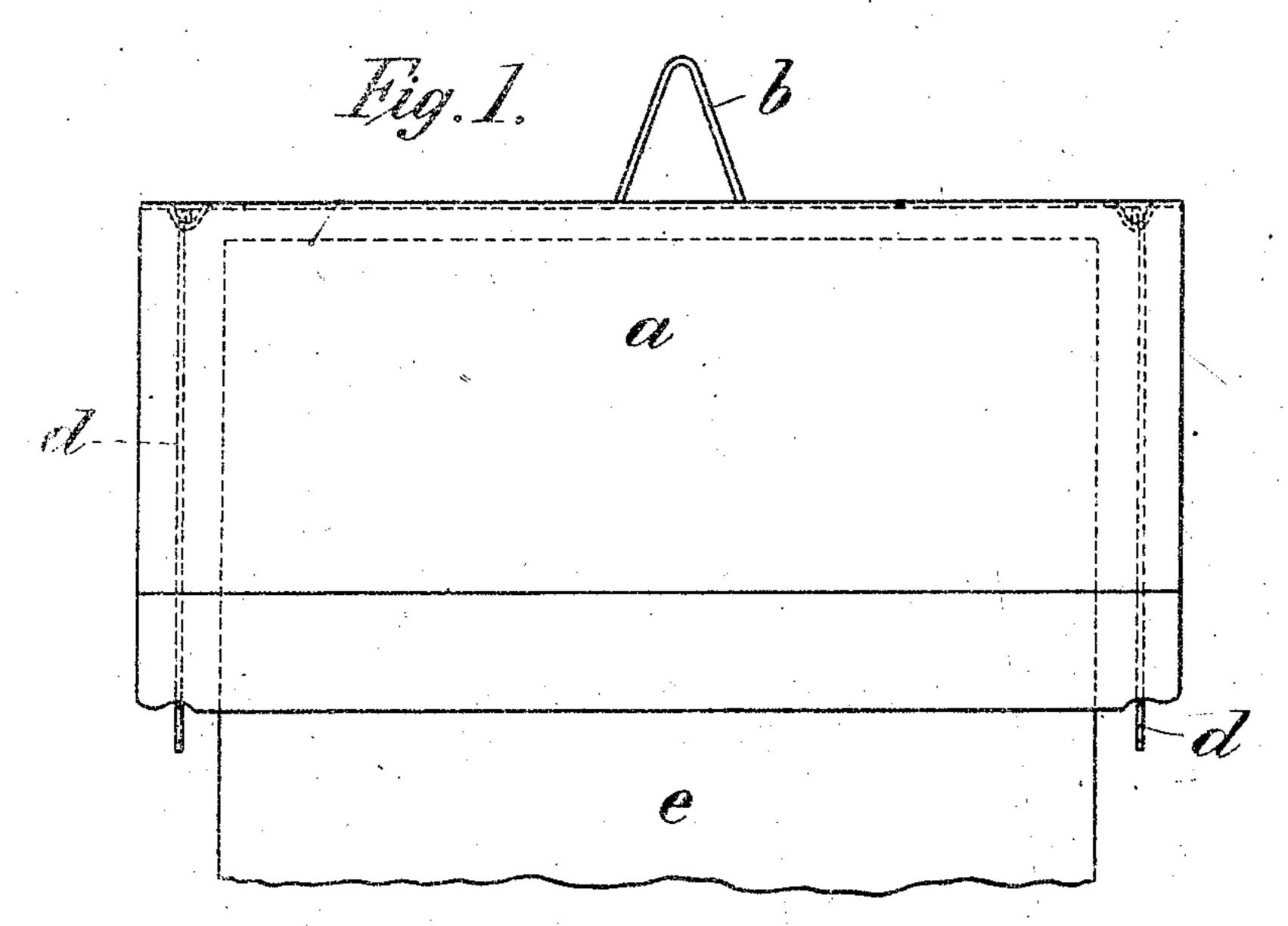
No. 896,510.

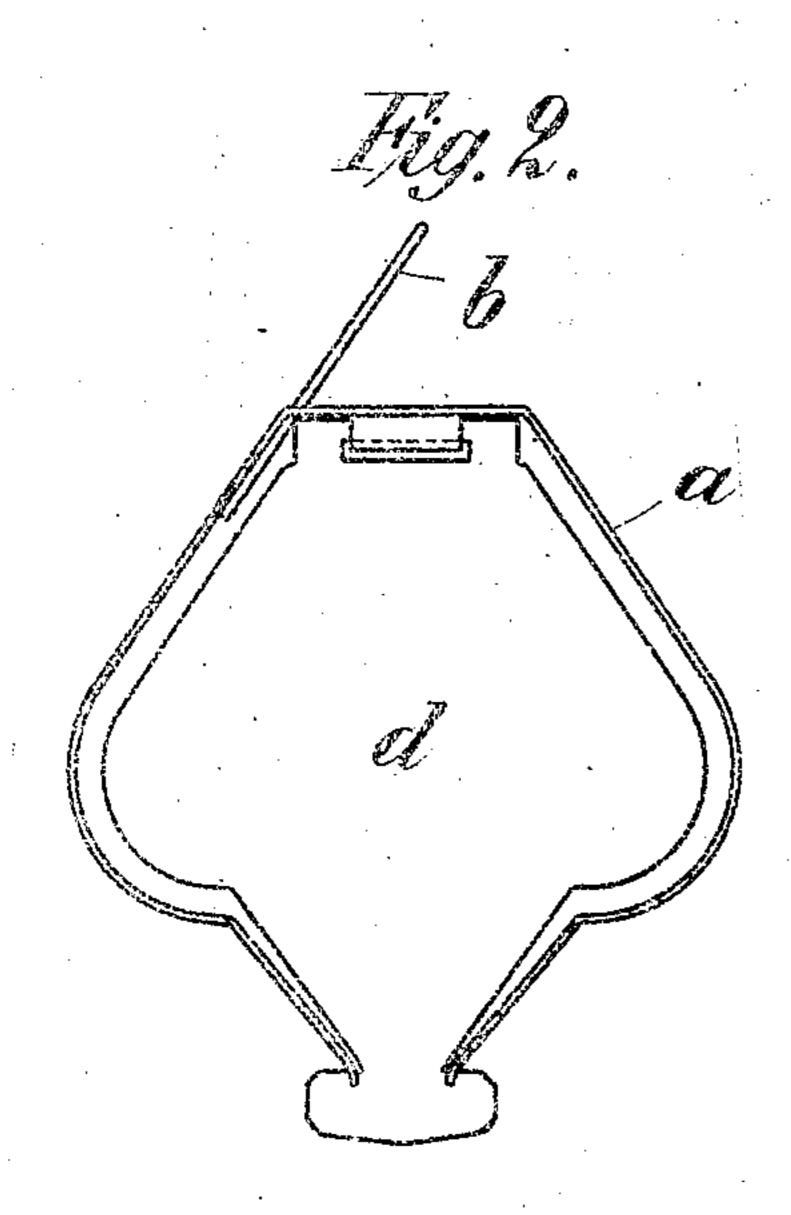
PATENTED AUG. 18, 1908.

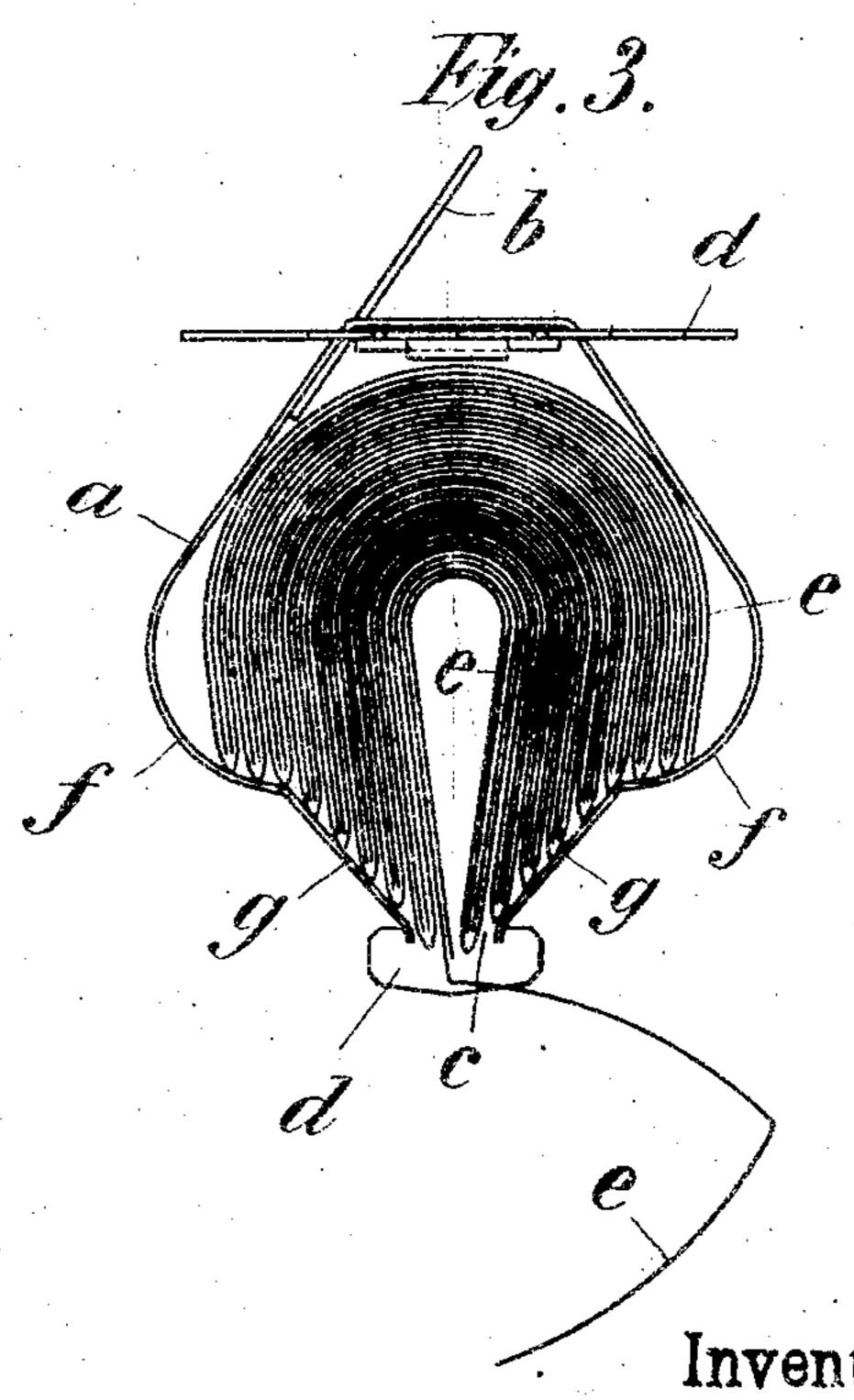
A. BARUCH.

RECEPTACLE FOR HOLDING AND DELIVERING SINGLY PAPER SHEETS MUTUALLY FOLDED IN EACH OTHER.

APPLICATION FILED DEC. 17, 1907.







UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE

ALPHONS BARUCH, OF HAMBURG, GERMANY.

FOLDED IN EACH OTHER.

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Specification of Letters Patent.

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To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, ALPHONS BARUCH, a citizen and resident of Hamburg, Germany, have invented a certain new and useful lm-5 proved Receptacle for Holding and Delivering Singly Paper Sheets Mutually Folded in Each Other, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to an improved-10 holder or receptacle of peculiar design for holding and delivering singly sheets of paper folded in each other, so called "distributer

paper" (toilet paper).

Hitherto boxes have been provided for 15 toilet paper which boxes received the folded paper lying flat. In this case the slit through which the several sheets were drawn out, was usually in the bottom of the box, because in boxes of this kind it was neces-20 sary to hold the sheet ready to be drawn out slightly weighted. This weighting was effected either by the weight of the pile of paper itself or by other means. If however the weighting is a little too heavy there is the 25 defect that the single sheets can only be drawn out of the boxes with difficulty, because when drawn out under tension they lie against the edge of the bottom slit, and are subjected to severe friction thereon. The 30 sheets then are either liable to tear, so that the next following sheet end can no longer be drawn out through the slit, and the boxes get out of working order, or else the sheets cannot be pulled out at all owing to the ex-35 cessive friction. Under the present invention, this defect is remedied by having the pile of paper not flat, but arranged in an archlike curve, which is secured by giving the receptacle or holder such a shape that the pile 40 of paper can only be inserted therein when folded together in this position, and is held in such a position over the delivery slit of the receptacie that the innermost sheet of the folded paper pile is always free, i. e. un-45 weighted, and lies over or in the delivery slit, so that it can be drawn out of the latter easily, and without any trouble or derangement, when in the known manner it carries with it the next sheet half way out of the box.

In the annexed drawing which illustrates the invention, Figure 1 shows the new receptacle in a side view lengthwise, and Fig. 2 an end view. Fig. 3 is also an end view, with

show the position of the sheets, foldedineach 55 other, of the pile of paper in the holder.

The holder or receptacle consists of a case ... a of about the shape of the section shown in Figs. 2 and 3, having at the top a lug or ear b for hanging the receptacle on a wall or the 60 like and a delivery slit c in the bottom. To close off the ends of the case the latter can for instance be supplied with flap covers d.

In order to be able to insert the pile of paper, consisting of single sheets e folded within 65 each other, into the receptacle, the pile of paper is bent with its opposite (folded) edges together in the way shown at Fig. 3, and is thus pushed endwise in the case a which secures the folded paper pile in its arched posi- 70 tion, the edges of the fold being supported by the floor of the receptacle a. In this position. of the paper pile, the sheets can, by taking the sheet which projects each time out of the slit, be drawn from the inside of the pile with- 75 out the sheet being forced by weight or pressure against the edges of the slit. A further advantage for the easy removal of the folded sheets from the pile lies in the fact that owing to the curved position the cut edges inserted 80 in the fold of each successive sheet are detached from each other, which is of particular importance when the cut edges, owing to irregular working of the folding machine, are folded firmly into each other, which may of- 85 ten result in several sheets being drawn out together. The detachment of the ends from each other results from the fact that the outer layers of the arch have an increasingly greater curvature than the inner.

It is immaterial whether the inside surface of the case is cylindrical or polygonal, whether in the form of a triangle, quadrangle, octagonal, or the like, provided only the pile of sheets is held bent by the shape of the case. 95

Both in a vertical and horizontal position of the case the slit for delivery may lie forward so that the sheet to be grasped is al-

ways visible.

The embodiment shown in the drawing 100 shows two supporting surfaces f and g for the pile, on both sides, running in opposite directions. The part of the receptacle receiving the outer layers of paper sheets being wedgeshaped the several sheets are always forced 105 towards the slit c and are constantly brought nearer to the slit c with their folded edges, one of the end covers opened or turned up to I even when only a few sheets are contained in

the case, so that with the whole of the sheets a large part will project out of the slit to be seized.

I claim:

5 1. A toilet-paper dispensing receptacle having supporting walls adapted to project under and to engage both ends of a symmetrically folded pile of sheets whereby said sheets may be fed end first to a central longi-10 tudinal dispensing slot formed by the walls.

2. A toilet-paper dispensing receptacle having downward diverging side walls provided with inwardly projecting ends adapted to engage both ends of the outer sheets of a 15 symmetrically folded pile when placed in the receptacle, and plates converging from the inwardly projecting ends adapted to support

the ends of the inner sheets of said pile on each side of a longitudinal slot formed by the

converging plates.

3. A toilet - paper dispensing device comprising a receptacle having a body portion of substantially the same dimensions as the body of a folded pile of paper to be contained therein, converging plates depending from 25 the body portion conforming to the contour of the edges of a folded pile and forming a central dispensing slot, covers hinged to the ends of the body portion, and a supporting lug secured to the latter.

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Witnesses:

MAX FR. A. KAEMPFF, Ernest II. L. Mummenhoff.