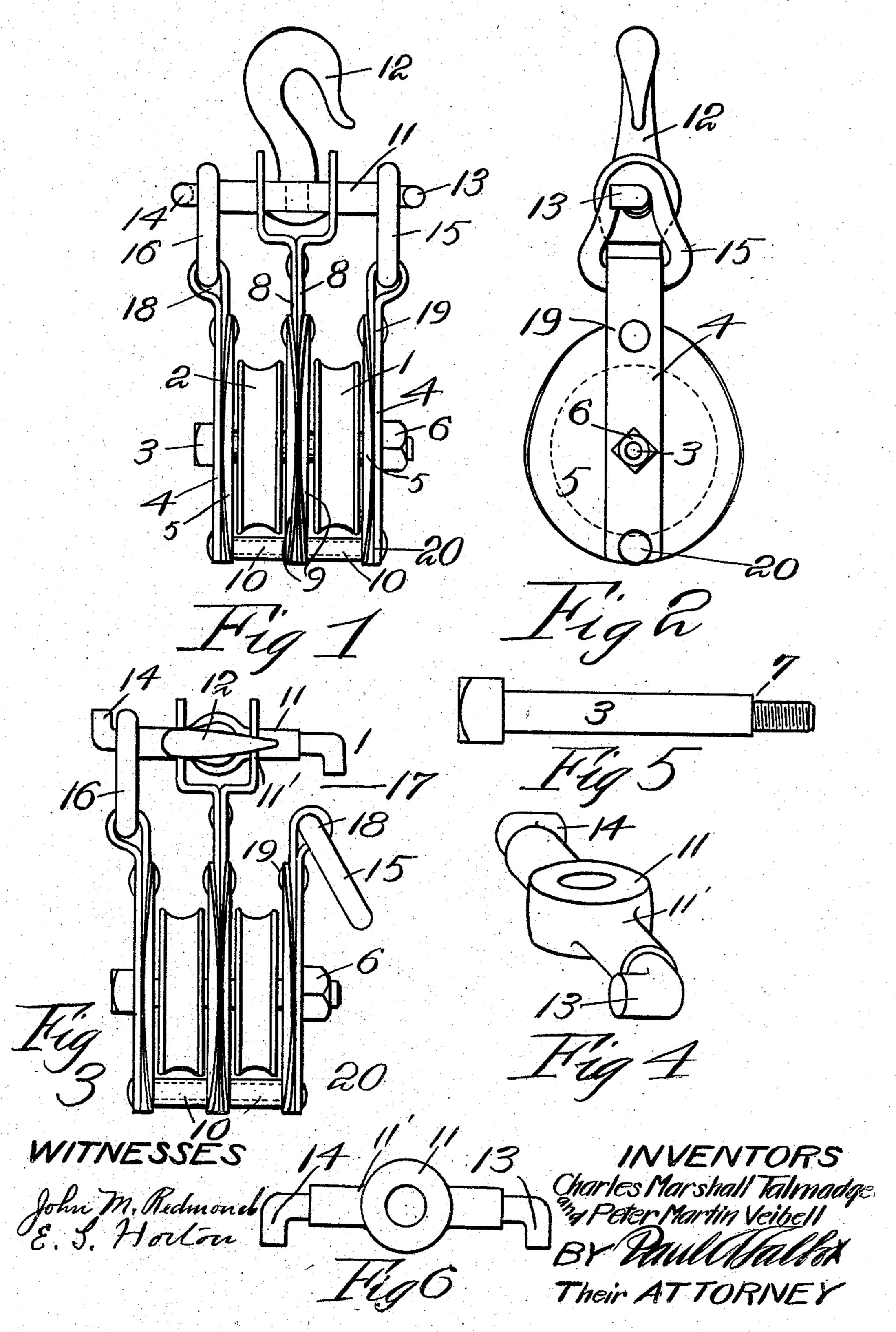
C. M. TALMADGE & P. M. VEIBELL.

SNATCH BLOCK.

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Patented Oct. 13, 1908.



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

CHARLES MARSHALL TALMADGE AND PETER MARTIN VEIBELL, OF HILLMAN, WASHINGTON.

SNATCH-BLOCK.

No. 900,894.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented Oct. 13, 1908.

Application filed September 19, 1906. Serial No. 335,334.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that we, CHARLES MARSHALL Talmadge, a citizen of the United States, residing at Hillman, in the county of King, 5 State of Washington, and Peter Martin Veibell, a subject of the King of Denmark, residing at Hillman, in the county of King and State of Washington, have invented new and useful Improvements in Snatch-10 Blocks, of which the following is a specification.

Our invention relates to snatch blocks in which the rope may be removed only when the strain is off the snatch block, thus per-15 mitting the hook connected thereto, to swing to a position substantially or about 90 degrees from the position in which the said hook is maintained while the block is in use.

The object of our invention is to construct 20 a snatch block that may be expeditiously removed from a line, and is especially applicable to logging and for similar purposes.

Another object is to construct a snatch block of steel having its several parts accessi-25 ble without a waste of material, thus making our device light and durable.

We accomplish these objects by the construction illustrated in the accompanying

drawing in which

Figure 1 is a front elevation of the entire block, showing the retaining hooks in their locked position. Fig. 2 is a side elevation of Fig. 1. Fig. 3 is a front elevation showing one of the retaining hooks thrown to the position 35 permitting the side link to be thrown open, thus enabling the rope to be removed from that side. Fig. 4 is a perspective view of the retaining hook piece. Fig. 5 is a view of the bolt. Fig. 6 is a modification of Fig. 4.

Similar reference numerals refer to similar parts throughout the several views in the ac-

companying drawing.

We have shown a block consisting of two sheaves, 1 and 2, supported and journaled 45 by a shoulder bolt 3, which is secured to the side straps 4, and cheek plates 5 by means of a nut 6, which is adapted to fit a threaded portion of the end of the said shoulder bolt 3 and against a shoulder 7 adapted to maintain 50 the straps 4 and cheek plates 5 in the desired position. We have also shown a center strap 8 and center cheeks 9, which are supported substantially midway the side cheeks 5 by means of sleeves 10. The said center straps

8 are adapted to support a retaining hook 55 piece 11, which is provided with a hook 12 or any other suitable means for securing the snatch block to a chain or other fastening. The said hook piece 11 is also provided with retaining hooks as 13 and 14 which are adapt- 60 ed to lock the side links 15 and 16, which are secured to the side straps 4, and which may be swung as shown in Fig. 3 when the hook 12 is turned in the desired direction substantially at or about 90 degrees from its normal 65 position (as when a strain is applied thereto).

In Fig. 3 we have shown the retaining hook 13 permitting the side link 15 to swing away from the said hook 13 and to permit a rope to swing through a space 17. The side straps 70 4 are preferably bent to form a loop 18 and back upon themselves and riveted to the cheek plates 5 at 19 and 20, at 20 the rivet is preferably provided with sleeves as 10, thus affording a means of maintaining the center 75 cheeks 9 and straps 8 in a central position, the said center straps 8 are bent at the end nearest the retaining hook piece 11, to form a bifurcated member adapted to support the said retaining hook piece 11, the said bifurcated 80 member is preferably drilled to fit the rounded portion of the said retaining hook piece 11 as at 11', thus journaling the said retaining hook piece 11 so that when the strain is released from the aforesaid hook 12 the said re- 85 taining hook piece 11 may be swung to a position as shown in Fig. 3, for the purpose heretofore described.

We do not wish to be limited to the specific construction illustrated in the accompanying 90 drawings as we may wish to vary such details as are within the scope of our patent.

The hook 12 may be replaced by an eye and is preferably loosely secured to the retaining piece 11 thus affording a swivel connection to 95 our device. We may also desire to use a bolt instead of a rivet at 20 thus making it possible to attach the several parts of our device. We are aware that there are snatch blocks which have a portion of the side or cheeks re- 100 moved, but wish to construct our device by using such material as is common to the market and to thus facilitate the manufacture of a snatch block which is cheap, light, durable and efficient and adapted especially to log- 105 ging.

By the construction illustrated in the accompanying drawing and herein set forth it

will be seen that a rope or cable resting upon the sheaves 1 and 2 may be readily removed when the strain is released therefrom.

Having thus described our invention, what 5 we claim as new and desire to secure by Let-

ters Patent in the United States is,—

1. In a snatch block of the nature indicated, a steel frame having for its sides, strap pieces 4 bent to form a loop 18, and provided with cheek plates 5 in combination journaled in a bifurcated member formed by 75 with center straps 8 bent to form a bifurcated the center straps 8 and adapted to apply a member adapted to journal the retaining hook piece 11, said retaining hook piece 11 being provided with retaining hooks 13 and 14 bent substantially at 90 degrees from the axis of the said retaining hook piece 11, the said retaining hook 13 being bent substantially at 180 degrees from the said retaining hook 14.

2. In a snatch block of the nature indicated, a steel frame having for its sides, strap pieces 4 bent to form a loop 18 and provided with cheek plates 5 in combination with center straps 8 bent to form a bifurcated mem-25 ber adapted to journal the retaining hook piece 11, said retaining hook piece 11 being provided with retaining hooks 13 and 14 bent substantially at 90 degrees from the axis of the said retaining hook piece 11, the said re-30 taining hook 13 being bent substantially at 180 degrees from the said retaining hook 14, sheaves 1 supported on a shoulder bolt 3, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

3. In a snatch block of the nature indi-35 cated, a steel frame having for its sides strap pieces bent to form a loop 18, and provided with cheek plates 5 in combination with center straps 8 bent to form a bifurcated member adapted to journal the retaining hook piece 40 11, said retaining hook piece 11 being provided with retaining hooks 13 and 14 bent substantially at 90 degrees from the axis of the said retaining hook pieces 11, the said retaining hook 13 being bent substantially at 45 180 degrees from the said retaining hook 14, sheaves 1 supported on a shoulder bolt 3, means for maintaining the side straps 4 and side cheeks 5 rigidly in a position which will prevent the said side cheeks 5 from impinging 50 the aforesaid sheaves 1 and means for maintaining the center straps 8 and center cheeks 9 in a central position substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

4. In a snatch block of the nature indi-55 cated, a bifurcated member adapted to journal a retaining hook piece 11, means for maintaining the said center straps 8 and center cheeks 9 in a central position relative to the side cheeks 5, the said side cheeks 5 and 60 side straps 4, center cheeks 9 and center straps 8 and shoulder bolt 3 being adapted to journal sheaves 1 and 2 substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

5. In a snatch block of the nature indi-65 cated, a retaining hook piece adapted to be

journaled in a bifurcated member formed by the center straps 8 and adapted to apply a strain upon the hook 12 to the shoulder bolt 3 and sheaves 1 and 2, means for removing a cable or rope through a space 17 when the 70 strain is removed from the said hook 12, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

6. In a snatch block of the nature indicated, a retaining hook piece adapted to be strain upon the hook 12 to the shoulder bolt 3 and sheaves 1, means for removing a cable or rope through a space 17 when the strain is removed from the said hook 12, means for 80 rotatably mounting said hook 12 in the said retaining hook piece 11 to form a swivel connection to the said snatch block, the said retaining hook piece 11 being adapted to uniformly apply the strain from the hook 12 to 85 sheaves 1 and 2 by means of center straps 8, side straps 4 and side links 15 and 16 to the aforesaid shoulder bolt 3, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

7. In a snatch block, a retaining hook 90 piece journaled in a bifurcated member formed by bending center strap piece, sheaves supported by said strap piece, means for removing the rope from said sheaves by rotating said hook piece, side straps 5 bent to 95

form a loop to secure links 15 and 16.

8. In a snatch block, a retaining hook piece journaled in a bifurcated member formed by bending center strap piece, sheaves supported by said strap piece, means 100 for removing the rope from said sheaves by rotating said hook piece, said straps 5 bent to form a loop to secure links 15 and 16, means for supporting the said side straps and parts connected thereto rigidly and from imping- 105 ing the sheaves by means of a shoulder bolt 3 and a rivet and sleeves 10.

9. In a snatch block, retaining hooks journaled in a bifurcated member formed by bending center strap piece, sheaves support- 110 ed by said strap piece, means for removing the rope from said sheaves by rotating said hook piece, side straps 5 bent to form a loop to secure links 15 and 16, means for locking the said links in the closed position when the 115 snatch block has a strain applied thereto, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

10. In a snatch block, a bifurcated member disposed between sheaves, a hook piece journaled therein, side straps co-acting with 120 said bifurcated member to support said sheaves, means for removing a rope from said sheaves by changing the alinement of the hooked ends of said hook piece.

11. In a snatch block, a bifurcated mem- 125 ber disposed between sheaves, a hook piece journaled therein, side straps co-acting with said bifurcated member to support said sheaves, means for removing the rope from said sheaves by changing the alinement of 130

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the hooked ends of said hook piece, means whereby a rope may be retained on said sheaves by applying stress to said snatch block.

12. In a snatch block, a bolt, sheaves rotatably mounted on said bolt, a center strap, side straps, a retaining hook piece swingingly supported by the bifurcated end of said center strap for the purpose set forth, links adapted to engage the hooked ends of said hook piece to strengthen said snatch block and prevent the rope from becoming disengaged from the sheaves thereof, means

whereby said links may be disengaged by oscillating said hook piece out of the posi- 15 tion which said hook piece occupies when a strain is applied to said snatch block to facilitate the removal of the rope therefrom.

In testimony whereof we have signed our names to this specification in the presence of 20

two subscribing witnesses.

CHARLES MARSHALL TALMADGE.
PETER MARTIN VEIBELL.

Witnesses:

J. F. BOYD, BESSIE HUFFMAN.