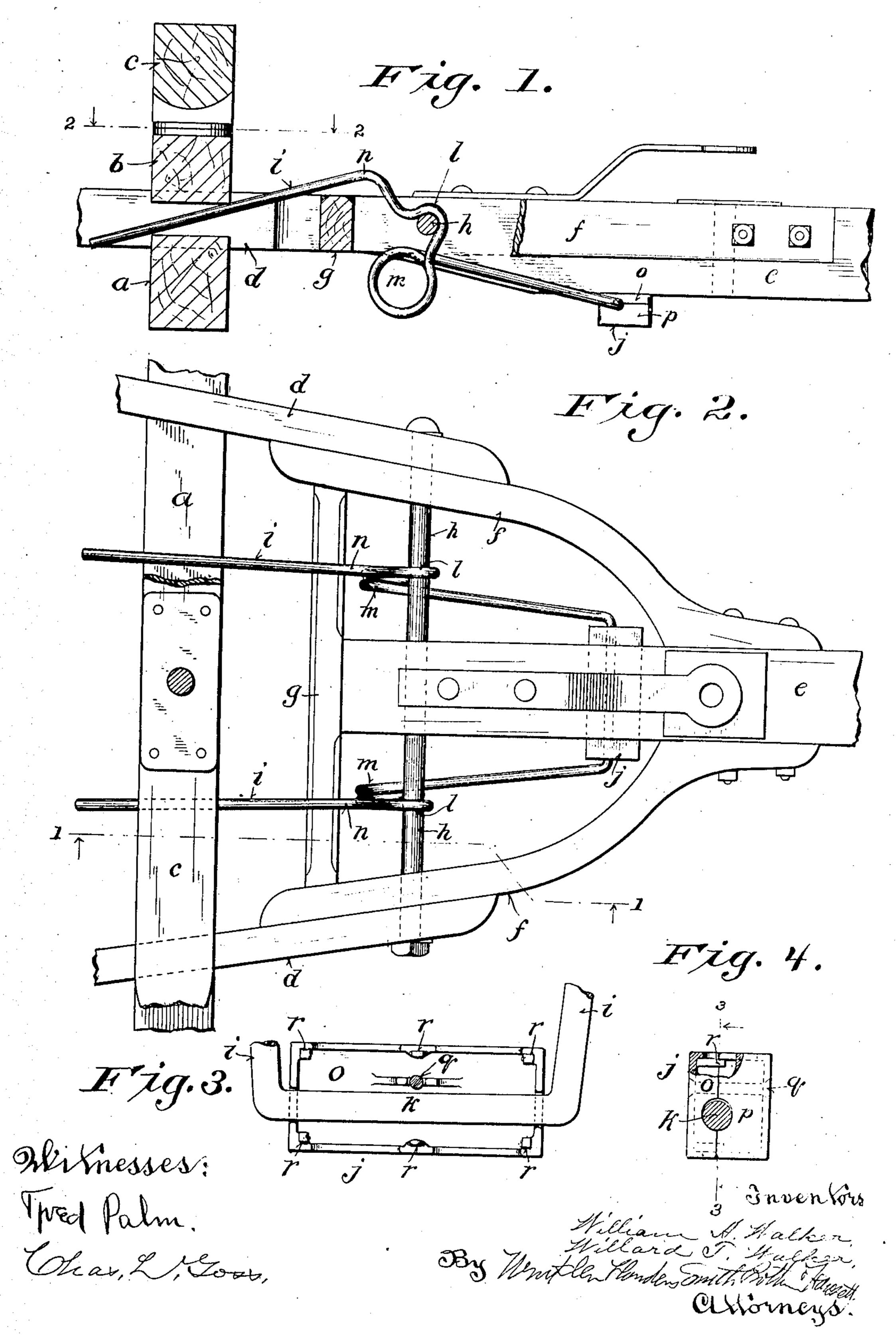
W. A. & W. T. WALKER.
WAGON TONGUE SUPPORT.
APPLICATION FILED SEPT. 10, 1906.



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

WILLIAM A. WALKER AND WILLARD T. WALKER, OF RACINE, WISCONSIN.

WAGON-TONGUE SUPPORT.

No. 892,696.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented July 7, 1908.

Application filed September 10, 1906. Serial No. 333,896.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that we, WILLIAM A. WALKER and WILLARD T. WALKER, citizens of the United States, residing at Racine, in the 5 county of Racine and State of Wisconsin, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Wagon-Tongue Supports, of which the following is a specification, reference being had to the accompanying drawing, forming a part thereof.

This invention relates to devices for yieldingly supporting wagon tongues or poles at different elevations in order to take the weight off the necks of horses hitched thereto.

The main objects of the invention are to produce a simple and effective device for the purpose which can be easily and quickly applied to and removed from a wagon without withdrawing the bolt on which the tongue is pivoted, and which can be adjusted to support the tongue at different elevations by a simple manipulation without removing screws or bolts, and generally to improve the construction and operation of devices of this class.

It consists in certain novel features of construction and in the peculiar arrangement and combination of parts hereinafter particularly described and pointed out in the claims.

In the accompanying drawing like letters designate the same parts in the several figures.

Figure 1 is a side elevation and vertical longitudinal section on the line 1, 1, Fig. 2, of a portion of the tongue and front gear of a farm wagon, showing the support as applied thereto; Fig. 2 is a plan view and horizontal section of the same on the line 2, 2, Fig. 1; and Figs. 3 and 4 are detail views on an enlarged scale of the adjustable bearing block forming a part of the tongue support, Fig. 3 being a longitudinal section on the line 3, 3, Fig. 4, and Fig. 4 an end view.

a designates the front axle, b the sandboard, c the bolster, d the hounds, e the
tongue, f the tongue hounds, g the cross bar
or brace connecting the rear ends of the
tongue and tongue hounds, and h the pivot
bolt passing through and pivotally connecting the tongue and tongue hounds with the
hounds d, all of the usual construction and
arrangement common to farm wagons.

The tongue support constituting the present invention comprises a spring rod i looped or bent into approximately **U**-shape, and an adjustable bearing block j pivotally mounted

on the cross piece k at the looped or closed end of the spring rod. Each arm of the spring rod is formed between its ends with an upward inverted **U**-shaped bend l forming 60 an open seat to loosely fit over the pivot bolt h. It is also formed between said seat and the looped or closed end of the rod with a coil m of one or more turns to give the desired elasticity to the support. Behind the seats 65 l both arms or branches are formed with upward bends n to clear the cross bar or brace g of the tongue and permit of the ordinary vertical movement thereof without obstruction.

The block j which is pivoted on the cross piece k of the spring rod has a number, in the present instance four, of bearing faces parallel with and at different distances from said. cross piece, and is composed of two hollow 75 or internally recessed metal sections o and p, as clearly shown in Figs. 3 and 4. The division plane between the sections intersects the axis of the cross piece k, a semi-circular recess being formed in each end of each section 80 for the cross piece of the spring rod to pass through. The two sections are fastened together upon the cross piece k after the spring rod is bent into form, as shown, by a single bolt or rivet q, and one of the sections is 35 formed at the corners, and if desired at intermediate points, with lugs r which project into and engage with the other section and with the rivet q securely hold the two sections in proper relation to each other.

The support is applied to a wagon by simply inserting the free ends of the spring rod between the front axle and sand-board, the tongue being turned up for the purpose, and dropping the bends l over and into engage- 95 ment with the pivot bolt h on each side of the tongue. The tongue being turned down, rests on the under side upon the upper face of the bearing block j in front of and at a distance from the pivot bolt h, and is thus yieldingly 100 supported in a more or less elevated position according to which of the several faces of said block is turned up. To adjust the support for holding the tongue at a different elevation, the tongue is lifted to clear the block j 105 which is then turned up, bringing the desired bearing face uppermost, the tongue being then lowered against it. This block serves not only to adjust the tongue to different elevations, but also as a wide bearing to pre- 110 vent the cross piece k of the spring rod from wearing and injuring the tongue.

The support is as readily removed from as applied to a wagon without the necessity of withdrawing the pivot bolt h.

We claim:

10 1. A wagon tongue support consisting of a looped spring rod each arm of which has an upward inverted U-shaped bend forming a single open seat adapted to fit over and engage with the pivot bolt of the tongue and to hold said spring rod against endwise displacement, the cross piece connecting the arms being adapted to pass beneath and support the tongue in front of the pivot bolt, and the ends of the arms being adapted to pass between the front axle and sand-board, substantially as described.

2. A wagon tongue support consisting of a looped spring rod having upwardly bent open seats adapted to fit over the pivot bolt of the tongue and to hold said spring rod against endwise displacement, and upward bends behind said seats adapted to clear the cross bar at the rear end of the tongue, substantially as described.

3. A wagon to oue support consisting of a

looped spring rod having upwardly bent open seats fitting over the pivot bolt of the tongue, upward bends back of said seats to clear the cross bar at the rear end of the tongue, and coils between said seats and the 30 looped end of the rod, substantially as described.

4. A wagon tongue support consisting of a looped spring rod and a block pivoted on the cross piece of said rod and having a number 35 of bearing faces parallel with and at different distances from said cross piece, said bearing block being composed of internally recessed metal sections which are secured together by a bolt or rivet, and one of which has lugs 40 adapted to engage with the other and hold it in proper relation thereto, substantially as described.

In witness whereof we hereto affix our signatures in presence of two witnesses.

WILLIAM A. WALKER. WILLARD T. WALKER.

Witnesses:

JOHN P. BARRY, JNO. W. KNIGHT.