

J. M. FAEHRMANN.
CASE FOR TOURISTS' GLASSES.
APPLICATION FILED JAN. 6, 1908.

905,063.

Patented Nov. 24, 1908.

Fig. 1.

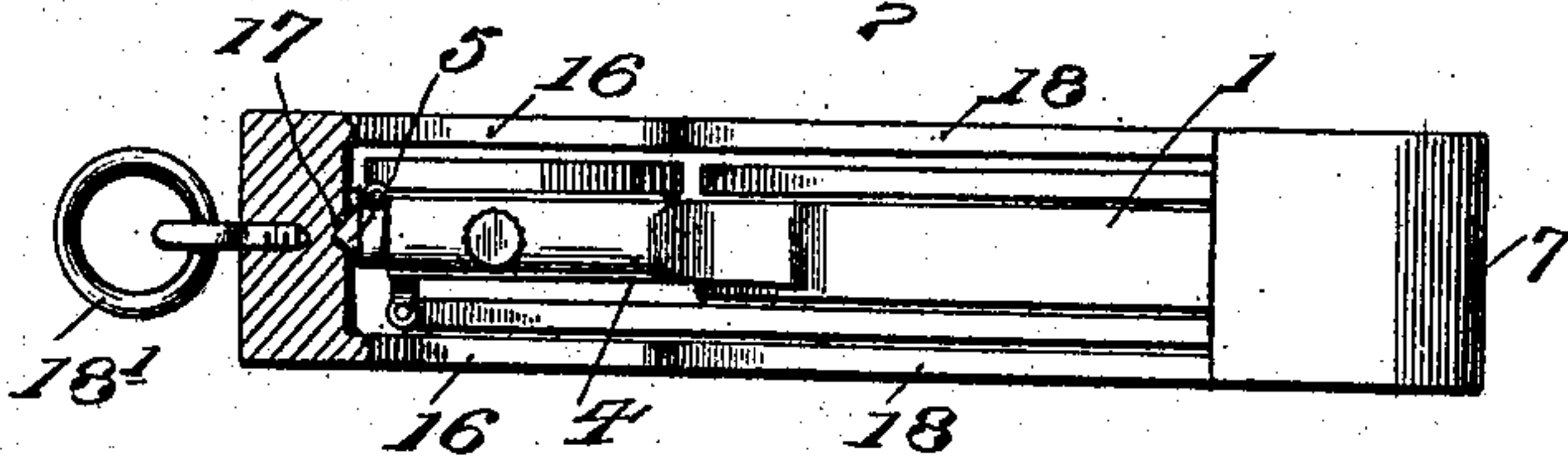


Fig. 2.

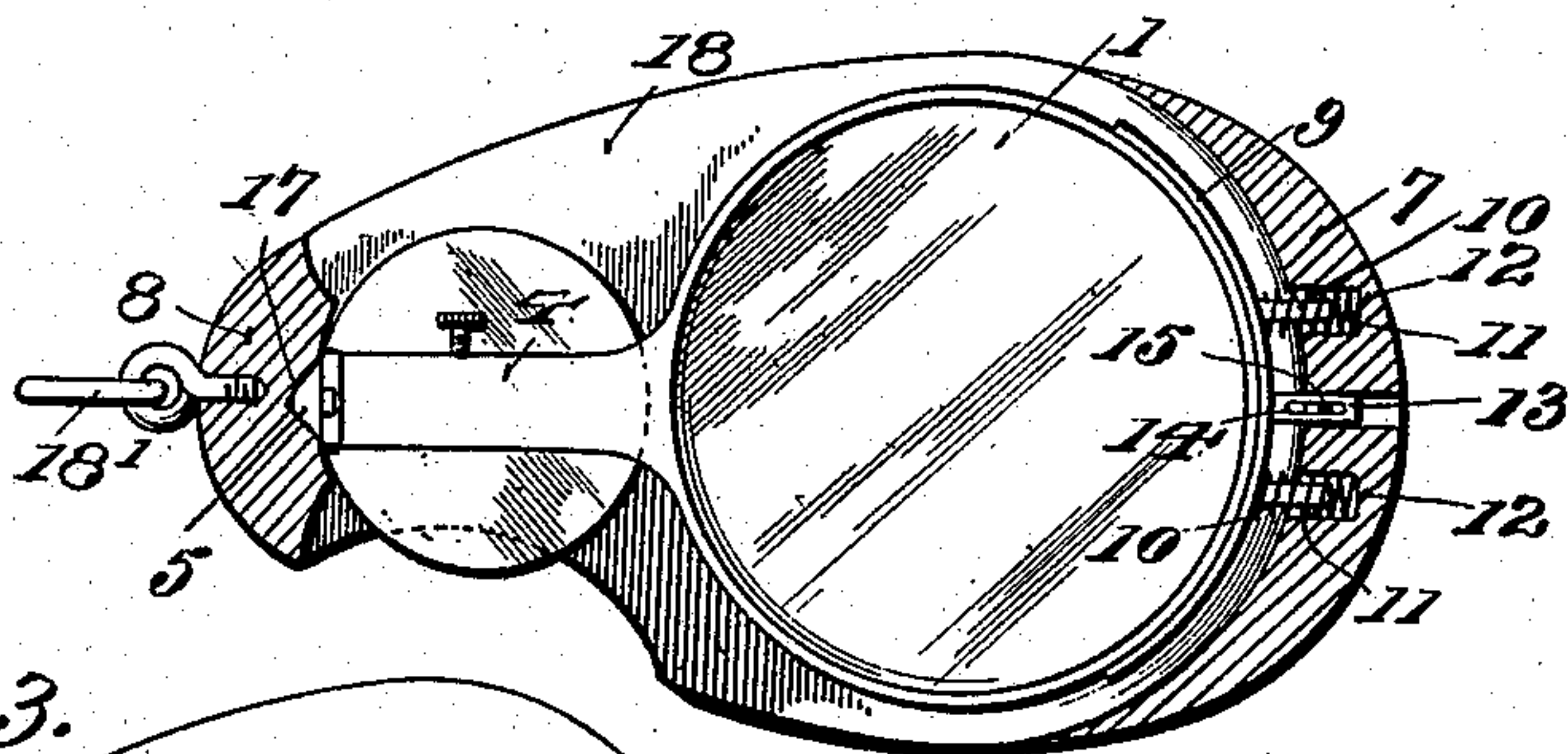


Fig. 3.

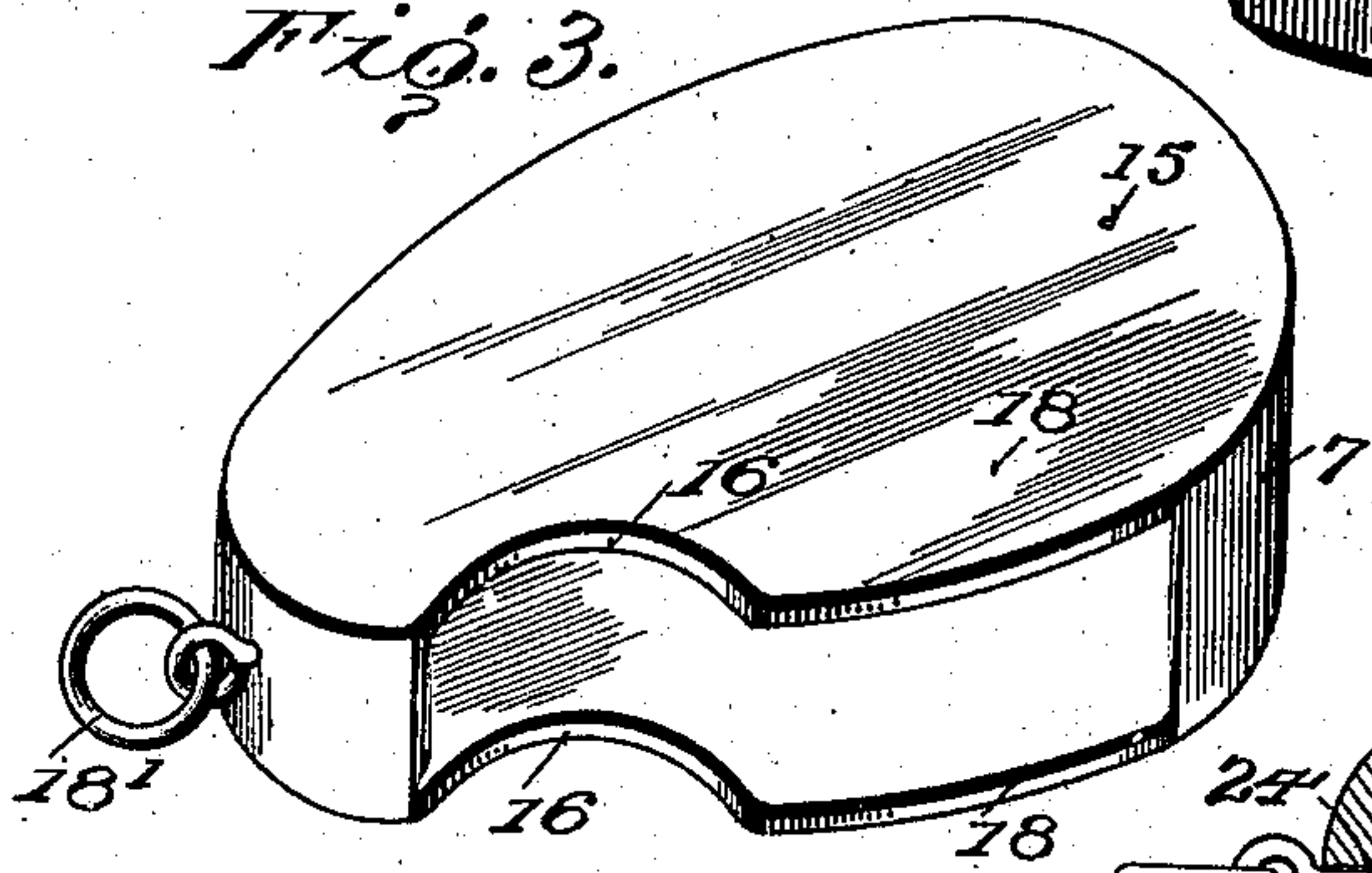


Fig. 4.

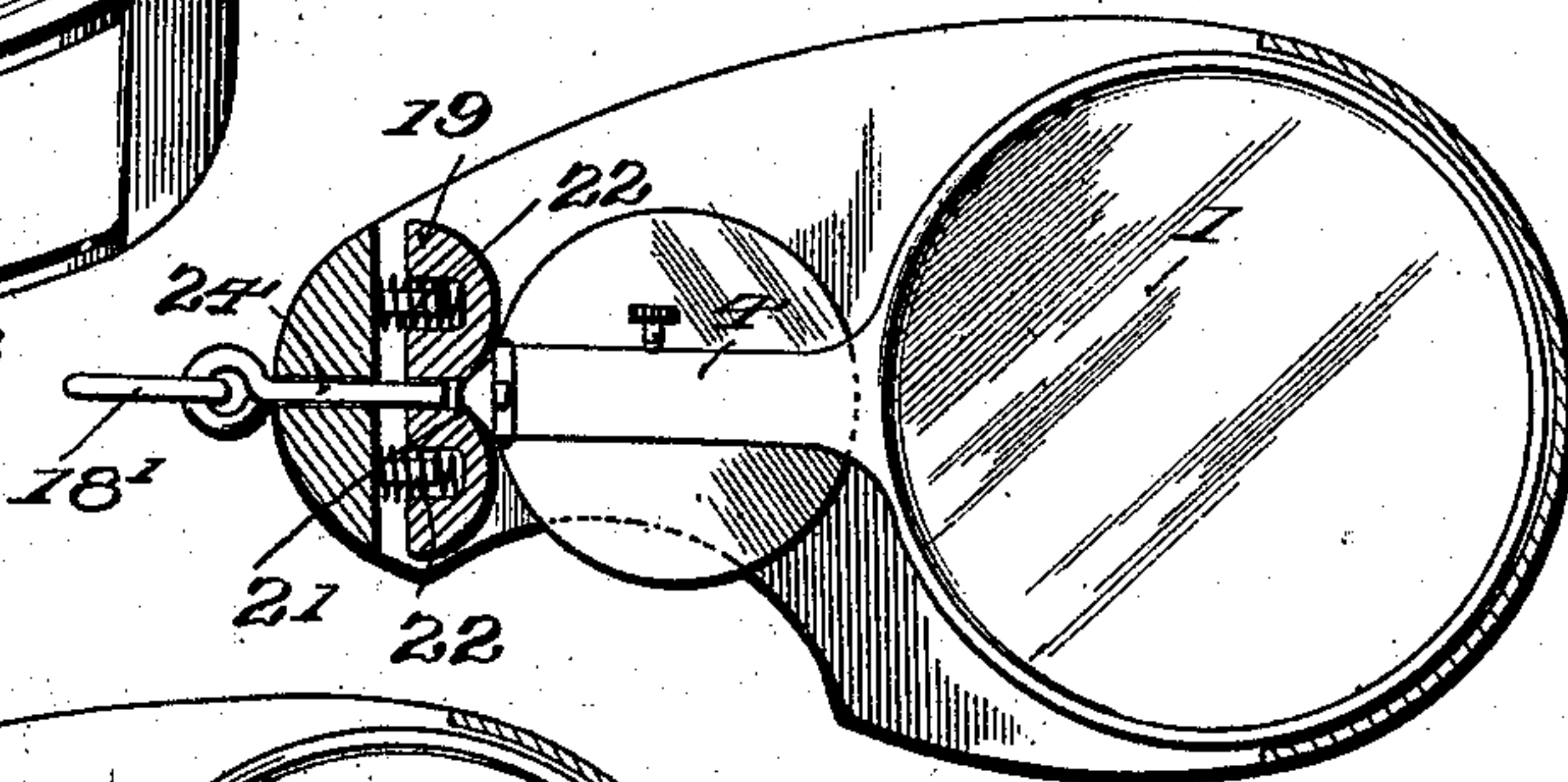
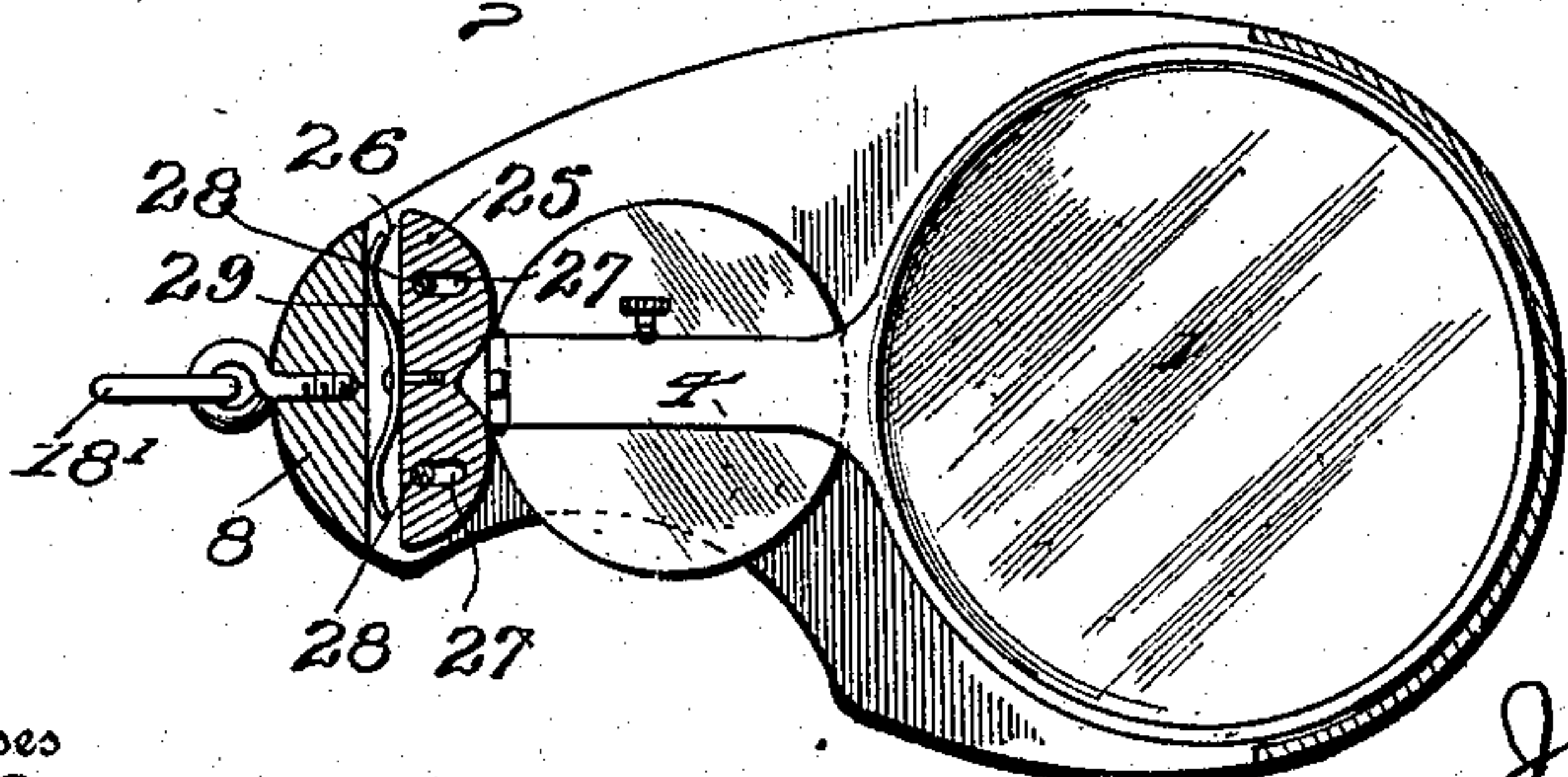


Fig. 5.



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CASE FOR TOURISTS' GLASSES.

No. 905,063.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented Nov. 24, 1908.

Original application filed September 6, 1907, Serial No. 391,735. Divided and this application filed January 6, 1908. Serial No. 409,537.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, JOHN M. FAEHRMANN, a citizen of the United States, residing at Houston, in the county of Harris and State of Texas, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Cases for Tourists' Glasses, of which the following is a specification, reference being had therein to the accompanying drawing.

My invention relates to improvements in cases for tourists' glasses, and is a division of my parent application Ser. No. 391,735, filed September 6th, 1907.

The object of the present invention is to provide a case for the protection of a tourist glass when the latter is not in use, wherein the construction is such that the glass can be conveniently inserted and removed from the case.

In the accompanying drawings, Figure 1, is an edge view (partly in section) of my improved case, the tourist glass being shown therein. Fig. 2, is a longitudinal sectional view of my improved case, showing the tourist glass positioned therein. Fig. 3, is a perspective view of my improved case. Fig. 4, is a longitudinal sectional view showing a modified construction. Fig. 5, is a similar view showing another form.

The form of tourist glass with which my present invention is more particularly intended to be used, is that form herein shown, in which there is a circular end or body portion 1 having a projecting stem 4, the end of the stem 4 having a cone or pointed shaped end 5, and is of the form shown in the parent application herein referred to.

The body of the case 6 consists of side members 18, and these side members are connected by means of end pieces or heads 7 and 8. In Figs. 1 to 3 the end piece 7 is provided with a spring-actuated plunger 9 having projecting pins 10 around which are located spiral springs 11, and the outer ends of these springs 11 rest in recesses 12 formed in the head 7. Also projecting from the plunger 9 is a stem 13 having a slot 14 through which a pin 15 passes, by means of which the plunger or follower is held in its proper position. For the purpose of enabling the instrument or glass to be readily removed from the case, the sides of the case are cut out as shown at 16. The pointed end 5 of the stem 4 is adapted to engage a recess 17 formed in the head 8, as shown in Figs. 1 and 2. In the event that the side

pieces of the case are sufficiently separated to permit the insertion therebetween of the thumb or finger to engage the glass, the cut-away portion of the sides may be omitted. The head 8 is provided with a suitable ring 18 by means of which the case may be attached to a suitable chain.

Referring now to Fig. 4, the spring-actuated follower is placed at the opposite end of the case from that shown in Figs. 1 and 2, and as shown in this figure, consists of a follower 19 which is provided with a recess 21 for the engagement therewith of the pointed end of the stem 4. In this instance the head 8 is provided with pins 22 which pass through openings formed in the follower, and spiral springs 23 pass around these pins. In this form the follower is limited in its inward movement by having the stem 24 which supports the suspending ring, passed through the follower, and provided with a suitable head.

In Fig. 5, another modification is shown, in which the spring follower 25 moves in a slot 26 formed in the head 8, and the follower is provided with transverse slots 27 through which pins 28 pass. A suitably shaped flat spring serves to hold the follower normally inward.

The tourist glass, as shown in Figs. 1 and 2, is folded up or closed before it is inserted in the case, and the case may or may not be carried in the pocket of the user, as may seem most convenient.

Having thus described my invention, what I claim and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is:—

1. A case of the character described comprising parallel side portions, a cross-head connecting one end of the side portions and having a curved inner side, a cross-head connecting the opposite ends of the side portions and provided with a recess for the purpose described, and a spring-actuated follower carried by one of the cross-heads.

2. A case of the character described comprising parallel side portions, cross-heads connecting the ends of the side portions, one cross-head provided with a spring-actuated follower and the other cross-head provided with a surface to conform with that of a glass to be carried thereby.

3. A case of the character described comprising parallel side portions, cross-heads connecting the ends of the side portions, a spring-actuated follower carried by one

cross-head, means for limiting the inward movement of the follower and the other cross-head having a surface to correspond with that of a glass to be carried thereby.

5 4. A case of the character described, comprising parallel side portions, cross-heads connecting the ends of the side portions, a spring-actuated follower carried by one cross-head, a pin for limiting the inward
10 movement of the follower, and the other cross-head having a surface to correspond with that of a glass to be carried thereby.

5 5. A case of the character described comprising a broad flat case having its edges
15 open at the sides, a spring actuated follower within the case at one end, and the other end of the case made to conform with the end of a glass to be carried thereby.

20 6. A case of the character described comprising a parallel flat side portion connected together at their ends by cross-heads, one cross-head shaped to conform with that of a glass to be carried, a spring-actuated follower within the case adjacent the opposite
25 cross-head, and a pin securing the follower within the case and limiting the inward movement thereof.

7. A case of the character described, comprising parallel side portions, cross-heads connecting the ends of the side portions, a
0 spring-actuated follower carried by one of the cross-heads, means carried by the cross-head for limiting the inward movement of said follower and the other cross-head having a curved surface to conform with that of
35 a glass.

8. A case of the character described, comprising a housing open at its sides, a spring-actuated member at one end of the housing, and the opposite end of the housing curved
40 to conform to a glass.

9. A case of the character described comprising a case having its edges open at the sides, one end of the case shaped to conform with that of a glass to be carried, a spring-
45 actuated follower within the case at the opposite end, and means for limiting the inward movement of said follower.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in presence of two witnesses.

JOHN M. FAEHRMANN.

Witnesses:

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