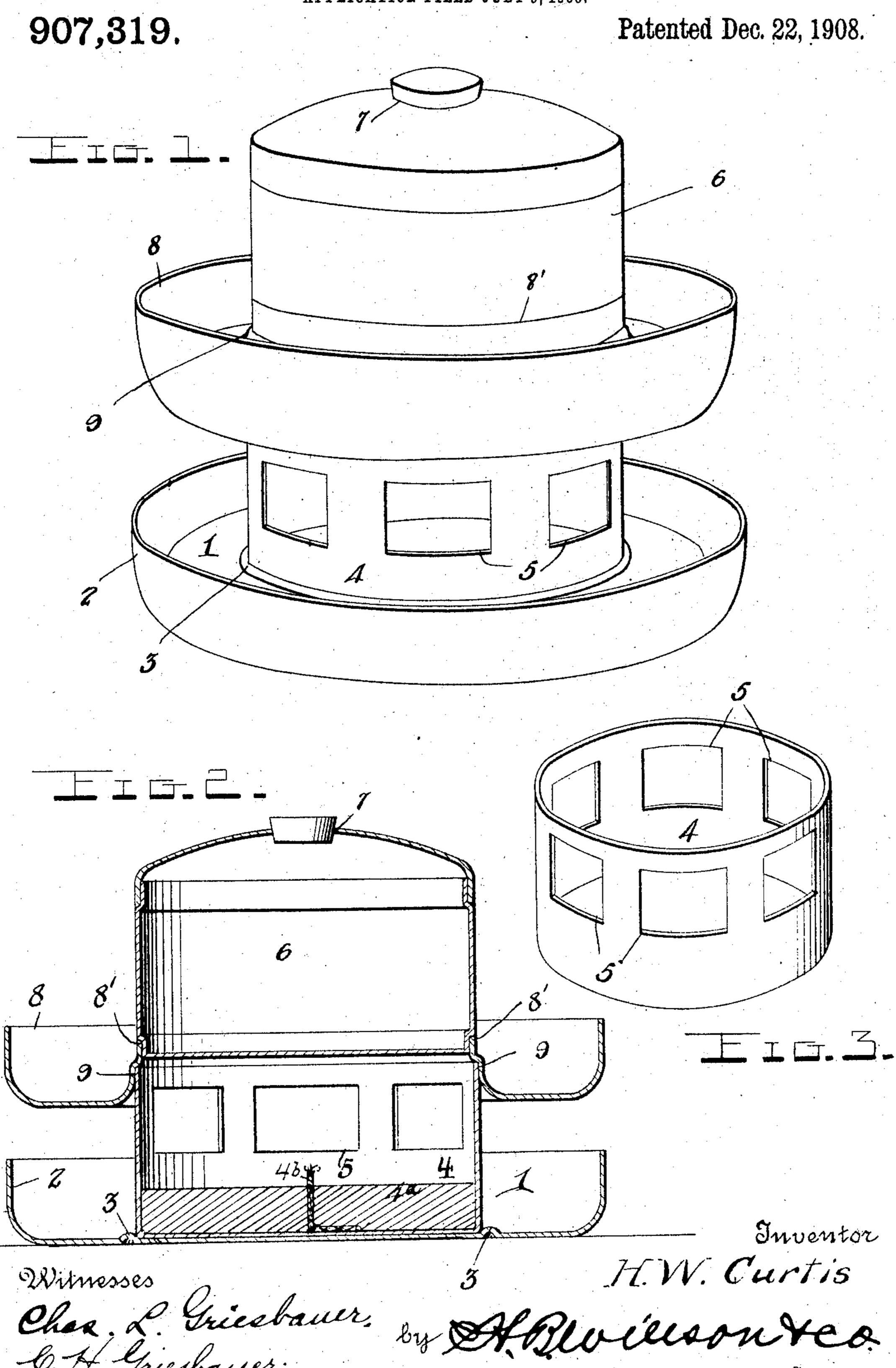
## H. W. CURTIS.

FUMIGATOR.

APPLICATION FILED JULY 9, 1908.



## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

HARVEY W. CURTIS, OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

## FUMIGATOR.

No. 907,319.

Specification of Letters Patent.

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To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, HARVEY W. CURTIS, a citizen of the United States, residing at Chicago, in the county of Cook and State of Illi-5 nois, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Fumigators; and I do declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, such as will enable others skilled in the art to which it ap-10 pertains to make and use the same.

This invention relates to improved fumi-

gators or disinfectant generators.

The object of the invention is to provide a simply constructed and effective fumigator

15 for disinfecting purposes.

With these and other objects in view, the invention consists of certain novel features of construction, combination and arrangement of parts, as will be more fully described 20 and particularly pointed out in the appended claims.

In the accompanying drawings, Figure 1 is a perspective view of a fumigator constructed in accordance with this invention; Fig. 2 is a 25 vertical section thereof; Fig. 3 is a perspec-

tive view of the lamp detached.

In the embodiment illustrated a tray 1, is shown having an upturned flange 2, to adapt it to hold water for cooling the device and 30 prevent danger of fire being occasioned therefrom. This tray is preferably provided with an annular rib 3, on its inner face to form a stop for preventing lateral movement of the lamp which it is designed to hold.

The lamp here shown is made in the form of a cup shaped receptacle 4, having a plurality of spaced openings 5, formed in the upper portion of the body thereof to permit the access of air to the flame. This lamp may be 40 provided with any suitable wick holding. means arranged in the bottom thereof, paraffin 4<sup>a</sup> being used with a wick 4<sup>b</sup> supported therein and the upper edge of the lamp is adapted to be connected with the disinfect-45 ant containing vessel, now to be described.

The containing vessel, as shown, comprises a closed receptacle 6, having an opening 7, in the top thereof provided with a suitable closure, such as a cork or any other suit-50 able device. This receptacle 6, is provided around the lower end thereof with a trough 8, for holding water. A groove or socket 9, extends around the bottom of this receptacle to receive the upper edge of the cup-shaped 55 lamp member 4, by means of which said receptacle is supported above the flame of the

lamp in position to be heated thereby. trough 8 is preferably made separable from the receptacle 6 and has an offset annular portion 8' to form the lamp receiving groove 60

or socket 9.

In the use of this device, a suitable volatile disinfectant such as an aqueous solution of formaldehyde, is first placed within the receptacle 6, and the opening 7, therein is 65 closed until the device is ready to be used. Water is first placed in the lower plate or tray 1, say, about one ounce and the trough 8, is also filled with water. The closure is then removed from the opening 7, and about 70 one ounce of water is poured into the container and the wick of the lamp is then lighted and the device is left in the room to be fumigated, the transoms and all openings having first been tightly closed. The room 75 is then left closed from five to ten hours, the longer the better, and when opened all germs contained therein will have been destroyed.

By constructing the tray 1 as shown with an upturned flange 2, two spaced water res- 80 ervoirs are provided which provides for the use of a large quantity of water thereby in-

creasing the volume of vapor.

In using formaldehyde as a germicide, it is essential that formaldehyde vapor be pro- 85 duced and that that vapor be raised to the highest temperature it is possible to obtain in order that it may have the necessary penetrating power and, by applicant's construction, the fire produced by the lamp 4 serves 90 not only to heat the cup 6 but also to heat the water in the reservoirs formed by the tray 1 and the trough 8 causing the water to evaporate and produce the necessary vapor.

This device is simple and efficient and by 95 placing the water in the trav and in the trough of the receptacle all danger of fire is obviated. The lamp is preferably provided with a wick in the center thereof having a predetermined amount of paraffin placed 100 therearound adapted to burn for a certain length of time after which the flame will be extinguished, and this form of lamp renders the device very safe.

From the foregoing description taken in 195 connection with the accompanying drawings, the construction and operation of the invention will be readily understood without requiring a more extended explanation.

Various changes in the form, proportion 110 and the minor details of construction may be resorted to without departing from the principle or sacrificing any of the advantages of the invention, as defined in the appended claims.

I claim as my invention:

vertically spaced water troughs, a lamp arranged between said troughs with the heating portion thereof in close proximity to both of said troughs to quickly heat the water therein, and a disinfectant containing vessel supported above said lamp adjacent to the upper trough and in the path of the vapor rising from both of them.

2. A fumigating device comprising two vertically spaced annular water troughs, a lamp arranged between them and supporting the upper trough, and a disinfectant containing vessel supported by said lamp within

said upper trough.

20 3. A fumigating device comprising a closed vessel having an opening in its upper end and a trough extending around the lower end thereof, said trough having a groove extending around its inner face, a lamp having its upper edge adapted to detachably engage

said groove for supporting the trough and vessel above the lamp and a water containing vessel arranged around the base of said lamp.

4. A device of the class described com-

prising a closed vessel having an opening in its upper end, and a trough extending around the lower end thereof, said trough having a groove extending around its inner face, and a lamp having its upper edge adapted to de- 35 tachably engage said groove for supporting the trough and vessel above the lamp.

5. A fumigator comprising a base plate having an upturned flange extending therearound to form a water trough, a cup-shaped 40 lamp having openings in the side walls thereof near its upper end, and a closed vessel for the disinfectant provided with means for detachably engaging said lamp and supporting said vessel thereabove, and a water trough artanged around the bottom of said vessel.

6. A fumigating device comprising two vertically spaced water troughs, a lamp arranged between said troughs and supporting the upper trough, and a disinfectant-con- 50 taining vessel supported by said lamp adja-

cent said upper trough.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand in presence of two subscribing witnesses.

HARVEY W. CURTIS.

Witnesses:.

HENSEY S. GOLDSMITH, HARRIETT A. KELLEHER.