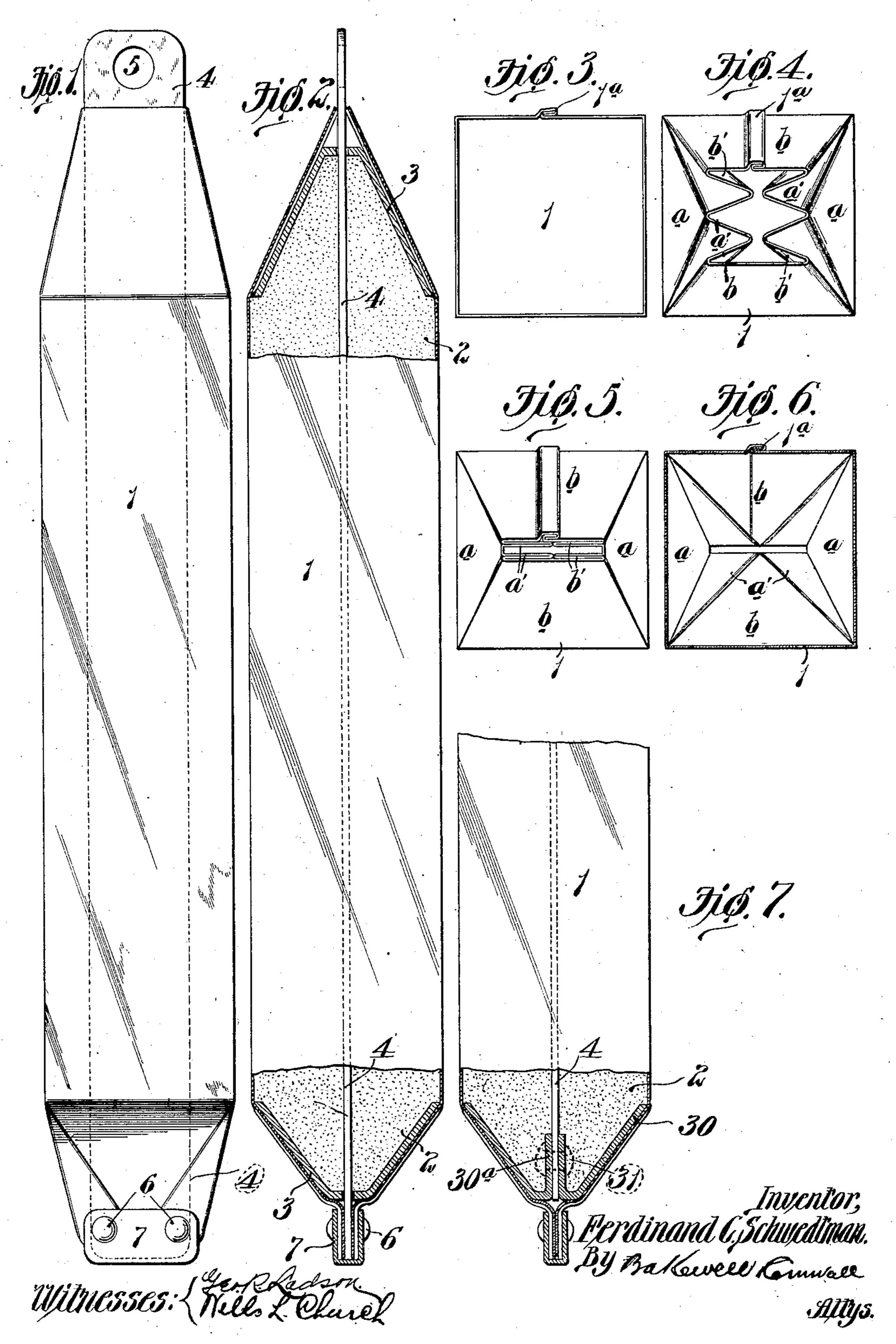
## F. C. SCHWEDTMAN. SASH WEIGHT.

APPLICATION FILED OCT. 26, 1907.



## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

FERDINAND C. SCHWEDTMAN, OF ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI.

## SASH-WEIGHT.

No. 883,978.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented April 7, 1908.

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To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, FERDINAND C. Schwedtman, a citizen of the United States, | residing at St. Louis, Missouri, have invented a 5 certain new and useful Improvement in Sash-Weights, of which the following is a full, clear, and exact description, such as will enable others skilled in the art to which it appertains to make and use the same, reference being 10 had to the accompanying drawings, forming part of this specification, in which—

This invention relates to sash weights, and particularly to that type which consists of a metal shell or housing incasing a core formed 15 by the material of which the weight is essen-

tially composed.

The main object of my present invention is to provide a sash weight of the type referred to having a cord-securing means ex-20 tending longitudinally through the core and provided with an incasing shell which has its lower end bent or folded inwardly to form a closure.

Another object of my invention is to pro-25 vide a sash weight in which the metal shell that incases the core is bent or folded inwardly in a novel manner to produce a clo-

sure for one end of the shell.

Figure 1 is a side elevation of a sash weight 30 constructed in accordance with my invention; Fig. 2 is a view at right angles to Fig. 1 and partly broken away to more clearly show the construction of the sash weight shown in Fig. 1; Fig. 3 is a cross sectional view of the 35 shell which incases the core; Fig. 4 is a detail view illustrating the manner in which the upper end portion of the shell is bent or folded inwardly; Fig. 5 is a detail view showing how the upper end of the shell looks after 40 the operation of folding in the side walls of same has been completed; Fig. 6 is an inside view of the upper end of the shell for the purpose of illustrating more clearly the manner in which the end portion of the shell is bent or 45 folded inwardly; and Fig. 7 is a view partly in section of a modified form of my invention.

Referring to the drawings which illustrate the preferred form of my invention, 1 designates a metal shell or housing that incases the 50 core 2 of which the sash weight is essentially composed, said core being formed of any suitable material. The shell 1 is preferably formed of sheet metal and may either consist of a seamless tube or a plate bent to the 55 proper shape and having its edges secured together, as for example, by a seam 1a, as |

shown in Figs. 3 to 6. The shell herein shown is of rectangular-shape in cross section and the end portions of the shell are bent or folded inwardly over cap pieces 3 arranged at 60 the opposite ends of the core 2, said cap pieces being of approximately pyramidal shape and formed either solid or hollow, as shown in Fig. 2. A member 4 provided at its upper end with an opening or eye 5 for re- 65 ceiving the cord which supports the weight, extends longitudinally through the core 2 and is connected at its lower end to the lower end of the sash weight, the cap pieces 3 having openings through which said member 70

passes.

In the preferred form of my invention, as shown in Fig. 2, the lower end of the member 4 is connected by rivets or fastening devices 6 to the folded-in portions of the shell 1 and 75 to a clip 7 which embraces said folded portions, the folded or bent portions at the upper end of the shell having no positive connection with said member 4. The member 4 is preferably formed by a flat metal bar 80 and as said bar is secured to the lower end of the weight it carries or supports the core 2 so that there is no liability of the closure at the lower end of the shell 1 being weakened or disrupted when the sash weight is sub- 85 jected to a sudden jerk, said bar 4 also stiffening and strengthening the weight. The closure at the upper end of the shell 1 is produced by bending the end portions of the sides a, a of the shell inwardly so that they 90 will lie snugly against two oppositely disposed sides of the pyramidal-shaped cap piece 3 and then bending the projecting parts a' of the portions a over the two other oppositely disposed sides of the cap piece 3, 95 as shown in Fig. 4, the end portions of the sides b, b of the shell being bent inwardly to produce parts b' which lie over the parts a'of the shell and which coöperate therewith to form inwardly extending knife-plaits. 100 The sides b, b are then subject to further inward pressure which causes the parts a', a' to lie snugly against the cap piece 3 and the parts b',  $\bar{b}'$  to contact with the parts a', a', as shown in Fig. 5, thus forming a rectangu- 105 lar-shaped opening through which the member 4 passes, as shown in Fig. 2. In this way I form a closure for one end of the shell without cutting the metal in the shell, by forming two single box-plaits of varying 110 width, as shown clearly in Fig. 4, the oppositely disposed sides b, b, constituting most

of the material in the plaits and the parts a'
a' of the sides a forming the underneath folds
of the plaits. Instead of securing the lower
end of the member 4 to the folded portions
of the shell and to the clip 7 which embraces
said folded portions, as shown in Figs. 1 and
2, said member 4 can be secured to upwardly
projecting wings 30° on the lower cap piece
30 by fastening devices 31, as shown in Fig.
7. A sash weight of this construction will be
practically as strong as one of the construction shown in Figs. 1 and 2 as the lower cap
piece on which the core rests is connected

positively to the lower end of the member 4.

Having thus described my invention, what
I claim as new and desire to secure by Letters

Patent is:

1. A sash weight comprising a body formed by a core and a metal shell incasing same and having its lower end portion folded or bent inwardly to produce a closure, and a metal member extending longitudinally through the core and having its lower end connected to the parts which form a closure for the lower end of said body; substantially as described.

2. A sash weight comprising a core, a cap piece arranged at the lower end of the core, a shell surrounding said core and bent into intimate engagement with said cap piece so as to completely incase same, a metallic cord-securing member extending longitudinally through said core, and means for securing said member in position; substantially as

3. A sash weight comprising an elongated body consisting of a core and a metal shell incasing same and having its lower end bent or folded inwardly to form a closure, and a flat metal bar extending longitudinally through said body and having portions of the shell bent into engagement with its side faces and secured thereto; substantially as

described.

45 4. A sash weight comprising a core, cap pieces arranged at the upper and lower ends of said core, a metal shell incasing said core and having its ends bent or folded inwardly over said cap pieces, a cord-securing member extending longitudinally through said core and also passing through said cap pieces, and means for securing said member in position; substantially as described.

55 pieces at the upper and lower ends of said core, a metal shell incasing said core and having its end portions bent or folded inwardly over said cap pieces, and a metal bar extending longitudinally through said core and cap pieces and secured at its lower ends to the folded-in portions of the shell;

substantially as described.

6. A sash weight comprising a core, cap pieces at the upper and lower ends of said core, a metal shell incasing said core and

having its end portions bent or folded inwardly over said cap pieces so as to completely incase same, a cord-securing member extending longitudinally through said core and projecting through the top cap piece, 70 and means for securing said member in position; substantially as described.

7. A sash weight comprising a core, and a rectangular-shaped metal shell incasing said core, the corner portions of the shell at one 75 end thereof being folded or bent inwardly in such a manner that the end of the shell will be completely closed and of pyramidal shape with four closed seams or joints at the junction of the sides of the pyramid; substantially 80

as described.

8. A sash weight comprising a core, a pyramidal-shaped cap piece at one end of said core and a rectangular-shaped shell incasing said core, two of the oppositely disposed side walls at one end of said shell being bent inwardly into engagement with two of the sides of the cap piece and also extending partially over the other two sides of said cap piece and the other two oppositely disposed 90 side walls of the shell having their corner portions folded inwardly so that they will lie upon the portions of the shell that extend only partially over the sides of the cap piece; substantially as described.

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9. A sash weight provided with a shell which is closed at one end by bending oppositely disposed portions of the shell inwardly and forming box-plaits in the remaining edge portions of the shell; substantially 100

as described.

10. A sash weight provided with a shell having a rectangular-shaped end portion which is closed by forming single box-plaits in two of the oppositely disposed walls of the 105

shell; substantially as described.

11. A sash weight provided with a rectangular-shaped shell having a pyramidal-shaped end produced by forming inwardly extending knife-plaits in the corner portions 110 of said shell and then bending two of the oppositely disposed side walls of the shell into engagement with said plaited portions; substantially as described.

12. A sash weight provided with a shell 115 which is closed at one end by forming oppositely disposed single box-plaits in the edge portion of said shell and bending the intermediate edge portions of the shell toward each other, said box-plaits diminish- 120 ing gradually in width so that a pyramidal-shaped end closure will be produced; substantially as described.

In testimony whereof I hereunto affix my signature in the presence of two witnesses, 125 this twenty second day of October 1907.

FERDINAND C. SCHWEDTMAN.

Witnesses:

Wells L. Church, George Bakewell.