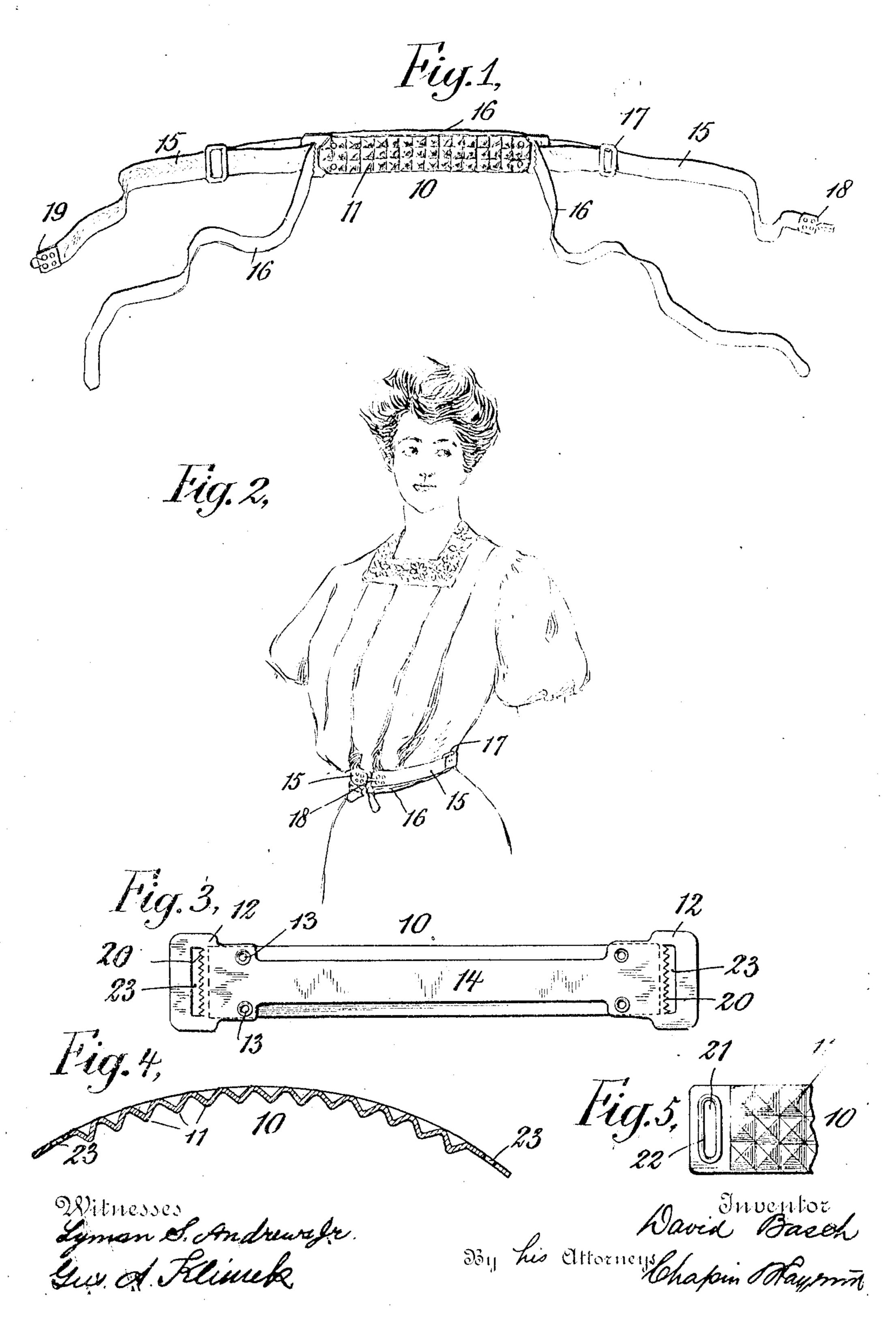
D. BASCH.

GARMENT RETAINING DEVICE.

APPLICATION FILED SEPT. 16, 1907.



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

DAVID BASCH, OF NEW YORK, N.Y.

GARMENT-RETAINING DEVICE.

No. 882,445.

Specification of Letters Patent. Patented March 17, 1908.

Application filed September 16, 1907. Serial No. 392,983.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, DAVID BASCH, a citizer zen of the United States of America, and a | terial. In Fig. 4 is shown the preferred conresident of New York city, county, and State, 5 have invented certain new and useful Inprovements in a Garment-Retaining Device, of which the following is a specification, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, forming a part thereof.

10 My invention relates to improvements in a garment retaining device, and particularly to an improved waist band designed for the purpose of keeping a dress waist in position.

My invention comprises a friction member 15 arranged to be disposed at the back of the person wearing the article, an elastic member, connected thereto and forming a continuation thereof, for completely encircling the waist, said friction and elastic members 20 together acting to cling to the lower portion of the dress waist so as to hold the same from riding up, and a non-elastic member arranged to be secured firmly around the waist of the person, said non-elastic member being 25 designed for the purpose of holding the elastic and friction members in place upon the wearer.

My invention also consists in certain novel features of construction, particularly in con-30 nection with the friction member, and to certain novel combinations of parts as will hereinafter be fully set forth, and, in order that my invention may be thoroughly understood, I will now proceed to describe an em-35 bodiment thereof, having reference to the accompanying drawings illustrating the same, and will then point out the novel features in claims.

In the drawings: Figure 1 is a view in per-40 spective of a waist band embodying my invention. Fig. 2 is a view showing the same in position upon a wearer. Fig. 3 is a detail view in rear elevation of one form of the friction member. Fig. 4 is a view in central 45 longitudinal section through another form thereof. Fig. 5 is a detail fragmentary view of a further modification of the friction member.

The friction member 10 is preferably pro-50 vided with a plurality of projections 11, such projections being of any suitable form, but conveniently, as shown, of pyramidal contour. The said member may be composed of flexible rubber, which material has the ad-55 vantage of having inherently a high co-effi-

cient of friction, or it may be of hard rubber, metal, celluloid, or indeed any desired mastruction where the material of which the said member is composed is metal, celluloid 60 or the like. Where soft subber is employed, the rubber portion is preferably reinforced with metallic end pieces 12, such metallic end pieces being suitably secured to the rubber as by eyelets 13, or otherwise, and 65 the said metallic end pieces may further be connected together by means of a band 14 constructed integrally therewith, as is shown in Fig. 3. The said metallic end pieces are provided with slots 23 for the reception of 70 elastic straps 15, and also for the reception of the non-elastic member 16. The bands 15 are preferably looped through the said slots 23, being provided with buckles 17 by which their lengths may be adjusted, as will be 75 well understood. At their extremities the said bands are provided with suitable fastening or attaching devices, such as hooks 18 and eyes 19, by which they may be connected together when the band is placed in position. 80 The member 16 is preferably in the form of a simple tape which is threaded through the said slots 23, the central portion of the tape passing to the rear of the friction member, all as will be quite clear by reference to Fig. 1 85 of the drawings. The inner walls of the slot 13 may conveniently be toothed, as shown at 20, in order to prevent the tape or band 16 from slipping.

In employing the device, the friction mem- 90 ber 10 is first secured in position at the back of the wearer by means of the tape 16 which is brought round to the front of the wearer and tied tightly. The elastic straps 15 are then adjusted to the proper length in accord- 95 ance with the size of the wearer's waist, and are then fastened together in front by means of the securing devices, the said straps being caused to be under a certain amount of tension. The friction member 10 will hold the 100 dress waist firmly from movement either up or down or sidewise, while the elastic member comprising the straps 15, clinging as it will close to the body, will have the effect of holding the dress waist all around from rid- 105 ing up. The inelastic member 16, being fastened tightly in position around the waist, will prevent the whole device from shifting bodily with the waist, as it might otherwise

do. In other words, the friction and elastic 119

members cling to the garment, while the nonelastic member holds the other members se-

curely in position.

It will of course be understood that the 5 construction, form and shape of the friction member may be considerably varied. The fragmentary view Fig. 5 shows a form in which the member as a whole is of flexible rubber, a slot 21 being provided in the rubber 10 itself, such slot corresponding to the slots 23 of the other figures, an eyelet reinforcement 22 being provided to prevent the goods from tearing away under strain.

What I claim is:

1. A device of the character described comprising a friction member, an elastic belt forming a continuation thereof, and a nonelastic band for securing said friction member and belt firmly in position upon the 20 wearer.

2. A device of the character described comprising a friction member having a number of inwardly facing projections, elastic straps secured to opposite ends of the friction may be secured together at their ends, and a

non-elastic belt also connected with said friction member.

3. A device of the character described comprising a friction member provided at its 30 end with transverse slots, elastic straps secured at opposite ends to said friction member, and a non-elastic belt threaded through said slots, the central portion of said belt being arranged to the rear of said friction 35 member.

4. A device of the character described comprising a friction member having a plurality of inwardly facing projections, and provided at its opposite ends with trans- 40 verse slots, adjustable elastic straps looped through the said slots, and provided at their outer ends with devices by which they may be secured together, and a non-elastic tape threaded through the said slots, the middle 45 portion of the tape passing to the rear of said. friction member, and the ends being left free, substantially as set forth.

DAVID BASCH.

Witnesses:

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