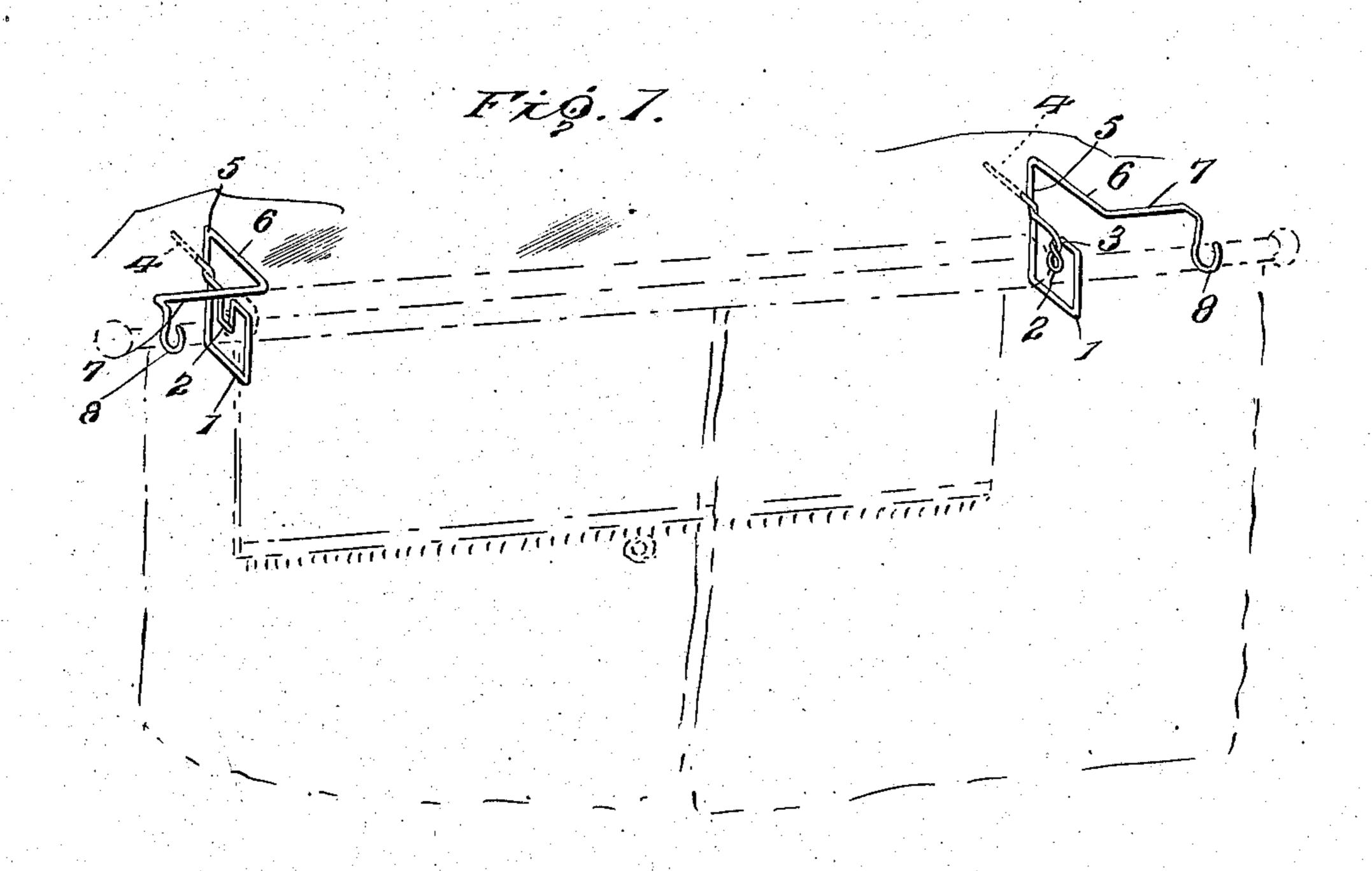
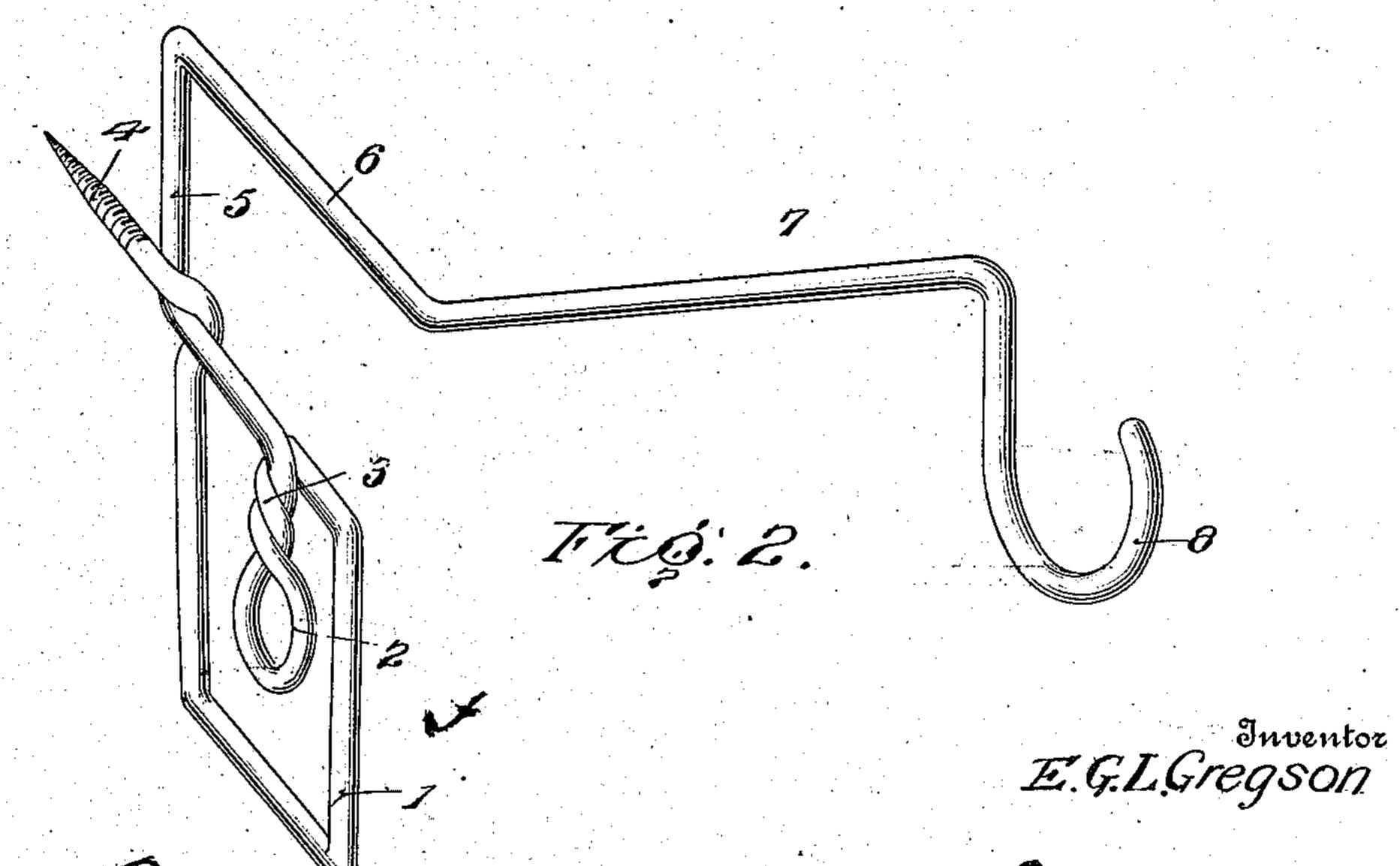
E. G. L. GREGSON.

WINDOW SHADE AND CURTAIN HANGER. APPLICATION FILED JUNE 4, 1907.





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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

EMILY G. L. GREGSON, OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS.

WINDOW SHADE AND CURTAIN HANGER.

No. 885,040.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented April 21, 1908.

Application filed June 4, 1907. Serial No. 377,218.

_To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, EMILY G. L. GREGSON, citizen of the United States, residing at Fort Worth, in the county of Tarrant and State of Texas, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Window Shade and Curtain Hangers, of which the following is a specification.

The present invention relates to certain 10 new and useful improvements in shade brackets, and resides principally in the provision of a bracket which is adapted to be formed from a single strip of material and which embodies novel means for supporting 15 the shade roller and also for supporting a curtain pole.

The object of the invention is to design a simple and inexpensive bracket which can be readily applied to the window frame and which is peculiarly designed so as to hold the curtain pole in such a position that the window drapery suspended thereon cannot interfere with the operation of the shade.

For a full description of the invention-and the merits thereof and also to acquire a knowledge of the details of construction and the means for effecting the result, reference is to be had to the following description and accompanying drawings, in which:

Figure 1 is a perspective view showing the application of the invention. Fig. 2 is an enlarged perspective view of one of the shade brackets.

Corresponding and like parts are referred to in the following description and indicated in all the views of the drawings by the same reference characters.

Each set of the shade brackets comprises a right and a left designed to be mounted upon opposite sides of a window frame, one of the brackets being provided with an elongated socket for receiving the flattened stud at one end of the shade roller while the opposite bracket is formed with a bearing for receiving the round stud at the opposite end of the shade roller. Each of the brackets is formed from a single strip of wire or other suitable material and comprises a loop 1 which may be of any desired shape, being shown as approximately rectangular in the present instance, the upper side of each of the loops

being crimped at 2 to receive the studs carried by the shade roller. It will be observed that one of these crimped portions 2 has the upper portion thereof twisted as indicated 55 at 3 to form a bearing for the round stud of the shade roller. After forming the loop 1, one end of the wire is extended rearwardly at 4 and preferably provided with screw threads for engagement with the window frame, 60 while the opposite end of the wire is extended

upwardly at 5 and forwardly at 6.

A lateral arm 7 is carried by the forwardly extending portion 6, the extremity of the lateral arm being bent forwardly and curved 65 at 8 to engage a curtain pole. The lateral arms 7 carried by the two brackets upon opposite sides of the window frame extend outwardly in opposite directions whereby the curtain pole is supported at points beyond 70 the two ends of the shade roller. Attention may also be directed to the fact that the forwardly extending portion 6 acts to hold the curtain pole spaced from the shade roller so that the drapery suspended upon the former 75 does not interfere with the free operation of the latter.

It will be readily apparent from an inspection of the drawings that the shade brackets as above described can be readily formed 80 from a single length of wire or similar material and that owing to this fact they can be manufactured at a comparatively small cost.

Having thus described the invention, what is claimed as new is:

1. A shade bracket formed of a single strip of material and comprising a looped portion having a side thereof crimped to form a socket, one end of the strip projecting laterally and constituting a fastening means while the opposite end is extended upwardly and carries means for supporting a curtain pole.

2. A shade bracket formed of a single strip of material and comprising a looped portion having a side thereof crimped to form a socket, 95 one end of the strip projecting laterally and constituting a fastening means while the opposite end is formed with a laterally projecting arm carrying means for supporting a curtain pole.

3. A shade bracket formed of a single strip of material and comprising a looped portion

having a side thereof crimped to form a socket, one end of the strip projecting from the loop and constituting a fastening means while the opposite end is extended upwardly and forwardly, the forwardly extending portion carrying a lateral arm provided at its extremity with means for supporting a curtain pole.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in presence of two witnesses.

EMILY G. L. GREGSON. [L. s.]

Witnesses:

THEO. M. BROOKS, R. B. YOUNG.