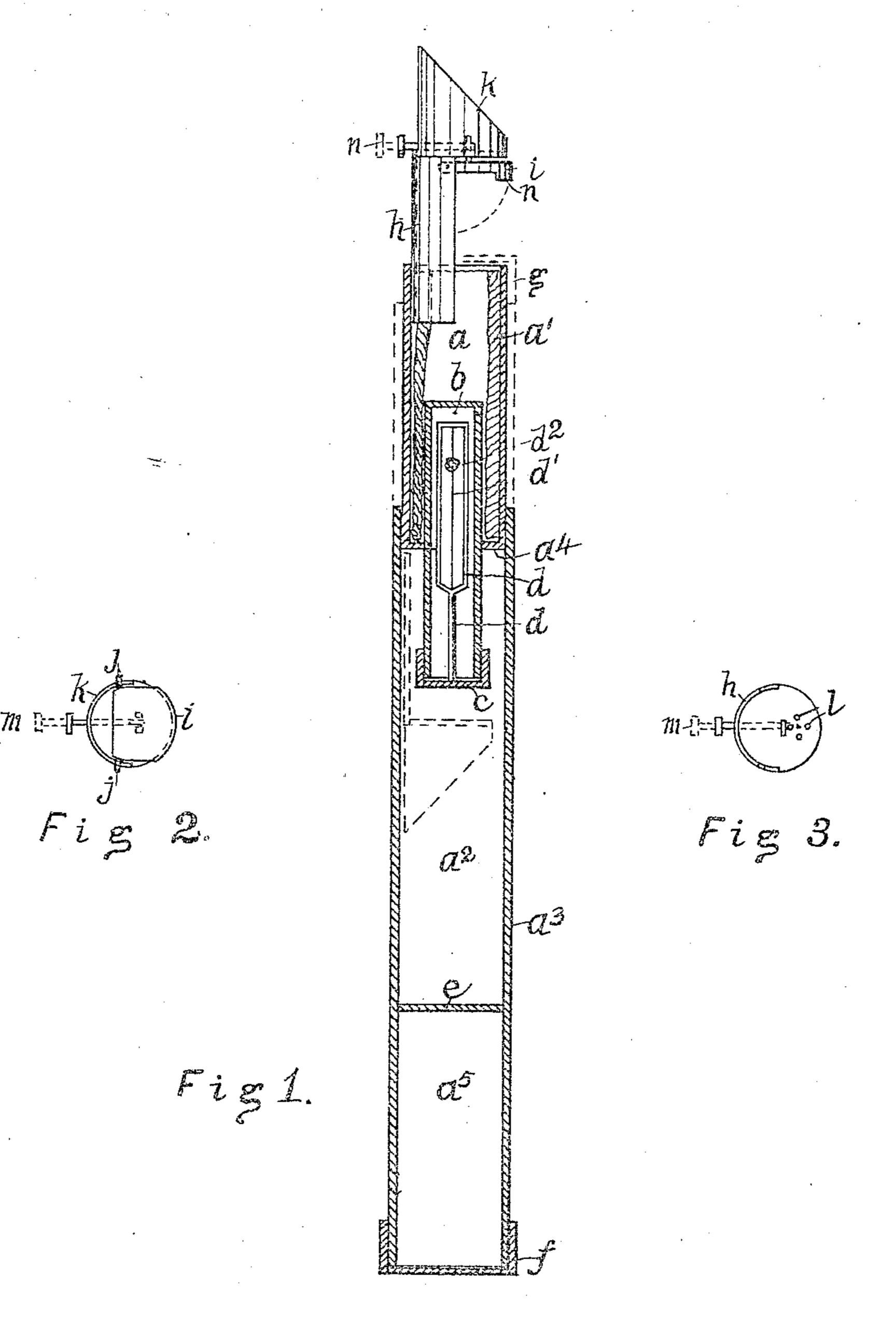
908,196.

Patented Dec. 29, 1908.



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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

PAUL BAUER AND RICHARD VILIM, OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

PHOTOGRAPHER'S FLASH-LAMP.

No. 908,196.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Fatented Dec. 29, 1908.

Application filed July 6, 1908. Serial No. 441,996.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that we, Paul Bauer and RICHARD VILIM, citizens of the United States, residing in Chicago, Cook county, 5 Illinois, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Photographers' Flash-Lamps, of which the following is a full and correct specification, reference being had to the hereto accompanying sheet of drawings, 10 forming a part hereof, and in which-

Figure 1 shows our said new device in central longitudinal section, with the exception of its top part which is in side view in full projection. Fig. 2 is an end view of 15 said top part as seen on its under side. Fig. 3 shows Fig. 2 with its shield i removed.

Like reference letters denote like parts

throughout.

The object of our invention is to provide 20 a compact and conveniently portable flash-

lamp for photographers' use.

To attain said desirable end we construct our said new device in substantially the following manner, namely:—We make a cylin-25 drical alcohol lamp a provided with a tubular wick a', and into the bottom of said lamp we secure an axially coincident igniterholder b which is also tubular, of smaller diameter, and provided with a removable 30 cap c to which is attached, interiorly, a wire frame d on which is carried a platinum wire d' carrying a small lump of spongy platinum d^2 . A tubular bi-chambered holder as telescopes over said lamp a to the 35 flange of the lamp-cover y, as indicated by the broken lines on each side of a between g and a^3 , and a partition e forms one chamber a2 in which are held the connected parts h, i, k, as indicated by the broken outlines 40 of them in said chamber, and between the partition e and cap f is formed the powderchamber a⁵ for holding the flash-powder used by photographers. A peg m through hholds the shield i in its normal or horizontal MARGARET SULLIVAN.

position and thereby shields the holes l in the 45 bottom of the chamber k from the flame of the lamp. When the peg m is removed the weighted edge n of the shield i turns the shield as indicated, and then the flame ignites the powder in the chamber k. The 50 lamp is lighted by means of a bit of spongy platinum d^2 held on a platinum wire d'held on the wire frame d secured to the cover of the tubular chamber b. All the said tubular or cylindrical parts of our de- 55 vice are axially co-incident, and by means of said telescoping of some of them, the device may be lengthened so as to form a safe handle and then compacted for transportation.

To operate our device the flash-chamber k is taken from its chamber a^2 and its holder inserted within the open end of the lamp a, from which the cover g has been removed, of which a fragment in place is shown in 65 Fig. 1, the chamber k is charged with powder from the chamber a^5 and the shield iheld normal by the peg m, after which the cap c is removed and the parts a a^3 re-united, and then the platinum on the cap c is held 70 over the open end of the lamp a whereby the alcohol is flamed, after which, when all is ready, the peg m is removed, the shield itilted, and thereby, the powder in the holder k ignited through the holes l.

What we claim is:—

The combination with a tubular lamp provided with a tubular wick and an axially coincident igniter holder, of an ignitionchamber and a semi-tubular holder therefor 80 and a pivoted or swinging shield on said holder, and means to lock and release said. shield.

> PAUL BAUER. RICHARD VILIM.

Witnesses:

WM. ZIMMERMAN,