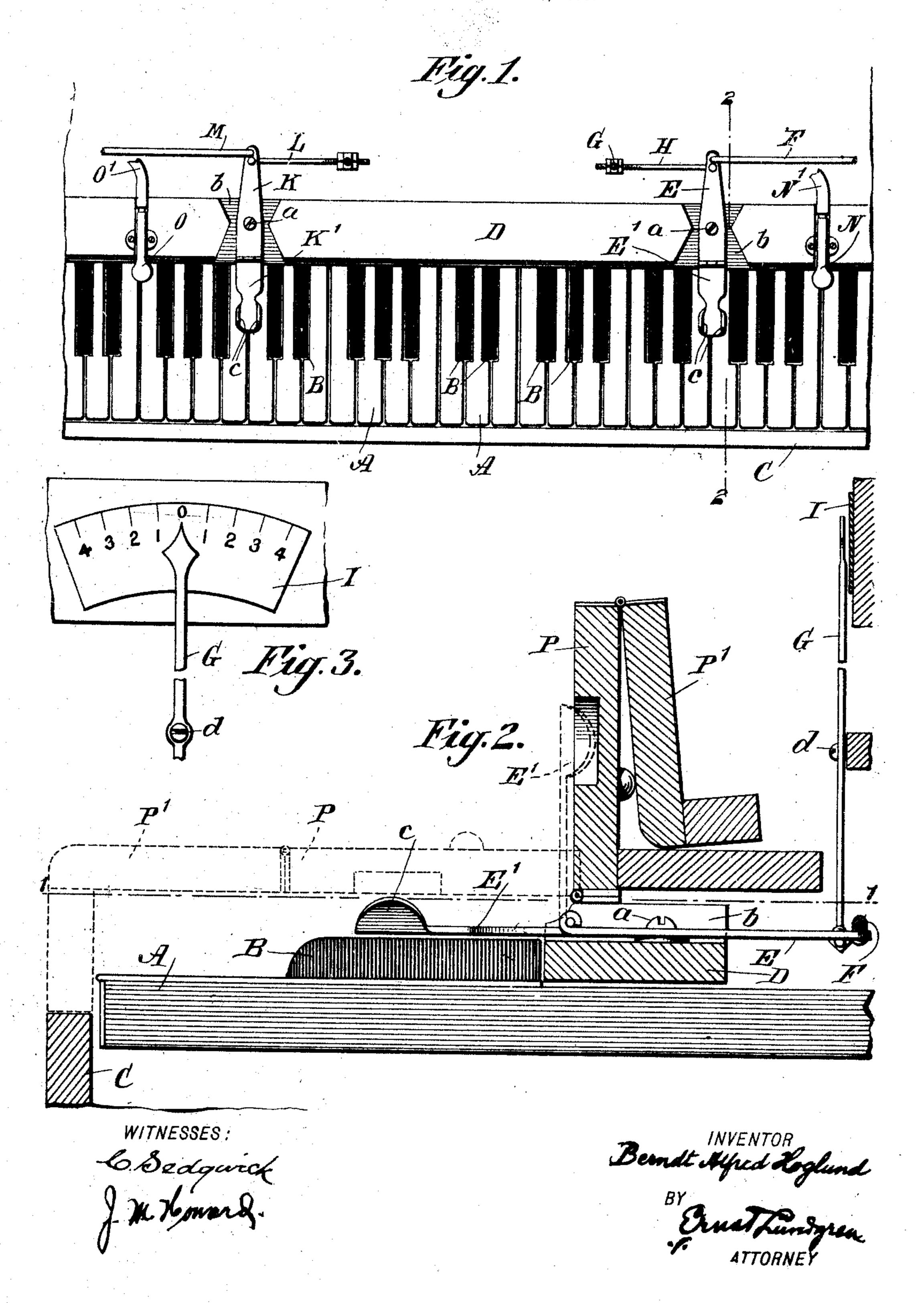
## B. A. HOGLUND. AUTOMATIC MUSICAL INSTRUMENT.

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## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

BERNDT ALFRED HOGLUND, OF NEW YORK, N. Y.

## AUTOMATIC MUSICAL INSTRUMENT.

No. 881,318.

Specification of Letters Patent. Patented March 10, 1908.

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To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, BERNDT ALFRED HOG-LUND, a citizen of the United States, residing at Williamsbridge, borough of the Bronx, 5 city of New York, New York county, and State of New York, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Automatic Musical Instruments, of which the following is a full, clear, and exact specification, refer-10 ence being had to the accompanying drawings, and the reference characters marked thereon.

My present invention relates to that class of musical instruments whereon the playing 15 is accomplished through instrumentalities operated by air pressure, but whereon the playing may be accomplished in the usual manner by manipulation of the keys. These instruments are ordinarily known as pneu-20 matic musical instruments, and they may be in the form of pianos or organs or other similarly keyed instruments, to either variety of which my improvements are applicable.

The object of my invention is to provide 25 a pneumatic musical instrument with a simple, cheap, efficient and convenient means for regulating the playing by the pneumatic apparatus, and chiefly to locate and arrange the levers or stops within con-30 venient reach of the fingers of the operator and in such manner that they will in no way interfere with the usual manipulations of the keys when the instrument is to be played by the hands, and further to so arrange these 35 levers or stops so that the hands of the operator may always rest in a natural and easy manner upon the bank of keys while the pneumatic instrument is in operation.

To accomplish all of the foregoing and to 40 secure other and further advantages in the matters of construction, location and use, my invention consists in certain new and useful peculiarities of construction, relative arrangement and location of parts and par-45 ticular combinations, as will be herein first fully described and then pointed out in the

claims.

In the accompanying drawings forming part of this specification, Figure 1 is a plan 50 view of a portion of a key board of a piano showing my improvements applied in connection with the rail or cross piece above the keys, the view being taken on a plane through line 1—1 of Fig. 2. Fig. 2 is a view 55 in cross section and elevation on a plane through line 2-2 of Fig. 1 and looking

towards the left of that figure. Fig. 3 is an elevation showing the pointer and graduated plate of one of the indicators which are employed.

In all these figures like letters of reference, wherever they occur, indicate corresponding

parts.

A, A, are the white keys and B, B, the black keys of a piano or other similar musical 65 instrument, the said instrument being fitted to be operated by pneumatics according to any of the well known systems.

C is a rail or cross piece in front of the bank of keys and D a rail or cross piece lo- 70 cated above the bank and back of the black keys as is customary in these instruments.

E is a lever movable horizontally and pivoted, as at a, within the rail D. To receive this lever the rail D is suitably recessed below 75 its top, as at b, within which recess all the necessary horizontal movements of the lever are possible. The lever is preferably fitted to be moved by application of the thumb, although it might of course be moved with 80 the finger, and it is supplied with an extension, E', reaching out through the front of the cross piece D so as to be conveniently engaged by the thumb or finger for adjusting it, its extremity being provided with slight up- 85 turned portions c to facilitate the engagement. Connected with the opposite end of this lever is a rod, F, leading to the portion of the pneumatic apparatus by which the movements of that apparatus may be controlled, 90 preferably for the timing of the apparatus, although this particular lever might, as is apparent, be connected through the connecting rod F with the apparatus for varying the expression rather than for varying or controlling 95 the time. The extent of movement of the lever is indicated by the position of an index or pointer located in convenient position.

G represents an index, the same being connected with the lever E by a rod H, the index 100 being pivoted at a convenient point on the

front of the instrument, as at d.

I is a graduated plate secured upon the front of the instrument and having its zero about opposite the pointer when the letter is 105 in vertical position. The index plate may be graduated in any desired manner from zero in either direction, or in any other suitable manner as may be preferred.

If the above be the means for regulating 110 the time of the playing, then the lever at the other side of the figure may be regarded as

the one for regulating or varying the expression of the playing, or the touch, that is, whether the touch is to be made light or heavy, weak or strong. K is a second lever 5 similar to the one at E, similarly mounted in place in the rail D and provided with an extension piece K1. The rod L connects with another index like the one at G which in its position with respect to its corresponding 10 graduated plate will show the position of the lever. M is a rod leading to the portion of the pneumatic apparatus by which the expression is regulated or varied. With these two levers and their connections the time and 15 the expression of the playing may be regulated as may be required.

To suitably execute the playing, it is necessary to provide means for varying the expression for particular chords or particular 20 short intervals, and for this purpose I employ another set of small levers, one of which is represented at N, the same being arranged and located within a suitable recess of the rail D and at a convenient distance from the 25 extension E<sup>1</sup> of lever E, so that when the thumb is engaged with the extension E1, the lever N may be struck by one of the fingers.

N1 is a rubber tube leading to the pneumatic which controls the expression of the 30 playing. The end of the lever N which projects in front of the cross rail D is intended to be depressed, and when depressed it opens the inlet to tube N1, thereby venting the pneumatic with which it is connected, as 35 readily understood. On the opposite side is a similar lever O and a similar tube O' by which the forte apparatus may be vented, and the connections of these two levers may be reversed as may those of levers E and K.

Levers N and O are comparatively small and do not project in front of the rail D far enough to interfere with the manipulation of the keys. The extension pieces E<sup>1</sup> and K<sup>1</sup> are, however, hinged so that they may be 45 turned up and thus out of the way when the instrument is to be played with the hands.

P and P1 represent sections of a hinged cover for the key boards of ordinary form. This cover is shown turned up in full lines in 50 Fig. 2 and turned down in dotted lines. The hinged extension E<sup>1</sup> is shown down in full lines and turned up and out of the way in dotted lines. If necessary to accommodate the projections c, the underside of the 55 section P of the cover may be suitably recessed, but this is not necessary in many of the forms in which these covers are constructed.

During the mechanical operation of the 60 instrument the hands of the operator may conveniently rest upon the keys, the latter then being usually locked in position, and

the levers may be conveniently and quickly operated as occasion may require to vary the time, or the expression, or both.

Having now fully described my invention, what I claim as new herein and desire to se-

cure by Letters Patent, is:—

1. In an automatic musical instrument, the keys, a cross rail having an open recess 70 in its top above the keys, and a horizontally movable lever for varying or regulating the playing, said lever being pivoted in the recess in the cross rail and movable horizontally above the keys, the parts being com- 75 bined and arranged substantially as and for

the purposes set forth.

2. In an automatic musical instrument, the combination with a regulating lever, of a fixed scale, a pointer connected with the 80 lever and movable with relation to the fixed scale, and the cross rail having an open recess in its top, said lever being mounted and horizontally movable in the open recess in the top of the cross rail and over the keys, 85 substantially as and for the purposes set forth.

3. In combination with the key board of a musical instrument and a cross rail above the keys, said cross rail having an open re- 90 cess in its top, a time lever and a separate expression lever, the time lever being horizontally movable in the recess in the top of the rail and the expression lever being vertically-movable upon the top of the cross 95 rail above the keys, all arranged to operate substantially in the manner and for the purposes set forth.

4. In combination with the key board and cross rail of an automatic musical instru- 100 ment, said cross rail having recesses in its top, two time levers and two expression levers, the time levers being each horizontally movable in the recesses in the top of the rail and the expression levers being 105 mounted and vertically movable upon the top of the rail, all arranged substantially in the manner and for the purposes set forth.

5. The combination with the key board and the cross rail above the same, said cross 110 rail having an open recess in its top, of a lever pivoted in the open recess in the top of the rail and being horizontally movable therein, said lever being provided with a hinged projecting part arranged to be turned 145 up and out of the way of the keys, substantially as and for the purposes set forth.

In testimony whereof, I have signed my name to this specification in the presence of

two subscribing witnesses.

BERNDT ALFRED HOGLUND.

Witnesses:

C. SEDGWICK, J. M. HOWARD.