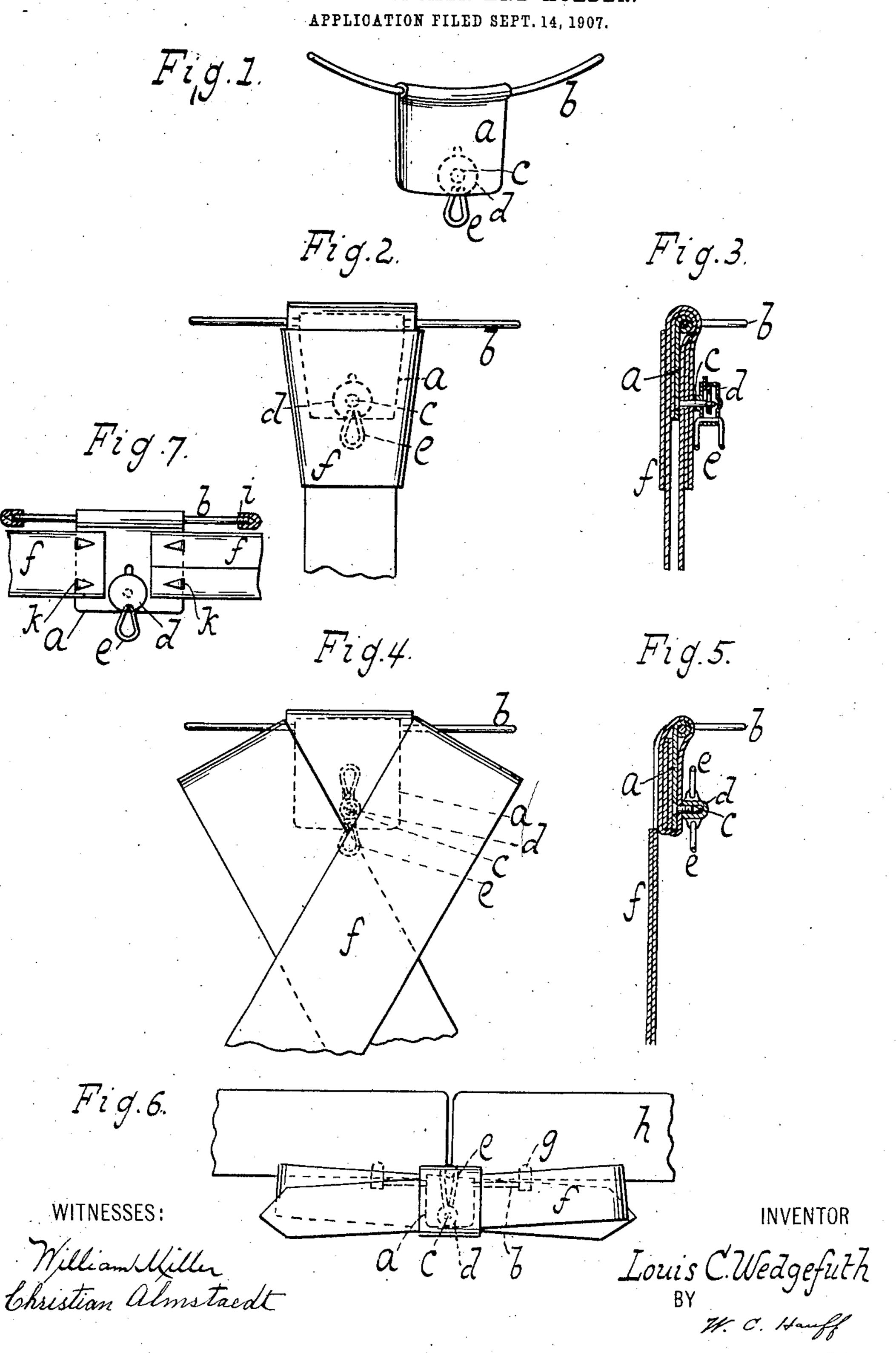
L. C. WEDGEFUTH. NECKTIE MAKER AND HOLDER.



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

LOUIS C. WEDGEFUTH, OF NEW YORK, N. Y., ASSIGNOR TO THE SULFOSOL COMPANY, A CORPORATION OF NEW YORK.

NECKTIE MAKER AND HOLDER.

No. 892,920.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented July 7, 1908.

Application filed September 14, 1907. Serial No. 392,942.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Louis C. Wedgefuth, a citizen of the United States, residing at New York, in the county of New York and 5 State of New York, have invented new and useful Improvements in Necktie Makers and Holders, of which the following is a specification.

By means of this invention ties of various 10 kinds can be readily made or held in place and in shape. The tie can be changed to suit as can likewise its material or fabric.

This invention is set forth in the following specification and claim and illustrated in the

15 annexed drawing, in which:

Figure 1 shows a plate with arms, Fig. 2 shows a fabric tied about the plate and arms to form a so called four-in-hand, Fig. 3 is a vertical section of Fig. 2, Fig. 4 shows the 20 fabric or ribbon tied into another shape, Fig. 5 is a vertical section of Fig. 4, Fig. 6 shows the plate and arms with a bow tie, Fig. 7 shows a modification.

In this drawing is shown a plate or a frame 25 a with arms b. A stem or pin point on the plate is shown at c and such stem is adapted to engage a detachable head d. The head can be held by a spring catch (Fig. 3) or by a screw thread (Fig. 5) or other means. The 30 head has a loop or eye e or several of them to engage a collar button. This loop can be of

elastic.

The ribbon or fabric f is looped over the plate and arms and tied to the required 35 shape. The point c is then pierced through or made to hold the completed bow or tie and the head d is put on. The fabric or tie is now securely held. The loop e is then buttoned or fastened to the collar button and the 40 holder and tie are in place. The arms v can be slipped between the folds of a turn down collar.

In case of a standing collar the arms b can have clips g that straddle the lower edge por-45 tion of the collar h Fig. 6.

The ends of the arms b can be pointed to pierce into fabrics or collars for ladies' wear and be protected by screw caps i Fig. 7 which if desired can be suitably ornamented.

Hooks k can be applied to the plate a for 50

the holding of a bow tie.

The device can be made of sheet metal, wire or any suitable material or combination of materials.

What I claim is:—

1. A device of the class described, comprising a tie receiving plate provided with supporting arms, a tie securing pin adapted to pierce the fabric of the tie to secure the tie on said tie receiving plate, and a detachable 60 head adapted to engage the said pin.

2. A neck tie maker and holder comprising a plate with arms, said plate having a pin to pierce and hold the fabric of the tie and a detachable head for engaging the pin, said head 65 having a loop for engaging a collar button.

3. A neck tie maker and holder comprising a plate with arms, said plate having a pin to pierce and hold the fabric of the tie and a detachable head for engaging the pin, said 70 arms having clips for engaging a collar.

4. A device of the character described, comprising a portion adapted to receive the fabric of the tie, a securing pin adapted to pierce the fabric and to coöperate with the 75 necktie receiving portion to secure the tie thereon, and a head detachably coöperating with the piercing end of said pin and provided with means adapted to engage a collar button to retain the tie in proper wearing 80 position.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand in the presence of two subscribing

witnesses.

LOUIS C. WEDGEFUTH.

Witnesses:

CHRISTIAN ALMSTAEDT, EDWARD WIESNER.