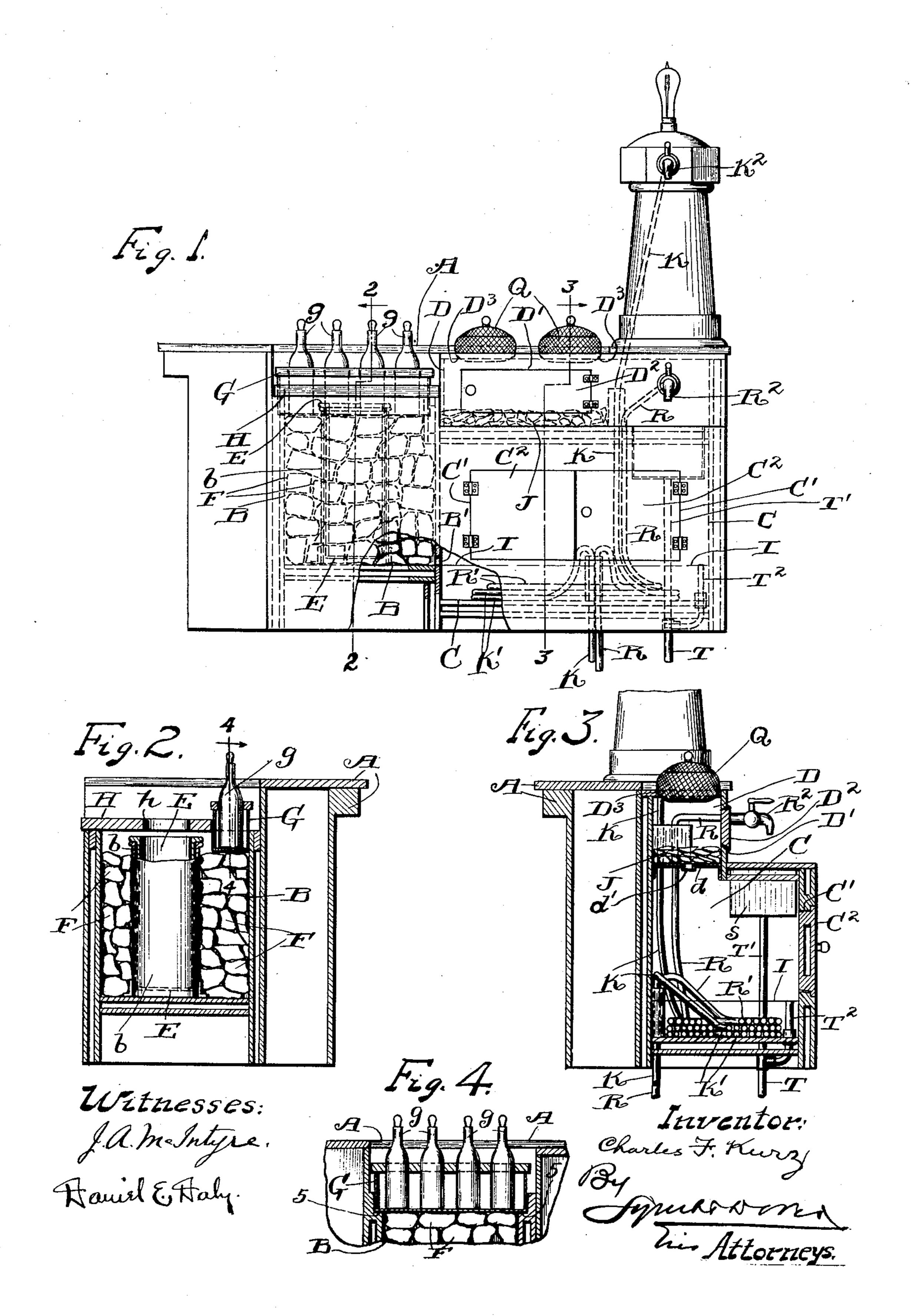
C. F. KURZ.
SODA FOUNTAIN.
APPLICATION FILED 00T. 25, 1907.



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

CHARLES F. KURZ, OF CLEVELAND, OHIO.

SODA-FOUNTAIN.

No. 890,912.

Specification of Letters Patent. Patented June 16, 1908.

Application filed October 25, 1907. Serial No. 899,120.

To all whom it may concern:

citizen of the United States of America, residing at Cleveland, in the county of Cuya-5 hoga and State of Ohio, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Soda-Fountains; and I hereby declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, such as will enable others 10 skilled in the art to which it pertains to make and use the same.

This invention relates to improvements in soda fountains.

The primary object of this invention is to 15 reduce to a minimum the quantity of ice required in maintaining the various compartments or chambers and receptacles of the soda fountain in a cool condition.

Another object is to keep the water in the 20 water-supply pipes adequately cool without liability of freezing in the coiled portions of the pipes.

Another object is to advantageously arrange the various compartments or chambers 25 so as to render the soda fountain compact, convenient and simple in construction.

With these objects in view, and to the end of realizing other advantages hereinafter appearing, this invention consists in certain 30 features of construction, and combinations of parts, hereinafter described, pointed out in the claims and illustrated in the accompanying drawings.

In the said drawings, Figure 1 is a front 35 side elevation of a soda fountain embodying my invention, and portions are broken away and in section in this figure to more clearly show certain features of construction. Fig. 2 is a vertical section on line 2-2, Fig. 1, 40 looking in the direction indicated by the arrow. Fig. 3 is a vertical section on line 3—3, Fig. 1, looking in the direction indicated by the arrow. Fig. 4 is a vertical section on line 4-4, Fig. 2, looking in the direction indi-

45 cated by the arrow. Referring to the drawings, A indicates the counter of my improved soda fountain. At the inner side of the counter A are formed three compartments or chambers B, C and 50 D. The chamber D is arranged over the chamber C, and both chambers C and D are arranged at one side of the chamber B. The chambers B, C and D are refrigerating chambers. The chamber B is provided centrally 55 with an open metallic receptacle b for receiving the ice-cream-laden can E, and ice F and

b all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Charles F. Kurz, a ceptacle b. The chamber B is therefore the main refrigerating chamber of the soda fountain. The side walls of the chamber B are 60 provided adjacent the upper portion of the counter with upwardly facing shoulders 5 which afford support to a rack or holder G employed in holding syrup-bottles g, and a lid H is arranged over the receptacle b and 65 can E and removably supported in any approved manner, which lid is provided with an aperture h affording access to the interior of the can.

> K represents a soda-water-supply pipe 70 which extends upwardly into the chamber C and is coiled, as at K', next above the bottom of the said chamber, and the said pipe extends from its coiled portion K' upwardly to and is connected with a suitably supplied 75 faucet K² from which soda water can be drawn when required.

> R indicates a pipe for supplying uncharged water, which pipe is coiled, as at R', within the lower portion of the chamber C and ex- 80 tends above its coiled portion R' upwardly to and is connected with a suitably applied faucet R² from which water supplied by the

said pipe can be drawn.

The chamber B has a lateral outlet B' at 85 its lower end, which outlet discharges into the chamber C ab ve the coiled portions of the pipes K and R. That is, the chamber C extends far enough below the outlet B' to accommodate the location of the coiled por- 90 tions of the pipes K and R within the said chamber below the said outlet. Any brine or cold water resulting from the melting of ice within the chamber B flows into the chamber C from the chamber B at the outlet B' of the 95 last-mentioned chamber and keeps the coiled portions of the pipes K and R in a desirably cool condition, and obviously the said coiled portions of the said pipes are kept submerged in the said water thus received by the cham- 100 ber C, and I indicates the level of the liquid in which the said coiled portions of the said pipes are thus kept submerged. One of the walls of the chamber C is provided with a doorway C' which is normally closed by suit- 105 ably applied doors C2, which doorway is arranged above the liquid-level I to be maintained within the said chamber. It will be observed therefore that the chamber C constitutes the water-pipe-cooling chamber of 110 the soda fountain. The bottom of the chamber D is formed by

a sheet metal plate d which is supported in any approved manner and participates in the formation of the top wall of the chamber C so that any ice placed upon the said bottom 5 will cool the said bottom and thereby participate in cooling the said chamber C. The lower portion of the chamber D is supplied with chipped or crushed ice J which is suitable for use in the preparation of iced bever-10 ages and introduced into the said chamber through a doorway D' with which one of the walls of the said chamber is provided, which doorway is normally closed by a suitably applied door D^2 .

The top wall of the chamber D is provided with apertures D³, and the surrounding walls of the said apertures are beveled to form desirable seats for bowls or dishes Q in which fresh fruit is kept on hand. The chamber D, 20 although constituting primarily the crushedice-supply compartment of the soda-fountain, also operates as the fresh-fruit-cooling

chamber of the soda fountain.

The chamber D is provided in its bottom d25 with an outlet d' at which any water resulting from the melting of ice within the said chamber passes into the chamber C and is there added to the water received by the said chamber C from the chamber B and hence 30 utilized in cooling the coiled portions of the

pipes K and R.

By the construction hereinbefore described it will be observed that the requirement if ice within the pipe-cooling chamber D is avoided 35 that the water in the said pipes is therefore not liable to be frozen because the coiled portions of the said pipes are not in contact with ice; that none of the water resulting from the melting of ice in the chambers B and D is 40 wasted until after it has been advantageously utilized in cooling the said pipes; that the amount of ice required in cooling the different chambers is reduced to a minimum, and that the various portions of the soda foun-45 tain are compactly and conveniently arranged.

T indicates a drain - pipe which has a branch T' arranged to carry off water from a sink s arranged to receive the drip from the 50 faucets K2 and R2 and is provided with another branch T2 having its receiving end communicating with the chamber C and arranged substantially in line horizontally with the outlet B' of the chamber B and consequently 55 above the coiled portions of the pipes K and R so that the maintenance, above the said coiled portions of the pipes, of the liquid-level

in the chamber D is not disturbed.

What I claim is:—

1. A soda fountain comprising a counter; a chamber arranged at the inner side of the counter for receiving an ice-cream-containing can or the like and ice; another chamber arranged at one side of and extending a

chamber and in communication a suitable distance above its bottom with the said firstmentioned chamber; a liquid-supply pipe extending into and coiled within the lower portion of the second-mentioned chamber 70 below the aforesaid outlet and thence rising upwardly to the place from which liquid is to be drawn therefrom, and a drain-pipe having its receiving end communicating with the second mentioned chamber and ar- 75 ranged above the coiled portion of the said

pipe.

2. A soda fountain comprising a counter; a chamber arranged at the inner side of the counter for receiving an ice-cream-laden can 80 or the like and ice; which chamber has an outlet at its lower end; another chamber arranged at one side of and extending a suitable distance below the first-mentioned chamber and in communication with the 85 aforesaid outlet; a liquid-supply pipe extending into and coiled within the lower portion of the second-mentioned chamber below the said outlet and thence rising upwardly to the place from which liquid is to 90 be drawn therefrom, and a drain-pipe having its receiving end communicating with the second-mentioned chamber and arranged above the coiled portion of the said pipe.

3. A soda fountain comprising a counter; 95 a chamber arranged at the inner side of the counter for receiving an ice-cream-laden can or the like and ice, which chamber has an outlet at its lower end; another chamber arranged at one side of and extending a 100 suitable distance below the first-mentioned chamber and in communication with the aforesaid outlet; a liquid-supply pipe extending into and coiled within the lower portion of the second-mentioned chamber below 105 the said outlet and thence rising upwardly to the place from which liquid is to be drawn therefrom, and a drain-pipe having its receiving end communicating with the secondmentioned chamber and substantially in line 110 horizontally with the aforesaid outlet.

4. A soda fountain comprising a counter; a chamber arranged at the inner side of the counter for receiving an ice-cream-laden can or the like and ice; a pipe-cooling chamber 115 arranged at one side of and extending a suitable distance below the first-mentioned chamber and in communication a suitable distance above its bottom with the firstmentioned chamber at the lower end of the 120 first-mentioned chamber; a liquid-supply pipe extending into and coiled within the lower portion of the second-mentioned chamber below the point at which the said secondmentioned chamber communicates with the 125 first - mentioned chamber and rising upwardly to the place from which liquid is to be drawn therefrom, and a crushed-ice-supply chamber arranged above the pipe-cooling 65 suitable distance below the first-mentioned | chamber and provided with a water-dis-130

charging outlet communicating with the

pipe-cooling chamber.

5. In a soda fountain, the combination, with a pipe-cooling chamber, and a liquid-supply pipe extending into and coiled within the lower portion of the said chamber and thence rising upwardly to the place from which liquid is to be drawn therefrom, of a drain-pipe having its receiving end communicating with the pipe-cooling chamber at the level of a body of cooling liquid to be maintained in the said chamber; a crushed-ice-supply chamber arranged above the pipe-cooling chamber and provided with an outlet at which water resulting from melting of ice within the said ice-supplying chamber passes into the pipe-cooling chamber, and

•

another ice-receiving chamber arranged at one side of the pipe-cooling chamber and provided at its lower end with an outlet discharging into the pipe-cooling chamber, and the last-mentioned ice-holding chamber being arranged far enough above the lower end of the pipe-cooling chamber to locate its said outlet substantially in line horizontally 25 with the receiving end of the aforesaid drain-pipe.

In testimony whereof, I sign the foregoing specification, in the presence of two wit-

nesses.

CHARLES F. KURZ.

Witnesses:
C. H. Dorer,
Victor C. Lynch.