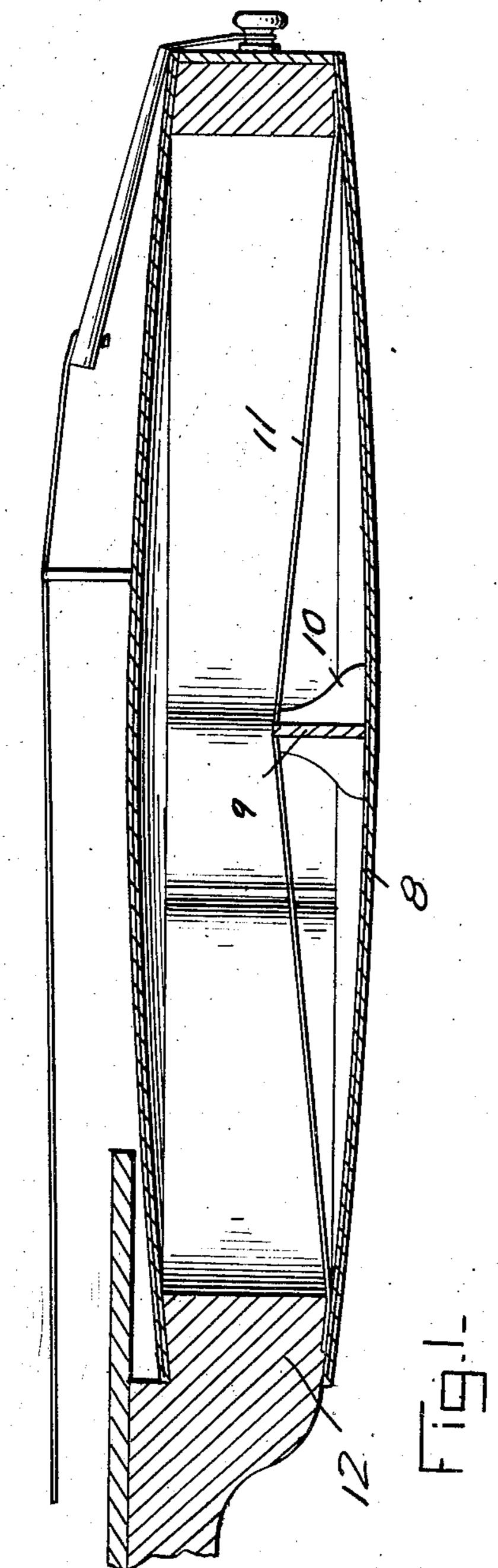
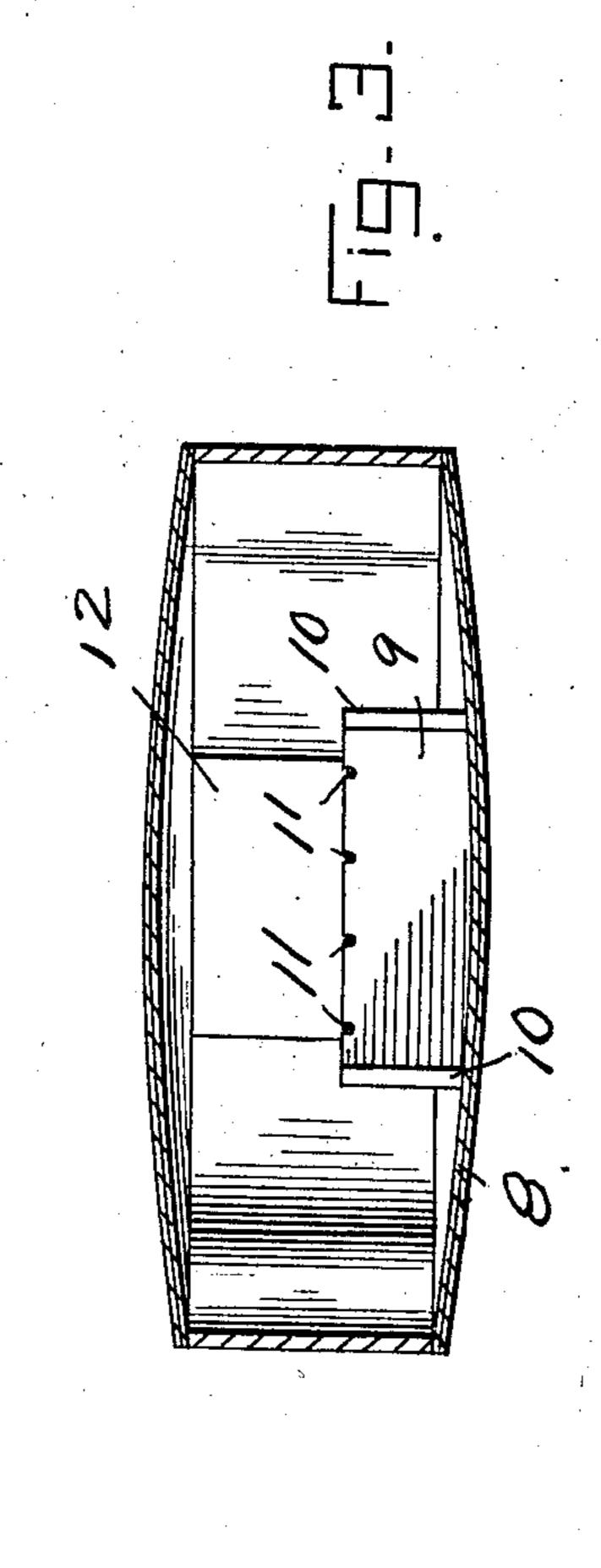
PATENTED AUG. 11, 1908.

F. M. STONE. VIOLIN.

APPLICATION FILED JULY 22, 1907.

2 SHEETS-SHEET 1.





WITNESSES:

C. R. Ihomas

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Franklin M. Stone

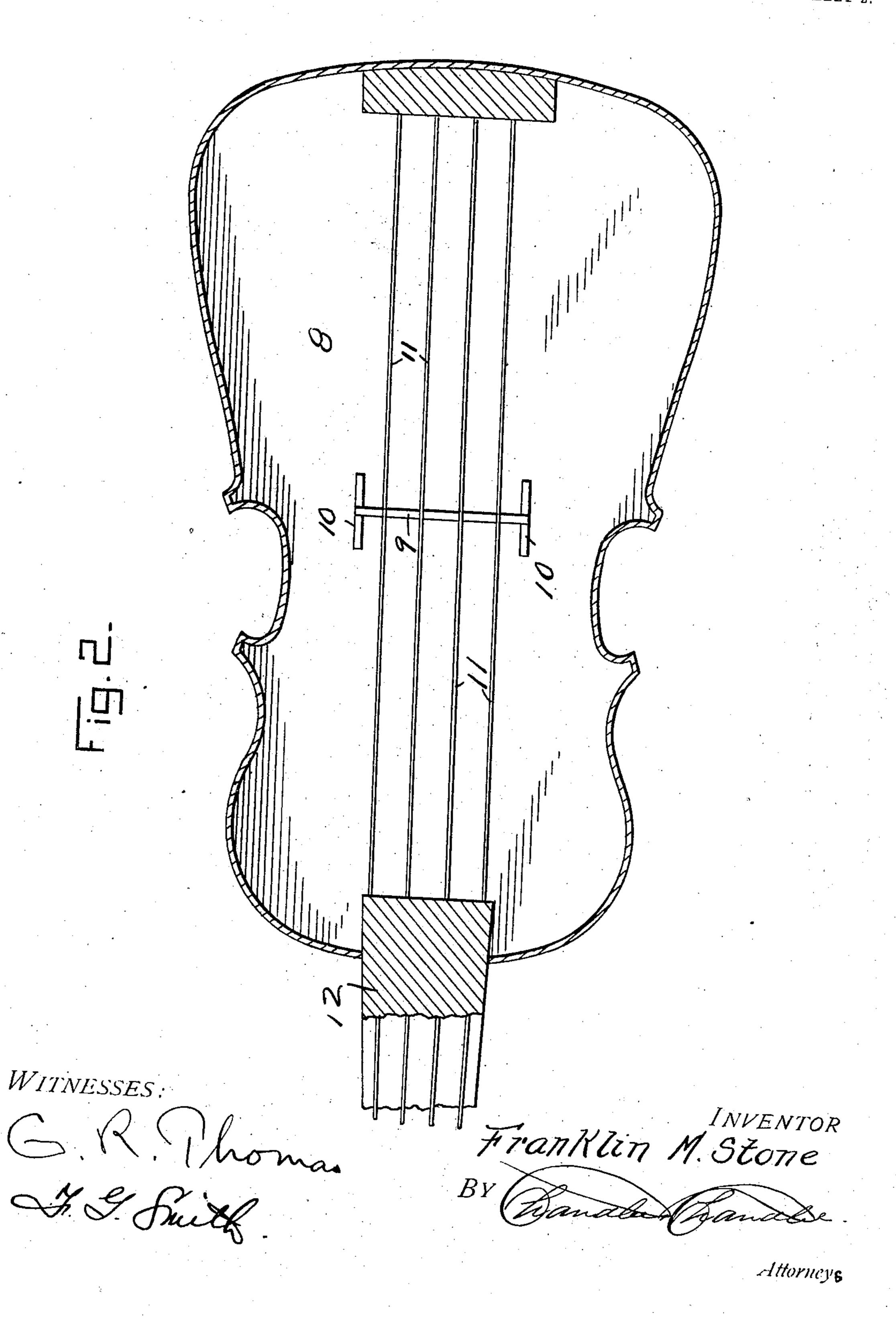
BY Banadas Ganadae

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F. M. STONE. VIOLIN.

APPLICATION FILED JULY 22, 1907.

2 SHEETS-SHEET 2



TTED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

FRANKLIN M. STONE, OF HOQUIAM, WASHINGTON.

VIOLIN.

No. 895,593.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented Aug. 11, 1908.

Application filed July 22, 1907. Serial No. 384,885.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Franklin M. Stone, a citizen of the United States, residing at Hoquiam, in the county of Chehalis, State of 5 Washington, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Violins; and I do hereby declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, such as will enable others skilled in the art to 10 which it appertains to make and use the same.

This invention relates to violins and has for its object to provide a cheaply constructed violin of conventional form, which has the neck and tail block made of wood, and in 15 which the belly, back and the sides of the body are made of paper board, both sides of which are highly polished, to provide a smoothly finished resonance chamber, this construction insuring a vibrant and resonant

20 tone. One feature of the invention resides in the provision of a vibrating device which is placed within the violin and which will respond to the vibrations of the violin strings

25 to produce a more lasting tone.

In the accompanying drawings, Figure 1 is a vertical longitudinal sectional view through a violin constructed in accordance with my invention, Fig. 2 is a plan view of the violin, 30 the front being broken away however, to show the vibrating device in top plan, and, Fig. 3 is a vertical transverse sectional view.

The violin embodied in my invention is constructed as has heretofore been stated, of 35 paper and this paper is preferably made from hemlock wood pulp although any other kind of pulp may be used and I have found it expedient in making the paper to compress the pulp into a sheet as is usually the case 40 and afterwards to smoothly finish one side of the sheet. The sheet is then folded and its unfinished sides glued together throughout their entire surface. The resultant sheet will therefore have two smoothly fin-45 ished sides and as a consequence the violin when made up will be finished both inside and out. By this arrangement I provide a

violin having a polished interior surface. In the present constructions of violins 50 only one side of the wood from which they are made is finished, the other side being

left rough. Unless such violins are made by an expert and unless great care is exercised in their manufacture, splinters and slivers of wood are left projecting and the tone of the 55 violin impaired. As a matter of fact I attribute the smooth, even tone of a violin made in accordance with my invention partly to the fact that the material from which the violin is made is smoothly finished upon both 60

sides. In the drawings the back of the violin is indicated by the numeral 8 and fixed upon the inner face of the said back is a bridge 9, which is firmly supported by means of two 65 transversely disposed braces 10 at each end thereof as shown in Fig. 2. Strung over this bridge 9 are the four wires 11 which are secured at their forward ends to the lower rear end of the wooden neck 12 of the violin and 70 at their rear ends to the wooden tail block thereof. The body, that is, the belly, back and two sides of this violin, is made of paper pulp or straw boards polished upon both sides as described. These strings 11 respond 75 to the vibrations of the strings of the instrument itself when the instrument is played and I have found that the tone of the instrument is greatly improved by the use of the device herein set forth.

My violin is of conventional conformation.

What is claimed, is— A violin of conventional conformation, comprising a neck, belly, back and side portions, said belly, back and side portions be- 85 ing smoothly finished upon both sides, to provide a violin having a smooth inside finish, a tail block secured to the end of the side portions, a bridge within said violin and secured to the back thereof, two transversely 90 disposed braces secured to the ends of said bridge and fastened to said back, and a set of wire strings passing over said bridge, each having one end secured to said tail block and the other to the end of the neck of the violin, 95 all arranged as set forth.

In testimony whereof, I affix my signature, in presence of two witnesses.

FRANKLIN M. STONE.

Witnesses:

H. P. AUBRIGHT, J. A. DAY.