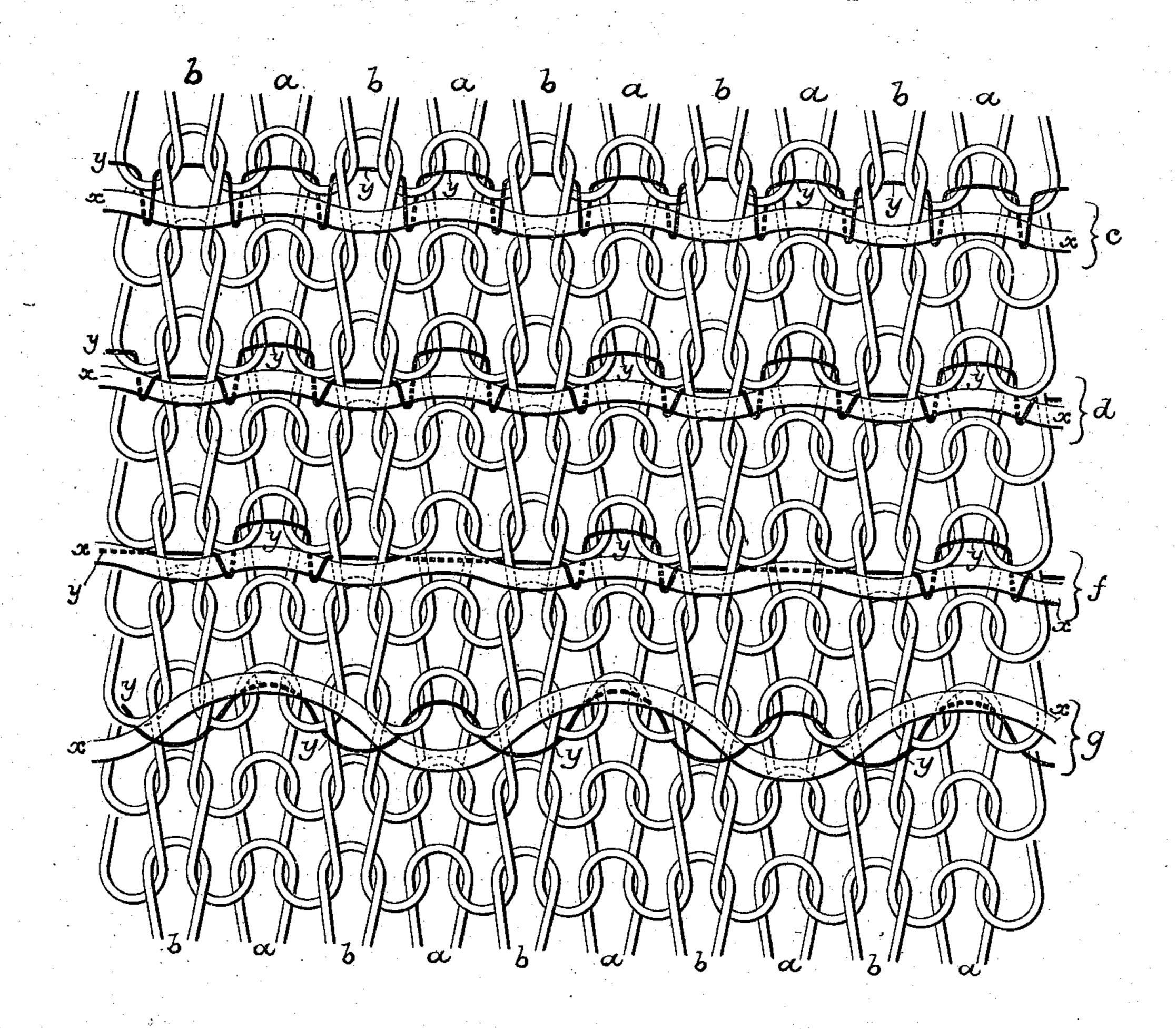
R. W. SCOTT.
FLEECED RIBBED WEB.
APPLICATION FILED JULY 12, 1906.



Witnesses Barnitton D. Turn Kate a. Beadle Robert W. Scott

Byhis attorneys

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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

ROBERT W. SCOTT, OF LEEDS POINT, NEWFJERSEY, ASSIGNOR OF ONE-HALF, TO LOUIS N. D. WILLIAMS, OF OGONTZ, PENNSYLVANIA. · · ·

FLEECED RIBBED WEB.

No. 881,494.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented March 10, 1908.

Application filed July 12, 1906. Serial No. 325,838.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Robert W. Scott, a citizen of the United States, residing in Leeds Point, Atlantic county, New Jersey, 5 have invented certain Improvements in Fleeced Ribbed Webs, of which the following

is a specification.

The object of my invention is to so combine a fleecing yarn with a ribbed knitted 10 web that said fleecing yarn, while confined to the web, will not be interlaced with or engaged by any of the wales of said web, but will be exposed throughout its entire length to the brushing action whereby the yarn is 15 fleeced. This object I attain by securing the fleecing yarn in place by means of a tying yarn which engages with said fleecing yarn and also with wales of one or both faces of the ribbed knitted web.

The accompanying drawing shows an exaggerated view of a piece of ribbed knitted web, illustrating different methods of securing a fleecing yarn thereto in accordance

with my invention.

In the drawing, a may represent the wales of stitches drawn by the cylinder needles of the machine, and b the wales of stitches drawn by the dial needles, the fleecing yarn x lying exposed upon that face of the fabric to 30 which these dial or rib needle stitches are drawn. The tying yarn is represented at y, and in that embodiment of my invention indicated at c said tying yarn engages with each of the wales a and b and passes around 35 the fleecing yarn x between each of said wales a and b. The fleecing yarn may thus be combined with the knitted web by laying it behind the stitches of the dial needles and in front of the cylinder needles, but casting it 40 from the latter when the loops of tying yarn are drawn, so that it will lie behind said cylinder needles when the next course of | stitches is drawn thereby, the tying yarn | yarn engaging said fleecing yarn and also enbeing fed to both the cylinder and dial gaging wales of the ribbed web. 45 needles, and drawing loops in each of the wales of the fabric.

In that embodiment of my invention shown at d, the tying yarn engages with the wales a only, and lies behind the stitches of 50 the wales b, this method of confining the fleecing yarn being the same as that before described, except that the tying yarn is not engaged by the dial needles but is laid behind said dial needles and between the face

wales and rib wales of the web.

The method of securing the fleecing yarn shown at f is similar to that shown at d except that the tying yarn engages with every other face wale a of the web instead of with every wale a of the same, this method of at- 60 tachment being effected by drawing loops of tying yarn on every alternate cylinder needle instead of on each cylinder needle.

In that embodiment of my invention shown at g, the tying yarn engages with wales 65 a of the fabric in the manner before described, but passes outside of the dial needle wales b instead of inside of the same, this disposal of the tying yarn being due to the fact that it is laid behind the dial needle stitches 70 instead of being fed to the dial needles or laid between the dial needle stitches and cylinder needle stitches as in the methods pre-

viously described.

By thus freeing the fleecing yarn from di- 75 rect engagement with any of the wales of the knitted web, said yarn is exposed throughout its length to the action of the brushing mechanism whereby it is fleeced, and a closer and fuller fleece than usual can be produced, 80 for where the fleecing yarn engages with the wales of the web these engaging portions are not acted upon, or are only slightly acted upon, by the brushing mechanism, and hence do not contribute their share to the 85 formation of the fleece. Furthermore, when the fleecing yarn is of a character different from that of which the ribbed web is composed, said fleecing yarn is not exposed upon the face of the fabric, and does not detract 90 from the uniform appearance of the same.

I claim:—

1. Aribbed knitted fabric having afleecing yarn lying on one face of the same and secured to the ribbed web by means of a tying 95

2. A ribbed knitted fabric having a fleecing yarn lying on one face of the same and secured to the ribbed web by means of a tying 100 yarn engaging said fleecing yarn and also engaging wales of both faces of the ribbed web.

3. A ribbed knitted fabric having a fleecing yarn lying on one face of the same and secured to the ribbed web by means of a tying 105 yarn engaging said fleecing yarn and also en-

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gaging each wale of one face of the ribbed web.

4. A ribbed knitted fabric having a fleecing yarn lying on one face of the same and secured to the ribbed web by means of a tying yarn engaging said fleecing yarn and also engaging each wale of each face of the ribbed web.

In testimony whereof, I have signed my name to this specification, in the presence of 10 two subscribing witnesses.

ROBERT W. SCOTT.

Witnesses:

HAMILTON D. TURNER, KATE A. BEADLE.