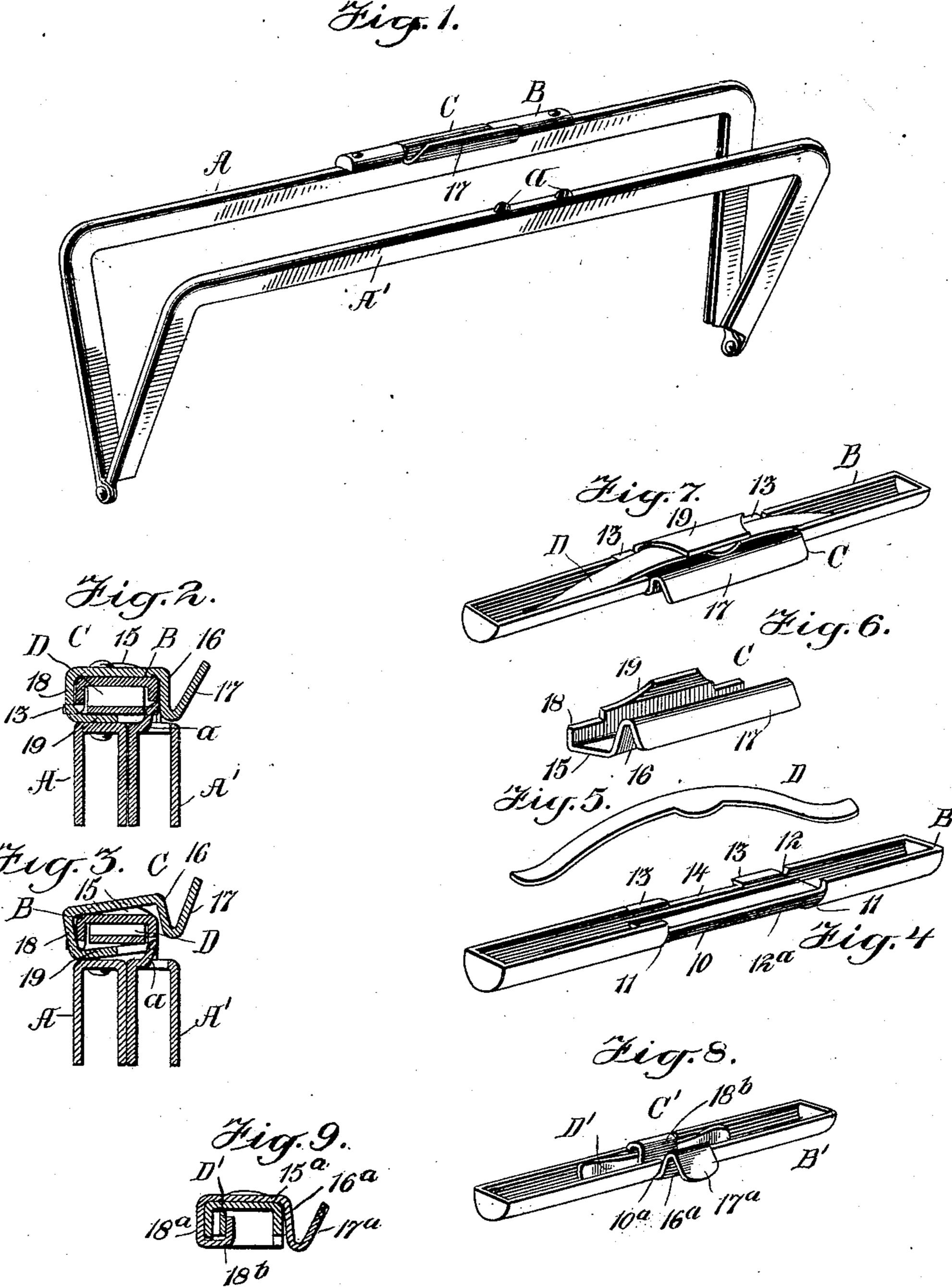
No. 886,855.

PATENTED MAY 5, 1908.

L. B. PRAHAR. BAG OR PURSE FASTENER. APPLICATION FILED SEPT. 7, 1905.

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W/TNESSES:

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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

LOUIS B. PRAHAR, OF NEW YORK, N. Y.

BAG OR PURSE FASTENER.

No. 886,855.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented May 5, 1908.

Application filed September 7, 1905. Serial No. 277,327.

To all whom it may concern:
Be it known that I, Louis B. Prahar, a citizen of the United States, and a resident of the city of New York, borough of Brook-5 lyn, in the county of Kings and State of New York, have invented a new and useful Improvement in Bag or Purse Fasteners, of which the following is a full, clear, and exact description.

The purpose of the invention is to provide a fastener particularly adapted for bag frames and which comprises but few parts, the latching member having rocking movement to and from the keeper or keepers it is

15 adapted to engage.

Another purpose of the invention is to provide a fastener of the character described which may be readily and effectively applied

to any bag frame.

The invention consists in the novel construction and combination of the several parts, as will be hereinafter fully set forth and pointed out in the claims.

Reference is to be had to the accompany-25 ing drawings forming a part of this specification, in which similar characters of reference indicate corresponding parts in all the figures.

Figure 1 is a perspective view of an open bag frame and the improved fastener ap-30 plied; Fig. 2 is an enlarged transverse section through a bag frame closed and a similar section through the improved fastener, the parts being in locking position; Fig. 3 is a view similar to that shown in Fig. 2, the 35 parts of the fastener, however, being shown in unlocked position; Fig. 4 is a perspective view of the box casing of the fastener viewed from the bottom; Fig. 5 is a perspective view of one form of spring employed; Fig. 6 40 is a detail perspective view of the latch member viewed from the bottom; Fig. 7 is a perspective view of the complete fastener viewed from the bottom; Fig. 8 is a bottom perspective view of a slightly modified form of the 45 fastener; and Fig. 9 is an enlarged transverse section of the fastener shown in Fig. 8, the section being taken about centrally between the ends of the casing.

A and A' represent the two frame members 50 of a bag hinged at their lower ends in the customary way, and the member A' is shown provided with two keepers a at its upper edge,

which keepers are in the form of projections from the said member.

The device consists primarily of a box cas- 55 ing B, a latch member C and a spring D. The box casing B is open at the bottom, and at its central portion it is depressed, forming a longitudinal recess 10, as is best shown in Fig. 4, and forming also exterior shoulders 11. 60

In the outer longitudinal edge of the box casing a longitudinal recess 12 is produced the length of the depression 10, and at the end portions of this recess outwardly-extending horizontal lugs 13 are preferably formed. 65 Between these lugs 13 a deeper recess 14 is produced in the same edge of the box casing. In the opposite or inner longitudinal edge of the said box casing a longitudinal recess 12a is made, corresponding to the recess 12 above 70 referred to.

The latch member C is constructed preferably of one piece of material, and is of a length to extend in the exterior recess 10 of the box casing from one shoulder 11 to the 75 other. In the preferred form of the latch member C, as is shown in Figs. 2, 3 and 6, it is approximately U-shape the metal of which it is made being bent upon itself to form an upper flat section 15, a downwardly- 80 extending front section 16, and an upwardlyextending finger piece 17 at the said front section 16, together with a downwardly-extending rear member 18, and a tongue 19, which is shown of tapering form but may be 85 given other shape, the said tongue being located between the ends of the said rear section 18, the ends of the tongue being preferably about an equal distance from the ends of the said section 18, as is particularly shown 90 in Fig. 6. The spring D is preferably an arch spring, but other forms of spring may be employed.

In assembling the parts of the latch, the spring is placed in the box casing B, as is par- 95 ticularly shown in Fig. 7, with its convexed portion facing downward. The latch member C is then slipped over the box casing at the recessed portion 10, and the tongue 19 is pressed down or is brought to a substantially 100 horizontal position so as to have bearing against the central convexed portion of the spring D, as is also best shown in Fig. 7. This fitting of the latch member will bring

the finger piece 17 opposite the inside face of the casing and will bring the longitudinal edges of the rear section 18 of the latch member C to a bearing upon the lugs 13. The 5 latch member is so loosely mounted on the casing as to have rocking movement thereon, and the upward movement of the finger piece is limited by the engagement of the aforesaid edges of the rear section 18 with the lugs 13. 10 and these lugs likewise tend to prevent the latch member C from unduly slipping on the casing.

When the finger piece 17 is rocked upward the spring D is placed under compression so 15 that when the finger piece is released the spring restores it to its locking position, which is in engagement with the keepers awhen the two frame members A and A' are closed, as is shown in Fig. 2. The latch is 20 attached to the member A of the bag frame, and extends beyond the inner face of said member a sufficient distance to enable the upper edge of the member A of the bag frame carrying the keepers a, to pass beneath the

25 said casing.

I desire it to be understood that in the formation of the latch member C, instead of forming the finger piece or section 17 as a continuation of the front section 16, the said 30 finger piece may constitute a continuation of the tongue 19 resting on the spring, in which event the tongue is carried a sufficient distance beyond the inner side of the casing to be bent to form the required finger piece, or 35 the tongue or part resting upon the spring, or the spring itself may be extended and made to have locking engagement with the jaw opposite to that to which the latch is attached.

It will be observed that this latch is ex-40 ceedingly simple, comprising very few parts, and that it is economical to construct. Furthermore it can be conveniently and readily adapted to any form of frame and operated with convenience and despatch by the fingers

45 and the thumb of one hand.

In Figs. 8 and 9 I have illustrated a slightly modified form of the latch, in which the box casing B' is substantially of the same construction as that heretofore described, ex-50 cept that the recess 10^a in the back is narrower, and the latch member C' consists of an upper member 15^a, a front member 16^a, a thumb piece 17^a and a back member 18^a, together with an angular lower member 18b, 55 which is carried horizontally within the box casing, as is shown best in Fig. 9, and then upward parallel with the inner face of the outer side member of the said box casing, to an engagement with an arch spring D', 60 which lies along the inner face of the said outer side member of the box casing. The latch member C' has the same rocking action on the box casing as the latch member C and in action is the same, the only practical dif-

ference being in the location of its control- 65 ling spring.

Having thus described my invention, I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters

Patent,—

1. A bag or purse fastener, comprising a 70 casing adapted to be secured upon the upper face of a bag or purse frame, a latch of approximately the shape of the casing and extending over the top and sides thereof, said latch being mounted to rock on the cas- 75 ing and provided with a finger piece and an inwardly projecting member extending from its rear side into the casing, and a spring in the casing and engaging the inwardly projecting member of the latch.

2. A bag or purse fastener comprising a casing adapted to be secured upon a member of a bag or purse frame, a latch having an approximately U-shaped body provided with a finger piece and at its rear side with an 85 inwardly projecting member extending into the casing, said latch extending over the top and sides of the casing and mounted to rock thereon, and a spring in the casing and engaging the inwardly projecting member of 90

the latch.

• 3. A bag or purse fastener, comprising a casing adapted to be secured upon a member of the bag or purse frame, a latch having an approximately U-shaped body provided with 95 a finger piece upwardly and outwardly from its front edge and with a tongue extending from its rear edge into the casing, the latch extending over the top and sides of the casing and the rear edge of the casing being re- 100 cessed to receive the tongue of the latch, and a spring in the casing and engaging the tongue of the latch.

4. A bag or purse fastener, comprising a box casing having a depression in its top and 105 sides intermediate of its ends, a leaf spring in the casing, and a latch having an approximately **U**-shaped body mounted in the depression of the casing to rock thereon, said body having a finger piece projecting from 110 its front side and a tongue projecting from its rear side and extending into the casing.

5. The combination with a frame for a bag or the like having a keeper on one of its members, of a casing secured to the other member 115 of the frame to project beyond the inner face thereof, a latch having an approximately U-shaped body provided with a finger piece and at its rear edge with a tongue projecting into the casing, said latch being mounted to 120 rock on the casing and to receive within it the said keeper, and a spring in the casing and engaging the tongue of the latch.

6. The combination with a frame for a bag or the like having projections on the upper 125 face of one of its members, of a casing secured upon the upper face of the other member of the frame, a latch having an approxi-

mately U-shaped body provided with a finger piece projecting upwardly and outwardly from its front edge and with a tongue projecting inwardly from its rear edge into the casing, the casing having its rear edge recessed for the passage of the tongue, said latch being mounted to rock on the casing and to receive within it the said projections, and a flat spring in the casing with its ends

engaging the casing and its central portion 10 the tongue of the latch.

In testimony whereof I have signed my name to this specification in the presence of two subscribing witnesses.

LOUIS B. PRAHAR.

Witnesses:

J. FRED. ACKER, JNO. M. RITTER.

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