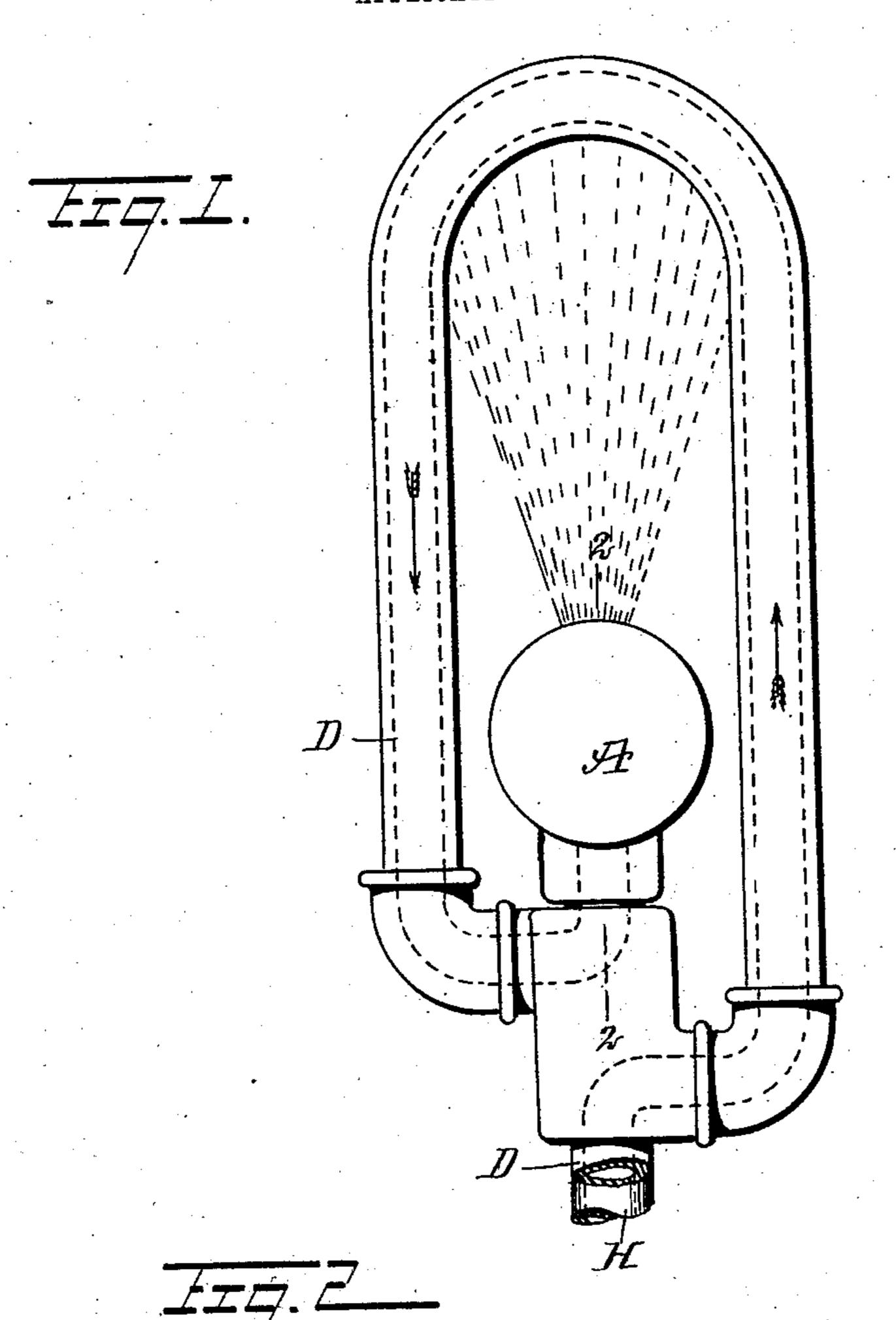
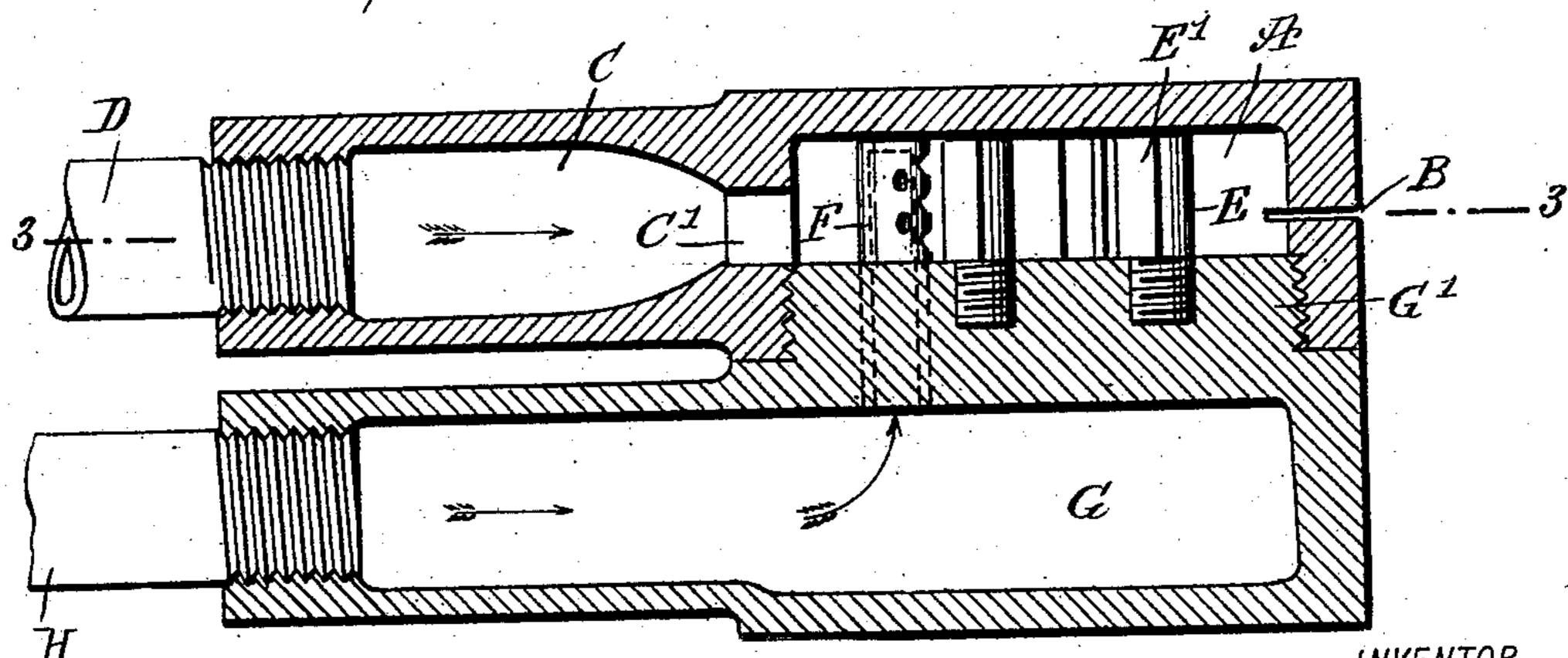
J. O. MORGAN.
BURNER.

APPLICATION FILED JULY 18, 1907.

2 SHEETS-SHEET 1.





H WITNESSES Med. Hossand INVENTOR

Jacob O. Morgan

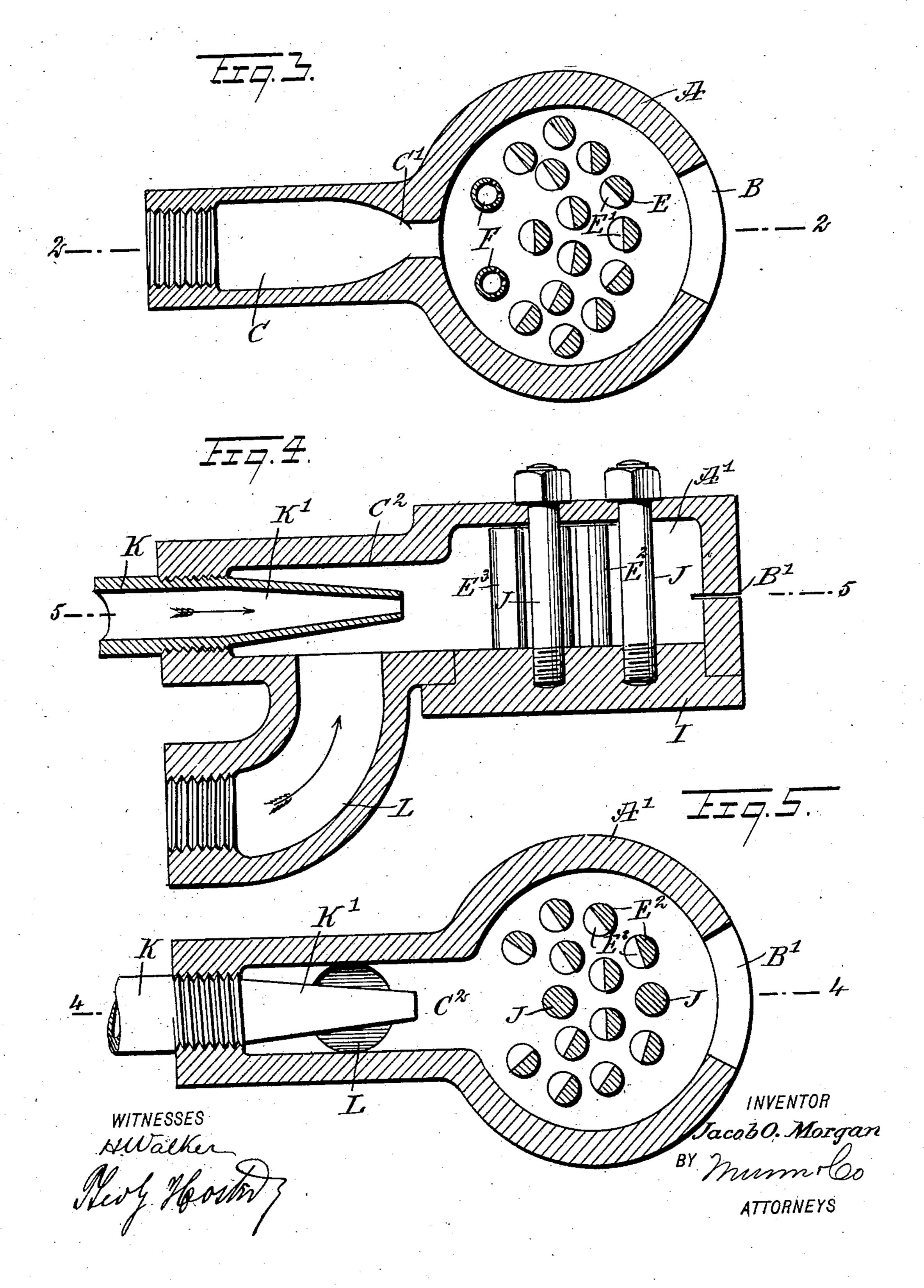
BY Munn Co

ATTORNEYS.

J. O. MORGAN. BURNER.

APPLICATION FILED JULY 18, 1907.

2 SHEETS-SHEET 2.



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

JACOB OSBORNE MORGAN, OF OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA.

BURNER.

No. 884,286.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented April 7, 1908.

Application filed July 18, 1907. Serial No. 384,353.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, JACOB OSBORNE MOR-GAN, a citizen of the United States, and a resident of Oakland, in the county of Alameda 5 and State of California, have invented a new and Improved Burner, of which the following is a full, clear, and exact description.

The invention relates to hydrocarbon burners, and its object is to provide a new and improved burner for burning fuel oil, and especially designed for use in boiler furnaces and other places, and arranged to insure complete combustion of the fuel without forming undesirable residue, and to per-15 mit using a low grade oil.

The invention consists of novel features and parts and combinations of the same, which will be more fully described hereinafter and then pointed out in the claims.

A practical embodiment of the invention is represented in the accompanying drawings forming a part of this specification, in which similar characters of reference indicate corresponding parts in all the views.

Figure 1 is a plan view of the improvement as arranged for use in boiler furnaces; Fig. 2 is an enlarged sectional side elevation of the improvement on the lines 2-2 of Figs. 1 and 3; Fig. 3 is a sectional plan view of the 30 same on the line 3—3 of Fig. 2; Fig. 4 is a sectional side elevation of a modified form of the improvement, the section being on the line 4—4 of Fig. 5, and Fig. 5 is a sectional plan view of the same on the line 5-5 of

35 Fig. 4.

The atomizing chamber A of the burner is preferably made cylindrical in form and provided in its peripheral face with an exit slot B through which passes the combustible 40 mixture to be burned, as indicated in Fig. 1. Into the atomizing chamber A opens a nozzle C' directly opposite the slot B, and the said nozzle C' forms part of a steam chamber C connected with one end of a steam pipe D 45 bent to pass around the atomizing chamber A in alinement with the slot B, so that the burning mixture strikes the steam pipe D and super-heats the steam passing through the said pipe D previous to the steam enter-50 ing the chamber C and the atomizing chamber A. The steam pipe D is connected with a boiler or other suitable source of steam

supply. In the atomizing chamber A extend a plu-55 rality of spaced pins E having flattened por-

tions E' facing the nozzle C' and also facing the perforations in perforated pipes F, connected with the interior of an oil supply chamber G connected by a pipe H with an oil supply. As illustrated in the drawings 60 the oil chamber G is provided with a threaded offset G' which screws into the bottom of the atomizing chamber A, and the pins E as well as the pipes F are preferably attached to the oil chamber G at the said threaded 65 offset G'. Thus by unscrewing the oil chamber G from the atomizing chamber A, convenient access is had to the several parts of the burner for cleaning, repairing or other purposes. Now when the burner is in use, 70 the super-heated steam passes from the steam pipe D into the chamber C, and from the latter by way of the nozzle C' into the atomizing chamber A, and the oil passes from the oil chamber G either by pressure or 75 gravity feed through the pipes F and the perforations thereof into the atomizing chamber A, to be taken up by the steam and forced by the latter against the flattened portions E' of the pins E, to thoroughly atomize the oil, 80 and to insure a perfect commingling of the atomized oil and the steam. The resultant combustible mixture passes through the slot B to be then burned in the furnace or other device on which the burner is used.

As illustrated in Figs. 4 and 5, the oil chamber G is dispensed with and the atomizing chamber A' is provided with a slot B', and is closed at the bottom by a cap I held in place on the atomizing chamber by bolts J extend-90 ing through the said chamber. The cap I carries the atomizing pins E2 having flattened portions E³ facing the entrance C² located directly opposite the slot B'. Into the entrance C² extends the nozzle K' of a steam 95 pipe K, and into the said entrance C2 also opens the oil supply pipe L connected with a suitable source of oil supply. Now by the arrangement described the steam passing through the nozzle K' draws oil through the 100 pipe L into the entrance C2, to be mixed with steam and forced by the latter against the flattened surfaces E³ of the pins E², to insure a complete atomizing of the oil and commingling of the oil and the steam. The re- 105 sultant combustible mixture then passes from the atomizing chamber A' by way of the slot B' into the fire box of the furnace, to be burned therein.

The burner shown and described is very 110

simple and durable in construction and composed of comparatively few parts, not liable

easily to get out of order.

As the oil is divided in passing through the 5 perforations of the pipes F and is then forced by the steam against the flattened portions E' of the pins E, it is evident that the oil is thoroughly atomized and burns in the fire box with a pure white flame, thus insuring 10 complete combustion of the fuel.

By the arrangement illustrated in Figs. 4 and 5, the oil can be drawn by the action of the steam passing through the nozzle K' from a suitable reservoir without requiring

15 pressure on the oil.

Having thus described my invention, I claim as new and desire to secure by Letters Patent:

1. A burner comprising an atomizing 20 chamber having a removable bottom, spaced pins carried by said bottom and extending vertically in the said atomizing chamber when the bottom is in position, and means for forcing oil and steam into the said chamber 25 against the said pins, to spray the oil and cause an intimate commingling of the oil and steam.

2. A burner comprising an atomizing chamber, a removable closure for said cham-30 ber, a series of spaced pins carried by said closure and extending across the said atomizing chamber when the closure is in position, the said pins having flattened portions facing the entrance of the said atomizing chamber, 35 and means for passing oil and steam separately into the said atomizing chamber and directing the same against the flattened sides

of the pins.

3. A burner comprising an atomizing 40 chamber, an exit slot opposite the entrance of the atomizing chamber, a removable closure for the atomizing chamber, the closure being provided with spaced pins projecting from its inner face and extending across the 45 atomizing chamber when the closure is in position, the said pins having flattened portions facing the entrance of the said atomizing chamber, the said pins having a staggered arrangement relative to the entrance and the 50 exit slot of said chamber, and means for passing oil and steam separately into the said atomizing chamber and directing the same against the flattened sides of the pins.

4. A burner comprising an atomizing 55 chamber having an exit slot opposite the entrance of the chamber, spaced pins extending in the said chamber and having flattened portions facing the entrance of the said atomizing chamber, a steam nozzle discharging into said entrance, an oil chamber connected with an oil supply, and a perforated pipe connected with the said oil chamber and extending into the said atomizing chamber at a point between the said pins and 65 the said steam nozzle, the perforations of

the said pipe, being opposite the flattened

portions of said pins.

5. A burner comprising an atomizing chamber having an exit slot opposite the entrance of the chamber, spaced pins extend- 70 ing in the said chamber and having flattened portions facing the entrance of the said atomizing chamber, a steam nozzle discharging into the said entrance, an oil chamber connected with an oil supply, and a perforated 75 pipe connected with the said oil chamber and extending into the said atomizing chamber at a point between the said pins and the said steam nozzle, the perforations in the said pipe being opposite the said flattened por- 80 tions of the pins.

6. A burner comprising an atomizing chamber having an exit slot opposite the entrance to the chamber, a removable closure for the said chamber having a series of spaced 85 pins projecting from its inner face and extending across the atomizing chamber, an oil supply for the said chamber, and a steam pipe extending around the atomizing chamber in alinement with the said exit slot, the 90 said pipe terminating in a nozzle discharging into the entrance of the atomizing chamber

opposite the said exit slot.

7. A burner comprising an atomizing chamber having an exit slot, a steam nozzle 95 opening into the said atomizing chamber opposite the said exit slot, a removable closure for the said atomizing chamber, spaced pins carried by the said closure and extending across the atomizing chamber between the 100 exit slot and the said nozzle and at right angles to the direction of the same, the said pins having flattened portions facing the said nozzle, and means for conducting oil into the said atomizing chamber at a point be- 105 tween the said pins and the said nozzle.

8. A burner comprising an atomizing chamber having an exit slot, a steam nozzle opening into the said atomizing chamber opposite the said exit slot, spaced pins with- 110 in the said atomizing chamber and having flattened portions facing the said nozzle, perforated pipes extending into the said atomizing chamber opposite the said flattened portions of the pins and between the 115 latter and the said nozzle, and an oil supply chamber connected with the said pipes and attached to the said atomizing chamber.

9. A burner comprising an atomizing chamber having an exit slot, a steam nozzle 120 opening into the said atomizing chamber opposite the said exit slot, spaced pins within the said atomizing chamber and having flattened portions facing the said nozzle, perforated pipes extending into the said 125 atomizing chamber opposite the said flattened portions of the pins and between the latter and the said nozzle, and an oil supply chamber connected with the said pipes and attached to the said atomizing chamber, the 130

said pins and perforated pipes being attached to the said oil supply chamber.

10. A burner comprising an atomizing chamber approximately cylindrical in shape 5 and provided in its peripheral face with an exit slot, a steam nozzle opening into the said atomizing chamber opposite the said exit slot, an oil supply chamber having a threaded offset screwing into the bottom of the atom-10 izing chamber and forming a removable closure for said atomizing chamber, spaced pins secured to the offset portion of the oil

chamber and extending vertically within the

atomizing chamber, and perforated pipes

secured to the offset portion of the oil cham- 15 ber and extending at their upper portions into said atomizing chamber and located between the said pins and the said nozzle, the said pipes communicating with the oil chamber.

In testimony whereof I have signed my name to this specification in the presence of two subscribing witnesses.

JACOB OSBORNE MORGAN.

Witnesses:

A. L. Lomba, W. W. MORELAND.