being properly boxed, so that the protection 55 mechanism is inactive; Fig. 5 is a similar view but showing the protection mechanism about to cause loom stoppage, owing to failure of the shuttle to box.

It will be understood that both of the shut-60 tle-boxes will be of substantially the same construction, though only one is herein illustrated, and the lay 1, front box-plate 2, coverplate 3, back-wall 4, the shipper 5, Fig. 1, knock-off lever 6 therefor, and the main por-65 tion of the frog 7 may be and are all substan-

tially of well known or usual construction. A suitable binder 8 pivotally and adjustably mounted near its outer end on the lay at 9 preferably has its inner end provided with a metallic shoe 10, which is movable in and out 70 across the top of a boss or guide 11 fixedly mounted on the lay at the back, and having an upright hole 12, see dotted lines Figs. 1, 3, 4 and 5. The guide is so positioned with relation to the binder that when the latter is 75 forced outward by a propérly boxed shuttle the shoe 10 covers the upper end of the hole, see Figs. 2 and 4, but if the shuttle fails to box properly the hole 12 will be left uncovered by the shoe, as in Fig. 5, as the lay 80 moves forward.

Any suitable pressure producing means for the binder may be used, and herein I have shown a bracket 13 fast on the lay carrying a threaded stud 14 provided with an annular 85 shoulder 15, Fig. 2, against which rests one end of a spring 16, the other end being positioned on a lug 17 on the binder. By setting

the screw-stud 14 in or out the binder pressure is increased or decreased, as required, 90 and the adjustment maintained by a checknut 18, a depending guard 19 on the coverplate overhanging the binder and preventing

undue outward movement thereof when the shuttle impinges upon the binder.

The protection shaft 20 is mounted in suitable bearings on the lay and has an attached dagger 21, said shaft in practice having at each end a rearwardly extended arm 22 pivotally connected with the lower end of an up- 100 turned link 23, constituting a controller, the upper straight end of the controller slidably entering the hole 12 in the guide 11. A suitable spring 24, fixed at one end and at its other end adjustably attached to the shaft, 105 serves to lift the link 23 when it is free to rise and depress the point of the dagger 21 to cooperate with the shoulder 25 of the frog when the loom is to be stopped owing to the shuttle failing to box.

The frog is provided with a riser 27 and a dwell or support 26, which coöperates at times with a follower 28 adjustably mounted on the dagger at 29, as will now be explained.

3.10

Let it be assumed that the loom has been 115 stopped by the action of the protector mechanism and is to be started again, the parts being in position substantially as indicated by Fig. 5. As the lay moves back, the follower 28 rides up the riser 27, lifts the dag- 120 ger, and lowers the link 23, so that when the shuttle is picked, the binder will be moved outward by the incoming shuttle as it is boxed and the shoe 10 will cover the opening or hole 12 above the end of the controller 23, 125 thus maintaining the dagger in raised or inoperative position as the lay moves forward to "beat up". As the lay again moves to the rear, the shoe 10 continues to cover the opening or hole 12 above the controller until 130

the shuttle is picked, which takes place when the lay has carried the dagger to position the follower 28 above the dwell or support 26 of the frog. Thus as the shuttle moves 5 through the shed and the hole 12 is uncovered by the inward movement of the binder, the dagger is still held in its inoperative or raised position by the follower riding over the dwell or support 26, and when the shut-10 the passes into the box on the other side, the shoe 10 of that binder moves over the hole or opening 12 on that end of the lay, and, as the lay moves forward, prevents the controller 23 on that end of the lay from rising, thus the 15 dagger continues to be held in its raised or inoperative position so long as the loom continues in normal working condition. It is to be noted that the dagger is not raised and lowered on each round of lay movement, as 20 heretofore, but under normal working condition when the shuttle is properly boxed on each pick, the dagger remains in its raised or inoperative position, and is only lowered or moved from that position when a shuttle fails 25 to box. For instance, assume that during the working of the loom as above outlined, the shuttle failed to box or properly enter its shuttle box, thereby endangering "a smash". Such action would take place as the lay 30 moves forward from its back position, and the shoe 10 would fail to cover the hole 12 above the controller 23, so that as the follower moves from the dwell or support 26, the dagger would drop into operative posi-35 tion, Fig. 5, under the action of its spring 24 and "knock off" or stop the loom. On starting the loom again, the follower 28 lifts the dagger into its inoperative position as the lay moves back, and the dagger continues to 40 be held in this raised or inoperative position, as hereinbefore pointed out, so long as the shuttle continues to be properly boxed.

It will be perfectly evident that the usual inward or outward adjustment of the binder 45 by adjustment of its pivot 9, or the tightening or loosening of the binder spring 16, will not have the slightest effect upon the protection mechanism, but will operate entirely upon or through the binder to vary the check-50 ing action upon the incoming shuttle, and conversely the effective strength of the spring 24 has no effect upon the checking action. In other words, the binder performs the functions of a binder, while the protec-55 tion mechanism performs its own functions, but at a certain point in the forward stroke of the lay one or the other binder assumes control of the said mechanism through its coöperation with the corresponding con-60 fcoller 23. Whether the checking action be heavy or light, or the outward movement of the binder be slightly more or less, according to circumstances, proper boxing of the shut- 5. In a loom, the combination of a lay, a tle will always move the binder outward far shuttle box at each end of the lay provided

troller, the shoe being made of metal to prevent undue wear. If, however, the shuttle is improperly boxed, the controller is left free to move far enough to permit operative positioning of the dagger to effect loom stop- 70

page.

The mechanism is very simple, its operation is smooth and automatic, the dagger is not lowered or moved from its inoperative position except when required to stop the 75 loom, and after the protection mechanism is once properly set no subsequent adjustment. thereof is required, no matter how often or in what way the action of either or both of the binders is varied by necessary adjustments. 80

My invention is not restricted to the precise construction and arrangement herein, shown which is an illustration of one practical embodiment of my invention, and those skilled in the art may make various modifica- 85 tions without departing from the spirit and scope of my invention as set forth in the foldowing claims.

Having fully described my invention, what I claim as new and desire to secure by Let- 90

ters Patent is:—

1. In a loom, the combination of a lay, a shuttle-box disposed at each end of the lay, a dagger carried by the lay, and means including a spring actuated binder carried by the 95 shuttle-bex to maintain the dagger normally in fixed inoperative position during the entire lay movement.

2. In a loom, the combination of a lay, a shuttle-box disposed at each end of the lay 100 and provided with a spring actuated binder, a dagger carried by the lay, means tending normally to move the dagger into operative position, and means including the binder acting throughout the lay movement during 105 normal working condition of the loom to restrain the dagger from any movement responsive to its actuating means.

3. In a loom, the combination of a lay, a shuttle-box disposed at each end of the lay 110 and provided with a spring actuated binder, a dagger carried by the lay, means tending to move the dagger into operative position, means other than the binders for moving the dagger into inoperative position, and means 115 controlled by the binders for holding the dagger from movement towards operative

position when the shuttle is properly boxed. 4. In a loom, the combination of a lay, a shuttle-box disposed at each end of the lay 120 and having a binder, a dagger carried by the lay, means to maintain, the dagger in its inoperative position during the flight of the shuttle from one box to the other, and means controlled by the binders for preventing any 125 movement of the dagger towards operative position when the shuttle is properly boxed.

es enough for the shoe to act upon the con- with a binder, a dagger mounted on the lay, 130

means normally tending to move the dagger into operative position, and means including a part on the shuttle box, to prevent rising or falling movement of the dagger during lay 5 movement when a shuttle is properly boxed.

6. In a loom, the combination of a lay having a shuttle-box, a binder therefor, a binder spring, means to vary the action of the binder upon the shuttle, a dagger mounted on 10 the lay, and means to effect a uniform fixed inoperative positioning of the dagger throughout lay movement independent of variations in the checking action of the binder upon the shuttle.

7. In a loom, the combination of a lay having a shuttle-box and shuttle checking means, a dagger mounted upon the lay, and means including a part on the shuttle box to effect a uniform control of said dagger during 20 the entire lay movement and fixed positioning irrespective of variable action of the

shuttle checking means.

8. In a loom, a lay having a shuttle-box, a\* binder to check the incoming shuttle, and an 25 adjustable binder-spring, combined with protection mechanism, including a dagger, a device independent of the binder to inoperatively position the dagger during a portion of the forward stroke of the lay, and means 30 governed by the binder independently of variations in its checking action to retain the dagger without movement in its inoperative position during the completion of the forward stroke of the lay when the shuttle is 35 properly boxed, whereby adjustment of the binder action has no effect on the operation of the protection mechanism.

9. In a loom, protection mechanism including a dagger, means to normally hold 40 said dagger from movement towards operative position during the entire cycle of lay movement, and means including a spring controlled binder to effect operative positioning of the dagger when the shuttle is im-

45 properly boxed.

10. In a loom, a lay having a shuttle-box, a binder therefor, and adjustable pressureproducing means for the binder, combined with protection mechanism for the loom in-50 cluding a dagger carried by the lay, and means to effect uniform control of said dagger by or through the binder to prevent movement of the dagger towards operative position upon proper boxing of the shuttle irrespective of 55 variations in the adjustment of the binder.

11. In a loom, a lay having a shuttle-box, an adjustable spring controlled binder therefor, protection mechanism for the loom, means independent of the binder to render 60 said mechanism inoperative prior to the entrance of the shuttle into the box, and means governed by the binder to cooperate with and retain said protection mechanism in a fixed inoperative position when the shuttle is 65 properly boxed.

12. In a loom, a lay having a shuttle-box, a binder therefor, means to vary the pressure of the binder upon the shuttle, protector mechanism including a dagger carried by the lay, and means independent of variations in 70 binder movement due to variation of binder pressure for controlling operative and inop-

erative positioning of the dagger.

13. In a loom, a lay, protection mechanism, including a rock-shaft carried by the lay, 75 and having an attached dagger, a frog with which the dagger cooperates to effect loom stoppage, means independent of the binder to move the dagger to inoperative position for a fixed part of each forward stroke of the 89 lay, a spring coöperating with the rock-shaft to operatively position the dagger, shuttlechecking means, and a controller operatively connected with the rock-shaft and coöperating with the shuttle-checking means when- 85 ever the shuttle is properly boxed, to retain the dagger without movement in its inoperative position during the remainder of the for-

ward stroke of the lay.

' 14. The combination, with a lay having a 90 shuttle-box, a binder therefor, and an adjustable binder-spring, of protection mechanism for the loom, a controller operatively connected therewith, a guide on the lay in which the controller is movable, the binder 95 moving across the guide and acting as a detent for the controller whenever the shuttle is properly boxed, and means to act upon the protection mechanism and render it inoperative prior to boxing of the shuttle, thereby 100 retracting the controller out of the binder path, the binder uncovering the guide and permitting return movement of the controller if the shuttle is improperly boxed, to thereby enable the protection mechanism to 105 effect loom stoppage.

15. The combination, with a lay having a shuttle-box, a binder, and means to vary the action thereof upon an incoming shuttle, of protection mechanism for the loom including -110 a dagger, means to inoperatively position said mechanism when the shuttle is picked, and a controller retracted by such positioning of the protection mechanism, outward movement of the binder by a properly boxed 115 shuttle maintaining the controller retracted and the dagger in fixed inoperative position thereby preventing the operation of the protection mechanism to stop the loom.

16. In a loom, a lay, an adjustable binder 120 to cooperate with and check the flight of a shuttle, protection mechanism including a dagger on the lay adapted to effect stoppage of the loom, and means acting in conjunction with the binder to maintain said mechanism 125 inoperative, and the dagger in fixed position irrespective of binder adjustment, when the shuttle is properly boxed.

17. In a loom, in combination, adjustable shuttle-checking means, protection mechan- 130

ism for the loom, means to render said ! mechanism inoperative as the shuttle is picked, and other means governed by the checking means to retain said protection 5 mechanism in fixed inoperative position with respect to the lay when the shuttle is properly boxed both said means coacting to maintain the protection mechanism in-

operative throughout lay movement.

18. In a loom, in combination, shuttle checking means, protection mechanism for the loom, means to render said mechanism inoperative as the shuttle is picked, and a controlling member operatively connected 15 with and moved into predetermined position by the protection mechanism when the latter is rendered inoperative, the checking means coöperating with said controlling member and maintaining it in such predetermined 20 fixed position only when the shuttle is properly boxed.

19. In a loom, protection mechanism including a dagger, and a controlling member movable automatically into and out of 25 operative position upon similar movements of the dagger, combined with means to inoperatively position the dagger at a predetermined point on each pick, and shuttle checkmg means to cooperate with said controlling 30 member and retain it and the dagger in a fixed inoperative position relative to the lay only when the shuttle is properly boxed.

20. In a loom, protection mechanism including a dagger, and a spring to operatively 35 position it, a controller operatively connected with said mechanism and moved into and out of operative position as the dagger is moved into and out of operative position, and means to inoperatively position said 40 controller and dagger on each pick, combined with a shuttle binder, and an adjustable pressure-producing spring coöperating therewith, outward movement of the binder by a properly boxed shuttle effecting 45 cooperation between the binder and controller to retain the latter, and thereby the dagger, in their inoperative positions without movement relative to the lay as the pick is completed.

21. In a loom, a lay having a shuttle-box, and shuttle-checking means, combined with protection mechanism for the loom including a dagger, and means to effect uniform control of said mechanism during the entire 55 forward and backward movement of the lay by or through the checking means irrespective of variable action of the latter to maintain the dagger from movement towards

operative position.

60 22. In a loom, in combination, shuttlechecking means, protection mechanism for the loom, means to render said mechanism inoperative prior to the entrance of the shuttle into the box, and other means 65 governed by the checking means to co- | dagger in inoperative position when the 130

operate with and retain said protection mechanism inoperative without movement

when the shuttle is properly boxed.

23. In a loom, a lay having a shuttle-box, and a binder, combined with protection 70 nechanism, including a dagger, means to inoperatively position the dagger prior to the entrance of the shuttle into the shuttle-box, and separate means governed through the binder to retain the dagger without move- 75 ment inoperatively positioned when the shuttle is boxed properly.

24. In a loom, a lay having a shuttle-box, and a binder cooperating therewith, combined with protection mechanism including 80 a dagger and a frog, means to lift the dagger above the frog prior to the entrance of the shuttle into the shuttle-box and separate means rendered operative by coöperation of the binder and shuttle to retain the 85

dagger in fixed lifted position when the shuttle is properly boxed.

25. In a loom, the combination of a lay, a shuttle-box disposed at each end thereof and provided with a binder, a dagger carried by 90 the lay, means to maintain the dagger without movement in its inoperative position during the flight of the shuttle from one box to the other, and other means to continue the dagger in its inoperative position when 95 the shuttle is properly boxed, such other means including controlling members moved out of the binder paths by inoperative positioning of the dagger, proper boxing of the shuttle disposing a binder across the adja- 100 cent controlling member and acting through it to retain the dagger inoperatively positioned until the shuttle is picked.

26. In a loom, the combination of a lay having a shuttle-box, a binder therefor, a 105 binder spring, a dagger mounted on the lay, a spring to operatively position the dagger, means to maintain the dagger inoperative and without movement during the flight of the shuttle, and other means to continue the 110 dagger in inoperative position when the shuttle is properly boxed, such other means including a controlling member movable into and out of the binder path and retracted therefrom by the first mentioned means, 115 proper boxing of the shuttle moving the binder over the end of and retaining the controlling member retracted to continue the dagger in inoperative position until the shuttle is picked, whereby the dagger and 120 binder springs are prevented from working against each other.

27. In a loom, the combination of a lay having a shuttle-box, a binder therefor, a binder spring, a dagger mounted on the lay, 125 a spring to operatively position the dagger, means to maintain the dagger inoperative and without movement during the flight of the shuttle, and other means to continue the

shuttle is properly boxed, such other means including a member to cooperate with the binder and retain the dagger inoperatively positioned while preventing the dagger and binder springs from acting against each Witnesses:

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In testimony whereof 1 have signed my [

WENDELL WILLIAMS, EVERETT S. WOOD.